

Todd M Palmer

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

93
papers

9,577
citations

81434

41
h-index

53065

89
g-index

95
all docs

95
docs citations

95
times ranked

13901
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	A soil-nesting invasive ant disrupts carbon dynamics in saplings of a foundational ant-plant. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , 2022, 110, 359-373.	1.9	5
2	Ecological consequences of large herbivore exclusion in an African savanna: 12 years of data from the UHURU experiment. <i>Ecology</i> , 2022, 103, e3649.	1.5	6
3	Demographic consequences of mutualism disruption: Browsing and big-headed ant invasion drive acacia population declines. <i>Ecology</i> , 2022, 103, e3655.	1.5	6
4	Frenemy at the gate: Invasion by <i>Pheidole megacephala</i> facilitates a competitively subordinate plant ant in Kenya. <i>Ecology</i> , 2021, 102, e03230.	1.5	4
5	Density dependence and the spread of invasive big-headed ants (<i>Pheidole megacephala</i>) in an East African savanna. <i>Oecologia</i> , 2021, 195, 667-676.	0.9	7
6	Mutualism disruption by an invasive ant reduces carbon fixation for a foundational East African ant-plant. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2021, 24, 1052-1062.	3.0	7
7	Mussels drive polychlorinated biphenyl (PCB) biomagnification in a coastal food web. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2021, 11, 9180.	1.6	9
8	Experimental evidence that effects of megaherbivores on mesoherbivore space use are influenced by species' traits. <i>Journal of Animal Ecology</i> , 2021, 90, 2510-2522.	1.3	7
9	Large herbivores transform plant-pollinator networks in an African savanna. <i>Current Biology</i> , 2021, 31, 2964-2971.e5.	1.8	10
10	Large herbivores suppress liana infestation in an African savanna. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2021, 118, .	3.3	10
11	Using photography to estimate above-ground biomass of small trees. <i>Journal of Tropical Ecology</i> , 2020, 36, 213-219.	0.5	3
12	Strong but opposing effects of associational resistance and susceptibility on defense phenotype in an African savanna plant. <i>Oikos</i> , 2019, 128, 1772-1782.	1.2	9
13	Predator-induced collapse of niche structure and species coexistence. <i>Nature</i> , 2019, 570, 58-64.	13.7	109
14	Large mammals generate both top-down effects and extended trophic cascades on floral-visitor assemblages. <i>Journal of Tropical Ecology</i> , 2019, 35, 185-198.	0.5	4
15	Left out in the cold: temperature-dependence of defense in an African ant-plant mutualism. <i>Ecology</i> , 2019, 100, e02712.	1.5	9
16	Aridity weakens population-level effects of multiple species interactions on <i>Hibiscus meyeri</i> . <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2018, 115, 543-548.	3.3	28
17	Economy of scale: third partner strengthens a keystone ant-plant mutualism. <i>Ecology</i> , 2018, 99, 335-346.	1.5	11
18	Change in dominance determines herbivore effects on plant biodiversity. <i>Nature Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2018, 2, 1925-1932.	3.4	140

