

Anoop Misra

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

270
papers

16,364
citations

18482

62
h-index

19749

117
g-index

274
all docs

274
docs citations

274
times ranked

18070
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Obesity and the Metabolic Syndrome in Developing Countries. <i>Journal of Clinical Endocrinology and Metabolism</i> , 2008, 93, s9-s30.	3.6	821
2	Mucormycosis in COVID-19: A systematic review of cases reported worldwide and in India. <i>Diabetes and Metabolic Syndrome: Clinical Research and Reviews</i> , 2021, 15, 102146.	3.6	658
3	Diabetes in COVID-19: Prevalence, pathophysiology, prognosis and practical considerations. <i>Diabetes and Metabolic Syndrome: Clinical Research and Reviews</i> , 2020, 14, 303-310.	3.6	576
4	Childhood Obesity in Developing Countries: Epidemiology, Determinants, and Prevention. <i>Endocrine Reviews</i> , 2012, 33, 48-70.	20.1	471
5	Consensus statement for diagnosis of obesity, abdominal obesity and the metabolic syndrome for Asian Indians and recommendations for physical activity, medical and surgical management. <i>Journal of the Association of Physicians of India</i> , The, 2009, 57, 163-70.	0.0	467
6	Prevalence and trends of metabolic syndrome among adults in the asia-pacific region: a systematic review. <i>BMC Public Health</i> , 2017, 17, 101.	2.9	449
7	Clinical considerations for patients with diabetes in times of COVID-19 epidemic. <i>Diabetes and Metabolic Syndrome: Clinical Research and Reviews</i> , 2020, 14, 211-212.	3.6	378
8	Chloroquine and hydroxychloroquine in the treatment of COVID-19 with or without diabetes: A systematic search and a narrative review with a special reference to India and other developing countries. <i>Diabetes and Metabolic Syndrome: Clinical Research and Reviews</i> , 2020, 14, 241-246.	3.6	357
9	BMI does not accurately predict overweight in Asian Indians in northern India. <i>British Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2001, 86, 105-112.	2.3	330
10	High prevalence of diabetes, obesity and dyslipidaemia in urban slum population in northern India. <i>International Journal of Obesity</i> , 2001, 25, 1722-1729.	3.4	323
11	Obesity-related non-communicable diseases: South Asians vs White Caucasians. <i>International Journal of Obesity</i> , 2011, 35, 167-187.	3.4	316
12	Insulin resistance syndrome (metabolic syndrome) and obesity in Asian Indians: evidence and implications. <i>Nutrition</i> , 2004, 20, 482-491.	2.4	293
13	The Metabolic Syndrome in South Asians: Epidemiology, Determinants, and Prevention. <i>Metabolic Syndrome and Related Disorders</i> , 2009, 7, 497-514.	1.3	271
14	Dietary and nutritional approaches for prevention and management of type 2 diabetes. <i>BMJ: British Medical Journal</i> , 2018, 361, k2234.	2.3	266
15	Obesity, the Metabolic Syndrome, and Type 2 Diabetes in Developing Countries: Role of Dietary Fats and Oils. <i>Journal of the American College of Nutrition</i> , 2010, 29, 289S-301S.	1.8	237
16	Clinical and pathophysiological consequences of abdominal adiposity and abdominal adipose tissue depots. <i>Nutrition</i> , 2003, 19, 457-466.	2.4	234
17	Waist circumference cutoff points and action levels for Asian Indians for identification of abdominal obesity. <i>International Journal of Obesity</i> , 2006, 30, 106-111.	3.4	231
18	Migration and its impact on adiposity and type 2 diabetes. <i>Nutrition</i> , 2007, 23, 696-708.	2.4	228

