## Gary M Marsh

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Слру М Марсн

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Updated Italian cohort data continues to confirm lack of mesothelioma risk in pooled cohort of international cosmetic talc miners and millers. Inhalation Toxicology, 2022, 34, 135-144.	1.6	7
2	A quantitative weight of evidence assessment of Hill's guidelines for causal inference for cosmetic talc as a cause of mesothelioma. Toxicology and Applied Pharmacology, 2021, 417, 115461.	2.8	5
3	Mortality Patterns Among Industrial Workers Exposed to Chloroprene and Other Substances. Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2021, 63, 126-138.	1.7	0
4	Absence of mesothelioma risk maintained in an expanded international cohort of cosmetic talc miners and millers. Inhalation Toxicology, 2020, 32, 257-264.	1.6	9
5	Confidence interval function analysis to evaluate the risk of mesothelioma among an expanded international cohort of cosmetic talc miners and millers. Regulatory Toxicology and Pharmacology, 2020, 115, 104696.	2.7	7
6	Systematic review and meta-analysis of epidemiological literature evaluating the association between exposure to man-made vitreous fibers and respiratory tract cancers. Regulatory Toxicology and Pharmacology, 2020, 112, 104585.	2.7	4
7	Occupational exposures to cosmetic talc and risk of mesothelioma: an updated pooled cohort and statistical power analysis with consideration of latency period. Inhalation Toxicology, 2019, 31, 213-223.	1.6	11
8	Mortality among United States aerospace materials manufacturing workers. American Journal of Industrial Medicine, 2019, 62, 192-204.	2.1	0
9	Considerations for refining the risk assessment process for formaldehyde: Results from an interdisciplinary workshop. Regulatory Toxicology and Pharmacology, 2019, 106, 210-223.	2.7	19
10	New insights into the mortality risk from nasopharyngeal cancer in the national cancer institute formaldehyde worker cohort study. Journal of Occupational Medicine and Toxicology, 2019, 14, 4.	2.2	10
11	Response to letters regarding "Occupational exposures to cosmetic talc and risk of mesothelioma: an updated pooled cohort and statistical power analysis with consideration of latency period― Inhalation Toxicology, 2019, 31, 387-391.	1.6	1
12	Response to letters regarding "Cosmetic talc as a risk factor for pleural mesothelioma: a weight of evidence evaluation of the epidemiology― Inhalation Toxicology, 2018, 30, 1-4.	1.6	4
13	Systemic inflammatory markers associated with cardiovascular disease and acute and chronic exposure to fine particulate matter air pollution (PM2.5) among US NHANES adults with metabolic syndrome. Environmental Research, 2018, 161, 485-491.	7.5	73
14	Complex antioxidants in a randomized single-blinded study of memory in seniors. Aging Clinical and Experimental Research, 2018, 30, 395-405.	2.9	3
15	The influence of demographic, physical, behavioral, and dietary factors on hemoglobin adduct levels of acrylamide and glycidamide in the general U.S. population. Critical Reviews in Food Science and Nutrition, 2018, 58, 700-710.	10.3	13
16	Improvement in racial disparities in years of life lost in the USA since 1990. PLoS ONE, 2018, 13, e0194308.	2.5	7
17	Environmental lead and childhood blood lead levels in US children: NHANES, 1999–2006. Archives of Environmental and Occupational Health, 2017, 72, 70-78.	1.4	21
18	Non-occupational exposure to asbestos and risk of pleural mesothelioma: review and meta-analysis. Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2017, 74, 838-846.	2.8	53

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19	Mortality Among Hardmetal Production Workers. Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2017, 59, e282-e287.	1.7	13
20	Mortality Among Hardmetal Production Workers. Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2017, 59, e306-e326.	1.7	14
