

Euridice Martinez Steele

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

60
papers

6,415
citations

172207

29
h-index

174990

52
g-index

60
all docs

60
docs citations

60
times ranked

5050
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Ultra-processed products are becoming dominant in the global food system. <i>Obesity Reviews</i> , 2013, 14, 21-28.	3.1	1,059
2	Ultra-processed foods and added sugars in the US diet: evidence from a nationally representative cross-sectional study. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2016, 6, e009892.	0.8	511
3	Consumption of ultra-processed foods predicts diet quality in Canada. <i>Appetite</i> , 2017, 108, 512-520.	1.8	420
4	Consumption of ultra-processed foods and obesity in Brazilian adolescents and adults. <i>Preventive Medicine</i> , 2015, 81, 9-15.	1.6	419
5	The share of ultra-processed foods and the overall nutritional quality of diets in the US: evidence from a nationally representative cross-sectional study. <i>Population Health Metrics</i> , 2017, 15, 6.	1.3	365
6	Ultra-Processed Food Consumption and Chronic Non-Communicable Diseases-Related Dietary Nutrient Profile in the UK (2008–2014). <i>Nutrients</i> , 2018, 10, 587.	1.7	365
7	Obesity and inequities in health in the developing world. <i>International Journal of Obesity</i> , 2004, 28, 1181-1186.	1.6	349
8	Consumption of ultra-processed foods and associated sociodemographic factors in the USA between 2007 and 2012: evidence from a nationally representative cross-sectional study. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2018, 8, e020574.	0.8	293
9	The share of ultra-processed foods determines the overall nutritional quality of diets in Brazil. <i>Public Health Nutrition</i> , 2018, 21, 94-102.	1.1	267
10	Shifting obesity trends in Brazil. <i>European Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2000, 54, 342-346.	1.3	248
11	Independent Effects of Income and Education on the Risk of Obesity in the Brazilian Adult Population. <i>Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2001, 131, 881S-886S.	1.3	236
12	Ultra-processed foods and added sugars in the Chilean diet (2010). <i>Public Health Nutrition</i> , 2018, 21, 125-133.	1.1	203
13	The nutrition transition in Brazil. <i>European Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 1995, 49, 105-113.	1.3	190
14	Trends in Consumption of Ultraprocessed Foods Among US Youths Aged 2-19 Years, 1999-2018. <i>JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association</i> , 2021, 326, 519.	3.8	146
15	Dietary share of ultra-processed foods and metabolic syndrome in the US adult population. <i>Preventive Medicine</i> , 2019, 125, 40-48.	1.6	142
16	Ultra-processed food consumption and indicators of obesity in the United Kingdom population (2008-2016). <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2020, 15, e0232676.	1.1	119
17	Ultra-processed foods, protein leverage and energy intake in the USA. <i>Public Health Nutrition</i> , 2018, 21, 114-124.	1.1	86
18	Ultra-processed food consumption and obesity in the Australian adult population. <i>Nutrition and Diabetes</i> , 2020, 10, 39.	1.5	80

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19	Relationships between consumption of ultra-processed foods, gestational weight gain and neonatal outcomes in a sample of US pregnant women. <i>PeerJ</i> , 2017, 5, e4091.	0.9	80
20	Mudanças alimentares na coorte NutriNet Brasil durante a pandemia de covid-19. <i>Revista De Saude Publica</i> , 2020, 54, 91.	0.7	73
21	Ultra-processed foods and excessive free sugar intake in the UK: a nationally representative cross-sectional study. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2019, 9, e027546.	0.8	71
22	Added sugars and ultra-processed foods in Spanish households (1990–2010). <i>European Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2018, 72, 1404-1412.	1.3	60
23	Ultraprocessed food consumption and dietary nutrient profiles associated with obesity: A multicountry study of children and adolescents. <i>Obesity Reviews</i> , 2022, 23, e13387.	3.1	57
24	Association between dietary contribution of ultra-processed foods and urinary concentrations of phthalates and bisphenol in a nationally representative sample of the US population aged 6 years and older. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2020, 15, e0236738.	1.1	56
25	Association between Dietary Share of Ultra-Processed Foods and Urinary Concentrations of Phytoestrogens in the US. <i>Nutrients</i> , 2017, 9, 209.	1.7	49
26	Ultra-processed food consumption drives excessive free sugar intake among all age groups in Australia. <i>European Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2020, 59, 2783-2792.	1.8	44
27	Introducing a Suite of Low-Burden Diet Quality Indicators That Reflect Healthy Diet Patterns at Population Level. <i>Current Developments in Nutrition</i> , 2020, 4, nzaa168.	0.1	38
28	Secular growth trends in Brazil over three decades. <i>Annals of Human Biology</i> , 1994, 21, 381-390.	0.4	37
29	Does the concept of “ultra-processed foods” help inform dietary guidelines, beyond conventional classification systems? NO. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2022, 116, 1482-1488.	2.2	35
30	Consumption of Ultraprocessed Foods and Diet Quality Among U.S. Children and Adults. <i>American Journal of Preventive Medicine</i> , 2022, 62, 252-264.	1.6	30
31	Nutritional status of Brazilian children: trends from 1975 to 1989. <i>Bulletin of the World Health Organization</i> , 1992, 70, 657-66.	1.5	30
32	Escore Nova de consumo de alimentos ultraprocessados: descrição e avaliação de desempenho no Brasil. <i>Revista De Saude Publica</i> , 2021, 55, 13.	0.7	29
33	Behavioural patterns of protective and risk factors for non-communicable diseases in Brazil. <i>Public Health Nutrition</i> , 2014, 17, 369-375.	1.1	25
34	Consumo de alimentos ultraprocessados e associação com fatores sociodemográficos na população adulta das 27 capitais brasileiras (2019). <i>Revista De Saude Publica</i> , 2021, 55, 47.	0.7	23
35	Ultra-processed food intake and diet carbon and water footprints: a national study in Brazil. <i>Revista De Saude Publica</i> , 2022, 56, 6.	0.7	23
36	Validating the usage of household food acquisition surveys to assess the consumption of ultra-processed foods: Evidence from Brazil. <i>Food Policy</i> , 2017, 72, 112-120.	2.8	21

