David W Kaufman

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

90 papers

9,488 citations

42 h-index 83 g-index

92 all docs 92 docs citations 92 times ranked 7395 citing authors

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	COLLABORATIONS, COLLEAGUES AND FRIENDSHIPS: THE HEMATOLOGY BRANCH AND BLOOD DISEASE CENTERS IN ASIA. Seminars in Hematology, 2022, 59, 6-12.	3.4	O
2	Fiveâ€year trends in acetaminophen use exceeding the recommended daily maximum dose. British Journal of Clinical Pharmacology, 2019, 85, 1028-1034.	2.4	5
3	Diagnosis, Risk Factors, Outcomes, and Evaluation of Invasive Candida Infections. , 2019, , 69-85.		O
4	Prevalence of exceeding maximum daily dose of paracetamol, and seasonal variations in coldâ€flu season. British Journal of Clinical Pharmacology, 2018, 84, 1250-1257.	2.4	16
5	Exceeding the daily dosing limit of nonsteroidal antiâ€inflammatory drugs among ibuprofen users. Pharmacoepidemiology and Drug Safety, 2018, 27, 322-331.	1.9	27
6	Exceeding the maximum daily dose of acetaminophen with use of different single-ingredient OTC formulations. Journal of the American Pharmacists Association: JAPhA, 2018, 58, 499-504.	1.5	6
7	Knowledge of dosing directions among current users of acetaminophen-containing medications. Journal of the American Pharmacists Association: JAPhA, 2018, 58, 492-498.	1.5	7
8	Relation of Health Literacy to Exceeding the Labeled Maximum Daily Dose of Acetaminophen. American Journal of Preventive Medicine, 2016, 50, e183-e190.	3.0	13
9	Patterns of acetaminophen medication use associated with exceeding the recommended maximum daily dose. Pharmacoepidemiology and Drug Safety, 2015, 24, 915-921.	1.9	17
10	Changes in the Incidence of Candidiasis in Neonatal Intensive Care Units. Pediatrics, 2014, 133, 236-242.	2.1	115
11	Prevalence and correlates of exceeding the labeled maximum dose of acetaminophen among adults in a U.S.â€based internet survey. Pharmacoepidemiology and Drug Safety, 2012, 21, 1280-1288.	1.9	33
12	Commonly used antihypertensives and lower urinary tract symptoms: results from the Boston Area Community Health (BACH) Survey. BJU International, 2012, 109, 1676-1684.	2.5	43
13	Seasonal variation of Stevens-Johnson syndrome and toxic epidermal necrolysis associated with trimethoprim-sulfamethoxazole. Journal of the American Academy of Dermatology, 2011, 64, 1193-1194.	1.2	4
14	Vitamin, Fluoride, and Iron Use among US Children Younger than 12 Years of Age: Results from the Slone Survey 1998-2007. Journal of the American Dietetic Association, 2011, 111, 285-289.	1.1	6
15	Factors Related to Colonization with <i>Oxalobacter formigenes</i> in U.S. Adults. Journal of Endourology, 2011, 25, 673-679.	2.1	70
16	Risk of Aplastic Anemia and Pesticide and Other Chemical Exposures. Asia-Pacific Journal of Public Health, 2011, 23, 369-377.	1.0	23
17	Classification of the myelodysplastic syndrome in a national registry of recently diagnosed patients. Leukemia Research, 2010, 34, 939-941.	0.8	5
18	General exposures to prescription medications by race/ethnicity in a populationâ€based sample: results from the Boston Area Community Health Survey. Pharmacoepidemiology and Drug Safety, 2010, 19, 384-392.	1.9	17

