

Robert G Webster

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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132
papers

9,668
citations

44069

48
h-index

39675

94
g-index

166
all docs

166
docs citations

166
times ranked

8917
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Molecular detection of influenza A viruses and H5 subtype among migratory Amur falcons (<i>Falco</i>) Tj ETQq1 1 0,784314 rgBT /Ove	3.0	2
2	Distinct but connected avian influenza virus activities in wetlands and live poultry markets in Bangladesh, 2018–2019. <i>Transboundary and Emerging Diseases</i> , 2022, 69, .	3.0	2
3	Swine H1N1 Influenza Virus Variants with Enhanced Polymerase Activity and HA Stability Promote Airborne Transmission in Ferrets. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2022, 96, e0010022.	3.4	8
4	Host diversity and behavior determine patterns of interspecies transmission and geographic diffusion of avian influenza A subtypes among North American wild reservoir species. <i>PLoS Pathogens</i> , 2022, 18, e1009973.	4.7	9
5	Kennedy F Shortridge PhD (April 6, 1941 to November 8, 2020): Obituary. <i>Influenza and Other Respiratory Viruses</i> , 2021, 15, 323-325.	3.4	2
6	Updating the influenza virus library at Hokkaido University -It's potential for the use of pandemic vaccine strain candidates and diagnosis. <i>Virology</i> , 2021, 557, 55-61.	2.4	1
7	Highly pathogenic avian influenza virus H5N2 (clade 2.3.4.4) challenge of mallards age appropriate to the 2015 midwestern poultry outbreak. <i>Influenza and Other Respiratory Viruses</i> , 2021, 15, 767-777.	3.4	3
8	Effect of processed aloe vera gel on immunogenicity in inactivated quadrivalent influenza vaccine and upper respiratory tract infection in healthy adults: A randomized double-blind placebo-controlled trial. <i>Phytomedicine</i> , 2021, 91, 153668.	5.3	2
9	Ancestral sequence reconstruction pinpoints adaptations that enable avian influenza virus transmission in pigs. <i>Nature Microbiology</i> , 2021, 6, 1455-1465.	13.3	7
10	Tissue Specific Transcriptome Changes Upon Influenza A Virus Replication in the Duck. <i>Frontiers in Immunology</i> , 2021, 12, 786205.	4.8	6
11	Detection of a Novel Reassortant H9N9 Avian Influenza Virus in Free-Range Ducks in Bangladesh. <i>Viruses</i> , 2021, 13, 2357.	3.3	2
12	Influenza A Viruses in Ruddy Turnstones (<i>Arenaria interpres</i>); Connecting Wintering and Migratory Sites with an Ecological Hotspot at Delaware Bay. <i>Viruses</i> , 2020, 12, 1205.	3.3	6
13	Continued Evolution of H5Nx Avian Influenza Viruses in Bangladeshi Live Poultry Markets: Pathogenic Potential in Poultry and Mammalian Models. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2020, 94, .	3.4	6
14	Influenza A and B viruses with reduced baloxavir susceptibility display attenuated in vitro fitness but retain ferret transmissibility. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2020, 117, 8593-8601.	7.1	43
15	The quail genome: insights into social behaviour, seasonal biology and infectious disease response. <i>BMC Biology</i> , 2020, 18, 14.	3.8	40
16	Subtype Diversity of Influenza A Virus in North American Waterfowl: a Multidecade Study. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2020, 94, .	3.4	23
17	HA stabilization promotes replication and transmission of swine H1N1 gamma influenza viruses in ferrets. <i>ELife</i> , 2020, 9, .	6.0	19
18	Evidence of the Presence of Low Pathogenic Avian Influenza A Viruses in Wild Waterfowl in 2018 in South Africa. <i>Pathogens</i> , 2019, 8, 163.	2.8	8

