

Monica J Roth

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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430874

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docs citations

69
times ranked

1026
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#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	A common binding motif in the ET domain of BRD3 forms polymorphic structural interfaces with host and viral proteins. <i>Structure</i> , 2021, 29, 886-898.e6.	3.3	16
2	Disrupting MLV integrase: BET protein interaction biases integration into quiescent chromatin and delays but does not eliminate tumor activation in a MYC/Runx2 mouse model. <i>PLoS Pathogens</i> , 2019, 15, e1008154.	4.7	10
3	X-ray crystal structure of the N-terminal region of Moloney murine leukemia virus integrase and its implications for viral DNA recognition. <i>Proteins: Structure, Function and Bioinformatics</i> , 2017, 85, 647-656.	2.6	9
4	Repression of the Chromatin-Tethering Domain of Murine Leukemia Virus p12. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2016, 90, 11197-11207.	3.4	12
5	Phosphorylation Requirement of Murine Leukemia Virus p12. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2016, 90, 11208-11219.	3.4	16
6	Role of Cysteines in Stabilizing the Randomized Receptor Binding Domains within Feline Leukemia Virus Envelope Proteins. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2016, 90, 2971-2980.	3.4	2
7	Structural and sequencing analysis of local target DNA recognition by MLV integrase. <i>Nucleic Acids Research</i> , 2015, 43, 5647-5663.	14.5	26
8	Bimodal high-affinity association of Brd4 with murine leukemia virus integrase and mononucleosomes. <i>Nucleic Acids Research</i> , 2014, 42, 4868-4881.	14.5	37
9	Altering murine leukemia virus integration through disruption of the integrase and BET protein family interaction. <i>Nucleic Acids Research</i> , 2014, 42, 5917-5928.	14.5	63
10	MLV based viral-like-particles for delivery of toxic proteins and nuclear transcription factors. <i>Biomaterials</i> , 2014, 35, 8416-8426.	11.4	17
11	Gene delivery in a mouse xenograft of a retargeted retrovirus to a solid 143B osteosarcoma. <i>Virology Journal</i> , 2013, 10, 194.	3.4	2
12	Development of an enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay based on the murine leukemia virus p30 capsid protein. <i>Journal of Virological Methods</i> , 2013, 193, 332-336.	2.1	8
13	Library screening and receptor-directed targeting of gammaretroviral vectors. <i>Future Microbiology</i> , 2013, 8, 107-121.	2.0	8
14	BET proteins target murine leukemia virus integration to transcription start sites. <i>Retrovirology</i> , 2013, 10, .	2.0	0
15	Crosslinking and mass spectrometry suggest that the isolated NTD domain dimer of Moloney murine leukemia virus integrase adopts a parallel arrangement in solution. <i>BMC Structural Biology</i> , 2013, 13, 14.	2.3	2
16	Viral DNA tethering domains complement replication-defective mutations in the p12 protein of MuLV Gag. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2013, 110, 9487-9492.	7.1	49
17	BET proteins promote efficient murine leukemia virus integration at transcription start sites. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2013, 110, 12036-12041.	7.1	185
18	Antibody-Directed Lentiviral Gene Transduction for Live-Cell Monitoring and Selection of Human iPS and hES Cells. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2012, 7, e34778.	2.5	17

