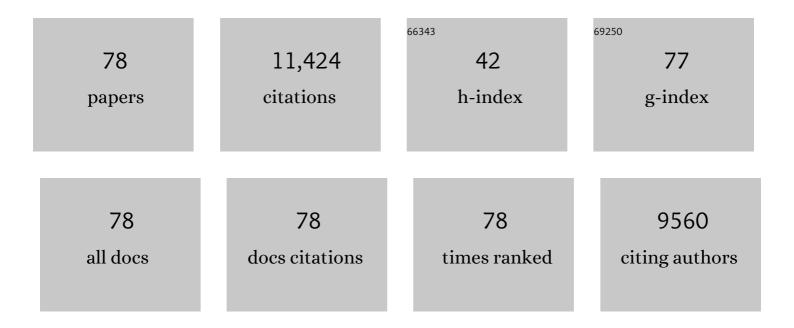
List of Publications by Year in descending order

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Worldwide time trends in prevalence of symptoms of rhinoconjunctivitis in children: Global Asthma Network Phase I. Pediatric Allergy and Immunology, 2022, 33, .	2.6	29
2	Infection with SARSâ€CoVâ€2 among children with asthma: evidence from Global Asthma Network. Pediatric Allergy and Immunology, 2022, 33, .	2.6	8
3	The burden of asthma, hay fever and eczema in children in 25 countries: GAN Phase I study. European Respiratory Journal, 2022, 60, 2102866.	6.7	59
4	The burden of asthma, hay fever and eczema in adults in 17 countries: GAN Phase I study. European Respiratory Journal, 2022, 60, 2102865.	6.7	40
5	Parental education moderates the association between indoor moisture environment and asthma in adolescents: the Greek Global Asthma Network (GAN) cross-sectional study. BMC Public Health, 2022, 22, 597.	2.9	1
6	Parental Education Moderates the Relation between Physical Activity, Dietary Patterns and Atopic Diseases in Adolescents. Children, 2022, 9, 686.	1.5	1
7	Prevalence and risk factors associated with allergic rhinitis in Mexican school children: Global Asthma Network Phase I. World Allergy Organization Journal, 2021, 14, 100492.	3.5	10
8	Prevalence of asthma symptoms and associated factors in adolescents and adults in southern Brazil: A Global Asthma Network Phase I study. World Allergy Organization Journal, 2021, 14, 100529.	3.5	3
9	Parental Education and the Association between Fruit and Vegetable Consumption and Asthma in Adolescents: The Greek Global Asthma Network (GAN) Study. Children, 2021, 8, 304.	1.5	7
10	Exploring the Relation between Atopic Diseases and Lifestyle Patterns among Adolescents Living in Greece: Evidence from the Greek Global Asthma Network (GAN) Cross-Sectional Study. Children, 2021, 8, 932.	1.5	9
11	Worldwide trends in the burden of asthma symptoms in school-aged children: Global Asthma Network Phase I cross-sectional study. Lancet, The, 2021, 398, 1569-1580.	13.7	169
12	Global Asthma Network Phase I Surveillance: Geographical Coverage and Response Rates. Journal of Clinical Medicine, 2020, 9, 3688.	2.4	28
13	Global Asthma Network Phase I study in Mexico: prevalence of asthma symptoms, risk factors and altitude associations—a cross-sectional study. BMJ Open Respiratory Research, 2020, 7, e000658.	3.0	14
14	Comparison of individual-level and population-level risk factors for rhinoconjunctivitis, asthma, and eczema in the International Study of Asthma and Allergies in Childhood (ISAAC) Phase Three. World Allergy Organization Journal, 2020, 13, 100123.	3.5	14
15	Are Environmental Factors for Atopic EczemaÂinÂISAAC Phase Three due to ReverseÂCausation?. Journal of Investigative Dermatology, 2019, 139, 1023-1036.	0.7	15
16	Combined impact of healthy lifestyle factors on risk of asthma, rhinoconjunctivitis and eczema in school children: ISAAC phase III. Thorax, 2019, 74, 531-538.	5.6	18
17	Essential Medicines at the National Level: The Global Asthma Network's Essential Asthma Medicines Survey 2014. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2019, 16, 605.	2.6	14
18	Calling time on asthma deaths in tropical regions—how much longer must people wait for essential medicines?. Lancet Respiratory Medicine,the, 2019, 7, 13-15.	10.7	28

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19	The Global Asthma Network rationale and methods for Phase I global surveillance: prevalence, severity, management and risk factors. European Respiratory Journal, 2017, 49, 1601605.	6.7	113
20	Association between paracetamol use in infancy or childhood with body mass index. Obesity, 2015, 23, 1030-1038.	3.0	5