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19	What explains tick proliferation following large-herbivore exclusion?. <i>Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , 2018, 285, 20180612.	1.2	0
20	Conservation lessons from large-mammal manipulations in East African savannas: the KLEE, UHURU, and GLADE experiments. <i>Annals of the New York Academy of Sciences</i> , 2018, 1429, 31-49.	1.8	53
21	Good neighbors make good defenses: associational refuges reduce defense investment in African savanna plants. <i>Ecology</i> , 2018, 99, 1724-1736.	1.5	32
22	Promises and challenges in insect-plant interactions. <i>Entomologia Experimentalis Et Applicata</i> , 2018, 166, 319-343.	0.7	66
23	Habitat-specific AMF symbioses enhance drought tolerance of a native Kenyan grass. <i>Acta Oecologica</i> , 2017, 78, 71-78.	0.5	19
24	Interacting effects of land use and climate on rodent-borne pathogens in central Kenya. <i>Philosophical Transactions of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , 2017, 372, 20160116.	1.8	39
25	Climatic variation modulates the indirect effects of large herbivores on small-mammal habitat use. <i>Journal of Animal Ecology</i> , 2017, 86, 739-748.	1.3	23
26	Impacts of worker density in colony-level aggression, expansion, and survival of the acacia ant <i>Crematogaster mimosae</i> . <i>Ecological Monographs</i> , 2017, 87, 246-259.	2.4	4
27	Influence of neighboring plants on the dynamics of an ant-acacia protection mutualism. <i>Ecology</i> , 2017, 98, 3034-3043.	1.5	9
28	Interacting effects of wildlife loss and climate on ticks and tick-borne disease. <i>Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , 2017, 284, 20170475.	1.2	27
29	Integrating Ecological Complexity into Our Understanding of Ant-Plant Mutualism: Ant-Acacia Interactions in African Savannas. , 2017, , 200-222.		2
30	An invasive ant reduces diversity but does not disrupt a key ecosystem function in an African savanna. <i>Ecosphere</i> , 2016, 7, e01502.	1.0	4
31	Elephants in the understory: opposing direct and indirect effects of consumption and ecosystem engineering by megaherbivores. <i>Ecology</i> , 2016, 97, 3219-3230.	1.5	72
32	Large herbivores promote habitat specialization and beta diversity of African savanna trees. <i>Ecology</i> , 2016, 97, 2640-2657.	1.5	61
33	Effects of entomopathogenic fungus <i>Metarhizium anisopliae</i> on non-target ants associated with <i>Odontotermes</i> spp. (Isoptera: Termitidae) termite mounds in Kenya. <i>International Journal of Tropical Insect Science</i> , 2016, 36, 128-134.	0.4	5
34	Leveraging nature's backup plans to incorporate interspecific interactions and resilience into restoration. <i>Restoration Ecology</i> , 2016, 24, 434-440.	1.4	9
35	The complexity and variable nature of ant-Acacia mutualisms in the African savanna. , 2016, , .		0
36	Synergistic effects of fire and elephants on arboreal animals in an African savanna. <i>Journal of Animal Ecology</i> , 2015, 84, 1637-1645.	1.3	48

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37	Context-dependent effects of large-wildlife declines on small-mammal communities in central Kenya. <i>Ecological Applications</i> , 2015, 25, 348-360.	1.8	47
38	Worldwide evidence of a unimodal relationship between productivity and plant species richness. <i>Science</i> , 2015, 349, 302-305.	6.0	315
39	Accelerated modern human-induced species losses: Entering the sixth mass extinction. <i>Science Advances</i> , 2015, 1, e1400253.	4.7	2,475
40	Recovery of African wild dogs suppresses prey but does not trigger a trophic cascade. <i>Ecology</i> , 2015, 96, 2705-2714.	1.5	47
41	Disruption of a protective ant-plant mutualism by an invasive ant increases elephant damage to savanna trees. <i>Ecology</i> , 2015, 96, 654-661.	1.5	39
42	Mutualism in a community context. , 2015, , 159-180.		20
43	Colonisation and competition dynamics can explain incomplete sterilisation parasitism in ant-plant symbioses. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2014, 17, 1290-1298.	3.0	7
44	Plant and small-mammal responses to large-herbivore exclusion in an African savanna: five years of the UHURU experiment. <i>Ecology</i> , 2014, 95, 787-787.	1.5	18
45	Large carnivores make savanna tree communities less thorny. <i>Science</i> , 2014, 346, 346-349.	6.0	176
46	Low functional redundancy among mammalian browsers in regulating an encroaching shrub (<i>Acacia drepanolobium</i>) in a savanna. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2014, 17, 1290-1298.	1.2	53
47	Seasonal patterns in decomposition and nutrient release from East African savanna grasses grown under contrasting nutrient conditions. <i>Agriculture, Ecosystems and Environment</i> , 2014, 188, 12-19.	2.5	15
48	Mechanisms of plant-plant interactions: concealment from herbivores is more important than abiotic-stress mediation in an African savannah. <i>Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , 2014, 281, 20132647.	1.2	38
49	Polygyny in the nest-site limited acacia-ant <i>Crematogaster mimosae</i> . <i>Insectes Sociaux</i> , 2013, 60, 231-241.	0.7	7
50	A role for indirect facilitation in maintaining diversity in a guild of African acacia ants. <i>Ecology</i> , 2013, 94, 1531-1539.	1.5	15
51	Enough is enough: the effects of symbiotic ant abundance on herbivory, growth, and reproduction in an African acacia. <i>Ecology</i> , 2013, 94, 683-691.	1.5	40
52	Ecological erosion of an Afrotropical forest and potential consequences for tree recruitment and forest biomass. <i>Biological Conservation</i> , 2013, 163, 122-130.	1.9	75
53	Effects of mammalian herbivore declines on plant communities: observations and experiments in an African savanna. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , 2013, 101, 1030-1041.	1.9	89
54	Climatic stress mediates the impacts of herbivory on plant population structure and components of individual fitness. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , 2013, 101, 1074-1083.	1.9	25

