Emad Yuzbashian

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/3232747/publications.pdf

Version: 2024-02-01

57 papers 1,245 citations

430874 18 h-index 395702 33 g-index

58 all docs 58 docs citations

58 times ranked 2056 citing authors

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	A systematic review of diet quality indices in relation to obesity. British Journal of Nutrition, 2017, 117, 1055-1065.	2.3	171
2	Dietary Approaches to Stop Hypertension (DASH) Dietary Pattern IsÂAssociated with Reduced Incidence of Metabolic Syndrome inÂChildrenÂand Adolescents. Journal of Pediatrics, 2016, 174, 178-184.e1.	1.8	94
3	Adherence to the Mediterranean diet is associated with reduced risk of incident chronic kidney diseases among Tehranian adults. Hypertension Research, 2017, 40, 96-102.	2.7	65
4	The association between Dietary Approaches to Stop Hypertension and incidence of chronic kidney disease in adults: the Tehran Lipid and Glucose Study. Nephrology Dialysis Transplantation, 2017, 32, ii224-ii230.	0.7	63
5	Consumption of sugar sweetened beverage is associated with incidence of metabolic syndrome in Tehranian children and adolescents. Nutrition and Metabolism, 2015, 12, 25.	3.0	61
6	Dietary pattern and incidence of chronic kidney disease among adults: a population-based study. Nutrition and Metabolism, 2018, 15, 88.	3.0	60
7	Associations of dietary macronutrients with glomerular filtration rate and kidney dysfunction: Tehran lipid and glucose study. Journal of Nephrology, 2015, 28, 173-180.	2.0	56
8	Dietary polyphenols and metabolic syndrome among Iranian adults. International Journal of Food Sciences and Nutrition, 2013, 64, 661-667.	2.8	53
9	Micronutrient Intakes and Incidence of Chronic Kidney Disease in Adults: Tehran Lipid and Glucose Study. Nutrients, 2016, 8, 217.	4.1	50
10	A Prospective Study of Dietary Meat IntakeÂand Risk of Incident Chronic KidneyÂDisease., 2020, 30, 111-118.		44
10	A Prospective Study of Dietary Meat IntakeÂand Risk of Incident Chronic KidneyÂDisease., 2020, 30, 111-118. Dietary fibre intake in relation to the risk of incident chronic kidney disease. British Journal of Nutrition, 2018, 119, 479-485.	2.3	41
	Dietary fibre intake in relation to the risk of incident chronic kidney disease. British Journal of	2.3	
11	Dietary fibre intake in relation to the risk of incident chronic kidney disease. British Journal of Nutrition, 2018, 119, 479-485. Fast Food Intake Increases the Incidence of Metabolic Syndrome in Children and Adolescents: Tehran		41
11 12	Dietary fibre intake in relation to the risk of incident chronic kidney disease. British Journal of Nutrition, 2018, 119, 479-485. Fast Food Intake Increases the Incidence of Metabolic Syndrome in Children and Adolescents: Tehran Lipid and Glucose Study. PLoS ONE, 2015, 10, e0139641. Adherence to low-sodium Dietary Approaches to Stop Hypertension-style diet may decrease the risk of incident chronic kidney disease among high-risk patients: a secondary prevention in prospective	2.5	38
11 12 13	Dietary fibre intake in relation to the risk of incident chronic kidney disease. British Journal of Nutrition, 2018, 119, 479-485. Fast Food Intake Increases the Incidence of Metabolic Syndrome in Children and Adolescents: Tehran Lipid and Glucose Study. PLoS ONE, 2015, 10, e0139641. Adherence to low-sodium Dietary Approaches to Stop Hypertension-style diet may decrease the risk of incident chronic kidney disease among high-risk patients: a secondary prevention in prospective cohort study. Nephrology Dialysis Transplantation, 2018, 33, 1159-1168. A prospective study on total protein, plant protein and animal protein in relation to the risk of	2.5	38 31
11 12 13	Dietary fibre intake in relation to the risk of incident chronic kidney disease. British Journal of Nutrition, 2018, 119, 479-485. Fast Food Intake Increases the Incidence of Metabolic Syndrome in Children and Adolescents: Tehran Lipid and Glucose Study. PLoS ONE, 2015, 10, e0139641. Adherence to low-sodium Dietary Approaches to Stop Hypertension-style diet may decrease the risk of incident chronic kidney disease among high-risk patients: a secondary prevention in prospective cohort study. Nephrology Dialysis Transplantation, 2018, 33, 1159-1168. A prospective study on total protein, plant protein and animal protein in relation to the risk of incident chronic kidney disease. BMC Nephrology, 2020, 21, 489.	2.5 0.7 1.8	38 31 30
11 12 13 14	Dietary fibre intake in relation to the risk of incident chronic kidney disease. British Journal of Nutrition, 2018, 119, 479-485. Fast Food Intake Increases the Incidence of Metabolic Syndrome in Children and Adolescents: Tehran Lipid and Glucose Study. PLoS ONE, 2015, 10, e0139641. Adherence to low-sodium Dietary Approaches to Stop Hypertension-style diet may decrease the risk of incident chronic kidney disease among high-risk patients: a secondary prevention in prospective cohort study. Nephrology Dialysis Transplantation, 2018, 33, 1159-1168. A prospective study on total protein, plant protein and animal protein in relation to the risk of incident chronic kidney disease. BMC Nephrology, 2020, 21, 489. Sugarâ€sweetened beverage consumption and risk of incident chronic kidney disease: Tehran lipid and glucose study. Nephrology, 2016, 21, 608-616. Habitual dietary intake of fatty acids are associated with leptin gene expression in subcutaneous and visceral adipose tissue of patients without diabetes. Prostaglandins Leukotrienes and Essential Fatty	2.5 0.7 1.8	41 38 31 30 29

