List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Ιπνη Λυεήτων

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Video-Assisted Thoracoscopic Surgery for Small Indeterminate Pulmonary Nodules. Chest, 1999, 115, 563-568.	0.8	410
2	Prognostic significance of the size of central fibrosis in peripheral adenocarcinoma of the lung. Annals of Thoracic Surgery, 2000, 69, 893-897.	1.3	239
3	Podoplanin expression by cancer associated fibroblasts predicts poor prognosis of lung adenocarcinoma. International Journal of Cancer, 2008, 123, 1053-1059.	5.1	199
4	Hepatocyte Growth Factor Expression in EGFR Mutant Lung Cancer with Intrinsic and Acquired Resistance to Tyrosine Kinase Inhibitors in a Japanese Cohort. Journal of Thoracic Oncology, 2011, 6, 2011-2017.	1.1	196
5	Pleomorphic Carcinoma of the Lung. American Journal of Surgical Pathology, 2008, 32, 1727-1735.	3.7	192
6	Visceral pleural invasion is an invasive and aggressive indicator of non-small cell lung cancer. Journal of Thoracic and Cardiovascular Surgery, 2005, 130, 160-165.	0.8	183
7	Limited resection trial for pulmonary ground-glass opacity nodules: Fifty-case experience. Journal of Thoracic and Cardiovascular Surgery, 2005, 129, 991-996.	0.8	181
8	Stromal Macrophage Expressing CD204 is Associated with Tumor Aggressiveness in Lung Adenocarcinoma. Journal of Thoracic Oncology, 2010, 5, 1507-1515.	1.1	159
9	Progression of Focal Pure Ground-Glass Opacity Detected by Low-Dose Helical Computed Tomography Screening for Lung Cancer. Journal of Computer Assisted Tomography, 2004, 28, 17-23.	0.9	151
10	The proportion of consolidation to ground-glass opacity on high resolution CT is a good predictor for distinguishing the population of non-invasive peripheral adenocarcinoma. Lung Cancer, 2003, 42, 303-310.	2.0	128
11	Conventional clinicopathologic prognostic factors in surgically resected nonsmall cell lung carcinoma. , 1999, 86, 1976-1984.		122
12	Pitfalls in lymph node staging with positron emission tomography in non-small cell lung cancer patients. Lung Cancer, 2005, 47, 235-242.	2.0	112
13	Histopathologic Prognostic Factors in Resected Colorectal Lung Metastases. Annals of Thoracic Surgery, 2005, 79, 278-282.	1.3	111
14	Clinicopathologic Characteristics of Peripheral Squamous Cell Carcinoma of the Lung. American Journal of Surgical Pathology, 2003, 27, 978-984.	3.7	106
15	Visceral pleural invasion classification in non–small cell lung cancer: a proposal on the basis of outcome assessment. Journal of Thoracic and Cardiovascular Surgery, 2004, 127, 1574-1578.	0.8	102
16	Pathologic NO status in pulmonary adenocarcinoma is predictable by combining serum carcinoembryonic antigen level and computed tomographic findings. Journal of Thoracic and Cardiovascular Surgery, 2001, 122, 325-330.	0.8	100
17	Treatment strategy for chylothorax after pulmonary resection and lymph node dissection for lung cancer. Journal of Thoracic and Cardiovascular Surgery, 2002, 124, 499-502.	0.8	91
18	Visceral Pleura Invasion Impact on Non-small Cell Lung Cancer Patient Survival: Its Implications for the Forthcoming TNM Staging Based on a Large-Scale Nation-Wide Database. Journal of Thoracic Oncology, 2009, 4, 959-963.	1.1	91

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19	Forkhead box P3 regulatory T cells coexisting with cancer associated fibroblasts are correlated with a poor outcome in lung adenocarcinoma. Cancer Science, 2013, 104, 409-415.	3.9	87
20	Long-Term Outcomes of 50 Cases of Limited-Resection Trial for Pulmonary Ground-Glass Opacity Nodules. Journal of Thoracic Oncology, 2012, 7, 1563-1566.	1,1	86
21	Differences Between Squamous Cell Carcinoma and Adenocarcinoma of the Lung: Are Adenocarcinoma and Squamous Cell Carcinoma Prognostically Equal?. Japanese Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2012, 42, 189-195.	1.3	84