21	Siblings, asthma, rhinoconjunctivitis and eczema: a worldwide perspective from the International Study of Asthma and Allergies in Childhood. Clinical and Experimental Allergy, 2015, 45, 126-136.	2.9	105
22	Association between breastfeeding and body mass index at age 6–7 years in an international survey. Pediatric Obesity, 2015, 10, 283-287.	2.8	23
23	Respiratory effects in children from passive smoking of cigarettes and <1>narghile 1 : ISAAC Phase Three in Syria. International Journal of Tuberculosis and Lung Disease, 2014, 18, 1279-1284.	1.2	15
24	Birthweight and the risk of atopic diseases: the ISAAC Phase III study. Pediatric Allergy and Immunology, 2014, 25, 264-270.	2.6	17
25	Does migration affect asthma, rhinoconjunctivitis and eczema prevalence? Global findings from the international study of asthma and allergies in childhood. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2014, 43, 1846-1854.	1.9	47
26	Childhood intermittent and persistent rhinitis prevalence and climate and vegetation: a global ecologic analysis. Annals of Allergy, Asthma and Immunology, 2014, 113, 386-392.e9.	1.0	31
27	How are â€`urban' and â€`rural' defined in publications regarding asthma and related diseases?. Allergologia Et Immunopathologia, 2014, 42, 157-161.	1.7	9
28	Antibiotic treatment during infancy and increased body mass index in boys: an international cross-sectional study. International Journal of Obesity, 2014, 38, 1115-1119.	3.4	141
29	Fast-food consumption and body mass index in children and adolescents: an international cross-sectional study. BMJ Open, 2014, 4, e005813.	1.9	118
30	Overweight/Obesity and Respiratory and Allergic Disease in Children: International Study of Asthma and Allergies in Childhood (ISAAC) Phase Two. PLoS ONE, 2014, 9, e113996.	2.5	96
31	Do fast foods cause asthma, rhinoconjunctivitis and eczema? Global findings from the International Study of Asthma and Allergies in Childhood (ISAAC) Phase Three. Thorax, 2013, 68, 351-360.	5.6	175
32	The International Study of Asthma and Allergies in Childhood (ISAAC) Phase Three: A global synthesis. Allergologia Et Immunopathologia, 2013, 41, 73-85.	1.7	465
33	Cooking fuels and prevalence of asthma: a global analysis of phase three of the International Study of Asthma and Allergies in Childhood (ISAAC). Lancet Respiratory Medicine,the, 2013, 1, 386-394.	10.7	67
34	Asthma in the global NCD agenda: a neglected epidemic. Lancet Respiratory Medicine,the, 2013, 1, 96-98.	10.7	20
35	The association between <scp>BMI</scp> , vigorous physical activity and television viewing and the risk of symptoms of asthma, rhinoconjunctivitis and eczema in children and adolescents: <scp>ISAAC</scp> Phase Three. Clinical and Experimental Allergy, 2013, 43, 73-84.	2.9	110
36	Time trends, ethnicity and risk factors for eczema in New Zealand children: ISAAC Phase Three. Asia Pacific Allergy, 2013, 3, 161-178.	1.3	13

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37	Satellite-based Estimates of Ambient Air Pollution and Global Variations in Childhood Asthma Prevalence. Environmental Health Perspectives, 2012, 120, 1333-1339.	6.0	57
38	Exposure to Cats and Dogs, and Symptoms of Asthma, Rhinoconjunctivitis, and Eczema. Epidemiology, 2012, 23, 742-750.	2.7	68
39	The association between tobacco and the risk of asthma, rhinoconjunctivitis and eczema in children and adolescents: analyses from Phase Three of the ISAAC programme. Thorax, 2012, 67, 941-949.	5.6	104
40	Early life exposure to farm animals and symptoms of asthma, rhinoconjunctivitis and eczema: an ISAAC Phase Three Study. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2012, 41, 753-761.	1.9	48