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19	Association of Dietary Intakes of Total Polyphenol and Its Subclasses with the Risk of Metabolic Syndrome: Tehran Lipid and Glucose Study. Metabolic Syndrome and Related Disorders, 2018, 16, 274-281.	1.3	19
20	Nutrition and Diabetes, Cardiovascular and Chronic Kidney Diseases: Findings from 20 Years of the Tehran Lipid and Glucose Study. International Journal of Endocrinology and Metabolism, 2018, 16, e84791.	1.0	18
21	Determinants of vitamin D receptor gene expression in visceral and subcutaneous adipose tissue in non-obese, obese, and morbidly obese subjects. Journal of Steroid Biochemistry and Molecular Biology, 2019, 187, 82-87.	2.5	17
22	Metabolic Syndrome: Twenty Years of the Tehran Lipid and Glucose Study Findings. International Journal of Endocrinology and Metabolism, 2018, In Press, e84771.	1.0	16
23	Is apelin gene expression and concentration affected by dietary intakes? A systematic review. Critical Reviews in Food Science and Nutrition, 2018, 58, 680-688.	10.3	15
24	Dietary Acid-Base Load and Risk of Chronic Kidney Disease in Adults: Tehran Lipid and Glucose Study. Iranian Journal of Kidney Diseases, 2016, 10, 119-25.	0.1	15
25	Prediction of metabolic syndrome by a high intake of energy-dense nutrient-poor snacks in Iranian children and adolescents. Pediatric Research, 2016, 79, 697-704.	2.3	14
26	Secular trend in dietary patterns of Iranian adults from 2006 to 2017: Tehran lipid and glucose study. Nutrition Journal, 2020, 19 , 110 .	3.4	14
27	The relation between circulating levels of vitamin D and parathyroid hormone in children and adolescents with overweight or obesity: Quest for a threshold. PLoS ONE, 2019, 14, e0225717.	2.5	13
28	Daily vitamin D3 in overweight and obese children and adolescents: a randomized controlled trial. European Journal of Nutrition, 2021, 60, 2831-2840.	3.9	13
29	Low carbohydrate diet score does not predict metabolic syndrome in children and adolescents: Tehran Lipid and Glucose Study. Archives of Iranian Medicine, 2014, 17, 417-22.	0.6	13
30	Association of nuts and unhealthy snacks with subclinical atherosclerosis among children and adolescents with overweight and obesity. Nutrition and Metabolism, 2019, 16, 23.	3.0	12
31	Dietary total antioxidant capacity and incidence of chronic kidney disease in subjects with dysglycemia: Tehran Lipid and Glucose Study. European Journal of Nutrition, 2018, 57, 2377-2385.	3.9	11
32	Insulin metabolism markers are predictors of subclinical atherosclerosis among overweight and obese children and adolescents. BMC Pediatrics, 2018, 18, 368.	1.7	11
33	The association of dietary carbohydrate with FTO gene expression in visceral and subcutaneous adipose tissue of adults without diabetes. Nutrition, 2019, 63-64, 92-97.	2.4	9
34	<p>The Association of Dietary Polyphenol Intake with the Risk of Type 2 Diabetes: Tehran Lipid and Glucose Study</p> . Diabetes, Metabolic Syndrome and Obesity: Targets and Therapy, 2020, Volume 13, 1643-1652.	2.4	9
35	Dietary glycemic index and dietary glycemic load is associated with apelin gene expression in visceral and subcutaneous adipose tissues of adults. Nutrition and Metabolism, 2019, 16, 68.	3.0	8
36	Associations of dairy intake with risk of incident metabolic syndrome in children and adolescents: Tehran Lipid and Glucose Study. Acta Diabetologica, 2021, 58, 447-457.	2.5	8