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55	Carbohydrate as Fuel for Foraging, Resource Defense and Colony Growth – a Long-term Experiment with the Plant-ant <i>Crematogaster nigriceps</i> . <i>Biotropica</i> , 2013, 45, 620-627.	0.8	14
56	Piecewise Disassembly of a Large-Herbivore Community across a Rainfall Gradient: The UHURU Experiment. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2013, 8, e55192.	1.1	80
57	Skin shedding and tissue regeneration in African spiny mice (<i>Acomys</i>). <i>Nature</i> , 2012, 489, 561-565.	13.7	448
58	The high cost of mutualism: effects of four species of East African ant symbionts on their myrmecophyte host tree. <i>Ecology</i> , 2011, 92, 1073-1082.	1.5	63
59	Reciprocal Rewards Stabilize Cooperation in the Mycorrhizal Symbiosis. <i>Science</i> , 2011, 333, 880-882.	6.0	1,373
60	Cryptic herbivores mediate the strength and form of ungulate impacts on a long-lived savanna tree. <i>Ecology</i> , 2011, 92, 1626-1636.	1.5	54
61	The high cost of mutualism: effects of four species of East African ant symbionts on their myrmecophyte host tree. <i>Ecology</i> , 2011, 92, 1073-1082.	1.5	13
62	Ecological Importance of Large Herbivores in the Ewaso Ecosystem. <i>Smithsonian Contributions To Zoology</i> , 2011, , 43-53.	1.0	19
63	Defensive Plant-Ants Stabilize Megaherbivore-Driven Landscape Change in an African Savanna. <i>Current Biology</i> , 2010, 20, 1768-1772.	1.8	106
64	Large herbivores facilitate savanna tree establishment via diverse and indirect pathways. <i>Journal of Animal Ecology</i> , 2010, 79, 372-382.	1.3	113
65	Mutualisms in a changing world: an evolutionary perspective. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2010, 13, 1459-1474.	3.0	442
66	Termites create spatial structure and govern ecosystem function by affecting N ₂ fixation in an East African savanna. <i>Ecology</i> , 2010, 91, 1296-1307.	1.5	95
67	Termites, vertebrate herbivores, and the fruiting success of <i>Acacia drepanolobium</i> . <i>Ecology</i> , 2010, 91, 399-407.	1.5	63
68	Synergy of multiple partners, including freeloaders, increases host fitness in a multispecies mutualism. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2010, 107, 17234-17239.	3.3	207
69	Spatial Pattern Enhances Ecosystem Functioning in an African Savanna. <i>PLoS Biology</i> , 2010, 8, e1000377.	2.6	198
70	A Comparison of two Sampling Methods for Surveying Mammalian Herbivore Impacts on Beetle Communities in the Canopy of <i>Acacia drepanolobium</i> in Kenya. <i>African Entomology</i> , 2010, 18, 87-98.	0.6	12
71	Breakdown of an Ant-Plant Mutualism Follows the Loss of Large Herbivores from an African Savanna. <i>Science</i> , 2008, 319, 192-195.	6.0	251
72	MUTUALISM AS RECIPROCAL EXPLOITATION: AFRICAN PLANT-ANTS DEFEND FOLIAR BUT NOT REPRODUCTIVE STRUCTURES. <i>Ecology</i> , 2007, 88, 3004-3011.	1.5	66