22	The prognosis of surgically resected N2 non–small cell lung cancer: The importance of clinical N status. Journal of Thoracic and Cardiovascular Surgery, 1999, 118, 145-153.	0.8	80
23	Expression of podoplanin, CD44, and p63 in squamous cell carcinoma of the lung. Cancer Science, 2009, 100, 2054-2059.	3.9	80
24	Limited resection for early-stage non-small cell lung cancer as function-preserving radical surgery: a review. Japanese Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2017, 47, 7-11.	1.3	78
25	Prognostic factors in clinical stage I non–small cell lung cancer. Annals of Thoracic Surgery, 1999, 67, 927-932.	1.3	77
26	Predictive Factors for Local Recurrence of Resected Colorectal Lung Metastases. Annals of Thoracic Surgery, 2005, 80, 1040-1045.	1.3	77
27	Immunohistochemical differential diagnosis between thymic carcinoma and type B3 thymoma: diagnostic utility of hypoxic marker, GLUT-1, in thymic epithelial neoplasms. Modern Pathology, 2009, 22, 1341-1350.	5.5	77
28	Clinical predictors of N2 disease in the setting of a negative computed tomographic scan in patients with lung cancer. Journal of Thoracic and Cardiovascular Surgery, 1999, 117, 593-598.	0.8	76
29	Risk Factors for Tumor Recurrence in Patients With Early-Stage (Stage I and II) Non-small Cell Lung Cancer. Chest, 2011, 140, 1494-1502.	0.8	76
30	Impact of positive pleural lavage cytology on survival in patients having lung resection for non–small-cell lung cancer: An international individual patient data meta-analysis. Journal of Thoracic and Cardiovascular Surgery, 2010, 139, 1441-1446.	0.8	74
31	Mediastinal Nodal Involvement in Patients with Clinical Stage I Non–Small-Cell Lung Cancer: Possibility of Rational Lymph Node Dissection. Journal of Thoracic Oncology, 2015, 10, 930-936.	1.1	74
32	Postoperative morbidity, mortality, and survival in lung cancer associated with idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis. Journal of Surgical Oncology, 2002, 81, 33-37.	1.7	73
33	Visceral Pleural Invasion Classification in Non–Small-Cell Lung Cancer in the 7th Edition of the Tumor, Node, Metastasis Classification for Lung Cancer: Validation Analysis Based on a Large-Scale Nationwide Database. Journal of Thoracic Oncology, 2013, 8, 606-611.	1.1	73
34	Predictors of lymph node and intrapulmonary metastasis in clinical stage IA non–small cell lung carcinoma. Annals of Thoracic Surgery, 2001, 72, 352-356.	1.3	71
35	Late Recurrence of Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer More Than 5 Years After Complete Resection. Chest, 2010, 138, 145-150.	0.8	71
36	Clinicopathological characteristics of surgically resected lung cancer associated with idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis. Journal of Surgical Oncology, 2001, 76, 53-57.	1.7	69

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37	Possible Delayed Cut-End Recurrence After Limited Resection for Ground-Glass Opacity Adenocarcinoma, Intraoperatively Diagnosed as Noguchi Type B, in Three Patients. Journal of Thoracic Oncology, 2010, 5, 546-550.	1.1	65
38	Low-fat diet management strategy for chylothorax after pulmonary resection and lymph node dissection for primary lung cancer. Journal of Thoracic and Cardiovascular Surgery, 2013, 146, 571-574.	0.8	65
39	Prognostic Impact of CD204-Positive Macrophages in Lung Squamous Cell Carcinoma: Possible Contribution of Cd204-Positive Macrophages to the Tumor-Promoting Microenvironment. Journal of Thoracic Oncology, 2012, 7, 1790-1797.	1.1	64
40	Risk Factors of Postoperative Respiratory Infections in Lung Cancer Surgery. Journal of Thoracic Oncology, 2007, 2, 34-38.	1.1	62