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#	Article	IF	Citations
37	Changes in dairy product consumption and subsequent type 2 diabetes among individuals with prediabetes: Tehran Lipid and Glucose Study. Nutrition Journal, 2021, 20, 88.	3.4	8
38	The association of dietary and plasma fatty acid composition with FTO gene expression in human visceral and subcutaneous adipose tissues. European Journal of Nutrition, 2021, 60, 2485-2494.	3.9	6
39	Dietary intakes of total polyphenol and its subclasses in association with the incidence of chronic kidney diseases: a prospective populationâ€based cohort study. BMC Nephrology, 2021, 22, 84.	1.8	6
40	Association of dietary pattern with carotid intima media thickness among children with overweight or obesity. Diabetology and Metabolic Syndrome, 2019, 11, 77.	2.7	5
41	Association of circulating 25-hydroxyvitamin D and parathyroid hormone with carotid intima media thickness in children and adolescents with excess weight. Journal of Steroid Biochemistry and Molecular Biology, 2019, 188, 117-123.	2.5	4
42	Does Dietary Intake Impact Omentin Gene Expression and Plasma Concentration? A Systematic Review. Lifestyle Genomics, 2021, 14, 49-61.	1.7	4
43	Association of plasma fatty acids pattern with omentin gene expression in human adipose tissues: A cross-sectional study. Nutrition, Metabolism and Cardiovascular Diseases, 2021, 31, 894-901.	2.6	4
44	Dietary Inflammatory Index in Relation to Carotid Intima Media Thickness among Overweight or Obese Children and Adolescents. Annals of Nutrition and Metabolism, 2019, 75, 179-186.	1.9	3
45	Dietary fat content and adipose triglyceride lipase and hormone-sensitive lipase gene expressions in adults' subcutaneous and visceral fat tissues. Prostaglandins Leukotrienes and Essential Fatty Acids, 2021, 165, 102244.	2.2	3
46	Leemoo, a Dietary Assessment and Nutritional Planning Software, Using Fuzzy Logic. International Journal of Endocrinology and Metabolism, 2013, 11, e10169.	1.0	3
47	The protective effects of dietary intake of flavonoids and its subclasses on metabolic syndrome incidence. International Journal of Food Sciences and Nutrition, 2022, 73, 116-126.	2.8	2
48	Plasma Fatty Acid Composition Was Associated with Apelin Gene Expression in Human Adipose Tissues. BioMed Research International, 2021, 2021, 1-8.	1.9	2
49	Impact of Nutrition Support Team on Postoperative Nutritional Status and Outcome of Patients with Congenital Gastrointestinal Anomalies. Middle East Journal of Digestive Diseases, 2020, 12, 116-122.	0.4	1
50	The relation of omentin gene expression and glucose homeostasis of visceral and subcutaneous adipose tissues in non-diabetic adults. Molecular Biology Reports, 2022, 49, 163-169.	2.3	1
51	Reply. Journal of Pediatrics, 2016, 178, 307-308.	1.8	0
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