

Marc Laflamme

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

56

papers

3,789

citations

218677

26

h-index

168389

53

g-index

56

all docs

56

docs citations

56

times ranked

2200

citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	The Cambrian Conundrum: Early Divergence and Later Ecological Success in the Early History of Animals. <i>Science</i> , 2011, 334, 1091-1097.	12.6	1,055
2	On the eve of animal radiation: phylogeny, ecology and evolution of the Ediacara biota. <i>Trends in Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2009, 24, 31-40.	8.7	403
3	The end of the Ediacara biota: Extinction, biotic replacement, or Cheshire Cat?. <i>Gondwana Research</i> , 2013, 23, 558-573.	6.0	220
4	Towards an Ediacaran Time Scale: Problems, Protocols, and Prospects. <i>Episodes</i> , 2016, 39, 540-555.	1.2	157
5	Ediacaran Extinction and Cambrian Explosion. <i>Trends in Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2018, 33, 653-663.	8.7	152
6	Osmotrophy in modular Ediacara organisms. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2009, 106, 14438-14443.	7.1	133
7	Exceptionally preserved fossil assemblages through geologic time and space. <i>Gondwana Research</i> , 2017, 48, 164-188.	6.0	112
8	Biotic replacement and mass extinction of the Ediacara biota. <i>Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , 2015, 282, 20151003.	2.6	103
9	Microbial biofilms and the preservation of the Ediacara biota. <i>Lethaia</i> , 2011, 44, 203-213.	1.4	102
10	Secular changes in sedimentation systems and sequence stratigraphy. <i>Gondwana Research</i> , 2013, 24, 468-489.	6.0	99
11	MORPHOMETRIC ANALYSIS OF THE EDIACARAN FROND CHARNIODISCUS FROM THE MISTAKEN POINT FORMATION, NEWFOUNDLAND. <i>Journal of Paleontology</i> , 2004, 78, 827-837.	0.8	95
12	Reconstructing a lost world: Ediacaran rangeomorphs from Spaniard's Bay, Newfoundland. <i>Journal of Paleontology</i> , 2009, 83, 503-523.	0.8	92
13	The Latest Ediacaran Wormworld Fauna: Setting the Ecological Stage for the Cambrian Explosion. <i>GSA Today</i> , 2016, , 4-11.	2.0	92
14	Ediacaran fronds. <i>Palaeogeography, Palaeoclimatology, Palaeoecology</i> , 2008, 258, 162-179.	2.3	91
15	Ediacaran distributions in space and time: testing assemblage concepts of earliest macroscopic body fossils. <i>Paleobiology</i> , 2016, 42, 574-594.	2.0	84
16	Deep-Water Ediacaran Fossils from Northwestern Canada: Taphonomy, Ecology, and Evolution. <i>Journal of Paleontology</i> , 2014, 88, 207-223.	0.8	75
17	Population structure of the oldest known macroscopic communities from Mistaken Point, Newfoundland. <i>Paleobiology</i> , 2013, 39, 591-608.	2.0	71
18	Canopy Flow Analysis Reveals the Advantage of Size in the Oldest Communities of Multicellular Eukaryotes. <i>Current Biology</i> , 2014, 24, 305-309.	3.9	62

