

Ursula J Buchholz

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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93
papers

6,895
citations

71102

41
h-index

62596

80
g-index

96
all docs

96
docs citations

96
times ranked

6683
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Elicitation of pneumovirus-specific B cell responses by a prefusion-stabilized respiratory syncytial virus F subunit vaccine. <i>Science Translational Medicine</i> , 2022, 14, .	12.4	7
2	Intranasal immunization with avian paramyxovirus type 3 expressing SARS-CoV-2 spike protein protects hamsters against SARS-CoV-2. <i>Npj Vaccines</i> , 2022, 7, .	6.0	7
3	Live-attenuated Vaccines Prevent Respiratory Syncytial Virus-associated Illness in Young Children. <i>American Journal of Respiratory and Critical Care Medicine</i> , 2021, 203, 594-603.	5.6	37
4	Rescue of codon-pair deoptimized respiratory syncytial virus by the emergence of genomes with very large internal deletions that complemented replication. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2021, 118, .	7.1	6
5	Proposal for Human Respiratory Syncytial Virus Nomenclature below the Species Level. <i>Emerging Infectious Diseases</i> , 2021, 27, 1-9.	4.3	20
6	2021 Taxonomic update of phylum Negarnaviricota (Riboviria: Orthornavirae), including the large orders Bunyavirales and Mononegavirales. <i>Archives of Virology</i> , 2021, 166, 3513-3566.	2.1	62
7	Interprotomer disulfide-stabilized variants of the human metapneumovirus fusion glycoprotein induce high titer-neutralizing responses. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2021, 118, .	7.1	20
8	A single intranasal dose of a live-attenuated parainfluenza virus-vectored SARS-CoV-2 vaccine is protective in hamsters. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2021, 118, .	7.1	43
9	Reversion mutations in phosphoprotein P of a codon-pair-deoptimized human respiratory syncytial virus confer increased transcription, immunogenicity, and genetic stability without loss of attenuation. <i>PLoS Pathogens</i> , 2021, 17, e1010191.	4.7	5
10	Safety and Immunogenicity of the Respiratory Syncytial Virus Vaccine RSV/NS2/1313/11314L in RSV-Seronegative Children. <i>Journal of Infectious Diseases</i> , 2020, 222, 82-91.	4.0	33
11	Type I IFN ineffectively activates neonatal dendritic cells limiting respiratory antiviral T-cell responses. <i>Mucosal Immunology</i> , 2020, 13, 371-380.	6.0	15
12	Live Respiratory Syncytial Virus Attenuated by M2-2 Deletion and Stabilized Temperature Sensitivity Mutation 1030s Is a Promising Vaccine Candidate in Children. <i>Journal of Infectious Diseases</i> , 2020, 221, 534-543.	4.0	28
13	A Parainfluenza Virus Vector Expressing the Respiratory Syncytial Virus (RSV) Prefusion F Protein Is More Effective than RSV for Boosting a Primary Immunization with RSV. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2020, 95, .	3.4	12
14	2020 taxonomic update for phylum Negarnaviricota (Riboviria: Orthornavirae), including the large orders Bunyavirales and Mononegavirales. <i>Archives of Virology</i> , 2020, 165, 3023-3072.	2.1	184
15	Optimization of the Codon Pair Usage of Human Respiratory Syncytial Virus Paradoxically Resulted in Reduced Viral Replication In Vivo and Reduced Immunogenicity. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2020, 94, .	3.4	13
16	Live-Attenuated Respiratory Syncytial Virus Vaccine With M2-2 Deletion and With Small Hydrophobic Noncoding Region Is Highly Immunogenic in Children. <i>Journal of Infectious Diseases</i> , 2020, 221, 2050-2059.	4.0	31
17	The alpha-1 subunit of the Na ⁺ ,K ⁺ -ATPase (ATP1A1) is required for macropinocytic entry of respiratory syncytial virus (RSV) in human respiratory epithelial cells. <i>PLoS Pathogens</i> , 2019, 15, e1007963.	4.7	29
18	Lack of Activation Marker Induction and Chemokine Receptor Switch in Human Neonatal Myeloid Dendritic Cells in Response to Human Respiratory Syncytial Virus. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2019, 93, .	3.4	5

