Barry Ja Laird

List of Publications by Year
in descending order

59 papers	5,089 citations	159585 30 h-index	133252 59 g-index
61 all docs	61 docs citations	61 times ranked	6277 citing authors

#	Article	IF	Citations
1	ESPEN guidelines on nutrition in cancer patients. Clinical Nutrition, 2017, 36, 11-48.	5.0	1,855
2	ESPEN practical guideline: Clinical Nutrition in cancer. Clinical Nutrition, 2021, 40, 2898-2913.	5.0	472
3	The role of the systemic inflammatory response in predicting outcomes in patients with advanced inoperable cancer: Systematic review and meta -analysis. Critical Reviews in Oncology/Hematology, 2017, 116, 134-146.	4.4	241
4	A randomized phase II feasibility trial of a multimodal intervention for the management of cachexia in lung and pancreatic cancer. Journal of Cachexia, Sarcopenia and Muscle, 2017, 8, 778-788.	7.3	227
5	Prognostic Factors in Patients with Advanced Cancer: A Comparison of Clinicopathological Factors and the Development of an Inflammation-Based Prognostic System. Clinical Cancer Research, 2013, 19, 5456-5464.	7.0	165
6	Prognostic Tools in Patients With Advanced Cancer: A Systematic Review. Journal of Pain and Symptom Management, 2017, 53, 962-970.e10.	1.2	156
7	Pain, Depression, and Fatigue as a Symptom Cluster in Advanced Cancer. Journal of Pain and Symptom Management, 2011, 42, 1-11.	1.2	125
8	Quality of Life in Patients With Advanced Cancer: Differential Association With Performance Status and Systemic Inflammatory Response. Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2016, 34, 2769-2775.	1.6	125
9	The Systemic Inflammatory Response and Its Relationship to Pain and Other Symptoms in Advanced Cancer. Oncologist, 2013, 18, 1050-1055.	3.7	111
10	Prognosis in advanced lung cancer â€“ A prospective study examining key clinicopathological factors. Lung Cancer, 2015, 88, 304-309.	2.0	100
11	The prognostic value of the systemic inflammatory response in randomised clinical trials in cancer: A systematic review. Critical Reviews in Oncology/Hematology, 2018, 132, 130-137.	4.4	95
12	Are cancer pain and depression interdependent? A systematic review. Psycho-Oncology, 2009, 18, 459-464.	2.3	92
13	The relationship between pro-inflammatory cytokines and pain, appetite and fatigue in patients with advanced cancer. PLoS ONE, 2017, 12, e0177620.	2.5	74
14	Is Radiotherapy Useful for Treating Pain in Mesothelioma?: A Phase II Trial. Journal of Thoracic Oncology, 2015, 10, 944-950.	1.1	73
15	Randomized Double-Blind Trial of Pregabalin Versus Placebo in Conjunction With Palliative Radiotherapy for Cancer-Induced Bone Pain. Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2016, 34, 550-556.	1.6	58
16	The applicability of a weight loss grading system in cancer cachexia: a longitudinal analysis. Journal of Cachexia, Sarcopenia and Muscle, 2017, 8, 789-797.	7.3	58
17	The Relationship between Imaging-Based Body Composition Analysis and the Systemic Inflammatory Response in Patients with Cancer: A Systematic Review. Cancers, 2019, 11, 1304.	3.7	56
18	Computed tomographyâ€defined low skeletal muscle index and density in cancer patients: observations from a systematic review. Journal of Cachexia, Sarcopenia and Muscle, 2021, 12, 1408-1417.	7.3	50

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19	Cancer cachexia: a nutritional or a systemic inflammatory syndrome?. British Journal of Cancer, 2022, 127, 379-382.	6.4	48
20	Clinical Management of Pain in Advanced Lung Cancer. Clinical Medicine Insights: Oncology, 2012, 6, CMO.S8360.	1.3	44
21	A cross-sectional study examining the prevalence of cachexia and areas of unmet need in patients with cancer. Supportive Care in Cancer, 2018, 26, 1871-1880.	2.2	44
22	Cancer pain and its relationship to systemic inflammation: An exploratory study. Pain, 2011, 152, 460-463.	4.2	42
23	Combined exercise and nutritional rehabilitation in outpatients with incurable cancer: a systematic review. Supportive Care in Cancer, 2019, 27, 2371-2384.	2.2	42
24	A systematic review examining nutrition support interventions in patients with incurable cancer. Supportive Care in Cancer, 2020, 28, 1877-1889.	2.2	41
25	Prognostic factors in patients admitted to an urban teaching hospital with COVID-19 infection. Journal of Translational Medicine, 2020, 18, 354.	4.4	41
26	Diagnostic criteria for cancer cachexia: reduced food intake and inflammation predict weight loss and survival in an international, multiâ€cohort analysis. Journal of Cachexia, Sarcopenia and Muscle, 2021, 12, 1189-1202.	7.3	41
27	The Management of Opioid-Induced Nausea and Vomiting in Patients with Cancer: A Systematic Review. Journal of Palliative Medicine, 2019, 22, 90-97.	1.1	40
28	The relationship between the BMIâ€adjusted weight loss grading system and quality of life in patients with incurable cancer. Journal of Cachexia, Sarcopenia and Muscle, 2020, 11, 160-168.	7.3	40
29	Confirming neuropathic pain in cancer patients: Applying the NeuPSIG grading system in clinical practice and clinical research. Pain, 2014, 155, 859-863.	4.2	39
30	Evidence base for multimodal therapy in cachexia. Current Opinion in Supportive and Palliative Care, 2012, 6, 424-431.	1.3	38
31	Comparison of the prognostic value of ECOG-PS, mGPS and BMI/WL: Implications for a clinically important framework in the assessment and treatment of advanced cancer. Clinical Nutrition, 2020, 39, 2889-2895.	5.0	33
32	Determinants of quality of life in patients with incurable cancer. Cancer, 2020, 126, 2872-2882.	4.1	33
33	Prognostication in Advanced Cancer: A Study Examining an Inflammation-Based Score. Journal of Pain and Symptom Management, 2012, 44, 161-167.	1.2	29
34	Targeting IL-1Î± in cancer cachexia: a narrative review. Current Opinion in Supportive and Palliative Care, 2018, 12, 453-459.	1.3	28
35	The Emerging Role of Interleukin 1Î² (IL-1Î²) in Cancer Cachexia. Inflammation, 2021, 44, 1223-1228.	3.8	27
36	The Relationship between ECOG-PS, mGPS, BMI/WL Grade and Body Composition and Physical Function in Patients with Advanced Cancer. Cancers, 2020, 12, 1187.	3.7	25