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19	Waist circumference criteria for the diagnosis of abdominal obesity are not applicable uniformly to all populations and ethnic groups. <i>Nutrition</i> , 2005, 21, 969-976.	2.4	211
20	Nutrition transition in India: Secular trends in dietary intake and their relationship to diet-related non-communicable diseases. <i>Journal of Diabetes</i> , 2011, 3, 278-292.	1.8	197
21	Obesity and Dyslipidemia in South Asians. <i>Nutrients</i> , 2013, 5, 2708-2733.	4.1	186
22	Effects of nationwide lockdown during COVID-19 epidemic on lifestyle and other medical issues of patients with type 2 diabetes in north India. <i>Diabetes and Metabolic Syndrome: Clinical Research and Reviews</i> , 2020, 14, 917-920.	3.6	181
23	South Asian diets and insulin resistance. <i>British Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2009, 101, 465-473.	2.3	178
24	Epidemiology and determinants of type 2 diabetes in south Asia. <i>Lancet Diabetes and Endocrinology</i> , 2018, 6, 966-978.	11.4	171
25	Estimation of effects of nationwide lockdown for containing coronavirus infection on worsening of glycosylated haemoglobin and increase in diabetes-related complications: A simulation model using multivariate regression analysis. <i>Diabetes and Metabolic Syndrome: Clinical Research and Reviews</i> , 2020, 14, 319-323.	3.6	167
26	Telemedicine for diabetes care in India during COVID19 pandemic and national lockdown period: Guidelines for physicians. <i>Diabetes and Metabolic Syndrome: Clinical Research and Reviews</i> , 2020, 14, 273-276.	3.6	167
27	Comorbidities in COVID-19: Outcomes in hypertensive cohort and controversies with renin angiotensin system blockers. <i>Diabetes and Metabolic Syndrome: Clinical Research and Reviews</i> , 2020, 14, 283-287.	3.6	163
28	Effect of Supervised Progressive Resistance-Exercise Training Protocol on Insulin Sensitivity, Glycemia, Lipids, and Body Composition in Asian Indians With Type 2 Diabetes. <i>Diabetes Care</i> , 2008, 31, 1282-1287.	8.6	161
29	High prevalence of insulin resistance in postpubertal Asian Indian children is associated with adverse truncal body fat patterning, abdominal adiposity and excess body fat. <i>International Journal of Obesity</i> , 2004, 28, 1217-1226.	3.4	148
30	Diabetes in developing countries. <i>Journal of Diabetes</i> , 2019, 11, 522-539.	1.8	143
31	Younger age of escalation of cardiovascular risk factors in Asian Indian subjects. <i>BMC Cardiovascular Disorders</i> , 2009, 9, 28.	1.7	134
32	COVID-19 pandemic and challenges for socio-economic issues, healthcare and National Health Programs in India. <i>Diabetes and Metabolic Syndrome: Clinical Research and Reviews</i> , 2020, 14, 757-759.	3.6	133
33	Revisions of cutoffs of body mass index to define overweight and obesity are needed for the Asian-ethnic groups. <i>International Journal of Obesity</i> , 2003, 27, 1294-1296.	3.4	131
34	Effects of controlled school-based multi-component model of nutrition and lifestyle interventions on behavior modification, anthropometry and metabolic risk profile of urban Asian Indian adolescents in North India. <i>European Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2010, 64, 364-373.	2.9	130
35	Diabetes and COVID-19: evidence, current status and unanswered research questions. <i>European Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2020, 74, 864-870.	2.9	130
36	Effects of pistachio nuts on body composition, metabolic, inflammatory and oxidative stress parameters in Asian Indians with metabolic syndrome: A 24-wk, randomized control trial. <i>Nutrition</i> , 2014, 30, 192-197.	2.4	129