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19	Medication Use Among Children & Some Survey. Pediatrics, 2009, 124, 446-454.	2.1	148
20	Incidence and non-drug aetiologies of aplastic anaemia in Thailand. European Journal of Haematology, 2009, 57, 31-34.	2.2	1
21	Ex-drinking may be a surrogate for unmeasured risk factors for upper gastrointestinal bleeding: reappraisal and an additional survey of subjects from a case–control study in Japan. European Journal of Epidemiology, 2009, 24, 143-147.	5.7	5
22	Risk factors for leukemia in Thailand. Annals of Hematology, 2009, 88, 1079-1088.	1.8	24
23	Emergency department visits attributed to selected analgesics, United States, 2004–2005. Pharmacoepidemiology and Drug Safety, 2009, 18, 188-195.	1.9	18
24	Medications as Risk Factors of Stevens-Johnson Syndrome and Toxic Epidermal Necrolysis in Children: A Pooled Analysis. Pediatrics, 2009, 123, e297-e304.	2.1	226
25	Use of Alkylating Agents Among Patients with Multiple Myeloma in a National Registry, 2006-2008 Blood, 2009, 114, 4941-4941.	1.4	0
26	Prevalence and characteristics of opioid use in the US adult population. Pain, 2008, 138, 507-513.	4.2	269
27	Interpretation of Associations in Pharmacoepidemiology. Seminars in Hematology, 2008, 45, 181-188.	3.4	4
28	Cough and Cold Medication Use by US Children, 1999–2006: Results From the Slone Survey. Pediatrics, 2008, 122, e323-e329.	2.1	92
29	Oxalobacter formigenes May Reduce the Risk of Calcium Oxalate Kidney Stones. Journal of the American Society of Nephrology: JASN, 2008, 19, 1197-1203.	6.1	251
30	Fluconazole Prophylaxis Decreases the Combined Outcome of Invasive <i>Candida</i> Infections or Mortality in Preterm Infants. Pediatrics, 2008, 122, 1158-1159.	2.1	34
31	Pseudoephedrine Use Among US Children, 1999-2006: Results From the Slone Survey. Pediatrics, 2008, 122, 1299-1304.	2.1	24
32	The epidemiology of acquired aplastic anemia. Haematologica, 2008, 93, 489-492.	3.5	156
33	Patterns of Treatment among Patients with Recently-Diagnosed Myelodysplastic Syndromes in a National Registry, 2006–2008. Blood, 2008, 112, 876-876.	1.4	3
34	Attitudes toward Participation in Research, New Treatments, and Medication Side Effects among Multiple Myeloma and Myelodysplastic Syndrome Patients - The Patient Registries at Slone: Myeloma & MDS Blood, 2007, 110, 3325-3325.	1.4	0
35	The epidemiology of aplastic anemia in Thailand. Blood, 2006, 107, 1299-1307.	1.4	156
36	Case-control study on the association of upper gastrointestinal bleeding and nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs in Japan. European Journal of Clinical Pharmacology, 2006, 62, 765-772.	1.9	129