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73	Consequences of herbivory by native ungulates for the reproduction of a savanna tree. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , 2007, 95, 129-138.	1.9	87
74	Effects of fire on bird diversity and abundance in an East African savanna. <i>African Journal of Ecology</i> , 2006, 44, 165-170.	0.4	21
75	Volatiles in the mandibular gland of <i>Tetraoponera penzigi</i> : A plant ant of the whistling thorn acacia. <i>Biochemical Systematics and Ecology</i> , 2006, 34, 536-538.	0.6	3
76	Ecological barriers to early colony establishment in three coexisting acacia-ant species in Kenya. <i>Insectes Sociaux</i> , 2005, 52, 393-401.	0.7	13
77	Competition and compensation among cattle, zebras, and elephants in a semi-arid savanna in Laikipia, Kenya. <i>Biological Conservation</i> , 2005, 122, 351-359.	1.9	171
78	RELAXATION OF INDUCED INDIRECT DEFENSES OF ACACIAS FOLLOWING EXCLUSION OF MAMMALIAN HERBIVORES. <i>Ecology</i> , 2004, 85, 609-614.	1.5	56
79	Wars of attrition: colony size determines competitive outcomes in a guild of African acacia ants. <i>Animal Behaviour</i> , 2004, 68, 993-1004.	0.8	97
80	SPATIAL HABITAT HETEROGENEITY INFLUENCES COMPETITION AND COEXISTENCE IN AN AFRICAN ACACIA ANT GUILD. <i>Ecology</i> , 2003, 84, 2843-2855.	1.5	127
81	Competition and Coexistence: Exploring Mechanisms That Restrict and Maintain Diversity within Mutualist Guilds. <i>American Naturalist</i> , 2003, 162, S63-S79.	1.0	169
82	COMPETITION–COLONIZATION TRADE-OFFS IN A GUILD OF AFRICAN ACACIA-ANTS. <i>Ecological Monographs</i> , 2002, 72, 347-363.	2.4	90
83	A comparison of volatiles in mandibular glands from three <i>Crematogaster</i> ant symbionts of the whistling thorn acacia. <i>Biochemical Systematics and Ecology</i> , 2002, 30, 217-222.	0.6	26
84	Burning bridges: priority effects and the persistence of a competitively subordinate acacia-ant in Laikipia, Kenya. <i>Oecologia</i> , 2002, 133, 372-379.	0.9	64
85	Title is missing!. <i>Landscape Ecology</i> , 2002, 17, 647-656.	1.9	135
86	Effects of simulated shoot and leaf herbivory on vegetative growth and plant defense in <i>Acacia drepanolobium</i> . <i>Oikos</i> , 2001, 92, 515-521.	1.2	71
87	Short-term dynamics of an acacia ant community in Laikipia, Kenya. <i>Oecologia</i> , 2000, 123, 425-435.	0.9	99
88	Sterilization and canopy modification of a swollen thorn acacia tree by a plant-ant. <i>Nature</i> , 1999, 401, 578-581.	13.7	121
89	KLEE: A long–term multi–species herbivore exclusion experiment in Laikipia, Kenya. <i>African Journal of Range and Forage Science</i> , 1997, 14, 94-102.	0.6	135
90	Bottle or Big-Scale Studies: How do we do Ecology?. <i>Ecology</i> , 1996, 77, 681-685.	1.5	41

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91	The influence of spatial heterogeneity on the behavior and growth of two herbivorous stream insects. <i>Oecologia</i> , 1995, 104, 476-486.	0.9	27
92	OBSERVATIONS ON THE DIETARY CHOICE OF FREE-RANGING JUVENILE OSTRICHES. <i>Ostrich</i> , 1994, 65, 251-255.	0.4	14
93	Pollen Competition and Sporophyte Fitness in <i>Brassica campestris</i> : Does Intense Pollen Competition Result in Individuals with Better Pollen?. <i>Oikos</i> , 1994, 69, 80.	1.2	35