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37	Ultra-Processed Foods and Excess Heart Age Among U.S. Adults. <i>American Journal of Preventive Medicine</i> , 2020, 59, e197-e206.	1.6	16
38	The burden of excessive saturated fatty acid intake attributed to ultra-processed food consumption: a study conducted with nationally representative cross-sectional studies from eight countries. <i>Journal of Nutritional Science</i> , 2021, 10, e43.	0.7	14
39	Relationship Between Ultraprocessed Food Intake and Cardiovascular Health Among U.S. Adolescents: Results From the National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey 2007–2018. <i>Journal of Adolescent Health</i> , 2022, 70, 249-257.	1.2	12
40	Patterns of intra-familial distribution of undernutrition: methods and applications for developing societies. <i>European Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 1997, 51, 800-803.	1.3	11
41	The impact of acculturation to the US environment on the dietary share of ultra-processed foods among US adults. <i>Preventive Medicine</i> , 2020, 141, 106261.	1.6	11
42	Effect of reducing ultraprocessed food consumption on obesity among US children and adolescents aged 7–18 years: evidence from a simulation model. <i>BMJ Nutrition, Prevention and Health</i> , 2021, 4, 397-404.	1.9	11
43	Association between ultra-processed food consumption and cognitive performance in US older adults: a cross-sectional analysis of the NHANES 2011–2014. <i>European Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2022, 61, 3975-3985.	1.8	10
44	Determinants of infant mortality trends in developing countries—some evidence from São Paulo city. <i>Transactions of the Royal Society of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene</i> , 1989, 83, 5-9.	0.7	9
45	Mudanças no peso corporal na coorte NutriNet Brasil durante a pandemia de covid-19. <i>Revista De Saude Publica</i> , 2021, 55, 1.	0.7	9
46	Associations between ultraprocessed food consumption and total water intake in the US population. <i>Journal of the Academy of Nutrition and Dietetics</i> , 2021, 121, 1695-1703.	0.4	8
47	Pegada de carbono da dieta no Brasil. <i>Revista De Saude Publica</i> , 2021, 55, 90.	0.7	8
48	Counting the stunted children in a population: a criticism of old and new approaches and a conciliatory proposal. <i>Bulletin of the World Health Organization</i> , 1991, 69, 761-6.	1.5	4
49	Score of ultra-processed food consumption and its association with sociodemographic factors in the Brazilian National Health Survey, 2019. <i>Cadernos De Saude Publica</i> , 2022, 38, e00119421.	0.4	4
50	Ultra-processed food intake and risk of type 2 diabetes in a French cohort of middle-aged adults. <i>European Journal of Public Health</i> , 2019, 29, .	0.1	3
51	Effect of a healthy eating intervention in the first months of life on ultraprocessed food consumption at the age of 4–7 years: a randomised clinical trial with adolescent mothers and their infants. <i>British Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2021, 126, 1048-1055.	1.2	3
52	P2-60 Frequency of out-of-home eating and dietary habits in the Brazilian telephone-based surveillance system. <i>Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health</i> , 2011, 65, A236-A236.	2.0	1
53	Ultra-processed food intake and cardiovascular disease risk in the NutriNet-Sant� prospective cohort. <i>European Journal of Public Health</i> , 2019, 29, .	0.1	1
54	Changes in Obesity Prevalence Attributable to Ultra-Processed Food Consumption in Brazil Between 2002 and 2009. <i>International Journal of Public Health</i> , 0, 67, .	1.0	1

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55	Title is missing!., 2020, 15, e0236738.		0
56	Title is missing!., 2020, 15, e0236738.		0
57	Title is missing!., 2020, 15, e0236738.		0
58	Title is missing!., 2020, 15, e0236738.		0
59	Title is missing!., 2020, 15, e0236738.		0
60	Title is missing!., 2020, 15, e0236738.		0