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19	Continuing evolution of highly pathogenic H5N1 viruses in Bangladeshi live poultry markets. <i>Emerging Microbes and Infections</i> , 2019, 8, 650-661.	6.5	23
20	A Novel Neuraminidase-Dependent Hemagglutinin Cleavage Mechanism Enables the Systemic Spread of an H7N6 Avian Influenza Virus. <i>MBio</i> , 2019, 10, .	4.1	10
21	Duck innate immune responses to high and low pathogenicity H5 avian influenza viruses. <i>Veterinary Microbiology</i> , 2019, 228, 101-111.	1.9	29
22	Replication and pathogenic potential of influenza A virus subtypes H3, H7, and H15 from free-range ducks in Bangladesh in mammals. <i>Emerging Microbes and Infections</i> , 2018, 7, 1-13.	6.5	13
23	Influenza Virus: Dealing with a Drifting and Shifting Pathogen. <i>Viral Immunology</i> , 2018, 31, 174-183.	1.3	232
24	Migratory birds in southern Brazil are a source of multiple avian influenza virus subtypes. <i>Influenza and Other Respiratory Viruses</i> , 2018, 12, 220-231.	3.4	17
25	NEUTRALIZING ANTIBODIES TO TYPE A INFLUENZA VIRUSES IN SHOREBIRDS AT DELAWARE BAY, NEW JERSEY, USA. <i>Journal of Wildlife Diseases</i> , 2018, 54, 708-715.	0.8	3
26	Influenza. <i>Nature Reviews Disease Primers</i> , 2018, 4, 3.	30.5	880
27	H9N2 influenza viruses from Bangladesh: Transmission in chicken and New World quail. <i>Influenza and Other Respiratory Viruses</i> , 2018, 12, 814-817.	3.4	14
28	Genetic characterization and pathogenic potential of H10 avian influenza viruses isolated from live poultry markets in Bangladesh. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2018, 8, 10693.	3.3	10
29	IFN and cytokine responses in ducks to genetically similar H5N1 influenza A viruses of varying pathogenicity. <i>Journal of General Virology</i> , 2018, 99, 464-474.	2.9	37
30	Insight into live bird markets of Bangladesh: an overview of the dynamics of transmission of H5N1 and H9N2 avian influenza viruses. <i>Emerging Microbes and Infections</i> , 2017, 6, 1-8.	6.5	68
31	Manipulation of neuraminidase packaging signals and hemagglutinin residues improves the growth of A/Anhui/1/2013 (H7N9) influenza vaccine virus yield in eggs. <i>Vaccine</i> , 2017, 35, 1424-1430.	3.8	14
32	Evaluation of multivalent H2 influenza pandemic vaccines in mice. <i>Vaccine</i> , 2017, 35, 1455-1463.	3.8	6
33	Molecular basis of mammalian transmissibility of avian H1N1 influenza viruses and their pandemic potential. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2017, 114, 11217-11222.	7.1	24
34	Role of domestic ducks in the emergence of a new genotype of highly pathogenic H5N1 avian influenza A viruses in Bangladesh. <i>Emerging Microbes and Infections</i> , 2017, 6, 1-13.	6.5	34
35	Genetic evolution of influenza H9N2 viruses isolated from various hosts in China from 1994 to 2013. <i>Emerging Microbes and Infections</i> , 2017, 6, 1-11.	6.5	56
36	Potential for Low-Pathogenic Avian H7 Influenza A Viruses To Replicate and Cause Disease in a Mammalian Model. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2017, 91, .	3.4	14