41	The challenges of replicating the methodology between Phases I and III of the ISAAC programme. International Journal of Tuberculosis and Lung Disease, 2012, 16, 687-693.	1.2	11
42	Association of pertussis and measles infections and immunizations with asthma and allergic sensitization in <scp>ISAAC</scp> Phase Two. Pediatric Allergy and Immunology, 2012, 23, 736-745.	2.6	16
43	Time trends and risk factors for rhinoconjunctivitis in New Zealand children: An International Study of Asthma and Allergies in Childhood (ISAAC) survey. Journal of Paediatrics and Child Health, 2012, 48, 913-920.	0.8	12
44	Changes over time in the relationship between symptoms of asthma, rhinoconjunctivitis and eczema: A global perspective from the International Study of Asthma and Allergies in Childhood (ISAAC). Allergologia Et Immunopathologia, 2012, 40, 267-274.	1.7	32
45	Tuberculosis, bacillus Calmette–Guérin vaccination, and allergic disease: Findings from the International Study of Asthma and Allergies in Childhood Phase Two. Pediatric Allergy and Immunology, 2012, 23, 324-331.	2.6	24
46	Zusammenhang zwischen Rhinitissymptomen und allergischer Sensibilisierung in der Phase 2 der Internationalen Studie zu Asthma und Allergien im Kindesalter (ISAAC). Allergologie, 2012, 35, 11-19.	0.1	0
47	Acetaminophen Use and Risk of Asthma, Rhinoconjunctivitis, and Eczema in Adolescents. American Journal of Respiratory and Critical Care Medicine, 2011, 183, 171-178.	5.6	122
48	Clobal analysis of breast feeding and risk of symptoms of asthma, rhinoconjunctivitis and eczema in 6–7 year old children: ISAAC Phase Three. Allergologia Et Immunopathologia, 2011, 39, 318-325.	1.7	37
49	Which population level environmental factors are associated with asthma, rhinoconjunctivitis and eczema? Review of the ecological analyses of ISAAC Phase One. Respiratory Research, 2010, 11, 8.	3.6	100
50	International variations in bronchial responsiveness in children: Findings from ISAAC phase two. Pediatric Pulmonology, 2010, 45, 796-806.	2.0	13
51	Effect of diet on asthma and allergic sensitisation in the International Study on Allergies and Asthma in Childhood (ISAAC) Phase Two. Thorax, 2010, 65, 516-522.	5.6	193
52	Ambient particulate pollution and the world-wide prevalence of asthma, rhinoconjunctivitis and eczema in children: Phase One of the International Study of Asthma and Allergies in Childhood (ISAAC). Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2010, 67, 293-300.	2.8	76
53	Clobal variation in the prevalence and severity of asthma symptoms: Phase Three of the International Study of Asthma and Allergies in Childhood (ISAAC). Thorax, 2009, 64, 476-483.	5.6	806
54	Self-Reported Truck Traffic on the Street of Residence and Symptoms of Asthma and Allergic Disease: A Global Relationship in ISAAC Phase 3. Environmental Health Perspectives, 2009, 117, 1791-1798.	6.0	118

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55	A multiâ€centre study of candidate genes for wheeze and allergy: the International Study of Asthma and Allergies in Childhood Phase 2. Clinical and Experimental Allergy, 2009, 39, 1875-1888.	2.9	51
56	Crossâ€sectional survey of risk factors for asthma in 6–7â€yearâ€old children in New Zealand: International Study of Asthma and Allergy in Childhood Phase Three. Journal of Paediatrics and Child Health, 2009, 45, 375-383.	0.8	13
57	The prevalence of atopic symptoms in children with otitis media with effusion. Otolaryngology - Head and Neck Surgery, 2009, 141, 104-107.	1.9	17
58	Antibiotic use in infancy and symptoms of asthma, rhinoconjunctivitis, and eczema in children 6 and 7 years old: International Study of Asthma and Allergies in Childhood Phase III. Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology, 2009, 124, 982-989.	2.9	123
