List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/3656735/publications.pdf Version: 2024-02-01



#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Worldwide trends in body-mass index, underweight, overweight, and obesity from 1975 to 2016: a pooled analysis of 2416 population-based measurement studies in 128·9 million children, adolescents, and adults. Lancet, The, 2017, 390, 2627-2642.	6.3	5,010
2	Worldwide trends in blood pressure from 1975 to 2015: a pooled analysis of 1479 population-based measurement studies with 19·1 million participants. Lancet, The, 2017, 389, 37-55.	6.3	1,667
3	Worldwide trends in hypertension prevalence and progress in treatment and control from 1990 to 2019: a pooled analysis of 1201 population-representative studies with 104 million participants. Lancet, The, 2021, 398, 957-980.	6.3	1,289
4	The interleukin-6 receptor as a target for prevention of coronary heart disease: a mendelian randomisation analysis. Lancet, The, 2012, 379, 1214-1224.	6.3	886
5	HMG-coenzyme A reductase inhibition, type 2 diabetes, and bodyweight: evidence from genetic analysis and randomised trials. Lancet, The, 2015, 385, 351-361.	6.3	562
6	Ambient Air Pollution and Pregnancy Outcomes: A Review of the Literature. Environmental Health Perspectives, 2005, 113, 375-382.	2.8	558
7	Association between alcohol and cardiovascular disease: Mendelian randomisation analysis based on individual participant data. BMJ, The, 2014, 349, g4164-g4164.	3.0	528
8	SCORE2 risk prediction algorithms: new models to estimate 10-year risk of cardiovascular disease in Europe. European Heart Journal, 2021, 42, 2439-2454.	1.0	491
9	Vitamin D and mortality: meta-analysis of individual participant data from a large consortium of cohort studies from Europe and the United States. BMJ, The, 2014, 348, g3656-g3656.	3.0	363
10	Impact of smoking and smoking cessation on cardiovascular events and mortality among older adults: meta-analysis of individual participant data from prospective cohort studies of the CHANCES consortium. BMJ, The, 2015, 350, h1551-h1551.	3.0	349
11	Sex Differences and Similarities in Atrial Fibrillation Epidemiology, Risk Factors, and Mortality in Community Cohorts. Circulation, 2017, 136, 1588-1597.	1.6	307
12	East-West mortality divide and its potential explanations: proposed research agenda. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 1996, 312, 421-425.	2.4	305
13	PCSK9 genetic variants and risk of type 2 diabetes: a mendelian randomisation study. Lancet Diabetes and Endocrinology,the, 2017, 5, 97-105.	5.5	298
14	Socioeconomic factors, material inequalities, and perceived control in self-rated health: cross-sectional data from seven post-communist countries. Social Science and Medicine, 2000, 51, 1343-1350.	1.8	296
15	Effect modification by population dietary folate on the association between MTHFR genotype, homocysteine, and stroke risk: a meta-analysis of genetic studies and randomised trials. Lancet, The, 2011, 378, 584-594.	6.3	273
16	Socioeconomic factors, perceived control and self-reported health in Russia. A cross-sectional survey. Social Science and Medicine, 1998, 47, 269-279.	1.8	272
17	Determinants of cardiovascular disease and other non-communicable diseases in Central and Eastern Europe: Rationale and design of the HAPIEE study. BMC Public Health, 2006, 6, 255.	1.2	269
18	Job insecurity and health: A study of 16 European countries. Social Science and Medicine, 2010, 70, 867-874.	1.8	242

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
19	Accessibility and use of urban green spaces, and cardiovascular health: findings from a Kaunas cohort study. Environmental Health, 2014, 13, 20.	1.7	225
20	Association between clinically recorded alcohol consumption and initial presentation of 12 cardiovascular diseases: population based cohort study using linked health records. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2017, 356, j909.	2.4	224
21	Height and body-mass index trajectories of school-aged children and adolescents from 1985 to 2019 in 200 countries and territories: a pooled analysis of 2181 population-based studies with 65 million participants. Lancet, The, 2020, 396, 1511-1524.	6.3	219
22	Relation between heavy and binge drinking and all-cause and cardiovascular mortality in Novosibirsk, Russia: a prospective cohort study. Lancet, The, 2002, 360, 1448-1454.	6.3	210
23	Education and coronary heart disease: mendelian randomisation study. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2017, 358, j3542.	2.4	191
24	Alcohol consumption in a national sample of the Russian population. Addiction, 1999, 94, 857-866.	1.7	184
25	Application of non-HDL cholesterol for population-based cardiovascular risk stratification: results from the Multinational Cardiovascular Risk Consortium. Lancet, The, 2019, 394, 2173-2183.	6.3	177
26	Psychosocial factors at work and depression in three countries of Central and Eastern Europe. Social Science and Medicine, 2004, 58, 1475-1482.	1.8	161
27	Atrial fibrillation as a risk factor for cognitive decline and dementia. European Heart Journal, 2017, 38, 2612-2618.	1.0	147
28	Women's autonomy, education and contraception use in Pakistan: a national study. Reproductive Health, 2005, 2, 8.	1.2	139
29	The Effect of Air Pollution on Infant Mortality Appears Specific for Respiratory Causes in the Postneonatal Period. Epidemiology, 1999, 10, 666-670.	1.2	125
30	Neighbourhood socioeconomic status and cardiovascular risk factors: a multilevel analysis of nine cities in the Czech Republic and Germany. BMC Public Health, 2007, 7, 255.	1.2	115
31	Seasonality of cardiovascular risk factors: an analysis including over 230â€000 participants in 15 countries. Heart, 2014, 100, 1517-1523.	1.2	113
32	The relationship of green space, depressive symptoms and perceived general health in urban population. Scandinavian Journal of Public Health, 2014, 42, 669-676.	1.2	111
33	Dietary polyphenols are inversely associated with metabolic syndrome in Polish adults of the HAPIEE study. European Journal of Nutrition, 2017, 56, 1409-1420.	1.8	111
34	Quantification of the smoking-associated cancer risk with rate advancement periods: meta-analysis of individual participant data from cohorts of the CHANCES consortium. BMC Medicine, 2016, 14, 62.	2.3	110
35	Wealth and mortality at older ages: a prospective cohort study. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2016, 70, 346-353.	2.0	107
36	Albanian paradox, another example of protective effect of Mediterranean lifestyle?. Lancet, The, 1997, 350, 1815-1817.	6.3	101