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19	Taxonomy of the order Mononegavirales: second update 2018. <i>Archives of Virology</i> , 2019, 164, 1233-1244.	2.1	70
20	Attenuation of Human Respiratory Viruses by Synonymous Genome Recoding. <i>Frontiers in Immunology</i> , 2019, 10, 1250.	4.8	28
21	Live-Attenuated Respiratory Syncytial Virus Vaccine With Deletion of RNA Synthesis Regulatory Protein M2-2 and Cold Passage Mutations Is Overattenuated. <i>Open Forum Infectious Diseases</i> , 2019, 6, ofz212.	0.9	17
22	Taxonomy of the order Mononegavirales: update 2019. <i>Archives of Virology</i> , 2019, 164, 1967-1980.	2.1	224
23	Effects of Alterations to the CX3C Motif and Secreted Form of Human Respiratory Syncytial Virus (RSV) G Protein on Immune Responses to a Parainfluenza Virus Vector Expressing the RSV G Protein. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2019, 93, .	3.4	20
24	Live Respiratory Syncytial Virus (RSV) Vaccine Candidate Containing Stabilized Temperature-Sensitivity Mutations Is Highly Attenuated in RSV-Seronegative Infants and Children. <i>Journal of Infectious Diseases</i> , 2018, 217, 1338-1346.	4.0	46
25	Live-Attenuated Respiratory Syncytial Virus Vaccine Candidate With Deletion of RNA Synthesis Regulatory Protein M2-2 is Highly Immunogenic in Children. <i>Journal of Infectious Diseases</i> , 2018, 217, 1347-1355.	4.0	55
26	Evaluation of a Live Attenuated Human Metapneumovirus Vaccine in Adults and Children. <i>Journal of the Pediatric Infectious Diseases Society</i> , 2018, 7, 86-89.	1.3	31
27	Differential Responses by Human Respiratory Epithelial Cell Lines to Respiratory Syncytial Virus Reflect Distinct Patterns of Infection Control. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2018, 92, .	3.4	44
28	Murine Pneumonia Virus Expressing the Fusion Glycoprotein of Human Respiratory Syncytial Virus from an Added Gene Is Highly Attenuated and Immunogenic in Rhesus Macaques. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2018, 92, .	3.4	9
29	The respiratory syncytial virus vaccine landscape: lessons from the graveyard and promising candidates. <i>Lancet Infectious Diseases</i> , The, 2018, 18, e295-e311.	9.1	355
30	Respiratory syncytial virus infection induces a subset of types I and III interferons in human dendritic cells. <i>Virology</i> , 2017, 504, 63-72.	2.4	24
31	Attenuated Human Parainfluenza Virus Type 1 Expressing Ebola Virus Glycoprotein GP Administered Intranasally Is Immunogenic in African Green Monkeys. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2017, 91, .	3.4	13
32	Genetic stability of genome-scale deoptimized RNA virus vaccine candidates under selective pressure. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2017, 114, E386-E395.	7.1	41
33	A novel host factor for human respiratory syncytial virus. <i>Communicative and Integrative Biology</i> , 2017, 10, e1319025.	1.4	14
34	Multicolor Stimulated Emission Depletion (STED) Microscopy to Generate High-resolution Images of Respiratory Syncytial Virus Particles and Infected Cells. <i>Bio-protocol</i> , 2017, 7, .	0.4	15
35	Human metapneumovirus Induces Reorganization of the Actin Cytoskeleton for Direct Cell-to-Cell Spread. <i>PLoS Pathogens</i> , 2016, 12, e1005922.	4.7	61
36	Actin-Related Protein 2 (ARP2) and Virus-Induced Filopodia Facilitate Human Respiratory Syncytial Virus Spread. <i>PLoS Pathogens</i> , 2016, 12, e1006062.	4.7	59