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37	An Evaluation of Candidate Definitions of the Metabolic Syndrome in Adult Asian Indians. <i>Diabetes Care</i> , 2005, 28, 398-403.	8.6	118
38	Correlations of C-reactive protein levels with anthropometric profile, percentage of body fat and lipids in healthy adolescents and young adults in urban North India. <i>Atherosclerosis</i> , 2003, 168, 305-313.	0.8	117
39	Improvement in nutrition-related knowledge and behaviour of urban Asian Indian school children: findings from the "Medical education for children/Adolescents for Realistic prevention of obesity and diabetes and for healthy ageing" (MARG) intervention study. <i>British Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2010, 104, 427-436.	2.3	116
40	Breakthrough COVID-19 infections after vaccinations in healthcare and other workers in a chronic care medical facility in New Delhi, India. <i>Diabetes and Metabolic Syndrome: Clinical Research and Reviews</i> , 2021, 15, 1007-1008.	3.6	113
41	Sugar Intake, Obesity, and Diabetes in India. <i>Nutrients</i> , 2014, 6, 5955-5974.	4.1	111
42	Consensus Dietary Guidelines for Healthy Living and Prevention of Obesity, the Metabolic Syndrome, Diabetes, and Related Disorders in Asian Indians. <i>Diabetes Technology and Therapeutics</i> , 2011, 13, 683-694.	4.4	110
43	Physical activity patterns among South-Asian adults: a systematic review. <i>International Journal of Behavioral Nutrition and Physical Activity</i> , 2013, 10, 116.	4.6	110
44	Contentious issues and evolving concepts in the clinical presentation and management of patients with COVID-19 infection with reference to use of therapeutic and other drugs used in Co-morbid diseases (Hypertension, diabetes etc). <i>Diabetes and Metabolic Syndrome: Clinical Research and Reviews</i> , 2020, 14, 251-254.	3.6	102
45	Diabetes, cardiovascular disease, and chronic kidney disease in South Asia: current status and future directions. <i>BMJ: British Medical Journal</i> , 2017, 357, j1420.	2.3	101
46	COVID-19 in people living with diabetes: An international consensus. <i>Journal of Diabetes and Its Complications</i> , 2020, 34, 107671.	2.3	101
47	COVID-19 vaccination in patients with diabetes mellitus: Current concepts, uncertainties and challenges. <i>Diabetes and Metabolic Syndrome: Clinical Research and Reviews</i> , 2021, 15, 505-508.	3.6	99
48	Hyperhomocysteinemia, and low intakes of folic acid and vitamin B12 in urban North India. <i>European Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2002, 41, 68-77.	3.9	94
49	Consensus Physical Activity Guidelines for Asian Indians. <i>Diabetes Technology and Therapeutics</i> , 2012, 14, 83-98.	4.4	92
50	Impact of COVID-19 and comorbidities on health and economics: Focus on developing countries and India. <i>Diabetes and Metabolic Syndrome: Clinical Research and Reviews</i> , 2020, 14, 1625-1630.	3.6	90
51	Diabetes in South Asians. <i>Diabetic Medicine</i> , 2014, 31, 1153-1162.	2.3	89
52	Recent trends in epidemiology of dyslipidemias in India. <i>Indian Heart Journal</i> , 2017, 69, 382-392.	0.5	85
53	Correlation of regional cardiovascular disease mortality in India with lifestyle and nutritional factors. <i>International Journal of Cardiology</i> , 2006, 108, 291-300.	1.7	84
54	Effect of a 6-Month Intervention with Cooking Oils Containing a High Concentration of Monounsaturated Fatty Acids (Olive and Canola Oils) Compared with Control Oil in Male Asian Indians with Nonalcoholic Fatty Liver Disease. <i>Diabetes Technology and Therapeutics</i> , 2014, 16, 255-261.	4.4	82