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19	MuLV IN mutants responsive to HDAC inhibitors enhance transcription from unintegrated retroviral DNA. <i>Virology</i> , 2012, 426, 188-196.	2.4	28
20	Comparison of the convergent receptor utilization of a retargeted feline leukemia virus envelope with a naturally-occurring porcine endogenous retrovirus A. <i>Virology</i> , 2012, 427, 118-126.	2.4	9
21	Expression of an Mg ²⁺ -Dependent HIV-1 RNase H Construct for Drug Screening. <i>Antimicrobial Agents and Chemotherapy</i> , 2011, 55, 4735-4741.	3.2	3
22	Efficient condensed-phase production of perdeuterated soluble and membrane proteins. <i>Journal of Structural and Functional Genomics</i> , 2010, 11, 143-154.	1.2	18
23	Antibody-directed lentiviral gene transduction in early immature hematopoietic progenitor cells. <i>Journal of Gene Medicine</i> , 2010, 12, 945-955.	2.8	17
24	Single-round selection yields a unique retroviral envelope utilizing GPR172A as its host receptor. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2009, 106, 5848-5853.	7.1	16
25	The MuLV 4070A G541R Env mutation decreases the stability and alters the conformation of the TM ectodomain. <i>Virology</i> , 2008, 371, 165-174.	2.4	1
26	Murine leukemia virus reverse transcriptase: Structural comparison with HIV-1 reverse transcriptase. <i>Virus Research</i> , 2008, 134, 186-202.	2.2	55
27	Characterization of the long-terminal repeat single-strand tail-binding site of Moloney-MuLV integrase by crosslinking. <i>Biological Research</i> , 2008, 41, .	3.4	2
28	Identification of a retroviral receptor used by an Envelope protein derived by peptide library screening. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2007, 104, 11032-11037.	7.1	20
29	Selection of feline leukemia virus envelope proteins from a library by functional association with a murine leukemia virus envelope. <i>Virology</i> , 2006, 351, 340-348.	2.4	11
30	Crystal structures of oligonucleotides including the integrase processing site of the Moloney murine leukemia virus. <i>Nucleic Acids Research</i> , 2006, 34, 5353-5360.	14.5	11
31	Revealing Domain Structure through Linker-Scanning Analysis of the Murine Leukemia Virus (MuLV) RNase H and MuLV and Human Immunodeficiency Virus Type 1 Integrase Proteins. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2006, 80, 9497-9510.	3.4	23
32	823. SLC350F2 Transporter Protein Is the Receptor Targeted by a Library-Selected Retroviral Envelope. <i>Molecular Therapy</i> , 2006, 13, S319.	8.2	0
33	Alteration and Analyses of Viral Entry with Library-Derived Peptides. <i>Advances in Virus Research</i> , 2005, 65, 147-172.	2.1	7
34	Probing Sequence Variation in the Receptor-Targeting Domain of Feline Leukemia Virus Envelope Proteins with Peptide Display Libraries. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2005, 79, 1463-1469.	3.4	19
35	Expression of the C-terminus of HIV-1 reverse transcriptase p66 and p51 subunits as a single polypeptide with RNase H activity. <i>Protein Engineering, Design and Selection</i> , 2004, 17, 581-587.	2.1	6
36	Lysine Directed Cross-Linking of Viral DNA-RNA:DNA Hybrid Substrate to the Isolated RNase H Domain of HIV-1 Reverse Transcriptase. <i>Biochemistry</i> , 2004, 43, 1302-1308.	2.5	3

