## DaniÃ"le Luce

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/3213381/publications.pdf

Version: 2024-02-01

		126907	175258
129	3,802	33	52
papers	citations	h-index	g-index
136	136	136	3882
all docs	docs citations	times ranked	citing authors

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Risk factors for head and neck cancer in more and less developed countries: Analysis from the INHANCE consortium. Oral Diseases, 2023, 29, 1565-1578.	3.0	9
2	Occupational Exposure to Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons and Lung Cancer Risk: Results from a Pooled Analysis of Case–Control Studies (SYNERGY). Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2022, 31, 1433-1441.	2.5	10
3	Lung cancer mortality in the European cohort of titanium dioxide workers: a reanalysis of the exposure–response relationship. Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2022, 79, 637-640.	2.8	8
4	Geographical variations of cancer incidence in Guadeloupe, French West Indies. BMC Cancer, 2022, 22, .	2.6	2
5	Lessons learned from the INHANCE consortium: An overview of recent results on head and neck cancer. Oral Diseases, 2021, 27, 73-93.	3.0	31
6	Lung cancer risk in painters: results from the SYNERGY pooled case–control study consortium. Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2021, 78, 269-278.	2.8	11
7	Occupational Factors in the Social Gradients in Cancer Incidence. , 2021, , 205-219.		O
8	Occupational socioeconomic risk associations for head and neck cancer in Europe and South America: individual participant data analysis of pooled case–control studies within the INHANCE Consortium. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2021, 75, 779-787.	3.7	5
9	Response to Tomenson's letter on †Lung cancer mortality in the French cohort of titanium dioxide workers: some aetiological insights'. Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2021, 78, 304-304.	2.8	1
10	Application of two job indices for general occupational demands in a pooled analysis of case–control studies on lung cancer. Scandinavian Journal of Work, Environment and Health, 2021, 47, 475-481.	3 <b>.</b> 4	1
11	Head and neck cancer risk factors in the French West Indies. BMC Cancer, 2021, 21, 1071.	2.6	8
12	Occurrence of Sinonasal Intestinal-Type Adenocarcinoma and Non-Intestinal-Type Adenocarcinoma in Two Countries with Different Patterns of Wood Dust Exposure. Cancers, 2021, 13, 5245.	3.7	8
13	Heterogeneity in head and neck cancer incidence among black populations from Africa, the Caribbean and the USA: Analysis of cancer registry data by the AC3. Cancer Epidemiology, 2021, 75, 102053.	1.9	2
14	A cohort study of banana plantation workers in the French West Indies: first mortality analysis (2000–2015). Environmental Science and Pollution Research, 2020, 27, 41014-41022.	5.3	2
15	Laryngeal Cancer Risks in Workers Exposed to Lung Carcinogens: Exposure–Effect Analyses Using a Quantitative Job Exposure Matrix. Epidemiology, 2020, 31, 145-154.	2.7	15
16	Occupational exposure to unintentionally emitted nanoscale particles and risk of cancer: From lung to central nervous system - Results from three French case-control studies. Environmental Research, 2020, 191, 110024.	7.5	5
17	Lung cancer mortality in the French cohort of titanium dioxide workers: some aetiological insights. Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2020, 77, 795-797.	2.8	12
18	Joint effect of tobacco, alcohol, and oral HPV infection on head and neck cancer risk in the French West Indies. Cancer Medicine, 2020, 9, 6854-6863.	2.8	22