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55	Adverse profile of dietary nutrients, anthropometry and lipids in urban slum dwellers of northern India. <i>European Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2001, 55, 727-734.	2.9	79
56	Overview of trans fatty acids: Biochemistry and health effects. <i>Diabetes and Metabolic Syndrome: Clinical Research and Reviews</i> , 2011, 5, 161-164.	3.6	79
57	Obesity in South Asia: Phenotype, Morbidities, and Mitigation. <i>Current Obesity Reports</i> , 2019, 8, 43-52.	8.4	78
58	Effect of heating/reheating of fats/oils, as used by Asian Indians, on trans fatty acid formation. <i>Food Chemistry</i> , 2016, 212, 663-670.	8.2	76
59	The High Burden of Obesity and Abdominal Obesity in Urban Indian Schoolchildren: A Multicentric Study of 38,296 Children. <i>Annals of Nutrition and Metabolism</i> , 2011, 58, 203-211.	1.9	75
60	Subcutaneous abdominal adipose tissue is associated with the metabolic syndrome in Asian Indians independent of intra-abdominal and total body fat. <i>Heart</i> , 2010, 96, 579-583.	2.9	74
61	Post COVID-19 Syndrome (‘‘Long COVID’’) and Diabetes: Challenges in Diagnosis and Management. <i>Diabetes and Metabolic Syndrome: Clinical Research and Reviews</i> , 2021, 15, 102235.	3.6	74
62	Effect of oral cinnamon intervention on metabolic profile and body composition of Asian Indians with metabolic syndrome: a randomized double-blind control trial. <i>Lipids in Health and Disease</i> , 2017, 16, 113.	3.0	72
63	Abdominal obesity and type 2 diabetes in Asian Indians: dietary strategies including edible oils, cooking practices and sugar intake. <i>European Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2017, 71, 850-857.	2.9	67
64	Adiponectin, insulin resistance, and C-reactive protein in postpubertal Asian Indian adolescents. <i>Metabolism: Clinical and Experimental</i> , 2004, 53, 1336-1341.	3.4	66
65	Balanced diet is a major casualty in COVID-19. <i>Diabetes and Metabolic Syndrome: Clinical Research and Reviews</i> , 2020, 14, 1085-1086.	3.6	65
66	A review of the epidemiology of diabetes in rural India. <i>Diabetes Research and Clinical Practice</i> , 2011, 92, 303-311.	2.8	64
67	Obesity, Diabetes and Cardiovascular Diseases in India: Public Health Challenges. <i>Current Diabetes Reviews</i> , 2016, 13, 65-80.	1.3	62
68	Effect of Almond Supplementation on Glycemia and Cardiovascular Risk Factors in Asian Indians in North India with Type 2 Diabetes Mellitus: A 24-Week Study. <i>Metabolic Syndrome and Related Disorders</i> , 2017, 15, 98-105.	1.3	61
69	Increase in the risk of type 2 diabetes during lockdown for the COVID19 pandemic in India: A cohort analysis. <i>Diabetes and Metabolic Syndrome: Clinical Research and Reviews</i> , 2020, 14, 949-952.	3.6	60
70	Body fat, metabolic syndrome and hyperglycemia in South Asians. <i>Journal of Diabetes and Its Complications</i> , 2018, 32, 1068-1075.	2.3	59
71	Non-Alcoholic Fatty Liver Disease Is Closely Associated with Sub-Clinical Inflammation: A Case-Control Study on Asian Indians in North India. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2013, 8, e49286.	2.5	59
72	Prevalence and trends of the diabetes epidemic in urban and rural India: A pooled systematic review and meta-analysis of 1.7 million adults. <i>Annals of Epidemiology</i> , 2021, 58, 128-148.	1.9	57