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37	Functional interaction between the N- and C-terminal domains of murine leukemia virus surface envelope protein. <i>Virology</i> , 2003, 310, 130-140.	2.4	7
38	Identification of conformational and cold-sensitive mutations in the MuLV Envelope protein. <i>Virology</i> , 2003, 312, 337-349.	2.4	4
39	Molecular analysis of a recombinant M-MuLV/RaLV retrovirus. <i>Virology</i> , 2003, 315, 195-208.	2.4	3
40	Differential multimerization of Moloney murine leukemia virus integrase purified under nondenaturing conditions. <i>Virology</i> , 2003, 316, 146-160.	2.4	12
41	Inhibition of Moloney Murine Leukemia Virus Integration Using Polyamides Targeting the Long-Terminal Repeat Sequences. <i>Biochemistry</i> , 2003, 42, 6249-6258.	2.5	14
42	G541R within the 4070A TM Protein Regulates Fusion in Murine Leukemia Viruses. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2003, 77, 12011-12021.	3.4	8
43	G100R Mutation within 4070A Murine Leukemia Virus Env Increases Virus Receptor Binding, Kinetics of Entry, and Viral Transduction Efficiency. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2003, 77, 739-743.	3.4	6
44	Targeting a Retroviral Vector in the Absence of a Known Cell-Targeting Ligand. <i>Human Gene Therapy</i> , 2003, 14, 1557-1564.	2.7	36
45	Role of the Mutation Q252R in Activating Membrane Fusion in the Murine Leukemia Virus Surface Envelope Protein. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2003, 77, 10841-10849.	3.4	9
46	Altering Retroviral Tropism Using a Random-Display Envelope Library. <i>Molecular Therapy</i> , 2002, 5, 329-335.	8.2	38
47	Inserting a Nuclear Targeting Signal into a Replication-Competent Moloney Murine Leukemia Virus Affects Viral Export and Is Not Sufficient for Cell Cycle-Independent Infection. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2002, 76, 8475-8484.	3.4	11
48	Substitution of Asp114 or Arg116 in the Fingers Domain of Moloney Murine Leukemia Virus Reverse Transcriptase Affects Interactions with the Template-primer Resulting in Decreased Processivity. <i>Journal of Molecular Biology</i> , 2001, 305, 341-359.	4.2	14
49	Assays for Retroviral RNase H. <i>Methods in Enzymology</i> , 2001, 341, 440-452.	1.0	0
50	Mutational Analysis of the N-Terminus of Moloney Murine Leukemia Virus Integrase. <i>Virology</i> , 2001, 291, 32-45.	2.4	7
51	Assembly and Catalysis of Concerted Two-End Integration Events by Moloney Murine Leukemia Virus Integrase. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2001, 75, 9561-9570.	3.4	20
52	Functional Characterization of the N Termini of Murine Leukemia Virus Envelope Proteins. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2001, 75, 4357-4366.	3.4	13
53	Differential Effects of C-Terminal Molecular Tagged Integrase on Replication Competent Moloney Murine Leukemia Virus. <i>Virology</i> , 2000, 274, 412-419.	2.4	6
54	Comparison of Second-Strand Transfer Requirements and RNase H Cleavages Catalyzed by Human Immunodeficiency Virus Type 1 Reverse Transcriptase (RT) and E478Q RT. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2000, 74, 9668-9679.	3.4	5

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55	Second-Site Changes Affect Viability of Amphotropic/Ecotropic Chimeric Enveloped Murine Leukemia Viruses. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2000, 74, 899-913.	3.4	31
56	Functional Interactions of the HHCC Domain of Moloney Murine Leukemia Virus Integrase Revealed by Nonoverlapping Complementation and Zinc-Dependent Dimerization. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 1999, 73, 1809-1817.	3.4	17
57	RNase H Requirements for the Second Strand Transfer Reaction of Human Immunodeficiency Virus Type 1 Reverse Transcription. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 1999, 73, 6573-6581.	3.4	34
58	Implication of a Central Cysteine Residue and the HHCC Domain of Moloney Murine Leukemia Virus Integrase Protein in Functional Multimerization. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 1998, 72, 1691-1698.	3.4	15
59	Sequence Requirements for Removal of tRNA by an Isolated Human Immunodeficiency Virus Type 1 RNase H Domain. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 1998, 72, 6805-6812.	3.4	11
60	Analysis of Mutations within the Cytoplasmic Domain of the Moloney Murine Leukemia Virus Transmembrane Protein. <i>Virology</i> , 1997, 227, 305-313.	2.4	15
61	RNase H Cleavage of tRNA ^{Pro} Mediated by M-MuLV and HIV-1 Reverse Transcriptases. <i>Virology</i> , 1997, 229, 437-446.	2.4	34
62	Analysis of Cysteine Mutations on the Transmembrane Protein of Moloney Murine Leukemia Virus. <i>Virology</i> , 1995, 211, 285-289.	2.4	25
63	Divalent cation modulation of the ribonuclease functions of human immunodeficiency virus reverse transcriptase. <i>Biochemistry</i> , 1995, 34, 9936-9943.	2.5	84
64	Analysis of a Temperature-Sensitive Mutation Affecting the Integration Protein of Moloney Murine Leukemia Virus. <i>Virology</i> , 1993, 192, 673-678.	2.4	13
65	An insertion mutation in the pol gene of moloney murine leukemia virus results in temperature-sensitive pol maturation and viral replication. <i>Virology</i> , 1989, 170, 378-384.	2.4	9
66	Structure of the termini of DNA intermediates in the integration of retroviral DNA: Dependence on IN function and terminal DNA sequence. <i>Cell</i> , 1989, 58, 47-54.	28.9	338
67	Gene product of moloney murine leukemia virus required for proviral integration is a DNA-binding protein. <i>Journal of Molecular Biology</i> , 1988, 203, 131-139.	4.2	63