

# Julian Romero

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: <https://exaly.com/author-pdf/3783021/publications.pdf>

Version: 2024-02-01

84  
papers

7,588  
citations

41344

49  
h-index

62596

80  
g-index

85  
all docs

85  
docs citations

85  
times ranked

5306  
citing authors

| #  | ARTICLE   | IF   | CITATIONS |
|----|---|------|-----------|
| 1  | A peripheral CB2 cannabinoid receptor mechanism suppresses chemotherapy-induced peripheral neuropathy: evidence from a CB2 reporter mouse. <i>Pain</i> , 2022, 163, 834-851.  | 4.2  | 17        |
| 2  | Amygdalar CB2 cannabinoid receptor mediates fear extinction deficits promoted by orexin-A/hypocretin-1. <i>Biomedicine and Pharmacotherapy</i> , 2022, 149, 112925.   | 5.6  | 11        |
| 3  | Cannabinoid CB2 Receptors Modulate Microglia Function and Amyloid Dynamics in a Mouse Model of Alzheimer's Disease. <i>Frontiers in Pharmacology</i> , 2022, 13, .  | 3.5  | 10        |
| 4  | Signaling through the type 2 cannabinoid receptor regulates the severity of acute and chronic graft-versus-host disease. <i>Blood</i> , 2021, 137, 1241-1255.   | 1.4  | 11        |
| 5  | Inactivation of the CB <sub>2</sub> receptor accelerated the neuropathological deterioration in TDP <sup>43</sup> transgenic mice, a model of amyotrophic lateral sclerosis. <i>Brain Pathology</i> , 2021, 31, e12972. | 4.1  | 13        |
| 6  | Potential of amyloid beta phagocytosis and amelioration of synaptic dysfunction upon FAAH deletion in a mouse model of Alzheimer's disease. <i>Journal of Neuroinflammation</i> , 2021, 18, 223.                        | 7.2  | 11        |
| 7  | Development of High-Specificity Fluorescent Probes to Enable Cannabinoid Type 2 Receptor Studies in Living Cells. <i>Journal of the American Chemical Society</i> , 2020, 142, 16953-16964.                             | 13.7 | 31        |
| 8  | Cannabinoid CB2R receptors are upregulated with corneal injury and regulate the course of corneal wound healing. <i>Experimental Eye Research</i> , 2019, 182, 74-84.   | 2.6  | 22        |
| 9  | Role of interleukin 1-beta in the inflammatory response in a fatty acid amide hydrolase-knockout mouse model of Alzheimer's disease. <i>Biochemical Pharmacology</i> , 2018, 157, 202-209.                              | 4.4  | 11        |
| 10 | Cannabinoid CB2 receptors in the mouse brain: relevance for Alzheimer's disease. <i>Journal of Neuroinflammation</i> , 2018, 15, 158.   | 7.2  | 98        |
| 11 | Revisiting cannabinoid receptor 2 expression and function in murine retina. <i>Neuropharmacology</i> , 2018, 141, 21-31.  | 4.1  | 15        |
| 12 | Cannabinoid pharmacology/therapeutics in chronic degenerative disorders affecting the central nervous system. <i>Biochemical Pharmacology</i> , 2018, 157, 67-84.   | 4.4  | 75        |
| 13 | Endocannabinoids regulate the activity of astrocytic hemichannels and the microglial response against an injury: In vivo studies. <i>Neurobiology of Disease</i> , 2015, 79, 41-50.                                     | 4.4  | 34        |
| 14 | Endocannabinoids and Neurodegenerative Disorders: Parkinson's Disease, Huntington's Chorea, Alzheimer's Disease, and Others. <i>Handbook of Experimental Pharmacology</i> , 2015, 231, 233-259.                         | 1.8  | 94        |
| 15 | Endocannabinoid regulation of amyloid-induced neuroinflammation. <i>Neurobiology of Aging</i> , 2015, 36, 3008-3019.  | 3.1  | 29        |
| 16 | A restricted population of CB <sub>1</sub> cannabinoid receptors with neuroprotective activity. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2014, 111, 8257-8262.          | 7.1  | 136       |
| 17 | Endocannabinoid-Hydrolysing Enzymes in the Post-Mortem Cerebellum of Humans Affected by Hereditary Autosomal Dominant Ataxias. <i>Pathobiology</i> , 2014, 81, 149-159.   | 3.8  | 13        |
| 18 | Changes in CB <sub>1</sub> and CB <sub>2</sub> receptors in the post-mortem cerebellum of humans affected by spinocerebellar ataxias. <i>British Journal of Pharmacology</i> , 2014, 171, 1472-1489.                    | 5.4  | 53        |

