

Andrzej J Jakubowiak

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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111
papers

7,026
citations

117625

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60623

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docs citations

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times ranked

4653
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#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Carfilzomib, Lenalidomide, and Dexamethasone for Relapsed Multiple Myeloma. <i>New England Journal of Medicine</i> , 2015, 372, 142-152.	27.0	1,144
2	Lenalidomide, bortezomib, and dexamethasone combination therapy in patients with newly diagnosed multiple myeloma. <i>Blood</i> , 2010, 116, 679-686.	1.4	790
3	Ciltacabtagene autoleucl, a B-cell maturation antigen-directed chimeric antigen receptor T-cell therapy in patients with relapsed or refractory multiple myeloma (CARTITUDE-1): a phase 1b/2 open-label study. <i>Lancet, The</i> , 2021, 398, 314-324.	13.7	711
4	Daratumumab, lenalidomide, bortezomib, and dexamethasone for transplant-eligible newly diagnosed multiple myeloma: the GRIFFIN trial. <i>Blood</i> , 2020, 136, 936-945.	1.4	436
5	A phase 1/2 study of carfilzomib in combination with lenalidomide and low-dose dexamethasone as a frontline treatment for multiple myeloma. <i>Blood</i> , 2012, 120, 1801-1809.	1.4	393
6	Overall survival with daratumumab, bortezomib, melphalan, and prednisone in newly diagnosed multiple myeloma (ALCYONE): a randomised, open-label, phase 3 trial. <i>Lancet, The</i> , 2020, 395, 132-141.	13.7	299
7	Randomized phase 2 study: elotuzumab plus bortezomib/dexamethasone vs bortezomib/dexamethasone for relapsed/refractory MM. <i>Blood</i> , 2016, 127, 2833-2840.	1.4	207
8	Phase I Trial of Anti-CS1 Monoclonal Antibody Elotuzumab in Combination With Bortezomib in the Treatment of Relapsed/Refractory Multiple Myeloma. <i>Journal of Clinical Oncology</i> , 2012, 30, 1960-1965.	1.6	184
9	A phase 2 trial of lenalidomide, bortezomib, and dexamethasone in patients with relapsed and relapsed/refractory myeloma. <i>Blood</i> , 2014, 123, 1461-1469.	1.4	174
10	Ciltacabtagene Autoleucl, an Anti-B-cell Maturation Antigen Chimeric Antigen Receptor T-Cell Therapy, for Relapsed/Refractory Multiple Myeloma: CARTITUDE-1 2-Year Follow-Up. <i>Journal of Clinical Oncology</i> , 2023, 41, 1265-1274.	1.6	160
11	Elotuzumab in combination with lenalidomide and dexamethasone in patients with relapsed multiple myeloma: final phase 2 results from the randomised, open-label, phase 1b/2 dose-escalation study. <i>Lancet Haematology, the</i> , 2015, 2, e516-e527.	4.6	140
12	Selective Inhibition of Nuclear Export With Oral Selinexor for Treatment of Relapsed or Refractory Multiple Myeloma. <i>Journal of Clinical Oncology</i> , 2018, 36, 859-866.	1.6	140
13	Carfilzomib significantly improves the progression-free survival of high-risk patients in multiple myeloma. <i>Blood</i> , 2016, 128, 1174-1180.	1.4	110
14	Daratumumab plus carfilzomib and dexamethasone in patients with relapsed or refractory multiple myeloma. <i>Blood</i> , 2019, 134, 421-431.	1.4	110
15	Targeting deubiquitinase activity with a novel small-molecule inhibitor as therapy for B-cell malignancies. <i>Blood</i> , 2015, 125, 3588-3597.	1.4	104
16	Corneal Epithelial Findings in Patients with Multiple Myeloma Treated with Antibody-Drug Conjugate Belantamab Mafodotin in the Pivotal, Randomized, DREAMM-2 Study. <i>Ophthalmology and Therapy</i> , 2020, 9, 889-911.	2.3	101
17	Orvacobtagene autoleucl (orva-cel), a B-cell maturation antigen (BCMA)-directed CAR T cell therapy for patients (pts) with relapsed/refractory multiple myeloma (RRMM): update of the phase 1/2 EVOLVE study (NCT03430011).. <i>Journal of Clinical Oncology</i> , 2020, 38, 8504-8504.	1.6	89
18	JCARH125, Anti-BCMA CAR T-cell Therapy for Relapsed/Refractory Multiple Myeloma: Initial Proof of Concept Results from a Phase 1/2 Multicenter Study (EVOLVE). <i>Blood</i> , 2018, 132, 957-957.	1.4	84