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
37	The Relationship between Alcohol Consumption and Cortisol Secretion in an Aging Cohort. Journal of Clinical Endocrinology and Metabolism, 2008, 93, 750-757.	1.8	101
38	Adherence to a Healthy Diet According to the World Health Organization Guidelines and All-Cause Mortality in Elderly Adults From Europe and the United States. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2014, 180, 978-988.	1.6	95
39	The Widening Gap in Mortality by Educational Level in the Russian Federation, 1980–2001. American Journal of Public Health, 2006, 96, 1293-1299.	1.5	92
40	Association between attendance at religious services and self-reported health in 22 European countries. Social Science and Medicine, 2009, 69, 519-528.	1.8	90
41	Trends in the prevalence of smoking in Russia during the transition to a market economy. Tobacco Control, 2007, 16, 299-305.	1.8	89
42	Dietary habits in three Central and Eastern European countries: the HAPIEE study. BMC Public Health, 2009, 9, 439.	1.2	88
43	Increased High-Density Lipoprotein Levels Associated with Age-Related Macular Degeneration. Ophthalmology, 2019, 126, 393-406.	2.5	88
44	Mediterranean diet score and total and cardiovascular mortality in Eastern Europe: the HAPIEE study. European Journal of Nutrition, 2017, 56, 421-429.	4.6	87
45	Evidence for the free radical/oxidative stress theory of ageing from the CHANCES consortium: a meta-analysis of individual participant data. BMC Medicine, 2015, 13, 300.	2.3	83
46	Education and wealth inequalities in healthy ageing in eight harmonised cohorts in the ATHLOS consortium: a population-based study. Lancet Public Health, The, 2020, 5, e386-e394.	4.7	77
47	Education, marital status, and total and cardiovascular mortality in novosibirsk, Russia: A prospective cohort study. Annals of Epidemiology, 2004, 14, 244-249.	0.9	76
48	Depressive symptoms in urban population samples in Russia, Poland and the Czech Republic. British Journal of Psychiatry, 2006, 188, 359-365.	1.7	71
49	Contributions of mean and shape of blood pressure distribution to worldwide trends and variations in raised blood pressure: a pooled analysis of 1018 population-based measurement studies with 88.6 million participants. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2018, 47, 872-883i.	0.9	65
50	APOE polymorphism and its effect on plasma C-reactive protein levels in a large general population sample. Human Immunology, 2010, 71, 304-308.	1.2	63
51	Combined impact of smoking and heavy alcohol use on cognitive decline in early old age: Whitehall II prospective cohort study. British Journal of Psychiatry, 2013, 203, 120-125.	1.7	62
52	The association of depressive symptoms with cardiovascular and all-cause mortality in Central and Eastern Europe: Prospective results of the HAPIEE study. European Journal of Preventive Cardiology, 2016, 23, 1839-1847.	0.8	62
53	Dietary polyphenol intake and risk of type 2 diabetes in the Polish arm of the Health, Alcohol and Psychosocial factors in Eastern Europe (HAPIEE) study. British Journal of Nutrition, 2017, 118, 60-68.	1.2	62
54	Systemic and Ocular Determinants of Peripapillary Retinal Nerve Fiber Layer Thickness Measurements in the European Eye Epidemiology (E3) Population. Ophthalmology, 2018, 125, 1526-1536.	2.5	62

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
55	The <i>FTO</i> Gene and Obesity in a Large Eastern European Population Sample: The HAPIEE Study. Obesity, 2008, 16, 2764-2766.	1.5	61
56	Socio-economic circumstances and food habits in Eastern, Central and Western European populations. Public Health Nutrition, 2011, 14, 678-687.	1.1	61
57	WHO guidelines for a healthy diet and mortality from cardiovascular disease in European and American elderly: the CHANCES project. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2015, 102, 745-756.	2.2	61
58	Health and health systems in the Commonwealth of Independent States. Lancet, The, 2013, 381, 1145-1155.	6.3	60
59	Alcohol, drinking pattern and all-cause, cardiovascular and alcohol-related mortality in Eastern Europe. European Journal of Epidemiology, 2016, 31, 21-30.	2.5	60
60	Educational class inequalities in the incidence of coronary heart disease in Europe. Heart, 2016, 102, 958-965.	1.2	60
61	Unfavourable birth outcomes of the Roma women in the Czech Republic and the potential explanations: a population-based study. BMC Public Health, 2005, 5, 106.	1.2	59
62	Changes in smoking prevalence in Russia, 1996-2004. Tobacco Control, 2006, 15, 131-135.	1.8	58
63	Outdoor sulphur dioxide and respiratory symptoms in Czech and Polish school children: a small-area study (SAVIAH). International Archives of Occupational and Environmental Health, 2001, 74, 574-578.	1.1	57
64	Socio-economic influences on self-rated health in Russian men and women—a life course approach. Social Science and Medicine, 2005, 61, 2345-2354.	1.8	57
65	Determinants of self rated health and mortality in Russia – are they the same?. International Journal for Equity in Health, 2008, 7, 19.	1.5	57
66	Cohort Profile: The European Longitudinal Study of Pregnancy and Childhood (ELSPAC) in the Czech Republic. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2017, 46, dyw091.	0.9	54
67	Sex-Specific Epidemiology of Heart Failure Risk and Mortality in Europe. JACC: Heart Failure, 2019, 7, 204-213.	1.9	54
68	Alcohol consumption and binge drinking in Novosibirsk, Russia, 1985-95. Addiction, 2001, 96, 987-995.	1.7	52
69	Socio-economic status over the life-course and depressive symptoms in men and women in Eastern Europe. Journal of Affective Disorders, 2008, 105, 125-136.	2.0	52
70	The Consortium on Health and Ageing: Network of Cohorts in Europe and the United States (CHANCES) project—design, population and data harmonization of a large-scale, international study. European Journal of Epidemiology, 2014, 29, 929-936.	2.5	52
71	Life Course Socioeconomic Position and Mid-Late Life Cognitive Function in Eastern Europe. Journals of Gerontology - Series B Psychological Sciences and Social Sciences, 2014, 69, 470-481.	2.4	52
72	Societal characteristics and health in the former communist countries of Central and Eastern Europe and the former Soviet Union: a multilevel analysis. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2007, 61, 990-996.	2.0	51