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
19	A new trajectory approach for investigating the association between an environmental or occupational exposure over lifetime and the risk of chronic disease: Application to smoking, asbestos, and lung cancer. PLoS ONE, 2020, 15, e0236736.	2.5	12
20	Alcohol drinking and head and neck cancer risk: the joint effect of intensity and duration. British Journal of Cancer, 2020, 123, 1456-1463.	6.4	65
21	Diesel Engine Exhaust Exposure, Smoking, and Lung Cancer Subtype Risks. A Pooled Exposure–Response Analysis of 14 Case–Control Studies. American Journal of Respiratory and Critical Care Medicine, 2020, 202, 402-411.	5.6	34
22	Respirable Crystalline Silica Exposure, Smoking, and Lung Cancer Subtype Risks. A Pooled Analysis of Case–Control Studies. American Journal of Respiratory and Critical Care Medicine, 2020, 202, 412-421.	5.6	44
23	Welding and the risk of head and neck cancer: the ICARE study. Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2020, 77, 293-300.	2.8	5
24	Sinonasal Cancer., 2020, , 147-178.		0
25	Social distribution of tobacco smoking, alcohol drinking and obesity in the French West Indies. BMC Public Health, 2019, 19, 1424.	2.9	14
26	Occupational exposure to wood dust and risk of lung cancer: the ICARE study. Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2019, 76, 901-907.	2.8	8
27	Occupational exposure to petroleum-based and oxygenated solvents and oral and oropharyngeal cancer risk in men: A population-based case-control study in France. Cancer Epidemiology, 2019, 59, 22-28.	1.9	8
28	Joint effects of intensity and duration of cigarette smoking on the risk of head and neck cancer: A bivariate spline model approach. Oral Oncology, 2019, 94, 47-57.	1.5	32
29	Head and neck cancer and occupational exposure to leather dust: results from the ICARE study, a French case-control study. Environmental Health, 2019, 18, 27.	4.0	7
30	Welding fumes and lung cancer: a meta-analysis of case-control and cohort studies. Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2019, 76, 422-431.	2.8	47
31	Occupations and the Risk of Head and Neck Cancer. Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2019, 61, 397-404.	1.7	13
32	Risk factors for salivary gland cancers in France: Results from a case-control study, the ICARE study. Oral Oncology, 2018, 80, 56-63.	1.5	18
33	Occupational exposure to textile dust and lung cancer risk: Results from the ICARE Study. American Journal of Industrial Medicine, 2018, 61, 216-228.	2.1	7
34	Socioeconomic and healthcare use-related determinants of cervical, breast and colorectal cancer screening practice in the French West Indies. European Journal of Cancer Prevention, 2018, 27, 269-273.	1.3	17
35	Occupational prestige trajectory and the risk of lung and head and neck cancer among men and women in France. International Journal of Public Health, 2018, 63, 833-845.	2.3	2
36	Time-dependent effect of intensity of smoking and of occupational exposure to asbestos on the risk of lung cancer: results from the ICARE case–control study. Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2018, 75, 586-592.	2.8	11

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
37	Occupational exposure to petroleum-based and oxygenated solvents and hypopharyngeal and laryngeal cancer in France: the ICARE study. BMC Cancer, 2018, 18, 388.	2.6	12
38	Occupational exposure to flour dust and the risk of head and neck cancer. American Journal of Industrial Medicine, 2018, 61, 869-873.	2.1	4
39	Occupational exposure to solvents and risk of head and neck cancer in women: a population-based case–control study in France. BMJ Open, 2017, 7, e012833.	1.9	22
40	Occupational exposure to endotoxins and lung cancer risk: results of the ICARE Study. Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2017, 74, 667-679.	2.8	17
41	Integrative genomic analysis identifies ancestryâ€related expression quantitative trait loci on DNA polymerase l² and supports the association of genetic ancestry with survival disparities in head and neck squamous cell carcinoma. Cancer, 2017, 123, 849-860.	4.1	18
42	Prevalence of oral HPV infection among healthy individuals and head and neck cancer cases in the French West Indies. Cancer Causes and Control, 2017, 28, 1333-1340.	1.8	15
43	Disparities in cancer incidence by area-level socioeconomic status in the French West Indies. Cancer Causes and Control, 2017, 28, 1305-1312.	1.8	18
44	Neighborhood deprivation and risk of head and neck cancer: A multilevel analysis from France. Oral Oncology, 2017, 71, 144-149.	1.5	19
45	Occupational exposure to chlorinated solvents and risk of head and neck cancer in men: a population-based case-control study in France. Environmental Health, 2017, 16, 77.	4.0	25
46	Professional Cleaning Activities and Lung Cancer Risk Among Women. Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2016, 58, 610-616.	1.7	13
47	Quantifying the mediating effects of smoking and occupational exposures in the relation between education and lung cancer: the ICARE study. European Journal of Epidemiology, 2016, 31, 1213-1221.	5.7	17
48	Multidimensional analysis of the effect of occupational exposure to organic solvents on lung cancer risk: the ICARE study. Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2016, 73, 368-377.	2.8	21
49	Welding, a risk factor of lung cancer: the ICARE study. Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2016, 73, 254-261.	2.8	29
50	The joint effect of asbestos exposure, tobacco smoking and alcohol drinking on laryngeal cancer risk: evidence from the French population-based case–control study, ICARE. Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2016, 73, 28-33.	2.8	26
51	Population attributable risks of oral cavity cancer to behavioral and medical risk factors in France: results of a large population-based case–control study, the ICARE study. BMC Cancer, 2015, 15, 827.	2.6	32
52	Advancing Cancer Control through Research and Cancer Registry Collaborations in the Caribbean. Cancer Control, 2015, 22, 520-530.	1.8	18
53	Occupational Exposure to Diesel Motor Exhaust and Lung Cancer: A Dose-Response Relationship Hidden by Asbestos Exposure Adjustment? The ICARE Study. Journal of Cancer Epidemiology, 2015, 2015, 1-10.	1.1	10
54	Estimating and explaining the effect of education and income on head and neck cancer risk: INHANCE consortium pooled analysis of 31 caseâ€control studies from 27 countries. International Journal of Cancer, 2015, 136, 1125-1139.	5.1	112