21	Mortality Among Hardmetal Production Workers. Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2017, 59, e342-e364.	1.7	15
22	Cosmetic talc as a risk factor for pleural mesothelioma: a weight of evidence evaluation of the epidemiology. Inhalation Toxicology, 2017, 29, 179-185.	1.6	24
23	Revisiting Nonresidential Environmental Exposures and Childhood Lead Poisoning in the US: Findings from Kansas, 2000–2005. Journal of Environmental and Public Health, 2016, 2016, 1-8.	0.9	8
24	Dust and Cobalt Levels in the Austrian Tungsten Industry: Workplace and Human Biomonitoring Data. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2016, 13, 931.	2.6	13
25	Patterns and trends in accidental poisoning death rates in the US, 1979–2014. Preventive Medicine, 2016, 89, 317-323.	3.4	24
26	Using spatio-temporal modeling for exposure assessment in an investigation of fine particulate air pollution and cardiovascular mortality. Environmental Research, 2016, 151, 564-572.	7.5	22
27	A review of the carcinogenic potential of glyphosate by four independent expert panels and comparison to the IARC assessment. Critical Reviews in Toxicology, 2016, 46, 3-20.	3.9	89
28	Glyphosate epidemiology expert panel review: a weight of evidence systematic review of the relationship between glyphosate exposure and non-Hodgkin's lymphoma or multiple myeloma. Critical Reviews in Toxicology, 2016, 46, 28-43.	3.9	49
29	An updated re-analysis of the mortality risk from nasopharyngeal cancer in the National Cancer Institute formaldehyde worker cohort study. Journal of Occupational Medicine and Toxicology, 2016, 11, 8.	2.2	9
30	Patterns and Trends in Accidental Poisoning Deaths: Pennsylvania's Experience 1979-2014. PLoS ONE, 2016, 11, e0151655.	2.5	10
31	Methodological Challenges in the Statistical Analysis of Epidemiology Studies: use of Average Exposure Metrics in Historical Cohort Designs. Open Medicine Journal, 2016, 3, 238-242.	0.7	0
32	How Well Do Raters Agree on the Development Stage of Caenorhabditis elegans?. PLoS ONE, 2015, 10, e0132365.	2.5	2
33	Outcomes of a Seven Practice Pilot in a Pay-for-Performance (P4P)-Based Program in Pennsylvania. Journal of Racial and Ethnic Health Disparities, 2015, 2, 139-148.	3.2	6
34	Mortality Among Chemical Plant Workers Exposed to Acrylonitrile. Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2015, 57, 134-145.	1.7	18
35	0269â€An International Historical Cohort Study of Workers in the Hard-Metal Industry: Mid-Study Epidemiology Update. Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2014, 71, A96.4-A97.	2.8	3
36	Issues of methods and interpretation in the National Cancer Institute formaldehyde cohort study. Journal of Occupational Medicine and Toxicology, 2014, 9, 22.	2.2	8

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37	0050â€An International Historical Cohort Study of Workers in the Hard-Metal Industry: Exposure Assessment. Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2014, 71, A65.2-A65.	2.8	3
38	Long-Term Health Experience of Jet Engine Manufacturing Workers. Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2013, 55, 709-721.	1.7	1
39	Long-Term Health Experience of Jet Engine Manufacturing Workers. Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2013, 55, 676-689.	1.7	4
40	Long-Term Health Experience of Jet Engine Manufacturing Workers. Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2013, 55, 654-675.	1.7	8
41	Long-Term Health Experience of Jet Engine Manufacturing Workers. Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2013, 55, 652-653.	1.7	0
42	Long-Term Health Experience of Jet Engine Manufacturing Workers. Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2013, 55, 690-708.	1.7	2
43	Letter to the editor in response to Finkelstein et al. (2012). Inhalation Toxicology, 2012, 24, 141-142.	1.6	0
44	Product stewardship and science: Safe manufacture and use of fiber glass. Regulatory Toxicology and Pharmacology, 2012, 62, 257-277.	2.7	29