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
73	Psychometric properties and confirmatory factor analysis of the CASP-19, a measure of quality of life in early old age: the HAPIEE study. Aging and Mental Health, 2015, 19, 595-609.	1.5	51
74	Trajectories of Verbal Episodic Memory in Middleâ€Aged and Older Adults: Evidence from the English Longitudinal Study of Ageing. Journal of the American Geriatrics Society, 2017, 65, 1274-1281.	1.3	51
75	Estimation of secular trends in adult height, and childhood socioeconomic circumstances in three Eastern European populations. Economics and Human Biology, 2008, 6, 228-236.	0.7	50
76	Gender Differences in Drinking Practices in Middle Aged and Older Russians. Alcohol and Alcoholism, 2010, 45, 573-580.	0.9	50
77	TRENDS IN ALCOHOL INTAKE BY EDUCATION AND MARITAL STATUS IN AN URBAN POPULATION IN RUSSIA BETWEEN THE MID 1980s AND THE MID 1990s. Alcohol and Alcoholism, 2004, 39, 64-69.	0.9	49
78	Fruit and vegetable consumption and mortality in Eastern Europe: Longitudinal results from the Health, Alcohol and Psychosocial Factors in Eastern Europe study. European Journal of Preventive Cardiology, 2016, 23, 493-501.	0.8	49
79	Air Pollution and Birth Weight in Britain in 1946. Epidemiology, 2001, 12, 358-359.	1.2	46
80	Combined effect of educational status and cardiovascular risk factors on the incidence of coronary heart disease and stroke in European cohorts: Implications for prevention. European Journal of Preventive Cardiology, 2017, 24, 437-445.	0.8	45
81	Outdoor Air Concentrations of Nitrogen Dioxide and Sulfur Dioxide and Prevalence of Wheezing in School Children. Epidemiology, 2000, 11, 153-160.	1.2	45
82	Association between Psychosocial Factors at Work and Nonfatal Myocardial Infarction in a Population-Based Case-Control Study in Czech Men. Epidemiology, 1998, 9, 43-47.	1.2	44
83	Assessing the Contribution of Unstable Employment to Mortality in Posttransition Russia: Prospective Individual-Level Analyses From the Russian Longitudinal Monitoring Survey. American Journal of Public Health, 2009, 99, 1818-1825.	1.5	44
84	Dietary polyphenol intake and risk of hypertension in the Polish arm of the HAPIEE study. European Journal of Nutrition, 2018, 57, 1535-1544.	1.8	41
85	Heterogeneous contributions of change in population distribution of body mass index to change in obesity and underweight. ELife, 2021, 10, .	2.8	41
86	The effect of rapid privatisation on mortality in mono-industrial towns in post-Soviet Russia: a retrospective cohort study. Lancet Public Health, The, 2017, 2, e231-e238.	4.7	40
87	Psychosocial and socioeconomic determinants of cardiovascular mortality in Eastern Europe: A multicentre prospective cohort study. PLoS Medicine, 2017, 14, e1002459.	3.9	40
88	Effect of beer drinking on risk of myocardial infarction: population based case-control study. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2000, 320, 1378-1379.	2.4	39
89	Life span and disability: a cross sectional comparison of Russian and Swedish community based data. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2004, 329, 767.	2.4	39
90	The FTO gene polymorphism is associated with end-stage renal disease: two large independent case-control studies in a general population. Nephrology Dialysis Transplantation, 2012, 27, 1030-1035.	0.4	39