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19	Carfilzomib, dexamethasone, and daratumumab versus carfilzomib and dexamethasone for patients with relapsed or refractory multiple myeloma (CANDOR): updated outcomes from a randomised, multicentre, open-label, phase 3 study. <i>Lancet Oncology</i> , 2022, 23, 65-76.	10.7	80
20	Developments in continuous therapy and maintenance treatment approaches for patients with newly diagnosed multiple myeloma. <i>Blood Cancer Journal</i> , 2020, 10, 17.	6.2	75
21	Incidence and management of CAR-T neurotoxicity in patients with multiple myeloma treated with ciltacabtagene autoleucel in CARTITUDE studies. <i>Blood Cancer Journal</i> , 2022, 12, 32.	6.2	73
22	Health-Related Quality-of-Life Results From the Open-Label, Randomized, Phase III ASPIRE Trial Evaluating Carfilzomib, Lenalidomide, and Dexamethasone Versus Lenalidomide and Dexamethasone in Patients With Relapsed Multiple Myeloma. <i>Journal of Clinical Oncology</i> , 2016, 34, 3921-3930.	1.6	70
23	International harmonization in performing and reporting minimal residual disease assessment in multiple myeloma trials. <i>Leukemia</i> , 2021, 35, 18-30.	7.2	69
24	Sustained minimal residual disease negativity in newly diagnosed multiple myeloma and the impact of daratumumab in MAIA and ALCYONE. <i>Blood</i> , 2022, 139, 492-501.	1.4	64
25	Carfilzomib, lenalidomide, and dexamethasone in patients with relapsed multiple myeloma categorised by age: secondary analysis from the phase 3 ASPIRE study. <i>British Journal of Haematology</i> , 2017, 177, 404-413.	2.5	58
26	Phase 1 study of selinexor plus carfilzomib and dexamethasone for the treatment of relapsed/refractory multiple myeloma. <i>British Journal of Haematology</i> , 2019, 186, 549-560.	2.5	58
27	Carfilzomib, lenalidomide, and dexamethasone plus transplant in newly diagnosed multiple myeloma. <i>Blood</i> , 2020, 136, 2513-2523.	1.4	56
28	Integrated safety profile of selinexor in multiple myeloma: experience from 437 patients enrolled in clinical trials. <i>Leukemia</i> , 2020, 34, 2430-2440.	7.2	54
29	Evolution of carfilzomib dose and schedule in patients with multiple myeloma: A historical overview. <i>Cancer Treatment Reviews</i> , 2014, 40, 781-790.	7.7	43
30	Measurable residual disease assessed by mass spectrometry in peripheral blood in multiple myeloma in a phase II trial of carfilzomib, lenalidomide, dexamethasone and autologous stem cell transplantation. <i>Blood Cancer Journal</i> , 2021, 11, 19.	6.2	40
31	Combining carfilzomib and panobinostat to treat relapsed/refractory multiple myeloma: results of a Multiple Myeloma Research Consortium Phase I Study. <i>Blood Cancer Journal</i> , 2019, 9, 3.	6.2	39
32	Final Results of a Phase 2 Trial of Extended Treatment (tx) with Carfilzomib (CFZ), Lenalidomide (LEN), and Dexamethasone (KRd) Plus Autologous Stem Cell Transplantation (ASCT) in Newly Diagnosed Multiple Myeloma (NDMM). <i>Blood</i> , 2016, 128, 675-675.	1.4	38
33	Depth of Response to Daratumumab (DARA), Lenalidomide, Bortezomib, and Dexamethasone (RVd) Improves over Time in Patients (pts) with Transplant-Eligible Newly Diagnosed Multiple Myeloma (NDMM): Griffin Study Update. <i>Blood</i> , 2019, 134, 691-691.	1.4	37
34	A Phase Ib/II Study of Oprozomib in Patients with Advanced Multiple Myeloma and Waldenström Macroglobulinemia. <i>Clinical Cancer Research</i> , 2019, 25, 4907-4916.	7.0	36
35	Safety, Clinical Activity, Pharmacokinetics, and Pharmacodynamics from a Phase I Study of PF-06863135, a B-Cell Maturation Antigen (BCMA)-CD3 Bispecific Antibody, in Patients with Relapsed/Refractory Multiple Myeloma (RRMM). <i>Blood</i> , 2019, 134, 1869-1869.	1.4	36
36	Racial differences in treatment and outcomes in multiple myeloma: a multiple myeloma research foundation analysis. <i>Blood Cancer Journal</i> , 2020, 10, 80.	6.2	35