| #  | ARTICLE   | IF  | CITATIONS |
|----|---|-----|-----------|
| 19 | Mechanisms of cannabidiol neuroprotection in hypoxic-ischemic newborn pigs: Role of 5HT1A and CB2 receptors. <i>Neuropharmacology</i> , 2013, 71, 282-291.  | 4.1 | 182       |
| 20 | Î²-amyloid exacerbates inflammation in astrocytes lacking fatty acid amide hydrolase through a mechanism involving PPAR $\alpha$ , PPAR $\beta$ and TRPV1, but not CB <sub>1</sub> or CB <sub>2</sub> receptors. <i>British Journal of Pharmacology</i> , 2012, 166, 1474-1489. | 5.4 | 65        |
| 21 | Prospects for cannabinoid therapies in basal ganglia disorders. <i>British Journal of Pharmacology</i> , 2011, 163, 1365-1378.  | 5.4 | 98        |
| 22 | Cannabidiol reduces lipopolysaccharide-induced vascular changes and inflammation in the mouse brain: an intravital microscopy study. <i>Journal of Neuroinflammation</i> , 2011, 8, 5.  | 7.2 | 92        |
| 23 | Loss of striatal type 1 cannabinoid receptors is a key pathogenic factor in Huntington's disease. <i>Brain</i> , 2011, 134, 119-136.  | 7.6 | 178       |
| 24 | The neuroprotective effect of cannabidiol in an in vitro model of newborn hypoxic-ischemic brain damage in mice is mediated by CB2 and adenosine receptors. <i>Neurobiology of Disease</i> , 2010, 37, 434-440.   | 4.4 | 222       |
| 25 | The endocannabinoid system and amyloid-related diseases. <i>Experimental Neurology</i> , 2010, 224, 66-73.  | 4.1 | 16        |
| 26 | The endocannabinoid system in neuropathological states. <i>International Review of Psychiatry</i> , 2009, 21, 172-180.  | 2.8 | 30        |
| 27 | The activation of cannabinoid CB2 receptors stimulates in situ and in vitro beta-amyloid removal by human macrophages. <i>Brain Research</i> , 2009, 1283, 148-154.   | 2.2 | 117       |
| 28 | Cannabinoid CB <sub>2</sub> receptor agonists protect the striatum against malonate toxicity: Relevance for Huntington's disease. <i>Glia</i> , 2009, 57, 1154-1167.  | 4.9 | 165       |
| 29 | Microglial CB2 cannabinoid receptors are neuroprotective in Huntington's disease excitotoxicity. <i>Brain</i> , 2009, 132, 3152-3164.   | 7.6 | 323       |
| 30 | Cannabinoids and Neurodegenerative Diseases. <i>CNS and Neurological Disorders - Drug Targets</i> , 2009, 8, 440-450.   | 1.4 | 21        |
| 31 | Cannabinoid CB <sub>2</sub> receptors in human brain inflammation. <i>British Journal of Pharmacology</i> , 2008, 153, 277-285.   | 5.4 | 244       |
| 32 | Glial expression of cannabinoid CB2 receptors and fatty acid amide hydrolase are beta amyloid-linked events in Down's syndrome. <i>Neuroscience</i> , 2008, 151, 104-110.   | 2.3 | 70        |
| 33 | Colocalization of CB1 receptors with L1 and GAP-43 in forebrain white matter regions during fetal rat brain development: Evidence for a role of these receptors in axonal growth and guidance. <i>Neuroscience</i> , 2008, 153, 687-699.  | 2.3 | 16        |
| 34 | Cannabinoid CB <sub>1</sub> Receptors Are Expressed by Parietal Cells of the Human Gastric Mucosa. <i>Journal of Histochemistry and Cytochemistry</i> , 2008, 56, 511-516.  | 2.5 | 22        |
| 35 | The CB2 Cannabinoid Receptor Controls Myeloid Progenitor Trafficking. <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , 2008, 283, 13320-13329.  | 3.4 | 141       |
| 36 | Neuroprotective Effects of the Nonpsychoactive Cannabinoid Cannabidiol in Hypoxic-Ischemic Newborn Piglets. <i>Pediatric Research</i> , 2008, 64, 653-658.  | 2.3 | 125       |