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
91	Cohort Profile: The Ageing Trajectories of Health – Longitudinal Opportunities and Synergies (ATHLOS) project. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2019, 48, 1052-1053i.	0.9	39
92	Healthy diet indicator and mortality in Eastern European populations: prospective evidence from the HAPIEE cohort. European Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2014, 68, 1346-1352.	1.3	38
93	A Mediterranean-type diet is associated with better metabolic profile in urban Polish adults: Results from the HAPIEE study. Metabolism: Clinical and Experimental, 2015, 64, 738-746.	1.5	38
94	Alcohol consumption, drinking patterns, and cognitive function in older Eastern European adults. Neurology, 2015, 84, 287-295.	1.5	38
95	Relative and absolute gender gap in all-cause mortality in Europe and the contribution of smoking. European Journal of Epidemiology, 2002, 18, 15-18.	2.5	37
96	Socioeconomic inequalities in all-cause mortality in the Czech Republic, Russia, Poland and Lithuania in the 2000s: findings from the HAPIEE Study. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2014, 68, 297-303.	2.0	37
97	Diabetes prevalence, awareness and treatment and their correlates in older persons in urban and rural population in the Astana region, Kazakhstan. Diabetes Research and Clinical Practice, 2016, 112, 6-12.	1.1	37
98	Determinants of Adult Mortality in Russia. Epidemiology, 2003, 14, 603-611.	1.2	35
99	The association between psychosocial characteristics at work and problem drinking: a cross-sectional study of men in three Eastern European urban populations. Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2005, 62, 546-550.	1.3	35
100	Associations between different dimensions of religious involvement and self-rated health in diverse European populations Health Psychology, 2010, 29, 227-235.	1.3	35
101	Job loss and lower healthcare utilisation due to COVID-19 among older adults across 27 European countries. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2021, 75, 1078-1083.	2.0	35
102	Obesity and Education in Three Countries of the Central and Eastern Europe: The HAPIEE Study. Central European Journal of Public Health, 2007, 15, 140-142.	0.4	35
103	Drinking Alcohol Surrogates Among Clients of an Alcohol-Misuser Treatment Clinic in Novosibirsk, Russia. Substance Use and Misuse, 2009, 44, 1821-1832.	0.7	34
104	Binge Drinking and Blood Pressure: Cross-Sectional Results of the HAPIEE Study. PLoS ONE, 2013, 8, e65856.	1.1	33
105	Antioxidant vitamin intake and mortality in three Central and Eastern European urban populations: the HAPIEE study. European Journal of Nutrition, 2016, 55, 547-560.	1.8	32
106	Development of a common scale for measuring healthy ageing across the world: results from the ATHLOS consortium. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2021, 50, 880-892.	0.9	32
107	Prevalence, awareness, and control of hypertension in elderly and very elderly in Poland. Journal of Hypertension, 2016, 34, 532-538.	0.3	31
108	Alcohol consumption and increased mortality in Russian men and women: a cohort study based on the mortality of relatives. Bulletin of the World Health Organization, 2005, 83, 812-9.	1.5	31

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
109	Household item ownership and self-rated health: material and psychosocial explanations. BMC Public Health, 2003, 3, 38.	1.2	30
110	Depressive symptoms and levels of C-reactive protein. Social Psychiatry and Psychiatric Epidemiology, 2009, 44, 217-222.	1.6	29
111	SCORE performance in Central and Eastern Europe and former Soviet Union: MONICA and HAPIEE results. European Heart Journal, 2014, 35, 571-577.	1.0	29
112	Associations Between Homocysteine and Coagulation Factors — A Cross-Sectional Study in Two Populations of Central Europe. Thrombosis Research, 2001, 103, 265-273.	0.8	28
113	MLXIPL variant in individuals with low and high triglyceridemia in white population in Central Europe. Human Genetics, 2008, 124, 553-555.	1.8	28
114	Socioeconomic and Behavioral Determinants of Mortality in Posttransition Russia: A Prospective Population Study. Annals of Epidemiology, 2008, 18, 92-100.	0.9	28
115	Link between healthy lifestyle and psychological well-being in Lithuanian adults aged 45–72: a cross-sectional study. BMJ Open, 2017, 7, e014240.	0.8	28
116	Health Factors and Risk of All-Cause, Cardiovascular, and Coronary Heart Disease Mortality: Findings from the MONICA and HAPIEE Studies in Lithuania. PLoS ONE, 2014, 9, e114283.	1.1	27
117	Alcohol consumption and cognitive performance: a <scp>M</scp> endelian randomization study. Addiction, 2014, 109, 1462-1471.	1.7	27
118	A systematic review and meta-analysis of 130,000 individuals shows smoking does not modify the association of APOE genotype on risk of coronary heart disease. Atherosclerosis, 2014, 237, 5-12.	0.4	27
119	Generic quality of life predicts all-cause mortality in the short term: evidence from British Household Panel Survey. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2012, 66, 962-966.	2.0	26
120	Prevalence, awareness, treatment and control ofÂarterial hypertension in Astana, Kazakhstan. AÂcross-sectional study. Public Health, 2015, 129, 948-953.	1.4	26
121	Alcohol consumption and physical functioning among middle-aged and older adults in Central and Eastern Europe: Results from the HAPIEE study. Age and Ageing, 2015, 44, 84-89.	0.7	26
122	Perceived neighbourhood social cohesion and depressive symptom trajectories in older adults: a 12-year prospective cohort study. Social Psychiatry and Psychiatric Epidemiology, 2018, 53, 1081-1090.	1.6	26
123	Congruent relations between perceived neighbourhood social cohesion and depressive symptoms among older European adults: An East-West analysis. Social Science and Medicine, 2019, 237, 112454.	1.8	26
124	Do health control beliefs predict behaviour in Russians?. Preventive Medicine, 2003, 37, 73-81.	1.6	25
125	Association of serum markers of oxidative stress with myocardial infarction and stroke: pooled results from four large European cohort studies. European Journal of Epidemiology, 2019, 34, 471-481.	2.5	25
126	The relative contribution of case management and inadequate careâ€seeking behaviour to childhood deaths from diarrhoea and acute respiratory infections in Hidalgo, Mexico. Tropical Medicine and International Health, 2007, 12, 1545-1552.	1.0	24