59	Diet and asthma: looking back, moving forward. Respiratory Research, 2009, 10, 49.	3.6	86
60	Translation of questions: the International Study of Asthma and Allergies in Childhood (ISAAC) experience. International Journal of Tuberculosis and Lung Disease, 2009, 13, 1174-82.	1.2	51
61	Worldwide time trends for symptoms of rhinitis and conjunctivitis: Phase III of the International Study of Asthma and Allergies in Childhood. Pediatric Allergy and Immunology, 2008, 19, 110-124.	2.6	321
62	International correlations between indicators of prevalence, hospital admissions and mortality for asthma in children. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2008, 37, 573-582.	1.9	62
63	Worldwide trends in the prevalence of asthma symptoms: phase III of the International Study of Asthma and Allergies in Childhood (ISAAC). Thorax, 2007, 62, 758-766.	5.6	988
64	Asthma prevalence in European, Maori, and Pacific children in New Zealand: ISAAC study. Pediatric Pulmonology, 2004, 37, 433-442.	2.0	29
65	Climate and the prevalence of symptoms of asthma, allergic rhinitis, and atopic eczema in children. Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2004, 61, 609-615.	2.8	263
66	Antibiotic sales and the prevalence of symptoms of asthma, rhinitis, and eczema: The International Study of Asthma and Allergies in Childhood (ISAAC). International Journal of Epidemiology, 2004, 33, 558-563.	1.9	40
67	Pollen counts in relation to the prevalence of allergic rhinoconjunctivitis, asthma and atopic eczema in the International Study of Asthma and Allergies in Childhood (ISAAC). Clinical and Experimental Allergy, 2003, 33, 1675-1680.	2.9	77
68	International patterns of the prevalence of pediatric asthma. Pediatric Clinics of North America, 2003, 50, 539-553.	1.8	88
69	Agreement between written and video questions for comparing asthma symptoms in ISAAC. European Respiratory Journal, 2003, 21, 455-461.	6.7	77
70	Immunization and symptoms of atopic disease in children: results from the International Study of Asthma and Allergies in Childhood. American Journal of Public Health, 2001, 91, 1126-1129.	2.7	103
71	The relationship of per capita gross national product to the prevalence of symptoms of asthma and other atopic diseases in children (ISAAC). International Journal of Epidemiology, 2001, 30, 173-179.	1.9	124
72	Comparison of asthma prevalence in the ISAAC and the ECRHS. European Respiratory Journal, 2000, 16, 420-426.	6.7	160

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73	International patterns of tuberculosis and the prevalence of symptoms of asthma, rhinitis, and eczema. Thorax, 2000, 55, 449-453.	5.6	173
74	Intake of trans fatty acids and prevalence of childhood asthma and allergies in Europe. Lancet, The, 1999, 353, 2040-2041.	13.7	149
75	Worldwide variations in the prevalence of symptoms of atopic eczema in the international study of asthma and allergies in childhood. Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology, 1999, 103, 125-138.	2.9	831
76	Worldwide variation in prevalence of symptoms of asthma, allergic rhinoconjunctivitis, and atopic eczema: ISAAC. Lancet, The, 1998, 351, 1225-1232.	13.7	3,158
77	The effect of season-of-response to ISAAC questions about asthma, rhinitis and eczema in children International Journal of Epidemiology, 1997, 26, 126-136.	1.9	53
78	Worldwide variations in prevalence of symptoms of allergic rhinoconjunctivitis in children: the International Study of Asthma and Allergies in Childhood (ISAAC). Pediatric Allergy and Immunology, 1997, 8, 161-168.	2.6	513