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37	Relative incidence of agranulocytosis and aplastic anemia. American Journal of Hematology, 2006, 81, 65-67.	4.1	46
38	Changing Incidence of Candida Bloodstream Infections Among NICU Patients in the United States: 1995-2004. Pediatrics, 2006, 117, 1680-1687.	2.1	245
39	Non–Contrast-Enhanced Computerized Tomography and Analgesic-Related Kidney Disease: Report of the National Analgesic Nephropathy Study. Journal of the American Society of Nephrology: JASN, 2006, 17, 1472-1480.	6.1	21
40	Use of Herbal/Natural Supplements According to Racial/Ethnic Group. Journal of Alternative and Complementary Medicine, 2006, 12, 555-561.	2.1	33
41	Are Cyclooxygenase-2 Inhibitors Being Taken Only by Those Who Need Them?. Archives of Internal Medicine, 2005, 165, 1066.	3.8	6
42	Use of postmenopausal hormone therapy since the Women's Health Initiative findings. Pharmacoepidemiology and Drug Safety, 2005, 14, 837-842.	1.9	44
43	Recent Trends in Use of Herbal and Other Natural Products. Archives of Internal Medicine, 2005, 165, 281.	3.8	235
44	Final Results of the Thai-NHLBI Epidemiological Study of Aplastic Anemia Blood, 2004, 104, 2814-2814.	1.4	0
45	The risk of Stevens-Johnson syndrome and toxic epidermal necrolysis associated with nonsteroidal antiinflammatory drugs: a multinational perspective. Journal of Rheumatology, 2003, 30, 2234-40.	2.0	52
46	Recent Patterns of Medication Use in the Ambulatory Adult Population of the United States. JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association, 2002, 287, 337.	7.4	1,552
47	The fellow eye in naion: report from the ischemic optic neuropathy decompression trial follow-up study. American Journal of Ophthalmology, 2002, 134, 317-328.	3.3	284
48	Aplastic anemia in Brazil: Incidence and risk factors. American Journal of Hematology, 2002, 71, 268-274.	4.1	29
49	Fluconazole Prophylaxis against Fungal Colonization and Infection in Preterm Infants. New England Journal of Medicine, 2001, 345, 1660-1666.	27.0	508
50	Signal generation and clarification: use of case-control data. Pharmacoepidemiology and Drug Safety, 2001, 10, 197-203.	1.9	20
51	Acetylsalicylic acid and other salicylates in relation to Stevens–Johnson syndrome and toxic epidermal necrolysis. British Journal of Clinical Pharmacology, 2001, 51, 174-176.	2.4	8
52	Estimating risks for matching factors in case-control studies. Journal of Clinical Epidemiology, 2000, 53, 251-256.	5.0	2
53	Epidemiological assessment of drug-induced disease. Lancet, The, 2000, 356, 1339-1343.	13.7	91
54	The Risk of Acute Major Upper Gastrointestinal Bleeding Among Users of Aspirin and Ibuprofen at Various Levels of Alcohol Consumption. American Journal of Gastroenterology, 1999, 94, 3189-3196.	0.4	97

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55	Regional patterns in the incidence of aplastic anemia in Thailand. American Journal of Hematology, 1999, 61, 164-168.	4.1	32
56	Major upper gastrointestinal bleeding and the use of calcium channel blockers. Lancet, The, 1999, 353, 559.	13.7	20
57	Regional patterns in the incidence of aplastic anemia in Thailand. American Journal of Hematology, 1999, 61, 164-168.	4.1	1
58	Relation of aplastic anaemia to use of chloramphenicol eye drops in two international case-control studies. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 1998, 316, 666-666.	2.3	54
59	Use of household pesticides and the risk of aplastic anaemia in Thailand. The Aplastic Anemia Study Group. International Journal of Epidemiology, 1997, 26, 643-650.	1.9	15
60	Association of seropositivity for hepatitis viruses and aplastic anemia in Thailand. Hepatology, 1997, 25, 1255-1257.	7.3	13
61	Aminopyrine and blood dyscrasias. , 1997, 6, 292-292.		1
62	Risk of aspirin-associated major upper-gastrointestinal bleeding with enteric-coated or buffered product. Lancet, The, 1996, 348, 1413-1416.	13.7	395
63	Drugs in the aetiology of agranulocytosis and aplastic anaemia. European Journal of Haematology, 1996, 57, 23-30.	2.2	103
64	An epidemiological study of aplastic anaemia: relationship of drug exposures to clinical features and outcome. European Journal of Haematology, 1996, 57, 47-52.	2.2	2
65	An association of aplastic anaemia in Thailand with low socioeconomic status. British Journal of Haematology, 1995, 91, 80-84.	2.5	34
66	An international collaborative case-control study of severe cutaneous adverse reactions (SCAR). Design and methods. Journal of Clinical Epidemiology, 1995, 48, 1099-1108.	5.0	70
67	Medication Use and the Risk of Stevens–Johnson Syndrome or Toxic Epidermal Necrolysis. New England Journal of Medicine, 1995, 333, 1600-1608.	27.0	1,320
68	Epidemiologic Approaches to the Study of Toxic Epidermal Necrolysis Journal of Investigative Dermatology, 1994, 102, 31S-33S.	0.7	21
69	Nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drug use in relation to major upper gastrointestinal bleeding. Clinical Pharmacology and Therapeutics, 1993, 53, 485-494.	4.7	123
70	Endometrial Cancer and Age at Last Delivery: Evidence for an Association. American Journal of Epidemiology, 1991, 133, 554-559.	3.4	34
71	Risks of agranulocytosis and aplastic anemia in relation to the use of cardiovascular drugs: The International Agranulocytosis and Aplastic Anemia Study. Clinical Pharmacology and Therapeutics, 1991, 49, 330-341.	4.7	51
72	RELIABILITY OF PERSONAL INTERVIEW DATA IN A HOSPITAL-BASED CASE-CONTROL STUDY. American Journal of Epidemiology, 1990, 131, 79-90.	3.4	113