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37	Efficacy and safety of elranatamab (PF-06863135), a B-cell maturation antigen (BCMA)-CD3 bispecific antibody, in patients with relapsed or refractory multiple myeloma (MM).. Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2021, 39, 8006-8006.	1.6	33
38	Management of belantamab mafodotin-associated corneal events in patients with relapsed or refractory multiple myeloma (RRMM). Blood Cancer Journal, 2021, 11, 103.	6.2	32
39	Management Strategies for Relapsed/Refractory Multiple Myeloma: Current Clinical Perspectives. Seminars in Hematology, 2012, 49, S16-S32.	3.4	31
40	Daratumumab (DARA) in combination with carfilzomib, lenalidomide, and dexamethasone (KRd) in patients (pts) with newly diagnosed multiple myeloma (MMY1001): An open-label, phase 1b study.. Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2017, 35, 8000-8000.	1.6	30
41	A phase 1 dose-escalation study of filanesib plus bortezomib and dexamethasone in patients with recurrent/refractory multiple myeloma. Cancer, 2016, 122, 3327-3335.	4.1	29
42	Prognostic Validation of SKY92 and Its Combination With ISS in an Independent Cohort of Patients With Multiple Myeloma. Clinical Lymphoma, Myeloma and Leukemia, 2017, 17, 555-562.	0.4	28
43	Ciltacabtagene autoleucel, a B-cell maturation antigen (BCMA)-directed chimeric antigen receptor T-cell (CAR-T) therapy, in relapsed/refractory multiple myeloma (R/R MM): Updated results from CARTITUDE-1.. Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2021, 39, 8005-8005.	1.6	23
44	A Phase I, Open-Label Study to Evaluate the Safety, Pharmacokinetic, Pharmacodynamic, and Clinical Activity of PF-06863135, a B-Cell Maturation Antigen/CD3 Bispecific Antibody, in Patients with Relapsed/Refractory Advanced Multiple Myeloma. Blood, 2018, 132, 3229-3229.	1.4	23
45	First-in-Human Phase I Study of ABBV-838, an Antibody-Drug Conjugate Targeting SLAMF7/CS1 in Patients with Relapsed and Refractory Multiple Myeloma. Clinical Cancer Research, 2020, 26, 2308-2317.	7.0	20
46	One-Year Update of a Phase 3 Randomized Study of Daratumumab Plus Bortezomib, Melphalan, and Prednisone (D-VMP) Versus Bortezomib, Melphalan, and Prednisone (VMP) in Patients (Pts) with Transplant-Ineligible Newly Diagnosed Multiple Myeloma (NDMM): Alcyone. Blood, 2018, 132, 156-156.	1.4	20
47	Final Results from a Multicenter, Open-Label, Dose-Escalation Phase 1b/2 Study of Single-Agent Oprozomib in Patients with Hematologic Malignancies. Blood, 2016, 128, 2110-2110.	1.4	20
48	Daratumumab (DARA) Plus Lenalidomide, Bortezomib, and Dexamethasone (RVd) in Patients (Pts) with Transplant-Eligible Newly Diagnosed Multiple Myeloma (NDMM): Updated Analysis of Griffin after 24 Months of Maintenance. Blood, 2021, 138, 79-79.	1.4	20
49	Phase II Trial of Combination of Elotuzumab, Lenalidomide, and Dexamethasone in High-Risk Smoldering Multiple Myeloma. Blood, 2018, 132, 154-154.	1.4	19
50	Daratumumab (DARA) Plus Lenalidomide, Bortezomib, and Dexamethasone (RVd) in Patients with Transplant-Eligible Newly Diagnosed Multiple Myeloma (NDMM): Updated Analysis of Griffin after 12 Months of Maintenance Therapy. Blood, 2020, 136, 45-46.	1.4	19
51	Daratumumab Plus Bortezomib, Melphalan, and Prednisone Versus Bortezomib, Melphalan, and Prednisone in Patients with Transplant-Ineligible Newly Diagnosed Multiple Myeloma: Overall Survival in Alcyone. Blood, 2019, 134, 859-859.	1.4	18
52	Phase 2 study of venetoclax plus carfilzomib and dexamethasone in patients with relapsed/refractory multiple myeloma.. Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2018, 36, 8004-8004.	1.6	17
53	A Phase 2 Study of Elotuzumab (Elo) in Combination with Lenalidomide and Low-Dose Dexamethasone (Ld) in Patients (pts) with Relapsed/Refractory Multiple Myeloma (R/R MM): Updated Results. Blood, 2012, 120, 202-202.	1.4	16
54	Elotuzumab Plus Bortezomib and Dexamethasone Versus Bortezomib and Dexamethasone in Patients with Relapsed/Refractory Multiple Myeloma: 2-Year Follow-up. Blood, 2015, 126, 510-510.	1.4	16