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37	TLR4 genotype and environmental LPS mediate RSV bronchiolitis through Th2 polarization. <i>Journal of Clinical Investigation</i> , 2015, 125, 571-582.	8.2	103
38	Evaluation of a Live-Attenuated Human Parainfluenza Type 1 Vaccine in Adults and Children. <i>Journal of the Pediatric Infectious Diseases Society</i> , 2015, 4, e143-e146.	1.3	21
39	Respiratory Syncytial Virus-Induced Host IFN Signaling Differs Between A549 and BEAS-2B Epithelial Cell Lines. <i>Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology</i> , 2015, 135, AB9.	2.9	2
40	A gene deletion that up-regulates viral gene expression yields an attenuated RSV vaccine with improved antibody responses in children. <i>Science Translational Medicine</i> , 2015, 7, 312ra175.	12.4	93
41	A Comprehensive Proteomic View of Responses of A549 Type II Alveolar Epithelial Cells to Human Respiratory Syncytial Virus Infection. <i>Molecular and Cellular Proteomics</i> , 2014, 13, 3250-3269.	3.8	28
42	Chimeric Bovine/Human Parainfluenza Virus Type 3 Expressing Respiratory Syncytial Virus (RSV) F Glycoprotein: Effect of Insert Position on Expression, Replication, Immunogenicity, Stability, and Protection against RSV Infection. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2014, 88, 4237-4250.	3.4	27
43	Human Metapneumovirus SH and G Glycoproteins Inhibit Macropinocytosis-Mediated Entry into Human Dendritic Cells and Reduce CD4+ T Cell Activation. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2014, 88, 6453-6469.	3.4	21
44	Attenuation of human respiratory syncytial virus by genome-scale codon-pair deoptimization. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2014, 111, 13169-13174.	7.1	113
45	Recombinant bovine respiratory syncytial virus with deletion of the SH gene induces increased apoptosis and pro-inflammatory cytokines in vitro, and is attenuated and induces protective immunity in calves. <i>Journal of General Virology</i> , 2014, 95, 1244-1254.	2.9	37
46	RSV-encoded NS2 promotes epithelial cell shedding and distal airway obstruction. <i>Journal of Clinical Investigation</i> , 2014, 124, 2219-2233.	8.2	92
47	Safety and infectivity of two doses of live-attenuated recombinant cold-passaged human parainfluenza type 3 virus vaccine rHPIV3cp45 in HPIV3-seronegative young children. <i>Vaccine</i> , 2013, 31, 5706-5712.	3.8	41
48	Attenuation of Live Respiratory Syncytial Virus Vaccines Is Associated With Reductions in Levels of Nasal Cytokines. <i>Journal of Infectious Diseases</i> , 2013, 207, 1773-1779.	4.0	10
49	Experimental Infection of Adults With Recombinant Wild-Type Human Metapneumovirus. <i>Journal of Infectious Diseases</i> , 2013, 208, 1669-1678.	4.0	29
50	Live-Attenuated Respiratory Syncytial Virus Vaccines. <i>Current Topics in Microbiology and Immunology</i> , 2013, 372, 259-284.	1.1	116
51	Respiratory Syncytial Virus Modified by Deletions of the NS2 Gene and Amino Acid S1313 of the L Polymerase Protein Is a Temperature-Sensitive, Live-Attenuated Vaccine Candidate That Is Phenotypically Stable at Physiological Temperature. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2013, 87, 1985-1996.	3.4	66
52	Evaluation of the Replication, Pathogenicity, and Immunogenicity of Avian Paramyxovirus (APMV) Serotypes 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, and 9 in Rhesus Macaques. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2013, 8, e75456.	2.5	10
53	Potential Electrostatic Interactions in Multiple Regions Affect Human Metapneumovirus F-Mediated Membrane Fusion. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2012, 86, 9843-9853.	3.4	26
54	Human Metapneumovirus (HMPV) Binding and Infection Are Mediated by Interactions between the HMPV Fusion Protein and Heparan Sulfate. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2012, 86, 3230-3243.	3.4	86