| #  | ARTICLE  | IF  | CITATIONS |
|----|--|-----|-----------|
| 37 | Neuroinflammation and the Glial Endocannabinoid System. , 2008, , 331-359.   |     | 0         |
| 38 | The Cannabinoid Agonist Win55212 Reduces Brain Damage in an In Vivo Model of Hypoxic-Ischemic Encephalopathy in Newborn Rats. Pediatric Research, 2007, 62, 255-260.   | 2.3 | 69        |
| 39 | Cannabinoid CB <sub>1</sub> and CB <sub>2</sub> Receptors and Fatty Acid Amide Hydrolase Are Specific Markers of Plaque Cell Subtypes in Human Multiple Sclerosis. Journal of Neuroscience, 2007, 27, 2396-2402.     | 3.6 | 243       |
| 40 | The Seek of Neuroprotection: Introducing Cannabinoids. Recent Patents on CNS Drug Discovery, 2007, 2, 131-9.   | 0.9 | 42        |
| 41 | Cannabinoid CB2 receptor: a new target for controlling neural cell survival?. Trends in Pharmacological Sciences, 2007, 28, 39-45.   | 8.7 | 331       |
| 42 | The Endocannabinoid System and Alzheimer's Disease. Molecular Neurobiology, 2007, 36, 75-81.   | 4.0 | 43        |
| 43 | Characterization of the Neuroprotective Effect of the Cannabinoid Agonist WIN-55212 in an In Vitro Model of Hypoxic-Ischemic Brain Damage in Newborn Rats. Pediatric Research, 2006, 60, 169-173.                    | 2.3 | 97        |
| 44 | Functional neuroanatomy of the endocannabinoid system. Pharmacology Biochemistry and Behavior, 2005, 81, 239-247.  | 2.9 | 96        |
| 45 | A Glial Endogenous Cannabinoid System Is Upregulated in the Brains of Macaques with Simian Immunodeficiency Virus-Induced Encephalitis. Journal of Neuroscience, 2005, 25, 2530-2536.                                | 3.6 | 145       |
| 46 | Cannabinoids in neurodegeneration and neuroprotection. , 2005, , 79-109.   |     | 32        |
| 47 | Circulating endogenous cannabinoid anandamide and portal, systemic and renal hemodynamics in cirrhosis. Liver International, 2004, 24, 477-483.  | 3.9 | 73        |
| 48 | Cannabinoid CB <sub>2</sub> receptors are expressed by perivascular microglial cells in the human brain: An immunohistochemical study. Synapse, 2004, 53, 208-213.   | 1.2 | 273       |
| 49 | Role of the endocannabinoid system in Alzheimer's disease: New perspectives. Life Sciences, 2004, 75, 1907-1915.   | 4.3 | 66        |
| 50 | Effects of perinatal exposure to $\delta^9$ -tetrahydrocannabinol on operant morphine-reinforced behavior. Pharmacology Biochemistry and Behavior, 2003, 75, 577-584.  | 2.9 | 38        |
| 51 | Neuroprotection by the cannabinoid agonist WIN-55212 in an in vivo newborn rat model of acute severe asphyxia. Molecular Brain Research, 2003, 114, 132-139.   | 2.3 | 49        |
| 52 | Cannabinoid CB <sub>2</sub> Receptors and Fatty Acid Amide Hydrolase Are Selectively Overexpressed in Neuritic Plaque-Associated Glia in Alzheimer's Disease Brains. Journal of Neuroscience, 2003, 23, 11136-11141. | 3.6 | 547       |
| 53 | Fatty acid amide hydrolase localization in the human central nervous system: an immunohistochemical study. Molecular Brain Research, 2002, 100, 85-93.   | 2.3 | 78        |
| 54 | The endogenous cannabinoid system and the basal ganglia. , 2002, 95, 137-152.  |     | 126       |