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37	Influenza A virus: sampling of the unique shorebird habitat at Delaware Bay, USA. <i>Royal Society Open Science</i> , 2017, 4, 171420.	2.4	17
38	Genesis of Influenza A(H5N8) Viruses. <i>Emerging Infectious Diseases</i> , 2017, 23, 1368-1371.	4.3	42
39	Highly pathogenic avian influenza H5N1 clade 2.3.2.1 and clade 2.3.4 viruses do not induce a clade-specific phenotype in mallard ducks. <i>Journal of General Virology</i> , 2017, 98, 1232-1244.	2.9	10
40	Molecular and phylogenetic analyses of influenza B viruses isolated from pediatric inpatients in South Korea during the 2011-2012 winter season. <i>Journal of General Virology</i> , 2017, 98, 2950-2954.	2.9	1
41	Highly Pathogenic Reassortant Avian Influenza A(H5N1) Virus Clade 2.3.2.1a in Poultry, Bhutan. <i>Emerging Infectious Diseases</i> , 2016, 22, 2137-2141.	4.3	17
42	Ecosystem Interactions Underlie the Spread of Avian Influenza A Viruses with Pandemic Potential. <i>PLoS Pathogens</i> , 2016, 12, e1005620.	4.7	48
43	Antibodies to Influenza A Viruses in Gulls at Delaware Bay, USA. <i>Avian Diseases</i> , 2016, 60, 341-345.	1.0	9
44	Combinations of Oseltamivir and T-705 Extend the Treatment Window for Highly Pathogenic Influenza A(H5N1) Virus Infection in Mice. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2016, 6, 26742.	3.3	48
45	The replication of Bangladeshi H9N2 avian influenza viruses carrying genes from H7N3 in mammals. <i>Emerging Microbes and Infections</i> , 2016, 5, 1-12.	6.5	28
46	Human-Animal Interface: The Case for Influenza Interspecies Transmission. <i>Advances in Experimental Medicine and Biology</i> , 2016, 972, 17-33.	1.6	26
47	Influenza surveillance on "foie gras" duck farms in Bulgaria, 2008-2012. <i>Influenza and Other Respiratory Viruses</i> , 2016, 10, 98-108.	3.4	14
48	Whole-genome analysis of influenza A(H1N1)pdm09 viruses isolated in Uganda from 2009 to 2011. <i>Influenza and Other Respiratory Viruses</i> , 2016, 10, 486-492.	3.4	11
49	The enigma of the apparent disappearance of Eurasian highly pathogenic H5 clade 2.3.4.4 influenza A viruses in North American waterfowl. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2016, 113, 9033-9038.	7.1	62
50	Reply to Ramey et al.: Let time be the arbiter. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2016, 113, E6553-E6554.	7.1	1
51	Surveillance of Influenza Among Children Presenting With Febrile Respiratory Symptoms at a Pediatric Clinic in the Guangdong Province of Southern China. <i>Open Forum Infectious Diseases</i> , 2016, 3, .	0.9	0
52	The Continuing Evolution of H5N1 and H9N2 Influenza Viruses in Bangladesh Between 2013 and 2014. <i>Avian Diseases</i> , 2016, 60, 108-117.	1.0	35
53	Molecular requirements for a pandemic influenza virus: An acid-stable hemagglutinin protein. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2016, 113, 1636-1641.	7.1	105
54	The Interaction between Respiratory Pathogens and Mucus. <i>Cell Host and Microbe</i> , 2016, 19, 159-168.	11.0	221