45	Initial and Continued Adherence With Bladder Cancer Screening in an Occupationally Exposed Cohort. Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2011, 53, 455-460.	1.7	5
46	Fiber glass exposure and human respiratory system cancer risk: Lack of evidence persists since 2001 IARC re-evaluation. Regulatory Toxicology and Pharmacology, 2011, 60, 84-92.	2.7	17
47	Asbestos fiber concentrations in the lungs of brake repair workers: commercial amphiboles levels are predictive of chrysotile levels. Inhalation Toxicology, 2011, 23, 681-688.	1.6	16
48	Incomplete follow-up in the National Cancer Institute's formaldehyde worker study and the impact on subsequent reanalyses and causal evaluations. Regulatory Toxicology and Pharmacology, 2010, 58, 233-236.	2.7	15
49	Long-Term Health Experience of Jet Engine Manufacturing Workers: III. Incidence of Malignant Central Nervous System Neoplasms. Neuroepidemiology, 2010, 35, 123-141.	2.3	6
50	Long-Term Health Experience of Jet Engine Manufacturing Workers: IV. A Comparison of Central Nervous System Cancer Ascertainment Using Mortality and Incidence Data. Annals of Epidemiology, 2010, 20, 759-765.	1.9	3
51	Methodological Issues in a Retrospective Cancer Incidence Study. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2009, 170, 112-119.	3.4	10
52	Mortality patterns among workers exposed to arsenic, cadmium, and other substances in a copper smelter. American Journal of Industrial Medicine, 2009, 52, 633-644.	2.1	19
53	Pharmaceutical Production Workers and the Risks of Mortality From Respiratory System Cancer and Lymphatic and Hematopoietic Tissue Cancers. Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2009, 51, 903-915.	1.7	2
54	Long-term Health Experience of Jet Engine Manufacturing Workers: II. Total and Cause-Specific Mortality Excluding Central Nervous System Neoplasms. Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2008, 50, 1117-1129.	1.7	9

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55	Long-Term Health Experience of Jet Engine Manufacturing Workers: I. Mortality From Central Nervous System Neoplasms. Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2008, 50, 1099-1116.	1.7	8
56	Mortality Patterns Among Workers Exposed to Acrylamide: Updated Follow Up. Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2007, 49, 82-95.	1.7	47
57	Classification of worker exposures. Chemico-Biological Interactions, 2007, 166, 245-253.	4.0	13
58	Chemical process based reconstruction of exposures for an epidemiological study. Chemico-Biological Interactions, 2007, 166, 254-263.	4.0	10
59	Chemical process-based reconstruction of exposures for an epidemiological study. Chemico-Biological Interactions, 2007, 166, 264-276.	4.0	11
60	Mortality patterns among industrial workers exposed to chloroprene and other substances. Chemico-Biological Interactions, 2007, 166, 285-300.	4.0	12
61	Mortality patterns among industrial workers exposed to chloroprene and other substances. Chemico-Biological Interactions, 2007, 166, 301-316.	4.0	16
62	Chemical process based reconstruction of exposures for an epidemiological study. Chemico-Biological Interactions, 2007, 166, 277-284.	4.0	10
63	Mis-specified and non-robust mortality risk models for nasopharyngeal cancer in the National Cancer Institute formaldehyde worker cohort study. Regulatory Toxicology and Pharmacology, 2007, 47, 59-67.	2.7	36
64	Work in the metal industry and nasopharyngeal cancer mortality among formaldehyde-exposed workers. Regulatory Toxicology and Pharmacology, 2007, 48, 308-319.	2.7	70
65	Employment as a Welder and Parkinson Disease Among Heavy Equipment Manufacturing Workers. Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2006, 48, 1031-1046.	1.7	33
66	Underascertainment of Deaths using Social Security Records: A Recommended Solution to a Little-Known Problem. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2005, 162, 193-194.	3.4	35