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55	Oprozomib in patients with newly diagnosed multiple myeloma. <i>Blood Cancer Journal</i> , 2019, 9, 66.	6.2	14
56	Selinexorâ€¢based regimens for the treatment of myeloma refractory to chimeric antigen receptor T cell therapy. <i>British Journal of Haematology</i> , 2020, 189, e126-e130.	2.5	13
57	Predictors Of Treatment Outcome With The Combination Of Carfilzomib, Lenalidomide, and Low-Dose Dexamethasone (CRd) In Newly Diagnosed Multiple Myeloma (NDMM). <i>Blood</i> , 2013, 122, 3220-3220.	1.4	12
58	Phase 3 Randomized Study of Daratumumab Plus Bortezomib, Melphalan, and Prednisone (D-VMP) Versus Bortezomib, Melphalan, and Prednisone (VMP) in Newly Diagnosed Multiple Myeloma (NDMM) Patients (Pts) Ineligible for Transplant (ALCYONE). <i>Blood</i> , 2017, 130, LBA-4-LBA-4.	1.4	12
59	Regulatory T-cell depletion in the setting of autologous stem cell transplantation for multiple myeloma: pilot study. , 2020, 8, e000286.		11
60	Daratumumab (DARA) in combination with carfilzomib and dexamethasone (D-Kd) in lenalidomide (Len)-refractory patients (Pts) with relapsed multiple myeloma (MM): Subgroup analysis of MMY1001.. <i>Journal of Clinical Oncology</i> , 2018, 36, 8002-8002.	1.6	11
61	Recommendations and outcomes from a geriatric assessment guided multidisciplinary clinic prior to autologous stem cell transplant in older patients. <i>Journal of Geriatric Oncology</i> , 2021, 12, 585-591.	1.0	10
62	Final Results of Phase 1 MMRC Trial of Selinexor, Carfilzomib, and Dexamethasone in Relapsed/Refractory Multiple Myeloma (RRMM). <i>Blood</i> , 2016, 128, 973-973.	1.4	10
63	Treatment outcome with the combination of carfilzomib, lenalidomide, and low-dose dexamethasone (CRd) for newly diagnosed multiple myeloma (NDMM) after extended follow-up.. <i>Journal of Clinical Oncology</i> , 2013, 31, 8543-8543.	1.6	10
64	Phase 1 Study Of The Novel Pan-Pim Kinase Inhibitor LGH447 In Patients With Relapsed/ Refractory Multiple Myeloma. <i>Blood</i> , 2013, 122, 3186-3186.	1.4	9
65	Phase II MMRC trial of extended treatment with carfilzomib (CFZ), lenalidomide (LEN), and dexamethasone (DEX) plus autologous stem cell transplantation (ASCT) in newly diagnosed multiple myeloma (NDMM).. <i>Journal of Clinical Oncology</i> , 2015, 33, 8510-8510.	1.6	9
66	Daratumumab Improves Depth of Response and Progression-free Survival in Transplant-ineligible, High-risk, Newly Diagnosed Multiple Myeloma. <i>Oncologist</i> , 2022, 27, e589-e596.	3.7	9
67	Impact of an Oncology Clinical Pharmacist Specialist in an Outpatient Multiple Myeloma Clinic. <i>Clinical Lymphoma, Myeloma and Leukemia</i> , 2020, 20, e543-e546.	0.4	8
68	Split First Dose Administration of Intravenous Daratumumab for the Treatment of Multiple Myeloma (MM): Clinical and Population Pharmacokinetic Analyses. <i>Advances in Therapy</i> , 2020, 37, 1464-1478.	2.9	8
69	Health-related quality of life in patients with newly diagnosed multiple myeloma ineligible for stem cell transplantation: results from the randomized phase III ALCYONE trial. <i>BMC Cancer</i> , 2021, 21, 659.	2.6	8
70	Efficacy and Safety of Carfilzomib, Lenalidomide, and Dexamethasone Vs Lenalidomide and Dexamethasone in Patients with Relapsed Multiple Myeloma Based on Cytogenetic Risk Status: Subgroup Analysis from the Phase 3 Study Aspire (NCT01080391). <i>Blood</i> , 2015, 126, 731-731.	1.4	8
71	Elranatamab, a BCMA-targeted T-cell redirecting immunotherapy, for patients with relapsed or refractory multiple myeloma: Updated results from MagnetisMM-1.. <i>Journal of Clinical Oncology</i> , 2022, 40, 8014-8014.	1.6	8
72	Comparative Efficacy of Bortezomib, Melphalan, and Prednisone (VMP) With or Without Daratumumab Versus VMP Alone in the Treatment of Newly Diagnosed Multiple Myeloma: Propensity Score Matching of ALCYONE and VISTA Phase III Studies. <i>Clinical Lymphoma, Myeloma and Leukemia</i> , 2020, 20, 480-489.	0.4	7