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
127	The prospective relationship between social cohesion and depressive symptoms among older adults from Central and Eastern Europe. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2019, 73, 117-122.	2.0	24
128	Relation between children?s height and outdoor air pollution from coal-burning sources in the British 1946 birth cohort. International Archives of Occupational and Environmental Health, 2004, 77, 383-6.	1,1	23
129	Serum folate, vitamin B-12 and cognitive function in middle and older age: The HAPIEE study. Experimental Gerontology, 2016, 76, 33-38.	1.2	23
130	Association between plasma bilirubin and mortality. Annals of Hepatology, 2019, 18, 379-385.	0.6	23
131	Phenome-wide association analysis of LDL-cholesterol lowering genetic variants in PCSK9. BMC Cardiovascular Disorders, 2019, 19, 240.	0.7	22
132	Adverse health effects of low levels of perceived control in Swedish and Russian community samples. BMC Public Health, 2007, 7, 314.	1.2	21
133	Coffee consumption and mortality in three Eastern European countries: results from the HAPIEE (Health, Alcohol and Psychosocial factors In Eastern Europe) study. Public Health Nutrition, 2017, 20, 82-91.	1.1	21
134	Cardiovascular risk factors and memory decline in middle-aged and older adults: the English Longitudinal Study of Ageing. BMC Geriatrics, 2019, 19, 337.	1.1	21
135	Air pollution and mortality in Central and Eastern Europe. European Journal of Public Health, 1995, 5, 82-86.	0.1	20
136	Drinking Pattern, Abstention and Problem Drinking as Risk Factors for Depressive Symptoms: Evidence from Three Urban Eastern European Populations. PLoS ONE, 2014, 9, e104384.	1.1	20
137	Blood-Based Oxidative Stress Markers and Cognitive Performance in Early Old Age: The HAPIEE Study. Dementia and Geriatric Cognitive Disorders, 2016, 42, 297-309.	0.7	20
138	Determinants of social inequalities in stroke incidence across Europe: a collaborative analysis of 126 635 individuals from 48 cohort studies. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2017, 71, jech-2017-209728.	2.0	20
139	The Decreasing Prevalence of Nonrefractive Visual Impairment in Older Europeans. Ophthalmology, 2018, 125, 1149-1159.	2.5	20
140	MINDMAP: establishing an integrated database infrastructure for research in ageing, mental well-being, and the urban environment. BMC Public Health, 2018, 18, 158.	1.2	20
141	Alcohol, pattern of drinking and allâ€cause mortality in Russia, Belarus and Hungary: a retrospective indirect cohort study based on mortality of relatives. Addiction, 2018, 113, 1252-1263.	1.7	19
142	Life course socioeconomic position and incidence of mid–late life depression in China and England: a comparative analysis of CHARLS and ELSA. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2019, 73, 817-824.	2.0	19
143	Traditional Eastern European diet and mortality: prospective evidence from the HAPIEE study. European Journal of Nutrition, 2021, 60, 1091-1100.	1.8	19
144	The gendered effects of foreign investment and prolonged state ownership on mortality in Hungary: an indirect demographic, retrospective cohort study. The Lancet Global Health, 2018, 6, e95-e102.	2.9	18

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
145	Leukocyte telomere length and risk of coronary heart disease and stroke mortality: prospective evidence from a Russian cohort. Scientific Reports, 2018, 8, 16627.	1.6	18
146	Socioeconomic status and pulmonary function, transition from childhood to adulthood: cross-sectional results from the polish part of the HAPIEE study. BMJ Open, 2019, 9, e022638.	0.8	18
147	Sex differences in mortality: results from a population-based study of 12 longitudinal cohorts. Cmaj, 2021, 193, E361-E370.	0.9	18
148	Neighbourhood socioeconomic indicators and depressive symptoms in the Czech Republic: a population based study. International Journal of Public Health, 2009, 54, 283-293.	1.0	17
149	Development and validation of two SCORE-based cardiovascular risk prediction models for Eastern Europe: a multicohort study. European Heart Journal, 2020, 41, 3325-3333.	1.0	17
150	Pain rates in general population for the period 1991–2015 and 10-years prediction: results from a multi-continent age-period-cohort analysis. Journal of Headache and Pain, 2020, 21, 52.	2.5	17
151	Cognitive Function and Mortality: Results from Kaunas HAPIEE Study 2006–2017. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2020, 17, 2397.	1.2	17
152	Comparison of food and nutrient intakes between cohorts of the HAPIEE and Whitehall II studies. European Journal of Public Health, 2016, 26, 628-634.	0.1	16
153	Prevalence, awareness, treatment and control of dyslipidemia in older persons in urban and rural population in the Astana region, Kazakhstan. BMC Public Health, 2017, 17, 651.	1.2	16
154	Social networks and cognitive function in older adults: findings from the HAPIEE study. BMC Geriatrics, 2021, 21, 570.	1.1	16
155	Mortality patterns in the Russian Federation: indirect technique using widowhood data. Bulletin of the World Health Organization, 2002, 80, 876-81.	1.5	16
156	Social and economic changes and health in Europe East and West. European Review, 2005, 13, 15-31.	0.4	15
157	Societal transition and health. Lancet, The, 2009, 373, 360-362.	6.3	15
158	DO LIPIDS CONTRIBUTE TO THE LACK OF CARDIO-PROTECTIVE EFFECT OF BINGE DRINKING: ALCOHOL CONSUMPTION AND LIPIDS IN THREE EASTERN EUROPEAN COUNTRIES. Alcohol and Alcoholism, 2005, 40, 431-435.	0.9	14
159	Levels and distribution of self-rated health in the Kazakh population: results from the Kazakhstan household health survey 2012. BMC Public Health, 2014, 14, 768.	1.2	14
160	Does the consumption of fruits and vegetables differ between Eastern and Western European populations? Systematic review of cross-national studies. Archives of Public Health, 2015, 73, 29.	1.0	14
161	Mortality in Transition: Study Protocol of the PrivMort Project, a multilevel convenience cohort study. BMC Public Health, 2016, 16, 672.	1.2	14
162	Smoking and Mortality in Eastern Europe: Results From the PrivMort Retrospective Cohort Study of 177 376 Individuals. Nicotine and Tobacco Research, 2018, 20, 749-754.	1.4	14