67	Reevaluation of mortality risks from nasopharyngeal cancer in the formaldehyde cohort study of the National Cancer Institute. Regulatory Toxicology and Pharmacology, 2005, 42, 275-283.	2.7	46
68	Mortality patterns among workers in a US pharmaceutical production plant. Annals of Epidemiology, 2005, 15, 112-122.	1.9	5
69	Re: Mortality From Lymphohematopoietic Malignancies Among Workers in Formaldehyde Industries. Journal of the National Cancer Institute, 2004, 96, 966-967.	6.3	4
70	A Risk Assessment for Occupational Acrylonitrile Exposure Using Epidemiology Data. Risk Analysis, 2004, 24, 587-601.	2.7	18
71	Reevaluation of mortality risks from leukemia in the formaldehyde cohort study of the National Cancer Institute. Regulatory Toxicology and Pharmacology, 2004, 40, 113-124.	2.7	38
72	A method for imputing missing data in longitudinal studies*1. Annals of Epidemiology, 2004, 14, 354-361.	1.9	9

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73	A 50-Year Historical Cohort Mortality Study of Workers in a Pharmaceutical Plant. Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2004, 46, 161-166.	1.7	4
74	Historical Cohort Study of U.S. Man-Made Vitreous Fiber Production Workers IX: Summary of 1992 Mortality Follow Up and Analysis of Respiratory System Cancer Among Female Workers. Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2004, 46, 55-67.	1.7	23
75	The Drake Health Registry Study: Findings from fifteen years of continuous bladder cancer screening. American Journal of Industrial Medicine, 2003, 43, 142-148.	2.1	23
76	The Drake Health Registry Study: Cause-specific mortality experience of workers potentially exposed to beta-naphthylamine. American Journal of Industrial Medicine, 2003, 44, 282-290.	2.1	14
77	The Role of Smoking and Exposure to Asbestos and Man-Made Vitreous Fibers in a Questionable Case of Mesothelioma. Industrial Health, 2003, 41, 332-334.	1.0	1
78	Pharyngeal cancer mortality among chemical plant workers exposed to formaldehyde. Toxicology and Industrial Health, 2002, 18, 257-268.	1.4	33
79	Bladder cancer among chemical workers exposed to nitrogen products and other substances. American Journal of Industrial Medicine, 2002, 42, 286-295.	2.1	11
80	Historical Cohort Study of USMan-Made Vitreous Fiber Production Workers. Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2002, 44, 107-108.	1.7	0
81	Utilizing Multiple Vital Status Tracing Services Optimizes Mortality Follow-up in Large Cohort Studies. Annals of Epidemiology, 2001, 11, 292-296.	1.9	32
82	Historical Cohort Study of US Man-Made Vitreous Fiber Production Workers: I. 1992 Fiberglass Cohort Follow-Up: Initial Findings. Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2001, 43, 741-756.	1.7	56
83	Historical Cohort Study of US Man-Made Vitreous Fiber Production Workers: V. Tobacco-Smoking Habits. Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2001, 43, 793-802.	1.7	20
84	Historical Cohort Study of US Man-Made Vitreous Fiber Production Workers: VII. Overview of the Exposure Assessment. Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2001, 43, 809-823.	1.7	21
85	Historical Cohort Study of US Man-Made Vitreous Fiber Production Workers: III. Analysis of Exposure-Weighted Measures of Respirable Fibers and Formaldehyde in the Nested Case-Control Study of Respiratory System Cancer. Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2001, 43, 767-778.	1.7	21
86	Historical Cohort Study of US Man-Made Vitreous Fiber Production Workers: VIII. Exposure-Specific Job Analysis. Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2001, 43, 824-834.	1.7	23
87	Historical Cohort Study of US Man-Made Vitreous Fiber Production Workers: IV. Quantitative Exposure-Response Analysis of the Nested Case-Control Study of Respiratory System Cancer. Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2001, 43, 779-792.	1.7	29