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73	A randomized phase II study of bortezomib (Btz)/dexamethasone (dex) with or without elotuzumab (Elo) in patients (pts) with relapsed/refractory multiple myeloma (RRMM).. Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2015, 33, 8573-8573.	1.6	7
74	Stem Cell Collection with Daratumumab (DARA)-Based Regimens in Transplant-Eligible Newly Diagnosed Multiple Myeloma (NDMM) Patients (pts) in the Griffin and Master Studies. Blood, 2021, 138, 2852-2852.	1.4	7
75	Knowing the unknowns in high risk multiple myeloma. Blood Reviews, 2022, 51, 100887.	5.7	6
76	Recovery of Ocular Events with Longer-Term Follow-up in the DREAMMM-2 Study of Single-Agent Belantamab Mafodotin (Belamaf) in Patients with Relapsed or Refractory Multiple Myeloma (RRMM). Blood, 2020, 136, 26-27.	1.4	6
77	Prognostic and Predictive Gene Expression Profiling (GEP) Markers Confirmed in Carfilzomib, Lenalidomide, and Dexamethasone (KRd) Treated Newly Diagnosed Multiple Myeloma (NDMM) Patients (Pts). Blood, 2014, 124, 2141-2141.	1.4	6
78	Novel Therapies for Relapsed/Refractory Multiple Myeloma: How Can We Improve on “Salvage” Therapy? Introduction. Seminars in Hematology, 2012, 49, S1-S2.	3.4	5
79	Phase 1 MMRC Trial of Selinexor, Carfilzomib (CFZ), and Dexamethasone (DEX) in Relapsed and Relapsed/Refractory Multiple Myeloma (RRMM). Blood, 2015, 126, 4223-4223.	1.4	5
80	Measurable residual disease (MRD) assessed by mass spectrometry (MS) in peripheral blood versus next generation sequencing (NGS) in bone marrow in multiple myeloma treated on phase II trial of KRd+ASCT.. Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2020, 38, 8513-8513.	1.6	5
81	Daratumumab plus lenalidomide/bortezomib/dexamethasone in Black patients with transplant-eligible newly diagnosed multiple myeloma in GRIFFIN. Blood Cancer Journal, 2022, 12, 63.	6.2	5
82	Daratumumab Plus Carfilzomib, Lenalidomide, and Dexamethasone in Patients With Newly Diagnosed Multiple Myeloma. Clinical Lymphoma, Myeloma and Leukemia, 2021, 21, 701-710.	0.4	4
83	A Phase II Study of Consolidation Treatment with Iodine-131 Tositumomab (Bexxar,®) in Multiple Myeloma (MM). Blood, 2012, 120, 1854-1854.	1.4	4
84	Treatment Outcomes with Pomalidomide (POM) in Combination with Low-Dose Dexamethasone (LoDex) in Patients with Relapsed and Refractory Multiple Myeloma (RRMM) and Del(17p13) and/or t(4;14)(p16;q32) Cytogenetic Abnormalities Who Have Received Prior Therapy with Lenalidomide (LEN) and Bortezomib (BORT). Blood, 2012, 120, 4053-4053.	1.4	4
85	Effects Of Inhibition Of XPO1/CRM1-Dependent Nuclear Export By Selinexor (KPT-330), Alone and In Combination With Carfilzomib (CFZ), On Apoptosis and Autophagy In Multiple Myeloma (MM). Blood, 2013, 122, 279-279.	1.4	3
86	Daratumumab Plus Lenalidomide, Bortezomib, and Dexamethasone (D-RVd) in Transplant-Eligible Newly Diagnosed Multiple Myeloma (NDMM) Patients (Pts): A Subgroup Analysis of Griffin. Blood, 2021, 138, 2723-2723.	1.4	3
87	Serum free light chain reduction correlates with response and progression-free survival following carfilzomib therapy in relapsed/refractory multiple myeloma. Leukemia and Lymphoma, 2015, 56, 2959-2961.	1.3	2
88	A Phase 1b Study of Oprozomib with Dexamethasone or Pomalidomide and Dexamethasone in Patients with Relapsed or Refractory Multiple Myeloma. Blood, 2018, 132, 803-803.	1.4	2
89	Split First Dose Administration of Daratumumab for the Treatment of Patients with Multiple Myeloma (MM): Clinical Pharmacology and Population Pharmacokinetic (PK) Analyses. Blood, 2018, 132, 1970-1970.	1.4	2
90	Pilot Study Of Regulatory T Cell Depletion In The Setting Of Autologous Stem Cell Transplantation For Multiple Myeloma. Blood, 2013, 122, 4607-4607.	1.4	2