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19	Suspension feeding in the enigmatic Ediacaran organism <i>Tribrachidium</i> demonstrates complexity of Neoproterozoic ecosystems. <i>Science Advances</i> , 2015, 1, e1500800.	10.3	53
20	A mixed Ediacaran-metazoan assemblage from the Zaris Sub-basin, Namibia. <i>Palaeogeography, Palaeoclimatology, Palaeoecology</i> , 2016, 459, 198-208.	2.3	52
21	Ecological tiering and the evolution of a stem: the oldest stemmed frond from the Ediacaran of Newfoundland, Canada. <i>Journal of Paleontology</i> , 2012, 86, 193-200.	0.8	43
22	The trace fossil record of the Nama Group, Namibia: Exploring the terminal Ediacaran roots of the Cambrian explosion. <i>Earth-Science Reviews</i> , 2021, 212, 103435.	9.1	43
23	Relating Ediacaran Fronds. <i>Paleobiology</i> , 2017, 43, 171-180.	2.0	37
24	Increase in metazoan ecosystem engineering prior to the Ediacaran-Cambrian boundary in the Nama Group, Namibia. <i>Royal Society Open Science</i> , 2019, 6, 190548.	2.4	37
25	Reading and Writing of the Fossil Record: Preservational Pathways to Exceptional Fossilization. <i>The Paleontological Society Papers</i> , 2014, 20, x-xii.	0.6	36
26	High ecological complexity in benthic Ediacaran communities. <i>Nature Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2018, 2, 1541-1547.	7.8	35
27	Gregarious suspension feeding in a modular Ediacaran organism. <i>Science Advances</i> , 2019, 5, eaaw0260.	10.3	31
28	Deconstructing an Ediacaran frond: three-dimensional preservation of <i>Arborea</i> from Ediacara, South Australia. <i>Journal of Paleontology</i> , 2018, 92, 323-335.	0.8	27
29	Competition in a Precambrian world: palaeoecology of Ediacaran fronds. <i>Geology Today</i> , 2008, 24, 182-187.	0.9	24
30	Diverse Assemblage of Ediacaran fossils from Central Iran. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2018, 8, 5060.	3.3	24
31	New multicellular marine macroalgae from the early Tonian of northwestern Canada. <i>Geology</i> , 2021, 49, 743-747.	4.4	22
32	Early (Series 2) Cambrian archaeocyathan reefs of southern Labrador as a locus for skeletal carbonate production. <i>Lethaia</i> , 2012, 45, 401-410.	1.4	19
33	Ancient life and moving fluids. <i>Biological Reviews</i> , 2021, 96, 129-152.	10.4	16
34	Ediacaran diversity and paleoecology from central Iran. <i>Journal of Paleontology</i> , 2021, 95, 236-251.	0.8	11
35	Paleoenvironmental analysis of Ernietta-bearing Ediacaran deposits in southern Namibia. <i>Palaeogeography, Palaeoclimatology, Palaeoecology</i> , 2020, 556, 109884.	2.3	10
36	TAPHONOMIC VARIANCE BETWEEN MARATTIALEAN FERNS AND MEDULLOSAN SEED FERNS IN THE CARBONIFEROUS MAZON CREEK LAGERSTÄTTE, ILLINOIS, USA. <i>Palaios</i> , 2016, 31, 97-110.	1.3	7

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37	Phylogenetic relationships among the Rangeomorpha: the importance of outgroup selection and implications for their diversification. Canadian Journal of Earth Sciences, 2018, 55, 1223-1239.	1.3	7
38	Paleontology and ichnology of the late Ediacaran Nasepâ€“Huns transition (Nama Group, southern) Tj ETQq0 0 0 rgBT /Overlock 10 Tf 5	0.8	7
39	The Importance of Size and Location Within Gregarious Populations of <i>Ernietta plateauensis</i> . Frontiers in Earth Science, 2021, 9, .	1.8	6
40	The rise of bilaterians: a reply. Historical Biology, 2009, 21, 239-246.	1.4	5
41	Wringing out the oldest sponges. Nature Geoscience, 2010, 3, 597-598.	12.9	5
42	Lithostratigraphy and sedimentary environment of the Precambrian Kushk Series of central Iran. Canadian Journal of Earth Sciences, 2018, 55, 1284-1296.	1.3	5
43	< i>In situ</i> filamentous communities from the Ediacaran (approx. 563 Ma) of Brazil. Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences, 2021, 288, 20202618.	2.6	4
44	Preservation of early Tonian macroalgal fossils from the Dolores Creek Formation, Yukon. Scientific Reports, 2022, 12, 6222.	3.3	4
45	The rise of bilaterians: a few closing comments. Historical Biology, 2010, 22, 433-436.	1.4	3
46	The life and times of < i>Pteridinium simplex</i>. Paleobiology, 2022, 48, 527-556.	2.0	3
47	Modeling morphological diversity in the oldest large multicellular organisms. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2014, 111, 12962-12963.	7.1	2
48	Palaeobiology: Ecological Revelations in Ediacaran Reproduction. Current Biology, 2015, 25, R1047-R1050.	3.9	2
49	A large onychodontiform (Osteichthyes: Sarcopterygii) apex predator from the Eifelian-aged Dundee Formation of Ontario, Canada. Canadian Journal of Earth Sciences, 2017, 54, 233-241.	1.3	2
50	Fuzzy ecospace modelling. Methods in Ecology and Evolution, 2018, 9, 1442-1452.	5.2	2
51	Teaching Research Best Practices through Early Career Experiential Learning. Journal of Chemical Education, 2019, 96, 1891-1898.	2.3	2
52	International Symposium on the Ediacaranâ€“Cambrian Transition (ISECT) 2017. Episodes, 2018, 41, 129-133.	1.2	2
53	Field workshop on the Ediacaran Nama Group of southern Namibia. Episodes, 2017, 40, 259-261.	1.2	2
54	An abundance- and morphology-based similarity index. Paleobiology, 0, , 1-18.	2.0	1

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55	Isotopic and Mineralogical Insights on the Formation of Mazon Creek Lagerstätten Siderite Concretions. <i>The Paleontological Society Special Publications</i> , 2014, 13, 142-142.	0.0	0
56	Geobiology of the Ediacaran–Cambrian Transition: ISECT 2017. <i>Canadian Journal of Earth Sciences</i> , 2018, 55, v-vi.	1.3	0