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73	Risk Factors for Atherosclerosis in Young Individuals. <i>European Journal of Cardiovascular Prevention and Rehabilitation</i> , 2000, 7, 215-229.	2.8	54
74	Resistance training for obese, type 2 diabetic adults: a review of the evidence. <i>Obesity Reviews</i> , 2010, 11, 740-749.	6.5	53
75	Metabolic syndrome in children: current issues and South Asian perspective. <i>Nutrition</i> , 2007, 23, 895-910.	2.4	52
76	Determinants of urban-rural differences in cardiovascular risk factors in middle-aged women in India: A cross-sectional study. <i>International Journal of Cardiology</i> , 2013, 163, 157-162.	1.7	51
77	Proton magnetic resonance spectroscopy study of soleus muscle in non-obese healthy and Type 2 diabetic Asian Northern Indian males: high intramyocellular lipid content correlates with excess body fat and abdominal obesity. <i>Diabetic Medicine</i> , 2003, 20, 361-367.	2.3	50
78	Correlates of Type 2 diabetes mellitus in children, adolescents and young adults in north India: a multisite collaborative case-control study. <i>Diabetic Medicine</i> , 2006, 23, 293-298.	2.3	50
79	Association of the Myostatin Gene with Obesity, Abdominal Obesity and Low Lean Body Mass and in Non-Diabetic Asian Indians in North India. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2012, 7, e40977.	2.5	50
80	Body Fat Patterning, Hepatic Fat and Pancreatic Volume of Non-Obese Asian Indians with Type 2 Diabetes in North India: A Case-Control Study. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2015, 10, e0140447.	2.5	50
81	C-reactive protein and dietary nutrients in urban Asian Indian adolescents and young adults. <i>Nutrition</i> , 2006, 22, 865-871.	2.4	49
82	Obesity and the Metabolic Syndrome in Developing Countries: Focus on South Asians. <i>Nestle Nutrition Institute Workshop Series</i> , 2014, 78, 133-140.	0.1	49
83	Clinical management of type 2 diabetes in south Asia. <i>Lancet Diabetes and Endocrinology</i> , 2018, 6, 979-991.	11.4	49
84	Overweight, obesity and related non-communicable diseases in Asian Indian girls and women. <i>European Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2013, 67, 688-696.	2.9	48
85	Management of obesity in adult Asian Indians. <i>Indian Heart Journal</i> , 2017, 69, 539-544.	0.5	48
86	Consensus statement on management of dyslipidemia in Indian subjects. <i>Indian Heart Journal</i> , 2014, 66, S1-S51.	0.5	47
87	Independent associations of low 25 hydroxy vitamin D and high parathyroid hormonal levels with nonalcoholic fatty liver disease in Asian Indians residing in north India. <i>Atherosclerosis</i> , 2013, 230, 157-163.	0.8	46
88	Glycemic parameters in patients with new-onset diabetes during COVID-19 pandemic are more severe than in patients with new-onset diabetes before the pandemic: NOD COVID India Study. <i>Diabetes and Metabolic Syndrome: Clinical Research and Reviews</i> , 2021, 15, 215-220.	3.6	44
89	C-reactive protein in young individuals: problems and implications for Asian Indians. <i>Nutrition</i> , 2004, 20, 478-481.	2.4	43
90	Epidemiology of microvascular complications of diabetes in South Asians and comparison with other ethnicities. <i>Journal of Diabetes</i> , 2016, 8, 470-482.	1.8	43