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
163	Changes in psychological well-being among older Lithuanian city dwellers: Results from a cohort study. International Journal of Clinical and Health Psychology, 2018, 18, 218-226.	2.7	14
164	Socioeconomic inequalities in physical and cognitive functioning: cross-sectional evidence from 37 cohorts across 28 countries in the ATHLOS project. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2021, 75, 980-986.	2.0	13
165	Association between Year of Birth and Cognitive Functions in Russia and the Czech Republic: Cross-Sectional Results of the HAPIEE Study. Neuroepidemiology, 2009, 33, 231-239.	1.1	12
166	Trends in cardiovascular mortality and hospitalisations, and potential contribution of inhospital case-fatality rates to changes in national mortality in the Czech Republic 1994–2009. Heart, 2013, 99, 409-416.	1.2	12
167	Fruit, vegetable intake and blood pressure trajectories in older age. Journal of Human Hypertension, 2019, 33, 671-678.	1.0	12
168	Education and mortality in three Eastern European populations: findings from the PrivMort retrospective cohort study. European Journal of Public Health, 2019, 29, 549-554.	0.1	12
169	Apolipoprotein E Polymorphism in Hemodialyzed Patients and Healthy Controls. Biochemical Genetics, 2009, 47, 688-693.	0.8	11
170	Menopausal transition enhances the atherogenic risk of smoking in middle aged women. International Journal of Cardiology, 2013, 168, 190-196.	0.8	11
171	Impact of perceived control on all-cause and cardiovascular disease mortality in three urban populations of Central and Eastern Europe: the HAPIEE study. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2017, 71, 771-778.	2.0	11
172	Cardiovascular health among the Czech population at the beginning of the 21st century: a 12-year follow-up study. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2018, 72, 442-448.	2.0	11
173	Overview of retrospective data harmonisation in the MINDMAP project: process and results. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2021, 75, 433-441.	2.0	11
174	East-West Health Divide and Potential Explanations. , 1996, , 17-44.		11
175	Lifestyle factors and psychological well-being: 10-year follow-up study in Lithuanian urban population. BMC Public Health, 2022, 22, 1011.	1.2	11
176	Health status in the Czech and Slovak Federal Republic. Health Policy and Planning, 1992, 7, 234-242.	1.0	10
177	Non-fatal injuries in three Central and Eastern European urban population samples: the HAPIEE study. European Journal of Public Health, 2010, 20, 695-701.	0.1	10
178	Risk of depressive symptoms before and after the first hospitalisation for cancer: Evidence from a 16-year cohort study in the Czech Republic. Journal of Affective Disorders, 2020, 276, 76-83.	2.0	10
179	The prospective association between frequency of contact with friends and relatives and quality of life in older adults from Central and Eastern Europe. Social Psychiatry and Psychiatric Epidemiology, 2020, 55, 1001-1010.	1.6	10
180	Trends in Prevalence of Dyslipidaemias and the Risk of Mortality in Lithuanian Urban Population Aged 45–64 in Relation to the Presence of the Dyslipidaemias and the Other Cardiovascular Risk Factors. PLoS ONE, 2014, 9, e100158.	1.1	10

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
181	Prevalence, awareness, treatment and control of hypertension, diabetes and hypercholesterolemia, and associated risk factors in the Czech Republic, Russia, Poland and Lithuania: a cross-sectional study. BMC Public Health, 2022, 22, 883.	1.2	10
182	<i>ADH1B</i> Polymorphism, Alcohol Consumption, and Binge Drinking in Slavic Caucasians: Results from the Czech HAPIEE Study. Alcoholism: Clinical and Experimental Research, 2012, 36, 900-905.	1.4	9
183	Lack of an association between left-handedness and <i>APOE</i> polymorphism in a large sample of adults: Results of the Czech HAPIEE study. Laterality, 2013, 18, 513-519.	0.5	9
184	Seasonality of nutrient intake – An analysis including over 44,000 participants in 4 countries. Clinical Nutrition ESPEN, 2017, 21, 66-71.	0.5	9
185	Upward intergenerational transmission of health inequality. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2018, 72, 971-972.	2.0	9
186	Predictors of pain in general ageing populations: results from a multi-country analysis based on ATHLOS harmonized database. Journal of Headache and Pain, 2020, 21, 45.	2.5	9
187	Education as inefficient resource against depressive symptoms in the Czech Republic: cross-sectional analysis of the HAPIEE study. European Journal of Public Health, 2020, 30, 948-952.	0.1	9
188	The Risk of Type 2 Diabetes Mellitus in a Russian Population Cohort According to Data from the HAPIEE Project. Journal of Personalized Medicine, 2021, 11, 119.	1.1	9
189	Roles of allostatic load, lifestyle and clinical risk factors in mediating the association between education and coronary heart disease risk in Europe. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2021, 75, 1147-1154.	2.0	9
190	Relationship between Depressive Symptoms and Weather Conditions. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2022, 19, 5069.	1.2	9
191	JECH: new editorial directions. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2009, 63, 1-2.	2.0	8
192	Socioeconomic circumstances, health behaviours and functional limitations in older persons in four Central and Eastern European populations. Age and Ageing, 2012, 41, 728-735.	0.7	8
193	Alcohol Consumption and Longitudinal Trajectories of Physical Functioning in Central and Eastern Europe: A 10-Year Follow-up of HAPIEE Study. Journals of Gerontology - Series A Biological Sciences and Medical Sciences, 2016, 71, 1063-1068.	1.7	8
194	The association between the FTO gene variant and alcohol consumption and binge and problem drinking in different gene-environment background: The HAPIEE study. Gene, 2019, 707, 30-35.	1.0	8
195	Do multigenerational living arrangements influence depressive symptoms in mid-late life? Cross-national findings from China and England. Journal of Affective Disorders, 2020, 277, 584-591.	2.0	8
196	Metabolic dysregulation in older adults with depression and loneliness: The ATHLOS study. Psychoneuroendocrinology, 2021, 123, 104918.	1.3	8
197	Metabolic syndrome and the risk of cardiovascular and all-cause mortality: data of 14-year prospective cohort study in Siberia. Russian Journal of Cardiology, 2020, 25, 3821.	0.4	8
198	FAT MASS AND OBESITYâ€ASSOCIATED (FTO) GENE AND ALCOHOL INTAKE. Addiction, 2012, 107, 1185-1186.	1.7	7