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91	A randomized phase II study of elotuzumab with lenalidomide and low-dose dexamethasone in patients with relapsed/refractory multiple myeloma.. Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2012, 30, 8020-8020.	1.6	2
92	Effect of carfilzomib, lenalidomide, and dexamethasone (KRd) vs lenalidomide and dexamethasone (Rd) in patients with relapsed multiple myeloma (RMM) by line of therapy: Secondary analysis from an interim analysis of the phase III study ASPIRE (NCT01080391).. Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2015, 33, 8525-8525.	1.6	2
93	Daratumumab plus bortezomib-melphalan-prednisone (VMP) in elderly (≥75 y) patients (Pts) with newly diagnosed multiple myeloma (NDMM) ineligible for transplantation (ALCYONE).. Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2018, 36, 8031-8031.	1.6	2
94	Impact of baseline renal function on efficacy and safety of daratumumab plus bortezomib-melphalan-prednisone (VMP) in patients (Pts) with newly diagnosed multiple myeloma (NDMM) ineligible for transplantation (ALCYONE).. Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2018, 36, e20024-e20024.	1.6	2
95	Clinician attitudes and practices toward measurable residual disease in multiple myeloma. British Journal of Haematology, 2020, 190, 470-472.	2.5	1
96	Final Analysis of a Phase 1b Study of Daratumumab in Combination with Carfilzomib and Dexamethasone for Relapsed or Refractory Multiple Myeloma (RRMM). Blood, 2019, 134, 1876-1876.	1.4	1
97	Sustained Minimal Residual Disease (MRD) Negativity and Clinical Efficacy in Transplant-Ineligible (TIE) Newly Diagnosed Multiple Myeloma (NDMM) Patients (Pts) Treated with Daratumumab-Based Regimens: Analysis of Maia and Alcyone. Blood, 2020, 136, 18-20.	1.4	1
98	Long-term safety and efficacy of pomalidomide (POM) with or without low-dose dexamethasone (LoDEX) in relapsed and refractory multiple myeloma (RRMM) patients enrolled in the MM-002 phase II trial.. Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2013, 31, 8588-8588.	1.6	1
99	Response rates to single-agent carfilzomib in patients refractory or intolerant to both bortezomib and immunomodulators in trial PX-171-003-A1.. Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2012, 30, 8035-8035.	1.6	1
100	Usp9x Silencing and Enzyme Inhibition Suppress Myeloma Cell Survival and in Vivo Tumor Growth.. Blood, 2012, 120, 2936-2936.	1.4	1