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
55	Coffee consumption and risk of lung cancer: the ICARE study. European Journal of Epidemiology, 2015, 30, 81-85.	5.7	6
56	Exposure to chlorinated solvents and lung cancer: results of the ICARE study. Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2014, 71, 681-689.	2.8	14
57	Medical follow-up for workers exposed to bladder carcinogens: the French evidence-based and pragmatic statement. BMC Public Health, 2014, 14, 1155.	2.9	6
58	Heavy smoking and lung cancer: Are women at higher risk? Result of the ICARE study. British Journal of Cancer, 2014, 110, 1385-1391.	6.4	50
59	Education and Lung Cancer Among Never Smokers. Epidemiology, 2014, 25, 934-935.	2.7	3
60	0135â€Prevalence of exposure to some occupational carcinogens in France: evolution between 1999 and 2007. Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2014, 71, A16.2-A16.	2.8	3
61	Adult height and head and neck cancer: a pooled analysis within the INHANCE Consortium. European Journal of Epidemiology, 2014, 29, 35-48.	5.7	66
62	Estimating the social cost of respiratory cancer cases attributable to occupational exposures in France. European Journal of Health Economics, 2014, 15, 661-673.	2.8	14
63	An extensive epidemiological investigation of a kidney cancer cluster in a chemical plant: what have we learned?. Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2014, 71, 4-11.	2.8	6
64	0234â€Head and neck cancer and occupational exposure to asbestos, mineral wools and silica: results from the ICARE study. Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2014, 71, A90.1-A90.	2.8	4
65	0139â€Occupational exposure to chlorinated solvents and lung cancer: results from the ICARE study. Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2014, 71, A17.1-A17.	2.8	1
66	0280â€Occupational risk factors for prostate cancer: a case-control study in Guadeloupe (French West) Tj ET	`QqQ_000 rg	BT Overlock
67	0279â€Head and neck cancer and occupational exposure to chlorinated solvents: results from the ICARE study. Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2014, 71, A99.3-A100.	2.8	2
68	Occupation and head and neck cancer in womenâ€"Results of the ICARE study. American Journal of Industrial Medicine, 2014, 57, 1386-1397.	2.1	5
69	Sinonasal Cancer. , 2014, , 139-168.		1
70	Tea and coffee consumption and risk of oral cavity cancer: Results of a large population-based case-control study, the ICARE study. Cancer Epidemiology, 2013, 37, 284-289.	1.9	27
71	Diverging trends in educational inequalities in cancer mortality between men and women in the 2000s in France. BMC Public Health, 2013, 13, 823.	2.9	26
72	Body mass index, body mass change, and risk of oral cavity cancer: results of a large population-based case–control study, the ICARE study. Cancer Causes and Control, 2013, 24, 1437-1448.	1.8	26