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
199	The association between APOA5 haplotypes and plasma lipids is not modified by energy or fat intake: The Czech HAPIEE study. Nutrition, Metabolism and Cardiovascular Diseases, 2014, 24, 243-247.	1.1	7
200	Effort–reward imbalance at work, over-commitment personality and diet quality in Central and Eastern European populations. British Journal of Nutrition, 2016, 115, 1254-1264.	1.2	7
201	Education, material condition and physical functioning trajectories in middle-aged and older adults in Central and Eastern Europe: a cross-country comparison. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2016, 70, 1128-1135.	2.0	7
202	Mediterranean diet and physical functioning trajectories in Eastern Europe: Findings from the HAPIEE study. PLoS ONE, 2018, 13, e0200460.	1.1	7
203	The influence of the North Atlantic Oscillation index on arterial blood pressure. Journal of Hypertension, 2019, 37, 513-521.	0.3	7
204	Socioeconomic position in childhood and depressive symptoms in later adulthood in the Czech Republic. Journal of Affective Disorders, 2020, 272, 17-23.	2.0	7
205	The epidemiology of obesity and the development of disorders of glucose metabolism according to a prospective study in Siberia. Obesity and Metabolism, 2015, 12, 14-28.	0.4	7
206	Prevalence and Predictors of Carotid Wall Triple Line Pattern in a General Population Sample. Arteriosclerosis, Thrombosis, and Vascular Biology, 2011, 31, 1682-1688.	1.1	6
207	Does Inclusion of Education and Marital Status Improve SCORE Performance in Central and Eastern Europe and Former Soviet Union? Findings from MONICA and HAPIEE Cohorts. PLoS ONE, 2014, 9, e94344.	1.1	6
208	Alcohol Drinking and Health in Ageing: A Global Scale Analysis of Older Individual Data through the Harmonised Dataset of ATHLOS. Nutrients, 2020, 12, 1746.	1.7	6
209	The Impact of Metabolic Syndrome and Lifestyle Habits on the Risk of the First Event of Cardiovascular Disease: Results from a Cohort Study in Lithuanian Urban Population. Medicina (Lithuania), 2020, 56, 18.	0.8	6
210	Gender, marital and educational inequalities in mid- to late-life depressive symptoms: cross-cohort variation and moderation by urbanicity degree. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2021, 75, 442-449.	2.0	6
211	Patient-Centered Beliefs Among Patients and Providers in Kazakhstan. Ochsner Journal, 2018, 18, 46-52.	0.5	6
212	The Relationship between Epigenetic Age and Myocardial Infarction/Acute Coronary Syndrome in a Population-Based Nested Case-Control Study. Journal of Personalized Medicine, 2022, 12, 110.	1.1	6
213	Apolipoprotein E Arg136→Cys mutation and hyperlipidemia in a large central European population sample. Clinica Chimica Acta, 2008, 388, 217-218.	0.5	5
214	Stresses and Opportunities of Transformation: The Impact on Health. Journal of Communist Studies and Transition Politics, 2010, 26, 80-100.	0.5	5
215	Smoking, alcohol and cancer mortality in Eastern European men: Findings from the PrivMort retrospective cohort study. International Journal of Cancer, 2018, 143, 1128-1133.	2.3	5
216	Rates of contraindications and use of alternative vaccines in routine immunisation of children: A population based study in the Czech Republic. Vaccine, 2007, 25, 3890-3895.	1.7	4