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55	Human mesenchymal stromal cells reduce influenza A H5N1-associated acute lung injury in vitro and in vivo. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2016, 113, 3621-3626.	7.1	174
56	Antigenic evolution of H9N2 chicken influenza viruses isolated in China during 2009–2013 and selection of a candidate vaccine strain with broad cross-reactivity. <i>Veterinary Microbiology</i> , 2016, 182, 1-7.	1.9	37
57	Duck Interferon-Inducible Transmembrane Protein 3 Mediates Restriction of Influenza Viruses. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2016, 90, 103-116.	3.4	41
58	Competitive Fitness of Influenza B Viruses Possessing E119A and H274Y Neuraminidase Inhibitor Resistance–Associated Substitutions in Ferrets. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2016, 11, e0159847.	2.5	9
59	Changes to the dynamic nature of hemagglutinin and the emergence of the 2009 pandemic H1N1 influenza virus. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2015, 5, 12828.	3.3	10
60	The Genomic Contributions of Avian H1N1 Influenza A Viruses to the Evolution of Mammalian Strains. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2015, 10, e0133795.	2.5	7
61	Evolution of the H9N2 influenza genotype that facilitated the genesis of the novel H7N9 virus. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2015, 112, 548-553.	7.1	287
62	Egg-adaptive mutations in H3N2v vaccine virus enhance egg-based production without loss of antigenicity or immunogenicity. <i>Vaccine</i> , 2015, 33, 3186-3192.	3.8	16
63	Sialic Acid-Binding Protein <i>Sp</i> 2CBMTD Protects Mice against Lethal Challenge with Emerging Influenza A (H7N9) Virus. <i>Antimicrobial Agents and Chemotherapy</i> , 2015, 59, 1495-1504.	3.2	9
64	An Anti-H5N1 Influenza Virus FcDART Antibody Is a Highly Efficacious Therapeutic Agent and Prophylactic against H5N1 Influenza Virus Infection. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2015, 89, 4549-4561.	3.4	11
65	Long-term surveillance of H7 influenza viruses in American wild aquatic birds: are the H7N3 influenza viruses in wild birds the precursors of highly pathogenic strains in domestic poultry?. <i>Emerging Microbes and Infections</i> , 2015, 4, 1-9.	6.5	25
66	Competitive Fitness of Influenza B Viruses with Neuraminidase Inhibitor-Resistant Substitutions in a Coinfection Model of the Human Airway Epithelium. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2015, 89, 4575-4587.	3.4	23
67	Possible basis for the emergence of H1N1 viruses with pandemic potential from avian hosts. <i>Emerging Microbes and Infections</i> , 2015, 4, 1-10.	6.5	14
68	Mammalian adaptation of influenza A(H7N9) virus is limited by a narrow genetic bottleneck. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2015, 6, 6553.	12.8	90
69	A comparative analysis of host responses to avian influenza infection in ducks and chickens highlights a role for the interferon-induced transmembrane proteins in viral resistance. <i>BMC Genomics</i> , 2015, 16, 574.	2.8	92
70	Unique Determinants of Neuraminidase Inhibitor Resistance among N3, N7, and N9 Avian Influenza Viruses. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2015, 89, 10891-10900.	3.4	43
71	Duck TRIM27-L enhances MAVS signaling and is absent in chickens and turkeys. <i>Molecular Immunology</i> , 2015, 67, 607-615.	2.2	12
72	Comparative analysis of virulence of a novel, avian-origin H3N2 canine influenza virus in various host species. <i>Virus Research</i> , 2015, 195, 135-140.	2.2	30

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73	Avian Influenza A(H5N1) and A(H9N2) Seroprevalence and Risk Factors for Infection Among Egyptians: A Prospective, Controlled Seroepidemiological Study. <i>Journal of Infectious Diseases</i> , 2015, 211, 1399-1407.	4.0	69
74	Molecular Characterization of Subtype H11N9 Avian Influenza Virus Isolated from Shorebirds in Brazil. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2015, 10, e0145627.	2.5	9
75	Novel Coronavirus and Astrovirus in Delaware Bay Shorebirds. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2014, 9, e93395.	2.5	24
76	Avian Influenza Virus (H11N9) in Migratory Shorebirds Wintering in the Amazon Region, Brazil. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2014, 9, e110141.	2.5	41
77	Multiple introductions of highly pathogenic avian influenza H5N1 viruses into Bangladesh. <i>Emerging Microbes and Infections</i> , 2014, 3, 1-14.	6.5	42
78	Genesis of avian influenza H9N2 in Bangladesh. <i>Emerging Microbes and Infections</i> , 2014, 3, 1-17.	6.5	46
79	Pathobiological features of a novel, highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N8) virus. <i>Emerging Microbes and Infections</i> , 2014, 3, 1-13.	6.5	106
80	Effect of the PB2 and M Genes on the Replication of H6 Influenza Virus in Chickens. <i>Influenza Research and Treatment</i> , 2014, 2014, 1-6.	1.5	4
81	A single dose of whole inactivated H7N9 influenza vaccine confers protection from severe disease but not infection in ferrets. <i>Vaccine</i> , 2014, 32, 4571-4577.	3.8	30
82	Epistatic interactions between neuraminidase mutations facilitated the emergence of the oseltamivir-resistant H1N1 influenza viruses. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2014, 5, 5029.	12.8	51
83	Continuing challenges in influenza. <i>Annals of the New York Academy of Sciences</i> , 2014, 1323, 115-139.	3.8	300
84	Survival analysis of infected mice reveals pathogenic variations in the genome of avian H1N1 viruses. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2014, 4, 7455.	3.3	13
85	The duck genome and transcriptome provide insight into an avian influenza virus reservoir species. <i>Nature Genetics</i> , 2013, 45, 776-783.	21.4	327
86	Antigenic and Molecular Characterization of Avian Influenza A(H9N2) Viruses, Bangladesh. <i>Emerging Infectious Diseases</i> , 2013, 19, .	4.3	70
87	Influenza A Virus Migration and Persistence in North American Wild Birds. <i>PLoS Pathogens</i> , 2013, 9, e1003570.	4.7	83
88	Increased Acid Stability of the Hemagglutinin Protein Enhances H5N1 Influenza Virus Growth in the Upper Respiratory Tract but Is Insufficient for Transmission in Ferrets. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2013, 87, 9911-9922.	3.4	81
89	Emergence of Influenza Viruses and Crossing the Species Barrier. <i>Microbiology Spectrum</i> , 2013, 1, .	3.0	6
90	A novel reassortant canine H3N1 influenza virus between pandemic H1N1 and canine H3N2 influenza viruses in Korea. <i>Journal of General Virology</i> , 2012, 93, 551-554.	2.9	94

