Laura M Torres

List of Publications by Year
in descending order

29 papers	429 citations	687363 13 h-index	752698 20 g-index
30 all docs	30 docs citations	30 times ranked	489 citing authors

#	Article	IF	Citations
1	Parasitoids of Lobesia botrana (Lepidoptera: Tortricidae) in the Douro Demarcated Region vineyards and the prospects for enhancing conservation biological control. Bulletin of Entomological Research, 2022, , 1-10.	1.0	2
2	ConfusÃ£o sexual contra a traÃ§a-da-uva, Lobesia botrana, na regiÃ£o Demarcada do Douro usando dois modelos de difusores de feromona: ISONET-LTT BIO^{Â®} E ISONET-LTT^{Â®}. Ciencia E Tecnica Vitivinicola, 2022, 37, 100-115.	0.9	1
3	Effect of Soil Chemical Properties on the Occurrence and Distribution of Entomopathogenic Fungi in Portuguese Grapevine Fields. Pathogens, 2021, 10, 137.	2.8	6
4	Does natural vegetation from olive groves benefit the olive moth, Prays oleae?. Journal of Applied Entomology, 2021, 145, 406-416.	1.8	2
5	Soil Arthropods in the Douro Demarcated Region Vineyards: General Characteristics and Ecosystem Services Provided. Sustainability, 2021, 13, 7837.	3.2	12
6	The functional agrobiodiversity in the Douro demarcated region viticulture: utopia or reality? Arthropods as a case-study â€“ A review. Ciencia E Tecnica Vitivinicola, 2019, 34, 102-114.	0.9	6
7	Is a biofix necessary for predicting the flight phenology of Lobesia botrana in Douro Demarcated Region vineyards?. Crop Protection, 2018, 110, 57-64.	2.1	15
8	Insect-associated fungi from naturally mycosed vine mealybug Planococcus ficus (Signoret) (Hemiptera: Pseudococcidae). Biocontrol Science and Technology, 2018, 28, 122-141.	1.3	30
9	Does habitat heterogeneity affect the diversity of epigaeic arthropods in vineyards?. Agricultural and Forest Entomology, 2018, 20, 366-379.	1.3	20
10	Soil Chemical Properties Barely Perturb the Abundance of Entomopathogenic Fusarium oxysporum: A Case Study Using a Generalized Linear Mixed Model for Microbial Pathogen Occurrence Count Data. Pathogens, 2018, 7, 89.	2.8	8
11	Entomopathogenic fungi in Portuguese vineyards soils: suggesting a â€˜Galleria-Tenebrio-bait methodâ€™ as bait-insects Galleria and Tenebrio significantly underestimate the respective recoveries of Metarhizium (robertsii) and Beauveria (bassiana). MycoKeys, 2018, 38, 1-23.	1.9	29
12	Native Mediterranean plants as potential food sources for natural enemies of insect pests in olive groves. Ecological Research, 2017, 32, 459-459.	1.5	6
13	Evaluating potential sugar food sources from the olive grove agroecosystems for Prays oleae parasitoid Chelonus elaeaphilus. Biocontrol Science and Technology, 2017, 27, 686-695.	1.3	3
14	Hymenoptera parasitoid complex of Prays oleae (Bernard)(Lepidoptera: Praydidae) in Portugal. Turkish Journal of Zoology, 2017, 41, 502-512.	0.9	3
15	Ants (Hymenoptera: Formicidae) and Spiders (Araneae) Co-occurring on the Ground of Vineyards from Douro Demarcated Region. Sociobiology, 2017, 64, 404.	0.5	7
16	Higher longevity and fecundity of Chrysoperla carnea, a predator of olive pests, on some native flowering Mediterranean plants. Agronomy for Sustainable Development, 2016, 36, 1.	5.3	15
17	Effects of ten naturally occurring sugars on the reproductive success of the green lacewing, Chrysoperla carnea. BioControl, 2016, 61, 57-67.	2.0	9
18	Effects of pollen, sugars and honeydew on lifespan and nutrient levels of Episyrphus balteatus. BioControl, 2015, 60, 47-57.	2.0	26

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19	A cohort-based modelling approach for managing olive moth Prays oleae (Bernard, 1788) populations in olive orchards. Ecological Modelling, 2015, 296, 46-56.	2.5	11
20	Effect of floral resources on longevity and nutrient levels of Episyrphus balteatus (Diptera:) Tj ETQq0 0 0 rgBT /Overlock 10 Tf 50 702 Td	3.0	21
21	The effect of sooty mold on fluorescence and gas exchange properties of olive tree. Turkish Journal of Biology, 2013, 37, 620-628.	0.8	17
22	The use of trap captures to forecast infestation by the olive fly,Bactrocera oleae(Rossi) (Diptera: Tephritidae), in traditional olive groves in north-eastern Portugal. International Journal of Pest Management, 2013, 59, 279-286.	1.8	5
23	Natural mortality of immature stages ofBactrocera oleae(Diptera: Tephritidae) in traditional olive groves from north-eastern Portugal. Biocontrol Science and Technology, 2012, 22, 837-854.	1.3	12
24	Influence of fruit traits on oviposition preference of the olive fly, Bactrocera oleae (Rossi) (Diptera:) Tj ETQq0 0 0 rgBT /Overlock 10 Tf 50 Scientia Horticulturae, 2012, 145, 127-135.	3.6	31
25	The use of the cumulative degree-days to predict olive fly, Bactrocera oleae (Rossi), activity in traditional olive groves from the northeast of Portugal. Journal of Pest Science, 2011, 84, 187-197.	3.7	14
26	Identification of predatorâ€“prey relationships between coccinellids and Saissetia oleae (Hemiptera:) Tj ETQq0 0 0 rgBT /Overlock 10 Tf 82, 101-108.	3.7	8
27	Evaluation of the effects, on canopy arthropods, of two agricultural management systems to control pests in olive groves from north-east of Portugal. Chemosphere, 2007, 67, 131-139.	8.2	56
28	Egg parasitoids of the genus Trichogramma (Hymenoptera, Trichogrammatidae) in olive groves of the Mediterranean region. Biological Control, 2007, 40, 48-56.	3.0	24
29	Entomopathogenic fungi in Portuguese vineyards soils: suggesting a â€˜Galleria-Tenebrio-bait methodâ€™ as bait-insects Galleria and Tenebrio significantly underestimate the respective recoveries of Metarhizium (robertsii) and Beauveria (bassiana). MycoKeys, 0, 38, 1-23.	1.9	4