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
73	Family history of cancer, personal history of medical conditions and risk of oral cavity cancer in France: the ICARE study. BMC Cancer, 2013, 13, 560.	2.6	23
74	A review of risk factors for oral cavity cancer: the importance of a standardized case definition. Community Dentistry and Oral Epidemiology, 2013, 41, 97-109.	1.9	81
75	Measuring social inequalities in cause-specific mortality in France: Comparison between linked and unlinked approaches. Revue D'Epidemiologie Et De Sante Publique, 2013, 61, 221-231.	0.5	10
76	Tobacco smoking, alcohol drinking and risk of oral cavity cancer by subsite. European Journal of Cancer Prevention, 2013, 22, 268-276.	1.3	69
77	Characterization of a French series of female cases of mesothelioma. American Journal of Industrial Medicine, 2013, 56, 1307-1316.	2.1	11
78	Occupation and Head and Neck Cancer Risk in Men. Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2013, 55, 1065-1073.	1.7	18
79	Risk of Lung Cancer Associated With Occupational Exposure to Mineral Wools. Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2013, 55, 786-795.	1.7	19
80	Occupational Exposures and Cancer of the Larynxâ€"Systematic Review and Meta-analysis. Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2012, 54, 71-84.	1.7	69
81	Organisation de la vigilance à partir des observations de terrainÂ: exemple à partir du cluster de cas de cancers du rein d'une entreprise d'AllierÂ: du signalement à l'action, critique positive et négative. Archives Des Maladies Professionnelles Et De L'Environnement, 2012, 73, 416-418.	0.1	0
82	Time trends in educational differences in lung and upper aero digestive tract cancer mortality in France between 1990 and 2007. Cancer Epidemiology, 2012, 36, 329-334.	1.9	9
83	Body mass index and lung cancer risk: results from the ICARE study, a large, population-based case–control study. Cancer Causes and Control, 2012, 23, 1113-1126.	1.8	21
84	Occupational exposures to asbestos, polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons and solvents, and cancers of the oral cavity and pharynx: a quantitative literature review. International Archives of Occupational and Environmental Health, 2012, 85, 341-351.	2.3	36
85	Cigarette smoking and lung cancer in women: Results of the French ICARE case–control study. Lung Cancer, 2011, 74, 369-377.	2.0	34
86	Development of a French Epidemiological Surveillance System of Workers Producing or Handling Engineered Nanomaterials in the Workplace. Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2011, 53, S103-S107.	1.7	17
87	Risk of Lung Cancer and Occupational History. Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2011, 53, 1068-1077.	1.7	45
88	Cancer mortality study among French cement production workers. International Archives of Occupational and Environmental Health, 2011, 84, 167-173.	2.3	16
89	Investigation of occupational and environmental causes of respiratory cancers (ICARE): a multicenter, population-based case-control study in France. BMC Public Health, 2011, 11, 928.	2.9	63
90	Matg $\tilde{A}$ © $n\tilde{A}$ ©: A Program to Develop Job-Exposure Matrices in the General Population in France. Annals of Occupational Hygiene, 2011, 55, 865-78.	1.9	51

#	Article	lF	CITATIONS
91	Profile of TP53 gene mutations in sinonasal cancerâ <sup>+</sup> . Mutation Research - Fundamental and Molecular Mechanisms of Mutagenesis, 2010, 686, 9-14.	1.0	20
92	Socioeconomic inequalities in cause specific mortality among older people in France. BMC Public Health, 2010, 10, 260.	2.9	17
93	Mutations in TP53 tumor suppressor gene in wood dustâ€related sinonasal cancer. International Journal of Cancer, 2010, 127, 578-588.	5.1	66
94	Possible effect of environmental exposure to asbestos on geographical variation in mesothelioma rates. Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2010, 67, 417-421.	2.8	26
95	Social inequalities in mortality by cause among men and women in France. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2009, 63, 197-202.	3.7	59
96	BatimexÂ: une matrice emplois-expositions pour le ciment chez les travailleurs de la construction – Conception et validation. Archives Des Maladies Professionnelles Et De L'Environnement, 2009, 70, 502-515.	0.1	0
97	The health impact of nonoccupational exposure to asbestos: what do we know?. European Journal of Cancer Prevention, 2009, 18, 489-503.	1.3	60
98	COXâ€⊋ and p53 in human sinonasal cancer: COXâ€⊋ expression is associated with adenocarcinoma histology and woodâ€dust exposure. International Journal of Cancer, 2008, 122, 2154-2159.	5.1	38
99	K-rasmutations in sinonasal cancers in relation to wood dust exposure. BMC Cancer, 2008, 8, 53.	2.6	63
100	A 26-Year Cohort Mortality Study of French Construction Workers Aged 20 to 64 Years. Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2007, 49, 546-556.	1.7	15
101	Changes in Socioeconomic Inequalities in Cancer Mortality Rates Among French Men Between 1968 and 1996. American Journal of Public Health, 2007, 97, 2082-2087.	2.7	26
102	138 A cluster of five cases of malignant pleural mesothelioma among the faculty of a university asbestos insulated campus. Lung Cancer, 2006, 54, S34.	2.0	0
103	Lung Cancer Mortality and Occupational Exposure to Asbestos Among Telephone Linemen: A Historical Cohort Study in France. Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2006, 48, 1166-1172.	1.7	16
104	Socioeconomic inequalities in premature mortality in France: Have they widened in recent decades?. Social Science and Medicine, 2006, 62, 2035-2045.	3.8	71
105	Social inequalities in breast cancer mortality among French women: disappearing educational disparities from 1968 to 1996. British Journal of Cancer, 2006, 94, 152-155.	6.4	47
106	Social inequalities and cancer mortality in France, 1975–1990. Cancer Causes and Control, 2005, 16, 501-513.	1.8	55
107	Can Exposure to Very Low Levels of Asbestos Induce Pleural Mesothelioma?. American Journal of Respiratory and Critical Care Medicine, 2005, 172, 939-940.	5.6	17
108	Assessment of Environmental and Domestic Exposure to Tremolite in New Caledonia. Archives of Environmental Health, 2004, 59, 91-100.	0.4	19