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55	Increased Genetic and Phenotypic Stability of a Promising Live-Attenuated Respiratory Syncytial Virus Vaccine Candidate by Reverse Genetics. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2012, 86, 10792-10804.	3.4	42
56	Evaluation of Pneumonia Virus of Mice as a Possible Human Pathogen. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2012, 86, 5829-5843.	3.4	10
57	The Human Respiratory Syncytial Virus Nonstructural Protein 1 Regulates Type I and Type II Interferon Pathways. <i>Molecular and Cellular Proteomics</i> , 2012, 11, 108-127.	3.8	45
58	Both Nonstructural Proteins NS1 and NS2 of Pneumonia Virus of Mice are Inhibitors of the Interferon Type I and Type III Responses In Vivo. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2011, 85, 4071-4084.	3.4	22
59	Respiratory Syncytial Virus Interferon Antagonist NS1 Protein Suppresses and Skews the Human T Lymphocyte Response. <i>PLoS Pathogens</i> , 2011, 7, e1001336.	4.7	98
60	Low CCR7-Mediated Migration of Human Monocyte Derived Dendritic Cells in Response to Human Respiratory Syncytial Virus and Human Metapneumovirus. <i>PLoS Pathogens</i> , 2011, 7, e1002105.	4.7	44
61	The Open Reading Frame 3a Protein of Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome-Associated Coronavirus Promotes Membrane Rearrangement and Cell Death. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2010, 84, 1097-1109.	3.4	119
62	Effects of Human Respiratory Syncytial Virus, Metapneumovirus, Parainfluenza Virus 3 and Influenza Virus on CD4+ T Cell Activation by Dendritic Cells. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2010, 5, e15017.	2.5	34
63	Low-pH Triggering of Human Metapneumovirus Fusion: Essential Residues and Importance in Entry. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2009, 83, 1511-1522.	3.4	68
64	A Chimeric A2 Strain of Respiratory Syncytial Virus (RSV) with the Fusion Protein of RSV Strain Line 19 Exhibits Enhanced Viral Load, Mucus, and Airway Dysfunction. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2009, 83, 4185-4194.	3.4	144
65	Deletion of Nonstructural Proteins NS1 and NS2 from Pneumonia Virus of Mice Attenuates Viral Replication and Reduces Pulmonary Cytokine Expression and Disease. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2009, 83, 1969-1980.	3.4	22
66	Infection and maturation of monocyte-derived human dendritic cells by human respiratory syncytial virus, human metapneumovirus, and human parainfluenza virus type 3. <i>Virology</i> , 2009, 385, 169-182.	2.4	58
67	Codon stabilization analysis of the α 248 temperature sensitive mutation for increased phenotypic stability of respiratory syncytial virus vaccine candidates. <i>Vaccine</i> , 2009, 27, 5667-5676.	3.8	27
68	Nonstructural Proteins 1 and 2 of Respiratory Syncytial Virus Suppress Maturation of Human Dendritic Cells. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2008, 82, 8780-8796.	3.4	100
69	Frequent Frameshift and Point Mutations in the SH Gene of Human Metapneumovirus Passaged In Vitro. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2007, 81, 6057-6067.	3.4	34
70	Identification of a Novel Virulence Factor in Recombinant Pneumonia Virus of Mice. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2007, 81, 9490-9501.	3.4	20
71	Mapping and Characterization of the Primary and Anamnestic H-2 ^d -Restricted Cytotoxic T-Lymphocyte Response in Mice against Human Metapneumovirus. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2007, 81, 11461-11467.	3.4	28
72	Individual contributions of the human metapneumovirus F, G, and SH surface glycoproteins to the induction of neutralizing antibodies and protective immunity. <i>Virology</i> , 2006, 345, 492-501.	2.4	113