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91	Public health and health systems: implications for the prevention and management of type 2 diabetes in south Asia. <i>Lancet Diabetes and Endocrinology</i> , 2018, 6, 992-1002.	11.4	43
92	Doctors and healthcare workers at frontline of COVID 19 epidemic: Admiration, a pat on the back, and need for extreme caution. <i>Diabetes and Metabolic Syndrome: Clinical Research and Reviews</i> , 2020, 14, 255-256.	3.6	43
93	The Role of Lipids in the Development of Diabetic Microvascular Complications. <i>American Journal of Cardiovascular Drugs</i> , 2003, 3, 325-338.	2.2	42
94	Simple anthropometric measures identify fasting hyperinsulinemia and clustering of cardiovascular risk factors in Asian Indian adolescents. <i>Metabolism: Clinical and Experimental</i> , 2006, 55, 1569-1573.	3.4	42
95	Dyslipidemia in Asian Indians: determinants and significance. <i>Journal of the Association of Physicians of India</i> , 2004, 52, 137-42.	0.0	41
96	Genetic Variation in the Patatin-Like Phospholipase Domain-Containing Protein-3 (PNPLA-3) Gene in Asian Indians with Nonalcoholic Fatty Liver Disease. <i>Metabolic Syndrome and Related Disorders</i> , 2013, 11, 329-335.	1.3	40
97	Dietary Intakes and Familial Correlates of Overweight/Obesity: A Four-Cities Study in India. <i>Annals of Nutrition and Metabolism</i> , 2013, 62, 279-290.	1.9	40
98	Diabetes and COVID19: a bidirectional relationship. <i>Nutrition and Diabetes</i> , 2021, 11, 21.	3.2	40
99	Body Mass Index and Waist Circumference Cut-Points in Multi-Ethnic Populations from the UK and India: The ADDITION-Leicester, Jaipur Heart Watch and New Delhi Cross-Sectional Studies. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2014, 9, e90813.	2.5	39
100	Diabetes Mellitus and COVID-19: Review Article. <i>Diabetes and Metabolic Syndrome: Clinical Research and Reviews</i> , 2021, 15, 102268.	3.6	38
101	Current formula for calculating body mass index is applicable to Asian populations. <i>Nutrition and Diabetes</i> , 2019, 9, 3.	3.2	38
102	Appropriate Values of Adiposity and Lean Body Mass Indices to Detect Cardiovascular Risk Factors in Asian Indians. <i>Diabetes Technology and Therapeutics</i> , 2011, 13, 899-906.	4.4	37
103	Effect of high-protein meal replacement on weight and cardiometabolic profile in overweight/obese Asian Indians in North India. <i>British Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2017, 117, 1531-1540.	2.3	36
104	The benefits of yoga practice compared to physical exercise in the management of type 2 Diabetes Mellitus: A systematic review and meta-analysis. <i>Diabetes and Metabolic Syndrome: Clinical Research and Reviews</i> , 2018, 12, 795-805.	3.6	35
105	Socioeconomic factors relating to diabetes and its management in India. <i>Journal of Diabetes</i> , 2016, 8, 12-23.	1.8	34
106	Metabolic memory: Evolving concepts. <i>Journal of Diabetes</i> , 2018, 10, 186-187.	1.8	34
107	Investigation of hepatic gluconeogenesis pathway in non-diabetic Asian Indians with non-alcoholic fatty liver disease using in vivo (31P) phosphorus magnetic resonance spectroscopy. <i>Atherosclerosis</i> , 2009, 203, 291-297.	0.8	33
108	Disparities in Prevalence of Cardiometabolic Risk Factors in Rural, Urban-Poor, and Urban-Middle Class Women in India. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2016, 11, e0149437.	2.5	33