41	Podoplanin-Positive Cancer-Associated Fibroblasts Could Have Prognostic Value Independent of Cancer Cell Phenotype in Stage I Lung Squamous Cell Carcinoma. Chest, 2013, 143, 963-970.	0.8	60
42	The role of computed tomographic scanning in diagnosing mediastinal node involvement in non–small cell lung cancer. Journal of Thoracic and Cardiovascular Surgery, 2000, 119, 1135-1140.	0.8	59
43	Subcarinal lymph node in upper lobe non-small cell lung cancer patients: Is selective lymph node dissection valid?. Lung Cancer, 2010, 70, 163-167.	2.0	59
44	The prognosis of resected lung carcinoma associated with atypical adenomatous hyperplasia. , 1997, 79, 1521-1526.		58
45	Survival of 1737 lobectomy-tolerable patients who underwent limited resection for cStage IA non-small-cell lung cancerâ€. European Journal of Cardio-thoracic Surgery, 2015, 47, 135-142.	1.4	55
46	Clinical Predictors of N2 Disease in Non-small Cell Lung Cancer. Chest, 2000, 117, 1577-1582.	0.8	53
47	Problems in the current diagnostic standards of clinical N1 non-small cell lung cancer. Thorax, 2008, 63, 526-531.	5.6	53
48	Carbonic anhydrase IX expression is associated with tumor progression and a poor prognosis of lung adenocarcinoma. Lung Cancer, 2006, 54, 409-418.	2.0	52
49	Dynamic molecular changes associated with epithelial–mesenchymal transition and subsequent mesenchymal–epithelial transition in the early phase of metastatic tumor formation. International Journal of Cancer, 2011, 128, 1585-1595.	5.1	52
50	Salvage esophagectomy following definitive chemoradiotherapy. General Thoracic and Cardiovascular Surgery, 2007, 55, 461-465.	0.9	51
51	Fibrous Stroma Is Associated with Poorer Prognosis in Lung Squamous Cell Carcinoma Patients. Journal of Thoracic Oncology, 2011, 6, 1460-1467.	1.1	51
52	Clinical features of unresectable high-grade lung neuroendocrine carcinoma diagnosed using biopsy specimens. Lung Cancer, 2012, 75, 368-373.	2.0	51
53	Long-Term Outcome and Late Recurrence in Patients with Completely Resected Stage IA Non-small Cell Lung Cancer. Journal of Thoracic Oncology, 2010, 5, 1246-1250.	1.1	48
54	Pleural Lavage Cytology Before and After Lung Resection in Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer Patients. Annals of Thoracic Surgery, 2006, 81, 298-304.	1.3	45

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55	Prognostic impact of intratumoral vascular invasion in non-small cell lung cancer patients. Thorax, 2010, 65, 1092-1098.	5.6	44
56	Prognostic Impact of Microscopic Vessel Invasion and Visceral Pleural Invasion in Non–Small Cell Lung Cancer. Annals of Surgery, 2014, 260, 383-388.	4.2	44
57	Prognostic significance of carbonic anhydrase IX expression by cancerâ€associated fibroblasts in lung adenocarcinoma. Cancer, 2009, 115, 2732-2743.	4.1	43
58	Long-term Survival and Risk Factors for Recurrence in Stage I Non-small Cell Lung Cancer Patients With Tumors up to 3 cm in Maximum Dimension. Chest, 2010, 138, 357-362.	0.8	42
59	Extranodal Marginal Zone B-cell Lymphoma of Mucosa-associated Lymphoid Tissue (MALT Lymphoma) in the Thymus: Report of Four Cases. Japanese Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2005, 35, 412-416.	1.3	41
60	Distinct clinicopathologic characteristics of lung mucinous adenocarcinoma with KRAS mutation. Human Pathology, 2013, 44, 2636-2642.	2.0	41
61	Primary Peripheral Lung Carcinoma Smaller Than 1 cm in Diameter. Chest, 1998, 114, 710-712.	0.8	40
62	Is surgical resection indicated for a solitary non–small cell lung cancer recurrence?. Journal of Thoracic and Cardiovascular Surgery, 2006, 131, 838-842.	0.8	40
63	Long-term survival outcome after postoperative recurrence of non-small-cell lung cancer: who is 'cured' from postoperative recurrence?. European Journal of Cardio-thoracic Surgery, 2017, 52, 522-528.	1.4	40