101	Comparative Proteomic Profiling of Refractory/Relapsed Multiple Myeloma Patient Plasma Cells Reveals Biomarkers and Pathways Involved in Bortezomib-Based-Therapy Resistance. Blood, 2015, 126, 2986-2986.	1.4	1
102	Carfilzomib, lenalidomide, and dexamethasone (KRd) vs lenalidomide and dexamethasone (Rd) in patients with relapsed multiple myeloma (RMM) and early progression during prior therapy: Secondary analysis from the phase 3 study ASPIRE (NCT01080391).. Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2016, 34, 8045-8045.	1.6	1
103	Comparative Proteomic Profiling of Sera from Patients with Refractory Multiple Myeloma Reveals Pathways and Biomarkers Predicting Response to Bortezomib-Based Therapy. Blood, 2016, 128, 2092-2092.	1.4	1
104	Clinician survey regarding measurable residual disease-guided decision-making in multiple myeloma. Blood Cancer Journal, 2022, 12, .	6.2	1
105	A phase II randomized study of bortezomib/dexamethasone (Bort/Dex) with or without elotuzumab (Elo) in patients (pts) with relapsed/refractory multiple myeloma (RR MM) (CA204-009).. Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2012, 30, TPS8114-TPS8114.	1.6	0
106	Low-Risk Multiple Myeloma By SKY92+ISS Validated in the Multiple Myeloma Genomics Initiative Study. Blood, 2015, 126, 5322-5322.	1.4	0
107	Insulin Growth Factor 1 Receptor (IGF-1R) Inhibitor, Linsitinib (OSI-906) in Combination with Bortezomib and Dexamethasone Demonstrates Favorable Safety Prolife and Clinical Activity in Patients with Relapsed/Refractory Multiple Myeloma. Blood, 2015, 126, 4234-4234.	1.4	0
108	Economic evaluation of carfilzomib + lenalidomide + dexamethasone (KRd) vs. lenalidomide + dexamethasone (Rd) in relapsed or refractory multiple myeloma (R/RMM).. Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2016, 34, 8021-8021.	1.6	0

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109	Comparative Efficacy and Safety of Daratumumab in Combination with Bortezomib, Melphalan, and Prednisone (D-VMP) in Alcyone Versus Bortezomib, Melphalan, and Prednisone (VMP) in Vista in Newly Diagnosed Multiple Myeloma (NDMM) Patients Using Propensity Score Matching (PSM). <i>Blood</i> , 2018, 132, 3550-3550.	1.4	0
110	Impact of an oncology clinical pharmacist specialist in an outpatient multiple myeloma clinic.. <i>Journal of Clinical Oncology</i> , 2020, 38, e14030-e14030.	1.6	0
111	Moving Toward a Cure in Multiple Myeloma: Eradication of Measurable Residual Disease. <i>Advances in Oncology</i> , 2022, 2, 159-169.	0.2	0