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37	Relation Between Body Composition, Systemic Inflammatory Response, and Clinical Outcomes in Patients Admitted to an Urban Teaching Hospital with COVID-19. Journal of Nutrition, 2021, 151, 2236-2244.	2.9	24
38	â€œHow Long Have I Got?â€â€”A Prospective Cohort Study Comparing Validated Prognostic Factors for Use in Patients with Advanced Cancer. Oncologist, 2019, 24, e960-e967.	3.7	22
39	A randomized, feasibility trial of an exercise and nutritionâ€based rehabilitation programme (ENeRgy) in people with cancer. Journal of Cachexia, Sarcopenia and Muscle, 2021, 12, 2034-2044.	7.3	22
40	Symptom Control Trials in Patients With Advanced Cancer: A Qualitative Study. Journal of Pain and Symptom Management, 2015, 50, 642-649.e1.	1.2	21
41	A prospective study examining cachexia predictors in patients with incurable cancer. BMC Palliative Care, 2019, 18, 46.	1.8	21
42	Deterioration in Muscle Mass and Physical Function Differs According to Weight Loss History in Cancer Cachexia. Cancers, 2019, 11, 1925.	3.7	20
43	Endpoints in clinical trials in cancer cachexia: where to start?. Current Opinion in Supportive and Palliative Care, 2018, 12, 445-452.	1.3	18
44	The relationship between frailty, nutritional status, co-morbidity, CT-body composition and systemic inflammation in patients with COVID-19. Journal of Translational Medicine, 2022, 20, 98.	4.4	15
45	Pain in Malignant Pleural Mesothelioma: A Prospective Characterization Study. Pain Medicine, 2016, 17, 2119-2126.	1.9	13
46	The systemic inflammatory response and clinicopathological characteristics in patients admitted to hospital with COVID-19 infection: Comparison of 2 consecutive cohorts. PLoS ONE, 2021, 16, e0251924.	2.5	13
47	The prevalence and prognostic value of frailty screening measures in patients undergoing surgery for colorectal cancer: observations from a systematic review. BMC Geriatrics, 2022, 22, 260.	2.7	11
48	The Obesity Paradox in Cancer: Is Bigger Better?. Journal of Cachexia, Sarcopenia and Muscle, 2022, 13, 1440-1441.	7.3	11
49	The Palliative Radiotherapy and Inflammation Study (PRAIS) - protocol for a longitudinal observational multicenter study on patients with cancer induced bone pain. BMC Palliative Care, 2018, 17, 110.	1.8	10
50	An exploratory study examining the relationship between performance status and systemic inflammation frameworks and cytokine profiles in patients with advanced cancer. Medicine (United) Tj ETQq0 0 0 rgBT /Overlock 10 Tf 5	1.0	10
51	Combining optimal nutrition and exercise in a multimodal approach for patients with active cancer and risk for losing weight: Rationale and practical approach. Nutrition, 2019, 67-68, 110541.	2.4	8
52	Comparison of the prognostic value of MUST, ECOG-PS, mGPS and CT derived body composition analysis in patients with advanced lung cancer. Clinical Nutrition ESPEN, 2020, 40, 349-356.	1.2	8
53	A randomised, phase II, unblinded trial of an Exercise and Nutrition-based Rehabilitation programme (ENeRgy) versus standard care in patients with cancer: feasibility trial protocol. Pilot and Feasibility Studies, 2018, 4, 192.	1.2	7
54	Meaningful measures in cancer cachexia: implications for practice and research. Current Opinion in Supportive and Palliative Care, 2019, 13, 323-327.	1.3	7

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55	Relationship between cytokines and symptoms in people with incurable cancer: A systematic review. Critical Reviews in Oncology/Hematology, 2021, 159, 103222.	4.4	6
56	Food intake by Patient-Generated Subjective Global Assessment (PG-SGA) corresponds to energy and protein intake as well as weight change in patients with advanced cancer. Clinical Nutrition Experimental, 2019, 25, 20-28.	2.0	4
57	Bayesian methods in palliative care research: cancer-induced bone pain. BMJ Supportive and Palliative Care, 2022, 12, e5-e9.	1.6	3
58	Attenuating pain flare: a new role for an old therapy?. Lancet Oncology, The, 2015, 16, 1440-1441.	10.7	1
59	Optimising Outcomes in Non Small Cell Lung Cancer: Targeting Cancer Cachexia. Frontiers in Bioscience, 2022, 27, 129.	2.1	1