

Christina Kaiser

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: <https://exaly.com/author-pdf/3355728/publications.pdf>

Version: 2024-02-01

33
papers

4,624
citations

186265

28
h-index

330143

37
g-index

45
all docs

45
docs citations

45
times ranked

6598
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Contrasting drivers of belowground nitrogen cycling in a montane grassland exposed to a multifactorial global change experiment with elevated CO ₂ , warming, and drought. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2022, 28, 2425-2441.	9.5	25
2	From diversity to complexity: Microbial networks in soils. <i>Soil Biology and Biochemistry</i> , 2022, 169, 108604.	8.8	67
3	Recently photoassimilated carbon and fungus-delivered nitrogen are spatially correlated in the ectomycorrhizal tissue of <i>Fagus sylvatica</i> . <i>New Phytologist</i> , 2021, 232, 2457-2474.	7.3	19
4	A critical perspective on interpreting amplicon sequencing data in soil ecological research. <i>Soil Biology and Biochemistry</i> , 2021, 160, 108357.	8.8	36
5	Persistence of soil organic carbon caused by functional complexity. <i>Nature Geoscience</i> , 2020, 13, 529-534.	12.9	363
6	Nitrogen and phosphorus constrain the CO ₂ fertilization of global plant biomass. <i>Nature Climate Change</i> , 2019, 9, 684-689.	18.8	269
7	Editorial: Rhizosphere Functioning and Structural Development as Complex Interplay Between Plants, Microorganisms and Soil Minerals. <i>Frontiers in Environmental Science</i> , 2019, 7, .	3.3	19
8	Rapid Transfer of Plant Photosynthates to Soil Bacteria via Ectomycorrhizal Hyphae and Its Interaction With Nitrogen Availability. <i>Frontiers in Microbiology</i> , 2019, 10, 168.	3.5	106
9	Root Exudation of Primary Metabolites: Mechanisms and Their Roles in Plant Responses to Environmental Stimuli. <i>Frontiers in Plant Science</i> , 2019, 10, 157.	3.6	540
10	Recognizing Patterns: Spatial Analysis of Observed Microbial Colonization on Root Surfaces. <i>Frontiers in Environmental Science</i> , 2018, 6, .	3.3	38
11	Microbial temperature sensitivity and biomass change explain soil carbon loss with warming. <i>Nature Climate Change</i> , 2018, 8, 885-889.	18.8	230
12	Synergistic effects of diffusion and microbial physiology reproduce the Birch effect in a micro-scale model. <i>Soil Biology and Biochemistry</i> , 2016, 93, 28-37.	8.8	55
13	Social dynamics within decomposer communities lead to nitrogen retention and organic matter build-up in soils. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2015, 6, 8960.	12.8	80
14	Exploring the transfer of recent plant photosynthates to soil microbes: mycorrhizal pathway vs direct root exudation. <i>New Phytologist</i> , 2015, 205, 1537-1551.	7.3	370
15	Site- and horizon-specific patterns of microbial community structure and enzyme activities in permafrost-affected soils of Greenland. <i>Frontiers in Microbiology</i> , 2014, 5, 541.	3.5	73
16	Microbial community dynamics alleviate stoichiometric constraints during litter decay. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2014, 17, 680-690.	6.4	302
17	Fungal and bacterial utilization of organic substrates depends on substrate complexity and N availability. <i>FEMS Microbiology Ecology</i> , 2014, 87, 142-152.	2.7	108
18	Nitrogen dynamics in Turbic Cryosols from Siberia and Greenland. <i>Soil Biology and Biochemistry</i> , 2013, 67, 85-93.	8.8	78

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
19	Seasonal variation in functional properties of microbial communities in beech forest soil. <i>Soil Biology and Biochemistry</i> , 2013, 60, 95-104.	8.8	131
20	Optimization of Biomass Composition Explains Microbial Growth-Stoichiometry Relationships. <i>American Naturalist</i> , 2011, 177, E29-E42.	2.1	53
21	Seasonality and resource availability control bacterial and archaeal communities in soils of a temperate beech forest. <i>ISME Journal</i> , 2011, 5, 389-402.	9.8	273
22	Microbial processes and community composition in the rhizosphere of European beech—The influence of plant C exudates. <i>Soil Biology and Biochemistry</i> , 2011, 43, 551-558.	8.8	170
23	Plants control the seasonal dynamics of microbial N cycling in a beech forest soil by belowground C allocation. <i>Ecology</i> , 2011, 92, 1036-1051.	3.2	118
24	Plants control the seasonal dynamics of microbial N cycling in a beech forest soil by belowground C allocation. <i>Ecology</i> , 2011, 92, 1036-1051.	3.2	19
25	Negligible contribution from roots to soil-borne phospholipid fatty acid fungal biomarkers 18:2 ω 6,9 and 18:1 ω 9. <i>Soil Biology and Biochemistry</i> , 2010, 42, 1650-1652.	8.8	150
26	Belowground carbon allocation by trees drives seasonal patterns of extracellular enzyme activities by altering microbial community composition in a beech forest soil. <i>New Phytologist</i> , 2010, 187, 843-858.	7.3	337
27	Combining agent-based and stock-flow modelling approaches in a participative analysis of the integrated land system in Reichraming, Austria. <i>Landscape Ecology</i> , 2009, 24, 1149-1165.	4.2	62
28	Initial effects of experimental warming on carbon exchange rates, plant growth and microbial dynamics of a lichen-rich dwarf shrub tundra in Siberia. <i>Plant and Soil</i> , 2008, 307, 191-205.	3.7	126
29	Conservation of soil organic matter through cryoturbation in arctic soils in Siberia. <i>Journal of Geophysical Research</i> , 2007, 112, .	3.3	118
30	Soil carbon and nitrogen dynamics along a latitudinal transect in Western Siberia, Russia. <i>Biogeochemistry</i> , 2006, 81, 239-252.	3.5	27
31	Temperature-dependent shift from labile to recalcitrant carbon sources of arctic heterotrophs. <i>Rapid Communications in Mass Spectrometry</i> , 2005, 19, 1401-1408.	1.5	145
32	Microtopography and Plant-Cover Controls on Nitrogen Dynamics in Hummock Tundra Ecosystems in Siberia. <i>Arctic, Antarctic, and Alpine Research</i> , 2005, 37, 435-443.	1.1	33
33	Storage and mineralization of carbon and nitrogen in soils of a frost-boil tundra ecosystem in Siberia. <i>Applied Soil Ecology</i> , 2005, 29, 173-183.	4.3	40