| #  | ARTICLE  | IF  | CITATIONS |
|----|--|-----|-----------|
| 55 | Blockade of cannabinoid CB <sub>1</sub> receptor function protects against <i>in vivo</i> disseminating brain damage following NMDA-induced excitotoxicity. <i>Journal of Neurochemistry</i> , 2002, 82, 154-158.  | 3.9 | 76        |
| 56 | Role of the superior colliculus in the motor effects of cannabinoids and dopamine. <i>Brain Research</i> , 2000, 853, 207-214.   | 2.2 | 15        |
| 57 | Activational role of cannabinoids on movement. <i>European Journal of Pharmacology</i> , 2000, 391, 269-274.   | 3.5 | 178       |
| 58 | Unilateral 6-hydroxydopamine lesions of nigrostriatal dopaminergic neurons increased CB1 receptor mRNA levels in the caudate-putamen. <i>Life Sciences</i> , 2000, 66, 485-494.  | 4.3 | 100       |
| 59 | Enhancement of Anandamide Formation in the Limbic Forebrain and Reduction of Endocannabinoid Contents in the Striatum of $\delta^9$ -tetrahydrocannabinol-tolerant Rats. <i>Journal of Neurochemistry</i> , 2000, 74, 1627-1635.   | 3.9 | 144       |
| 60 | Unilateral 6-Hydroxydopamine Lesions of Nigrostriatal Dopaminergic Neurons Increased Cannabinoid CB1 Receptor mRNA Levels in the Rat Striatum: Possible Therapeutic Implications. , 2000, , 301-305.   |     | 0         |
| 61 | Perinatal $\delta^9$ -Tetrahydrocannabinol Exposure Augmented the Magnitude of Motor Inhibition Caused by GABA B , but not GABA A , Receptor Agonists in Adult Rats. <i>Neurotoxicology and Teratology</i> , 1999, 21, 277-283.  | 2.4 | 47        |
| 62 | Pharmacological and biochemical interactions between opioids and cannabinoids. <i>Trends in Pharmacological Sciences</i> , 1999, 20, 287-294.  | 8.7 | 364       |
| 63 | Cannabinoid receptor binding and mRNA levels in several brain regions of adult male and female rats perinatally exposed to $\delta^9$ -tetrahydrocannabinol. <i>Drug and Alcohol Dependence</i> , 1999, 55, 127-136.   | 3.2 | 29        |
| 64 | Cannabinoid receptor and WIN-55,212-2-stimulated [ <sup>35</sup> S]GTP $\gamma$ S binding and cannabinoid receptor mRNA levels in several brain structures of adult male rats chronically exposed to R-methanandamide. <i>Neurochemistry International</i> , 1999, 34, 473-482.                                  | 3.8 | 23        |
| 65 | Time-dependent differences of repeated administration with $\delta^9$ -tetrahydrocannabinol in proenkephalin and cannabinoid receptor gene expression and G-protein activation by $\delta^4$ -opioid and CB1-cannabinoid receptors in the caudate-putamen. <i>Molecular Brain Research</i> , 1999, 67, 148-157.  | 2.3 | 61        |
| 66 | Extrapyramidal and neuroendocrine effects of AM404, an inhibitor of the carrier-mediated transport of anandamide. <i>Life Sciences</i> , 1999, 65, 327-336.  | 4.3 | 51        |
| 67 | Role of endocannabinoids in brain development. <i>Life Sciences</i> , 1999, 65, 725-736.   | 4.3 | 100       |
| 68 | Identification of Endocannabinoids and Cannabinoid CB <sub>1</sub> Receptor mRNA in the Pituitary Gland. <i>Neuroendocrinology</i> , 1999, 70, 137-145.  | 2.5 | 78        |
| 69 | Cannabinoid Receptor and WIN-55,212-2-Stimulated [ <sup>35</sup> S]GTP $\gamma$ S Binding and Cannabinoid Receptor mRNA Levels in the Basal Ganglia and the Cerebellum of Adult Male Rats Chronically Exposed to $\delta^9$ -Tetrahydrocannabinol. <i>Journal of Molecular Neuroscience</i> , 1998, 11, 109-120. | 2.3 | 36        |
| 70 | Effects of cannabinoids on prolactin and gonadotrophin secretion: involvement of changes in hypothalamic $\delta^3$ -aminobutyric acid (GABA) inputs. <i>Biochemical Pharmacology</i> , 1998, 56, 1331-1338.   | 4.4 | 51        |
| 71 | Time-course of the cannabinoid receptor down-regulation in the adult rat brain caused by repeated exposure to $\delta^9$ -tetrahydrocannabinol. <i>Synapse</i> , 1998, 30, 298-308.  | 1.2 | 111       |
| 72 | Autoradiographic analysis of cannabinoid receptor binding and cannabinoid agonist-stimulated [ <sup>35</sup> S]GTP $\gamma$ S binding in morphine-dependent mice. <i>Drug and Alcohol Dependence</i> , 1998, 50, 241-249.  | 3.2 | 34        |