#	Article	IF	Citations
109	Smoking, alcohol drinking, occupational exposures and social inequalities in hypopharyngeal and laryngeal cancer. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2004, 33, 799-806.	1.9	75
110	Mortality Among Workers Employed in the Titanium Dioxide Production Industry in Europe. Cancer Causes and Control, 2004, 15, 697-706.	1.8	155
111	Occupational exposures and lung cancer in New Caledonia. Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2003, 60, 584-589.	2.8	45
112	Dietary Factors and the Risk of Lung Cancer in New Caledonia (South Pacific). Nutrition and Cancer, 2002, 42, 18-24.	2.0	30
113	Sinonasal cancer and occupational exposures: a pooled analysis of 12 case-control studies. Cancer Causes and Control, 2002, 13, 147-157.	1.8	120
114	Laryngeal and hypopharyngeal cancers and occupational exposure to formaldehyde and various dusts: a case-control study in France. Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2000, 57, 767-773.	2.8	53
115	Future trends in mortality of French men from mesothelioma. Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2000, 57, 488-494.	2.8	70
116	Sinonasal cancer, occupation, and tobacco smoking in European women and men., 1999, 36, 101-107.		105
117	Sinonasal cancer and occupation. Results from the reanalysis of twelve case-control studies. , 1997, 31, 153-165.		31
118	Sinonasal cancer and occupational exposure to textile dust., 1997, 32, 205-210.		28
119	Occupational Factors of Anxiety and Depressive Disorders in the French National Electricity and Gas Company. Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 1996, 38, 1098-1107.	1.7	33
120	Wood dust and sino-nasal cancer: Pooled reanalysis of twelve case-control studies. American Journal of Industrial Medicine, 1995, 28, 151-166.	2.1	121
121	Malignant pleural mesothelioma associated with exposure to tremolite. Lancet, The, 1994, 344, 1777.	13.7	24
122	Sinonasal Cancer and Wood Dust Exposure: Results from a Case-Control Study. American Journal of Epidemiology, 1994, 140, 340-349.	3.4	78
123	Sinonasal cancer and occupational exposure to formaldehyde and other substances. International Journal of Cancer, 1993, 53, 224-231.	5.1	114
124	Occupational risk factors for sinonasal cancer: A case-control study in France. American Journal of Industrial Medicine, 1992, 21, 163-175.	2.1	75
125	Occupational exposure and head and neck carcinoma. Clinical Otolaryngology, 1990, 15, 439-445.	1.2	25
126	Risk factors for simultaneous carcinoma of the head and neck. Head and Neck, 1989, 11, 426-430.	2.0	41

## DaniÃ"LE Luce

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
127	Correspondence analysis and logistic modelling: Complementary use in the analysis of a health survey among nurses. Statistics in Medicine, 1988, 7, 983-995.	1.6	20
128	A study of the interaction of alcohol drinking and tobacco smoking among French cases of laryngeal cancer Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 1988, 42, 350-354.	3.7	51
129	Type of alcoholic beverage and cancer of the upper respiratory and digestive tract. European Journal of Cancer & Clinical Oncology, 1987, 23, 529-534.	0.7	28