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
217	The risk of sporadic colorectal cancer development is not influenced by fat mass and obesity related gene polymorphism in Slavs. European Journal of Internal Medicine, 2012, 23, e175-e176.	1.0	4
218	Social Patterning in Grip Strength, Chair Rise, and Walk Speed in an Aging Population: The Czech HAPIEE Study. Journal of Aging and Physical Activity, 2015, 23, 264-271.	0.5	4
219	Decomposing the educational gradient in allostatic load across European populations. What matters the most: differentials in exposure or in susceptibility?. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2020, 74, jech-2020-213946.	2.0	4
220	Perceived control as a predictor of cardiovascular disease mortality in Poland. The HAPIEE study. Cardiology Journal, 2015, 22, 404-412.	0.5	4
221	Relationship between Dietary Macronutrients Intake and the ATHLOS Healthy Ageing Scale: Results from the Polish Arm of the HAPIEE Study. Nutrients, 2022, 14, 2454.	1.7	4
222	Obesity phenotypes and the risk of myocardial infarction: a prospective cohort study. Russian Journal of Cardiology, 2019, , 109-114.	0.4	3
223	Accession Site Does Not Influence the Risk of Stroke after Diagnostic Coronary Angiography or Intervention: Results from a Large Prospective Registry. Cerebrovascular Diseases Extra, 2021, 11, 122-130.	0.5	3
224	The Determinants of the 13-Year Risk of Incident Atrial Fibrillation in a Russian Population Cohort of Middle and Elderly Age. Journal of Personalized Medicine, 2022, 12, 122.	1.1	3
225	A divisive hierarchical clustering methodology for enhancing the ensemble prediction power in large scale population studies: the ATHLOS project. Health Information Science and Systems, 2022, 10, 6.	3.4	3
226	Drinking volume and patterns: back to basics. Addiction, 2005, 100, 883-883.	1.7	2
227	Quality of acute coronary care in emerging economies. Cmaj, 2009, 180, 1190-1191.	0.9	2
228	Editorial changes at JECH. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2011, 65, 561-561.	2.0	2
229	Inclusion of hazardous drinking does not improve the SCORE performance in men from Central and Eastern Europe: the findings from the HAPIEE cohorts. BMC Public Health, 2014, 14, 1187.	1.2	2
230	Lack of Association between NYD-SP18 Variant and Obesity. The Health Alcohol and Psychosocial Factors in Eastern Europe Study. Annals of Nutrition and Metabolism, 2016, 68, 244-248.	1.0	2
231	FTOgene variant and risk of spontaneous abortion. Acta Obstetricia Et Gynecologica Scandinavica, 2016, 95, 118-118.	1.3	2
232	Four-year trajectories of episodic memory decline in mid-late life by living arrangements: a cross-national comparison between China and England. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2021, 75, 881-889.	2.0	2
233	Lowered cognitive function and the risk of the first events of cardiovascular diseases: findings from a cohort study in Lithuania. BMC Public Health, 2021, 21, 792.	1.2	2
234	Household availability of dietary fats and cardiovascular disease and mortality: prospective evidence from Russia. European Journal of Public Health, 2021, 31, 1037-1041.	0.1	2

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
235	CHARACTERISTICS OF MAIN DRUG THERAPY TYPES IN SUBJECTS WITH ATRIAL FIBRILLATION IN POPULATION. Cardiovascular Therapy and Prevention (Russian Federation), 2018, 17, 43-48.	0.4	2
236	Type 2 diabetes: basic clinical and laboratory parameters and risk of cardiovascular death. Russian Journal of Cardiology, 2020, 25, 3822.	0.4	2
237	Commentary: Migration and health what about those who stay at home?. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2007, 36, 1272-1273.	0.9	1
238	Accumulation of psychosocial risk factors and incidence of cardiovascular disease: a prospective observation of the Polish HAPIEE cohort. Kardiologia Polska, 2019, 77, 535-540.	0.3	1
239	Longitudinal trajectories of blood lipid levels in an ageing population sample of Russian Western-Siberian urban population. PLoS ONE, 2021, 16, e0260229.	1.1	1
240	Memory Trajectories Before and After First and Recurrent Strokes. Neurology, 2022, 98, .	1.5	1
241	Prenatal psychosocial stress and children's sleep problems: Evidence from the ELSPAC Z study. Journal of Sleep Research, 2021, , e13531.	1.7	1
242	Low fruit and vegetable intake is associated with poor self-rated health in the Czech part of the HAPIEE study. Nutrition and Health, 2021, , 026010602110692.	0.6	1
243	Impaired lung function and mortality in Eastern Europe: results from multi-centre cohort study. Respiratory Research, 2022, 23, .	1.4	1
244	Association between marital status and age dynamics of cognitive functions in ageing in a Russian population sample. Meditsinskiy Sovet, 2022, , 27-35.	0.1	1
245	Epidemiology in central and eastern Europe. Lancet, The, 1992, 340, 308.	6.3	0
246	Development of a standardised instrument to assess ageing-related health outcomes in a comparable fashion in European ageing populations, the CHANCES Health Module. BMC Proceedings, 2013, 7, S7.	1.8	0
247	Editorial note: Peckham versus Newton. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2017, 71, 317-317.	2.0	0
248	A comparison of health-related quality of life and disease severity in patients with stable coronary artery disease. Kontakt, 2018, 20, e237-e243.	0.1	0
249	AN INTRODUCTION TO THE ATHLOS PROJECT: AGEING TRAJECTORIES OF HEALTH: LONGITUDINAL OPPORTUNITIES AND SYNERGIES. Innovation in Aging, 2019, 3, S798-S799.	0.0	0
250	Life span and disability in Sweden and Russia: Authors' reply. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2004, 329, 1288.3.	2.4	0
251	Associations of cardiovascular diseases and type 2 diabetes with ophthalmic diseases in a population sample over 55 years old. Cardiovascular Therapy and Prevention (Russian Federation), 2021, 20, 2886.	0.4	0
252	Alcohol use disorder increases the risk of non-fatal and fatal cardiovascular disease events: an 11-year observation of a Polish population-based cohort. The HAPIEE Study. Polish Archives of Internal Medicine, 2020, 130, 960-966.	0.3	0

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
253	The associations of physical incapacity and wealth with remaining in paid employment after age 60 in five middle-income and high-income countries. Ageing and Society, 2023, 43, 2994-3017.	1.2	0
254	Methodological challenges in harmonisation of the variables used as indicators of social capital in epidemiological studies of ageing $\hat{a} \in$ " results of the ATHLOS project. Ageing and Society, 0, , 1-28.	1.2	0
255	Educational gradients in all-cause mortality in two cohorts in the Czech Republic during the early stage of the postcommunist transition. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2022, 76, 819-822.	2.0	0