| #  | ARTICLE   | IF  | CITATIONS |
|----|---|-----|-----------|
| 73 | Chronic administration of cannabinoids regulates proenkephalin mRNA levels in selected regions of the rat brain. <i>Molecular Brain Research</i> , 1998, 55, 126-132.   | 2.3 | 82        |
| 74 | Loss of cannabinoid receptor binding and messenger RNA levels and cannabinoid agonist-stimulated [35s]guanylyl-5'-O-(thio)-triphosphate binding in the basal ganglia of aged rats. <i>Neuroscience</i> , 1998, 84, 1075-1083.   | 2.3 | 80        |
| 75 | Changes in cannabinoid receptor binding and mRNA levels in several brain regions of aged rats. <i>Biochimica Et Biophysica Acta - Molecular Basis of Disease</i> , 1998, 1407, 205-214.   | 3.8 | 59        |
| 76 | Cannabinoid receptor binding did not vary in several hypothalamic nuclei after hypothalamic deafferentation. <i>Life Sciences</i> , 1998, 63, 351-356.  | 4.3 | 31        |
| 77 | Time course of the effects of different cannabimimetics on prolactin and gonadotrophin secretion: Evidence for the presence of CB1 receptors in hypothalamic structures and their involvement in the effects of cannabimimetics. <i>Biochemical Pharmacology</i> , 1997, 53, 1919-1927. | 4.4 | 84        |
| 78 | THE ACTIVATION OF CANNABINOID RECEPTORS IN STRIATONIGRAL GABAERGIC NEURONS INHIBITED GABA UPTAKE. <i>Life Sciences</i> , 1997, 62, 351-363.   | 4.3 | 83        |
| 79 | Effects of chronic exposure to $\delta^9$ -tetrahydrocannabinol on cannabinoid receptor binding and mRNA levels in several rat brain regions. <i>Molecular Brain Research</i> , 1997, 46, 100-108.  | 2.3 | 138       |
| 80 | Extrapyramidal effects of methanandamide, an analog of anandamide, the endogenous CB1, receptor ligand. <i>Life Sciences</i> , 1996, 58, 1249-1257.   | 4.3 | 57        |
| 81 | Involvement of GABAB receptors in the motor inhibition produced by agonists of brain cannabinoid receptors. <i>Behavioural Pharmacology</i> , 1996, 7, 299.   | 1.7 | 46        |
| 82 | Changes in rat brain cannabinoid binding sites after acute or chronic exposure to their endogenous agonist, anandamide, or to $\delta^9$ -tetrahydrocannabinol. <i>Pharmacology Biochemistry and Behavior</i> , 1995, 51, 731-737.  | 2.9 | 100       |
| 83 | Time-course of the effects of anandamide, the putative endogenous cannabinoid receptor ligand, on extrapyramidal function. <i>Brain Research</i> , 1995, 694, 223-232.  | 2.2 | 77        |
| 84 | The endogenous cannabinoid receptor ligand, anandamide, inhibits the motor behavior: role of nigrostriatal dopaminergic neurons. <i>Life Sciences</i> , 1995, 56, 2033-2040.  | 4.3 | 93        |