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91	Establishment and Lineage Replacement of H6 Influenza Viruses in Domestic Ducks in Southern China. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2012, 86, 6075-6083.	3.4	77
92	Mammalian-Transmissible H5N1 Influenza: the Dilemma of Dual-Use Research. <i>MBio</i> , 2012, 3, .	4.1	21
93	Hemagglutinin-neuraminidase balance confers respiratory-droplet transmissibility of the pandemic H1N1 influenza virus in ferrets. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2011, 108, 14264-14269.	7.1	197
94	Changing Patterns of H6 Influenza Viruses in Hong Kong Poultry Markets. <i>Influenza Research and Treatment</i> , 2011, 2011, 1-9.	1.5	8
95	Live Bird Markets of Bangladesh: H9N2 Viruses and the Near Absence of Highly Pathogenic H5N1 Influenza. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2011, 6, e19311.	2.5	84
96	The pH of Activation of the Hemagglutinin Protein Regulates H5N1 Influenza Virus Pathogenicity and Transmissibility in Ducks. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2010, 84, 1527-1535.	3.4	124
97	Adaptation of Pandemic H1N1 Influenza Viruses in Mice. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2010, 84, 8607-8616.	3.4	189
98	Amino Acid Residues in the Fusion Peptide Pocket Regulate the pH of Activation of the H5N1 Influenza Virus Hemagglutinin Protein. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2009, 83, 3568-3580.	3.4	94
99	William Graeme Laver PhD, FRS (1929-2008). <i>Influenza and Other Respiratory Viruses</i> , 2008, 2, i-ii.	3.4	0
100	Amantadine-Oseltamivir Combination therapy for H5N1 Influenza Virus Infection in Mice. <i>Antiviral Therapy</i> , 2007, 12, 363-370.	1.0	121
101	H5N1 Influenza – Continuing Evolution and Spread. <i>New England Journal of Medicine</i> , 2006, 355, 2174-2177.	27.0	352
102	H5N1 Outbreaks and Enzootic Influenza. <i>Emerging Infectious Diseases</i> , 2006, 12, 3-8.	4.3	344
103	The immunogenicity and efficacy against H5N1 challenge of reverse genetics-derived H5N3 influenza vaccine in ducks and chickens. <i>Virology</i> , 2006, 351, 303-311.	2.4	96
104	H5N1 outbreaks and enzootic influenza. <i>Biodiversity</i> , 2006, 7, 51-55.	1.1	17
105	Controlling avian flu at the source. <i>Nature</i> , 2005, 435, 415-416.	27.8	47
106	Restoration of virulence of escape mutants of H5 and H9 influenza viruses by their readaptation to mice. <i>Journal of General Virology</i> , 2005, 86, 2831-2838.	2.9	22
107	Emergence and Control of Viral Respiratory Diseases. <i>Emerging Infectious Diseases</i> , 2005, 11, e4-e4.	4.3	1
108	Neuraminidase Inhibitor Susceptibility Network Position Statement: Antiviral Resistance in Influenza A/H5N1 Viruses. <i>Antiviral Therapy</i> , 2005, 10, 873-877.	1.0	55