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109	Vitamin D Supplementation in Overweight/obese Asian Indian Women with Prediabetes Reduces Glycemic Measures and Truncal Subcutaneous Fat: A 78 Weeks Randomized Placebo-Controlled Trial (PREVENT-WIN Trial). <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2020, 10, 220.	3.3	33
110	High prevalence of post COVID-19 fatigue in patients with type 2 diabetes: A case-control study. <i>Diabetes and Metabolic Syndrome: Clinical Research and Reviews</i> , 2021, 15, 102302.	3.6	33
111	A case-control study on insulin resistance, metabolic co-variables & prediction score in non-alcoholic fatty liver disease. <i>Indian Journal of Medical Research</i> , 2009, 129, 285-92.	1.0	33
112	Effects of 3Âg of soluble fiber from oats on lipid levels of Asian Indians - a randomized controlled, parallel arm study. <i>Lipids in Health and Disease</i> , 2017, 16, 71.	3.0	32
113	The chemical exposome of type 2 diabetes mellitus: Opportunities and challenges in the omics era. <i>Diabetes and Metabolic Syndrome: Clinical Research and Reviews</i> , 2020, 14, 23-38.	3.6	31
114	Extensive intra-tumor heterogeneity in primary human glial tumors as a result of locus non-specific genomic alterations. <i>Journal of Neuro-Oncology</i> , 2000, 48, 1-12.	2.9	30
115	Exacerbation of hyperglycemia in patients with type 2 diabetes after vaccination for COVID19: Report of three cases. <i>Diabetes and Metabolic Syndrome: Clinical Research and Reviews</i> , 2021, 15, 102151.	3.6	30
116	Nutrition Transition and Obesity Among Teenagers and Young Adults in South Asia. <i>Current Diabetes Reviews</i> , 2017, 13, 444-451.	1.3	30
117	Suggested use of vaccines in diabetes. <i>Indian Journal of Endocrinology and Metabolism</i> , 2012, 16, 886.	0.4	29
118	Obesity: A potential risk factor for infection and mortality in the current COVID-19 epidemic. <i>Diabetes and Metabolic Syndrome: Clinical Research and Reviews</i> , 2020, 14, 2199-2203.	3.6	29
119	Impact of Intensive School-Based Nutrition Education and Lifestyle Interventions on Insulin Resistance, Î²-Cell Function, Disposition Index, and Subclinical Inflammation Among Asian Indian Adolescents: A Controlled Intervention Study. <i>Metabolic Syndrome and Related Disorders</i> , 2011, 9, 143-150.	1.3	28
120	Non-insulin anti-diabetic agents in patients with type 2 diabetes and COVID-19: A Critical Appraisal of Literature. <i>Diabetes and Metabolic Syndrome: Clinical Research and Reviews</i> , 2021, 15, 159-167.	3.6	28
121	Steroid use during COVID-19 infection and hyperglycemia â€“ What a physician should know. <i>Diabetes and Metabolic Syndrome: Clinical Research and Reviews</i> , 2021, 15, 102167.	3.6	28
122	Prevention of type 2 diabetes: the long and winding road. <i>Lancet, The</i> , 2009, 374, 1655-1656.	13.7	27
123	Secular Trends in Obesity, Regional Adiposity and Metabolic Parameters among Asian Indian Adolescents in North India: A Comparative Data Analysis of Two Selective Samples 5 Years Apart (2003,) <i>Tj ETQq1</i> 1.0.7843147rgBT /Ov	1.0	27
124	COVID19 in South Asians/Asian Indians: Heterogeneity of data and implications for pathophysiology and research. <i>Diabetes Research and Clinical Practice</i> , 2020, 165, 108267.	2.8	27
125	Blood glucose levels should be considered as a new vital sign indicative of prognosis during hospitalization. <i>Diabetes and Metabolic Syndrome: Clinical Research and Reviews</i> , 2021, 15, 221-227.	3.6	27
126	Impact of the vitamin D deficiency on COVID-19 infection and mortality in Asian countries. <i>Diabetes and Metabolic Syndrome: Clinical Research and Reviews</i> , 2021, 15, 757-764.	3.6	27

