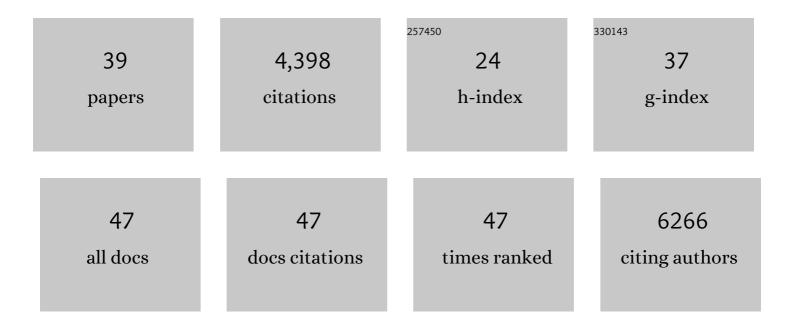
Markus Lange

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/3737578/publications.pdf Version: 2024-02-01



#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Nematode grazing increases the allocation of plant-derived carbon to soil bacteria and saprophytic fungi, and activates bacterial species of the rhizosphere. Pedobiologia, 2022, 90, 150787.	1.2	10
2	Plants with arbuscular mycorrhizal fungi efficiently acquire Nitrogen from substrate additions by shaping the decomposer community composition and their net plant carbon demand. Plant and Soil, 2022, 475, 473-490.	3.7	15
3	Plant diversity enhances production and downward transport of biodegradable dissolved organic matter. Journal of Ecology, 2021, 109, 1284-1297.	4.0	17
4	Continental-scale controls on soil organic carbon across sub-Saharan Africa. Soil, 2021, 7, 305-332.	4.9	30
5	Above- and belowground biodiversity jointly tighten the P cycle in agricultural grasslands. Nature Communications, 2021, 12, 4431.	12.8	40
6	The results of biodiversity–ecosystem functioning experiments are realistic. Nature Ecology and Evolution, 2020, 4, 1485-1494.	7.8	93
7	Biodiversity increases multitrophic energy use efficiency, flow and storage in grasslands. Nature Ecology and Evolution, 2020, 4, 393-405.	7.8	45
8	Plant species richness and functional groups have different effects on soil water content in a decadeâ€long grassland experiment. Journal of Ecology, 2019, 107, 127-141.	4.0	69
9	Persistence of dissolved organic matter explained by molecular changes during its passage through soil. Nature Geoscience, 2019, 12, 755-761.	12.9	230
10	How plant diversity impacts the coupled water, nutrient and carbon cycles. Advances in Ecological Research, 2019, 61, 185-219.	2.7	29
11	A new experimental approach to test why biodiversity effects strengthen as ecosystems age. Advances in Ecological Research, 2019, , 221-264.	2.7	21
12	Functional composition has stronger impact than species richness on carbon gain and allocation in experimental grasslands. PLoS ONE, 2019, 14, e0204715.	2.5	8
13	Soil microbial communities and their carbon assimilation are affected by soil properties and season but not by plants differing in their photosynthetic pathways (C3 vs. C4). Biogeochemistry, 2019, 142, 175-187.	3.5	18
14	Neighbourhood and stand structure affect stemflow generation in a heterogeneous deciduous temperate forest. Hydrology and Earth System Sciences, 2019, 23, 4433-4452.	4.9	14
15	Genotypic variability enhances the reproducibility of an ecological study. Nature Ecology and Evolution, 2018, 2, 279-287.	7.8	41
16	Land use in mountain grasslands alters drought response and recovery of carbon allocation and plantâ€microbial interactions. Journal of Ecology, 2018, 106, 1230-1243.	4.0	90
17	The impact of evenâ€aged and unevenâ€aged forest management on regional biodiversity of multiple taxa in European beech forests. Journal of Applied Ecology, 2018, 55, 267-278.	4.0	188
18	Connecting experimental biodiversity research to real-world grasslands. Perspectives in Plant Ecology, Evolution and Systematics, 2018, 33, 78-88.	2.7	15

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19	Root chemistry and soil fauna, but not soil abiotic conditions explain the effects of plant diversity on root decomposition. Oecologia, 2017, 185, 499-511.	2.0	13
20	Biodiversity effects on ecosystem functioning in a 15-year grassland experiment: Patterns, mechanisms, and open questions. Basic and Applied Ecology, 2017, 23, 1-73.	2.7	307
21	Phosphorus Release from Mineral Soil by Acid Hydrolysis: Method Development, Kinetics, and Plant Community Composition Effects. Soil Science Society of America Journal, 2017, 81, 1389-1400.	2.2	4
22	Plant functional diversity increases grassland productivityâ€related water vapor fluxes: an Ecotron and modeling approach. Ecology, 2016, 97, 2044-2054.	3.2	25
23	Biodiversity at multiple trophic levels is needed for ecosystem multifunctionality. Nature, 2016, 536, 456-459.	27.8	526
24	Plant diversity generates enhanced soil microbial access to recently photosynthesized carbon in the rhizosphere. Soil Biology and Biochemistry, 2016, 94, 122-132.	8.8	69
25	Plant diversity shapes microbeâ€rhizosphere effects on P mobilisation from organic matter in soil. Ecology Letters, 2015, 18, 1356-1365.	6.4	57
26	Grassland management intensification weakens the associations among the diversities of multiple plant and animal taxa. Ecology, 2015, 96, 1492-1501.	3.2	75
27	Plant diversity increases soil microbial activity and soil carbon storage. Nature Communications, 2015, 6, 6707.	12.8	949
28	Biotic and Abiotic Properties Mediating Plant Diversity Effects on Soil Microbial Communities in an Experimental Grassland. PLoS ONE, 2014, 9, e96182.	2.5	188
29	Differential Responses of Herbivores and Herbivory to Management in Temperate European Beech. PLoS ONE, 2014, 9, e104876.	2.5	19
30	Effects of forest management on ground-dwelling beetles (Coleoptera; Carabidae, Staphylinidae) in Central Europe are mainly mediated by changes in forest structure. Forest Ecology and Management, 2014, 329, 166-176.	3.2	95
31	Plant Diversity Impacts Decomposition and Herbivory via Changes in Aboveground Arthropods. PLoS ONE, 2014, 9, e106529.	2.5	73
32	Does organic grassland farming benefit plant and arthropod diversity at the expense of yield and soil fertility?. Agriculture, Ecosystems and Environment, 2013, 177, 1-9.	5.3	40
33	A comparison of the strength of biodiversity effects across multiple functions. Oecologia, 2013, 173, 223-237.	2.0	91
34	Effect of pitfall trap type and diameter on vertebrate byâ€catches and ground beetle (Coleoptera:) Tj ETQq0 0 0) rgBT_/Ove	rlock 10 Tf 50

35	The use of forest inventory data for placing flight-interception traps in the forest canopy. Entomologia Experimentalis Et Applicata, 2011, 140, 35-44.	1.4	10
36	The impact of forest management on litter-dwelling invertebrates: a subtropical–temperate contrast. Biodiversity and Conservation, 2011, 20, 2133-2147.	2.6	16

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37	Bottom-up effects of plant diversity on multitrophic interactions in a biodiversity experiment. Nature, 2010, 468, 553-556.	27.8	786
38	Biotic interactions, community assembly, and eco-evolutionary dynamics as drivers of long-term biodiversity–ecosystem functioning relationships. Research Ideas and Outcomes, 0, 5, .	1.0	23
39	Drought Reduces Release of Plant Matter Into Dissolved Organic Matter Potentially Restraining Ecosystem Recovery. Frontiers in Soil Science, 0, 2, .	2.2	2