88	Historical Cohort Study of US Man-Made Vitreous Fiber Production Workers: II. Mortality From Mesothelioma. Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2001, 43, 757-766.	1.7	48
89	Historical Cohort Study of US Man-Made Vitreous Fiber Production Workers: VI. Respiratory System Cancer Standardized Mortality Ratios Adjusted for the Confounding Effect of Cigarette Smoking. Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2001, 43, 803-808.	1.7	32
90	Reevaluation of lung cancer risk in the acrylonitrile cohort study of the National Cancer Institute and the National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health. Scandinavian Journal of Work, Environment and Health, 2001, 27, 5-13.	3.4	30

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91	Mortality among chemical plant workers exposed to acrylonitrile and other substances. , 1999, 36, 423-436.		20
92	OCMAP-PLUS: A Program for the Comprehensive Analysis of Occupational Cohort Data. Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 1998, 40, 351-362.	1.7	145
93	A case-control study of hematopoietic and lymphoid neoplasms: The role of work in the chemical industry. , 1997, 31, 21-27.		25
94	A Two-Stage Protocol Verifying Vital Status in Large Historical Cohort Studies. Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 1997, 39, 1097-1102.	1.7	19
95	Evaluation issues in the drake chemical workers notification and health registry study. American Journal of Industrial Medicine, 1993, 23, 197-204.	2.1	8
96	LUNG CANCER MORTALITY AMONG INDUSTRIAL WORKERS EXPOSED TO FORMALDEHYDE: A POISSON REGRESSION ANALYSIS OF THE NATIONAL CANCER INSTITUTE STUDY. AIHA Journal, 1992, 53, 681-691.	0.4	15
97	A comparative ecological study of selected cancers in Kanawha County, West Virginia. American Journal of Industrial Medicine, 1992, 21, 235-251.	2.1	4
98	Mortality patterns among petroleum refinery and chemical plant workers. American Journal of Industrial Medicine, 1991, 19, 29-42.	2.1	51
99	Drake chemical workers' health registry study: I. Notification and medical surveillance of a group of workers at high risk of developing bladder cancer. American Journal of Industrial Medicine, 1991, 19, 291-301.	2.1	17
100	Mortality among a Cohort of US Man- Made Mineral Fiber Workers: 1985 Follow- Up. Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 1990, 32, 594-604.	1.7	93
101	Simultaneous Statistical Inference Concerning the Standardized Mortality Ratios (SMB) of Several Strata in an Epidemiologic Study. Biometrical Journal, 1990, 32, 107-123.	1.0	2
102	A Protocol for Bladder Cancer Screening and Medical Surveillance among High-Risk Groups: The Drake Health Registry Experience. Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 1990, 32, 881-886.	1.7	17
103	Asymptotic Interval Estimation of Some Cause-Specific Mortality Risk Measures in Epidemiologic Studies. Biometrical Journal, 1989, 31, 461-475.	1.0	2
104	Multistage Modeling of Lung Cancer Mortality Among Arsenic-Exposed Copper-Smelter Workers. Risk Analysis, 1989, 9, 551-563.	2.7	25
105	Mortality Patterns among Workers Exposed to Acrylamide. Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 1989, 31, 614-617.	1.7	106
106	Direct methods of obtaining information on cigarette smoking in occupational studies. American Journal of Industrial Medicine, 1988, 13, 71-103.	2.1	19
107	A Strategy for Merging and Analyzing Work History Data in Industry-Wide Occupational Epidemiological Studies. AIHA Journal, 1987, 48, 414-419.	0.4	10
108	Approximate Methodologies for Proportional Mortality Analyses in Epidemiologic Studies Involving Competing Risks of Death Regardless of their Covariance Structure. Biometrical Journal, 1987, 29, 525-540.	1.0	2

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109	Whole Body Vibration - A Critical Review. AIHA Journal, 1984, 45, 162-167.	0.4	21
110	Respiratory Disease Among Workers Exposed to Man-made Mineral Fibers1–3. The American Review of Respiratory Disease, 1983, 128, 1-7.	2.9	119