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109	Generation of High-Yielding Influenza A Viruses in African Green Monkey Kidney (Vero) Cells by Reverse Genetics. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2004, 78, 1851-1857.	3.4	66
110	Influenza A viruses in feral Canadian ducks: extensive reassortment in nature. <i>Journal of General Virology</i> , 2004, 85, 2327-2337.	2.9	88
111	Wet markets—a continuing source of severe acute respiratory syndrome and influenza?. <i>Lancet, The</i> , 2004, 363, 234-236.	13.7	357
112	Role of Quail in the Interspecies Transmission of H9 Influenza A Viruses: Molecular Changes on HA That Correspond to Adaptation from Ducks to Chickens. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2003, 77, 3148-3156.	3.4	199
113	Characterization of H5N1 Influenza Viruses That Continue To Circulate in Geese in Southeastern China. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2002, 76, 118-126.	3.4	177
114	The importance of animal influenza for human disease. <i>Vaccine</i> , 2002, 20, S16-S20.	3.8	100
115	Eight-plasmid system for rapid generation of influenza virus vaccines. <i>Vaccine</i> , 2002, 20, 3165-3170.	3.8	374
116	Structure of antigenic sites on the haemagglutinin molecule of H5 avian influenza virus and phenotypic variation of escape mutants. <i>Journal of General Virology</i> , 2002, 83, 2497-2505.	2.9	174
117	Characterization of H5N2 influenza viruses from Italian poultry. <i>Journal of General Virology</i> , 2001, 82, 623-630.	2.9	53
118	Characterization of the Influenza A Virus Gene Pool in Avian Species in Southern China: Was H6N1 a Derivative or a Precursor of H5N1?. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2000, 74, 6309-6315.	3.4	204
119	Heterologous protection against lethal A/HongKong/156/97 (H5N1) influenza virus infection in C57BL/6 mice. <i>Journal of General Virology</i> , 2000, 81, 2689-2696.	2.9	95
120	Potential Advantages of DNA Immunization for Influenza Epidemic and Pandemic Planning. <i>Clinical Infectious Diseases</i> , 1999, 28, 225-229.	5.8	23
121	Characterization of Influenza A/HongKong/156/97 (H5N1) Virus in a Mouse Model and Protective Effect of Zanamivir on H5N1 Infection in Mice. <i>Journal of Infectious Diseases</i> , 1998, 178, 1592-1596.	4.0	147
122	Recombinant anti-sialidase single-chain variable fragment antibody. Characterization, formation of dimer and higher-molecular-mass multimers and the solution of the crystal structure of the single-chain variable fragment/sialidase complex. <i>FEBS Journal</i> , 1994, 221, 151-157.	0.2	115
123	Recombinant antineuraminidase single chain antibody: Expression, characterization, and crystallization in complex with antigen. <i>Proteins: Structure, Function and Bioinformatics</i> , 1993, 16, 57-63.	2.6	58
124	Pathogenic Studies and Antigenic and Sequence Comparisons of A/Equine/Alaska/1/91 (H3NS) Influenza Virus. <i>Journal of Veterinary Diagnostic Investigation</i> , 1993, 5, 8-11.	1.1	2
125	New influenza virus in horses. <i>Nature</i> , 1991, 351, 527-527.	27.8	30
126	Failure to Detect Hemagglutination-Inhibiting Antibodies with Intact Avian Influenza Virions. <i>Infection and Immunity</i> , 1982, 38, 530-535.	2.2	65

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127	Immunogenicity of influenza A/USSR (H1N1) subunit vaccine in unprimed young adults. Journal of Medical Virology, 1981, 7, 135-142.	5.0	17
128	Antigenic structure of influenza virus haemagglutinin defined by hybridoma antibodies. Nature, 1981, 290, 713-717.	27.8	466
129	Influenza in children and young adults with cancer.20 cases. Cancer, 1977, 39, 350-353.	4.1	93
130	Immunologic Rebound After Cessation of Long-term Chemotherapy in Acute Leukemia. Blood, 1972, 40, 42-51.	1.4	99
131	Transmission and Pathogenicity of H5N1 Influenza Viruses. Novartis Foundation Symposium, 0, , 128-140.	1.1	2
132	Emergence of Influenza Viruses and Crossing the Species Barrier. , 0, , 115-135.		2