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73	Case-Control Study of Idiopathic Retinal Detachment. International Journal of Epidemiology, 1990, 19, 1045-1050.	1.9	50
74	ORAL CONTRACEPTIVE USE AND LIVER CANCER. American Journal of Epidemiology, 1989, 130, 878-882.	3.4	83
75	NONCONTRACEPTIVE ESTROGEN USE AND EPITHELIAL OVARIAN CANCER. American Journal of Epidemiology, 1989, 130, 1142-1151.	3.4	88
76	DOES GALLBLADDER REMOVAL PROTECT AGAINST SUBSEQUENT MYOCARDIAL INFARCTION?. American Journal of Epidemiology, 1986, 124, 420-427.	3.4	16
77	THE RISK OF MYOCARDIAL INFARCTION 10 OR MORE YEARS AFTER VASECTOMY IN MEN UNDER 55 YEARS OF AGE1. American Journal of Epidemiology, 1986, 123, 1049-1056.	3.4	24
78	Evidence for an increased risk of Crohn's disease in oral contraceptive users. Gastroenterology, 1985, 89, 1046-1049.	1.3	74
79	ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES AND MYOCARDIAL INFARCTION IN YOUNG MEN1. American Journal of Epidemiology, 1985, 121, 548-554.	3.4	34
80	Cigarette Smoking and the Risk of Endometrial Cancer. New England Journal of Medicine, 1985, 313, 593-596.	27.0	168
81	Risk of Localized and Widespread Endometrial Cancer in Relation to Recent and Discontinued Use of Conjugated Estrogens. New England Journal of Medicine, 1985, 313, 969-972.	27.0	210
82	The Risk of Myocardial Infarction after Quitting Smoking in Men under 55 Years of Age. New England Journal of Medicine, 1985, 313, 1511-1514.	27.0	322
83	Breast Cancer and Cigarette Smoking. New England Journal of Medicine, 1984, 310, 92-94.	27.0	49
84	Nicotine and Carbon Monoxide Content of Cigarette Smoke and the Risk of Myocardial Infarction in Young Men. New England Journal of Medicine, 1983, 308, 409-413.	27.0	111
85	Risk of Myocardial Infarction in Relation to Current and Discontinued Use of Oral Contraceptives. New England Journal of Medicine, 1981, 305, 420-424.	27.0	189
86	Recent and Past Use of Conjugated Estrogens in Relation to Adenocarcinoma of the Endometrium. New England Journal of Medicine, 1980, 303, 485-489.	27.0	131
87	Thiazides and Acute Cholecystitis. New England Journal of Medicine, 1980, 303, 546-548.	27.0	45
88	Decreased Risk of Endometrial Cancer among Oral-Contraceptive Users. New England Journal of Medicine, 1980, 303, 1045-1047.	27.0	125
89	Cigarette Smoking in Relation to the Risk of Myocardial infarction in Young Women. Modifying Influence of Age and Predisposing Factors. International Journal of Epidemiology, 1980, 9, 57-63.	1.9	26
90	Relation of Cigarette Smoking to Myocardial Infarction in Young Women. New England Journal of Medicine, 1978, 298, 1273-1276.	27.0	121