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73	Modification of the Trypsin-Dependent Cleavage Activation Site of the Human Metapneumovirus Fusion Protein To Be Trypsin Independent Does Not Increase Replication or Spread in Rodents or Nonhuman Primates. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2006, 80, 5798-5806.	3.4	41
74	Recovery of Avian Metapneumovirus Subgroup C from cDNA: Cross-Recognition of Avian and Human Metapneumovirus Support Proteins. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2006, 80, 5790-5797.	3.4	26
75	Live vaccines for human metapneumovirus designed by reverse genetics. <i>Expert Review of Vaccines</i> , 2006, 5, 695-706.	4.4	26
76	Rapid human metapneumovirus microneutralization assay based on green fluorescent protein expression. <i>Journal of Virological Methods</i> , 2005, 128, 192-197.	2.1	87
77	Chimeric Recombinant Human Metapneumoviruses with the Nucleoprotein or Phosphoprotein Open Reading Frame Replaced by That of Avian Metapneumovirus Exhibit Improved Growth In Vitro and Attenuation In Vivo. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2005, 79, 15114-15122.	3.4	54
78	Deletion of M2 Gene Open Reading Frames 1 and 2 of Human Metapneumovirus: Effects on RNA Synthesis, Attenuation, and Immunogenicity. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2005, 79, 6588-6597.	3.4	91
79	Infection of Nonhuman Primates with Recombinant Human Metapneumovirus Lacking the SH, G, or M2-2 Protein Categorizes Each as a Nonessential Accessory Protein and Identifies Vaccine Candidates. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2005, 79, 12608-12613.	3.4	147
80	Contributions of the structural proteins of severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus to protective immunity. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2004, 101, 9804-9809.	7.1	372
81	Recombinant Human Metapneumovirus Lacking the Small Hydrophobic SH and/or Attachment G Glycoprotein: Deletion of G Yields a Promising Vaccine Candidate. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2004, 78, 12877-12887.	3.4	192
82	The Two Major Human Metapneumovirus Genetic Lineages Are Highly Related Antigenically, and the Fusion (F) Protein Is a Major Contributor to This Antigenic Relatedness. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2004, 78, 6927-6937.	3.4	162
83	Recovery of human metapneumovirus from cDNA: optimization of growth in vitro and expression of additional genes. <i>Virology</i> , 2004, 321, 247-259.	2.4	122
84	Mucosal immunisation of African green monkeys (<i>Cercopithecus aethiops</i>) with an attenuated parainfluenza virus expressing the SARS coronavirus spike protein for the prevention of SARS. <i>Lancet</i> , The, 2004, 363, 2122-2127.	13.7	252
85	A novel protein expression strategy using recombinant bovine respiratory syncytial virus (BRSV): modifications of the peptide sequence between the two furin cleavage sites of the BRSV fusion protein yield secreted proteins, but affect processing and function of the BRSV fusion protein. <i>Journal of General Virology</i> , 2004, 85, 1815-1824.	2.9	12
86	Genetic diversity between human metapneumovirus subgroups. <i>Virology</i> , 2003, 315, 1-9.	2.4	219
87	Mucosal Immunization with Live Recombinant Bovine Respiratory Syncytial Virus (BRSV) and Recombinant BRSV Lacking the Envelope Glycoprotein G Protects against Challenge with Wild-Type BRSV. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2002, 76, 12355-12359.	3.4	31
88	Chimeric Bovine Respiratory Syncytial Virus with Attachment and Fusion Glycoproteins Replaced by Bovine Parainfluenza Virus Type 3 Hemagglutinin-Neuraminidase and Fusion Proteins. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2001, 75, 9367-9377.	3.4	17
89	Recombinant bovine respiratory syncytial virus with deletions of the G or SH genes: G and F proteins bind heparin. <i>Journal of General Virology</i> , 2001, 82, 631-640.	2.9	71
90	Chimeric Bovine Respiratory Syncytial Virus with Glycoprotein Gene Substitutions from Human Respiratory Syncytial Virus (HRSV): Effects on Host Range and Evaluation as a Live-Attenuated HRSV Vaccine. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2000, 74, 1187-1199.	3.4	66

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91	Bovine Respiratory Syncytial Virus Nonstructural Proteins NS1 and NS2 Cooperatively Antagonize Alpha/Beta Interferon-Induced Antiviral Response. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2000, 74, 8234-8242.	3.4	217
92	Generation of Bovine Respiratory Syncytial Virus (BRSV) from cDNA: BRSV NS2 Is Not Essential for Virus Replication in Tissue Culture, and the Human RSV Leader Region Acts as a Functional BRSV Genome Promoter. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 1999, 73, 251-259.	3.4	888
93	Generation of recombinant lentogenic Newcastle disease virus from cDNA. <i>Journal of General Virology</i> , 1999, 80, 2987-2995.	2.9	148