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127	Infections and diabetes: Risks and mitigation with reference to India. <i>Diabetes and Metabolic Syndrome: Clinical Research and Reviews</i> , 2020, 14, 1889-1894.	3.6	27
128	Primary breast lymphoma. <i>Journal of Surgical Oncology</i> , 1991, 47, 265-270.	1.7	26
129	Association of peroxisome proliferator activated receptor- β gene with non-alcoholic fatty liver disease in Asian Indians residing in north India. <i>Gene</i> , 2013, 512, 143-147.	2.2	26
130	Type 2 Diabetes Mellitus, Metabolic Syndrome, and Mixed Dyslipidemia: How Similar, How Different, and How to Treat?. <i>Metabolic Syndrome and Related Disorders</i> , 2015, 13, 1-21.	1.3	26
131	High body fat and low muscle mass are associated with increased arterial stiffness in Asian Indians in North India. <i>Journal of Diabetes and Its Complications</i> , 2015, 29, 38-43.	2.3	26
132	Dietary Nutrients and Insulin Resistance in Urban Asian Indian Adolescents and Young Adults. <i>Annals of Nutrition and Metabolism</i> , 2008, 52, 145-151.	1.9	25
133	Cutoffs of Abdominal Adipose Tissue Compartments as Measured by Magnetic Resonance Imaging for Detection of Cardiovascular Risk Factors in Apparently Healthy Adult Asian Indians in North India. <i>Metabolic Syndrome and Related Disorders</i> , 2010, 8, 243-247.	1.3	25
134	Anthropometry and body composition in northern Asian Indian patients with type 2 diabetes: receiver operating characteristics (ROC) curve analysis of body mass index with percentage body fat as standard. <i>Diabetes, Nutrition & Metabolism</i> , 2003, 16, 32-40.	0.7	25
135	Carbohydrate diets, postprandial hyperlipidaemia, abdominal obesity and Asian Indians: a recipe for atherogenic disaster. <i>Indian Journal of Medical Research</i> , 2005, 121, 5-8.	1.0	25
136	Associations of β 308 G/A Polymorphism of Tumor Necrosis Factor (TNF) Gene and Serum TNF Levels with Measures of Obesity, Intra-Abdominal and Subcutaneous Abdominal Fat, Subclinical Inflammation and Insulin Resistance in Asian Indians in North India. <i>Disease Markers</i> , 2011, 31, 39-46.	1.3	24
137	Difference in prevalence of diabetes, obesity, metabolic syndrome and associated cardiovascular risk factors in a rural area of Tamil Nadu and an urban area of Delhi. <i>International Journal of Diabetes in Developing Countries</i> , 2011, 31, 82-90.	0.8	24
138	Impact of ethnicity on body fat patterning in Asian Indians and blacks: relation with insulin resistance. <i>Nutrition</i> , 2003, 19, 815-816.	2.4	22
139	Population-based intervention for cardiovascular diseases related knowledge and behaviours in Asian Indian women. <i>Indian Heart Journal</i> , 2013, 65, 40-47.	0.5	22
140	Abdominal obesity and metabolic syndrome in South Asians: prevention and management. <i>Expert Review of Endocrinology and Metabolism</i> , 2021, 16, 339-349.	2.4	22
141	Proton magnetic resonance spectroscopy and biochemical investigation of type 2 diabetes mellitus in Asian Indians: observation of high muscle lipids and C-reactive protein levels. <i>Magnetic Resonance Imaging</i> , 2009, 27, 94-100.	1.8	21
142	From non-alcoholic fatty liver disease (NAFLD) to metabolic-associated fatty liver disease (MAFLD): A journey over 40 years. <i>Diabetes and Metabolic Syndrome: Clinical Research and Reviews</i> , 2020, 14, 695-696.	3.6	21
143	Migrating husbands and changing cardiovascular risk factors in the wife: a cross sectional study in Asian Indian women. <i>Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health</i> , 2012, 66, 881-889.	3.7	20
144	Vitamin D Insufficiency Is Associated with Abdominal Obesity in Urban Asian Indians Without Diabetes in North India. <i>Diabetes Technology and Therapeutics</i> , 2014, 16, 392-397.	4.4	20

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145	Leptin, its receptor and obesity. <i>Journal of Investigative Medicine</i> , 1996, 44, 540-8.	1.6	20
146	Non-obese hyperlipidemic Asian northern Indian males have adverse anthropometric profile. <i>Nutrition, Metabolism and Cardiovascular Diseases</i> , 2002, 12, 178-83.	2.6	20
147	Trends in prevalence of coronary risk factors in an urban Indian population: Jaipur Heart Watch-4. <i>Indian Heart Journal</i> , 2007, 59, 346-53.	0.5	20
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