64	Extratumoral Vascular Invasion Is a Significant Prognostic Indicator and a Predicting Factor of Distant Metastasis in Non-small Cell Lung Cancer. Journal of Thoracic Oncology, 2010, 5, 970-975.	1.1	39
65	Postoperative oligo-recurrence of non-small-cell lung cancer: clinical features and survival. European Journal of Cardio-thoracic Surgery, 2016, 49, 847-853.	1.4	39
66	Poor Prognostic Factors in Patients With Stage IB Non-small Cell Lung Cancer According to the Seventh Edition TNM Classification. Chest, 2011, 139, 855-861.	0.8	38
67	Multiple Resections for Hepatic and Pulmonary Metastases of Colorectal Carcinoma. Japanese Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2007, 37, 186-192.	1.3	36
68	Synchronous double primary lung carcinomas associated with multiple atypical adenomatous hyperplasia. Lung Cancer, 1998, 19, 131-139.	2.0	35
69	Recruitment of Podoplanin Positive Cancer-Associated Fibroblasts in Metastatic Lymph Nodes Predicts Poor Prognosis in Pathological N2 Stage III Lung Adenocarcinoma. Annals of Surgical Oncology, 2012, 19, 3953-3962.	1.5	35
70	Identification of Early T1b Lung Adenocarcinoma Based on Thin-Section Computed Tomography Findings. Journal of Thoracic Oncology, 2013, 8, 1289-1294.	1.1	35
71	Predictive Factors of Pathologically Proven Noninvasive Tumor Characteristics in T1aNOMO Peripheral Non-small Cell Lung Cancer. Chest, 2012, 141, 1003-1009.	0.8	34
72	Evaluation of extratumoral lymphatic permeation in non-small cell lung cancer as a means of predicting outcome. Lung Cancer, 2007, 55, 61-66.	2.0	33

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73	Long-Term Survival in Two Cases of Resected Gastric Metastasis of Pulmonary Pleomorphic Carcinoma. Journal of Thoracic Oncology, 2008, 3, 796-799.	1.1	32
74	Multiple Sclerosing Hemangiomas with a 10-year History. Japanese Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2005, 35, 37-39.	1.3	30
75	Vascular Invasion Is a Strong Prognostic Factor After Complete Resection of Node-Negative Non-small Cell Lung Cancer. Chest, 2010, 138, 1411-1417.	0.8	30
76	The role of pulmonary resection in tumors metastatic from esophageal carcinoma. Japanese Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2017, 47, 25-31.	1.3	30
77	The impact on survival of positive intraoperative pleural lavage cytology in patients with non–small-cell lung cancer. Journal of Thoracic and Cardiovascular Surgery, 2010, 139, 1246-1252.e1.	0.8	29
78	Expression profiling of receptor tyrosine kinases in high-grade neuroendocrine carcinoma of the lung: a comparative analysis with adenocarcinoma and squamous cell carcinoma. Journal of Cancer Research and Clinical Oncology, 2015, 141, 2159-2170.	2.5	29
79	Prognosis and histologic features of small pulmonary adenocarcinoma based on serum carcinoembryonic antigen level and computed tomographic findings. European Journal of Cardio-thoracic Surgery, 2004, 25, 877-883.	1.4	28
80	The Prognostic Impact of Cigarette Smoking on Patients with Non-small Cell Lung Cancer. Journal of Thoracic Oncology, 2011, 6, 735-742.	1.1	28
81	Prognostic Significance of a Solid Component in Pulmonary Adenocarcinoma. Annals of Thoracic Surgery, 2011, 91, 1051-1057.	1.3	27
82	The Differences of Biological Behavior Based on the Clinicopathological Data Between Resectable Large-Cell Neuroendocrine Carcinoma and Small-Cell Lung Carcinoma. Clinical Lung Cancer, 2013, 14, 535-540.	2.6	27
83	Visceral Pleural Invasion Classification in Non-small Cell Lung Cancer. Journal of Thoracic Oncology, 2010, 5, 1784-1788.	1.1	26
84	Primary Thymic Mucosa-Associated Lymphoid Tissue Lymphoma: Diagnostic Tips. Journal of Thoracic Oncology, 2010, 5, 117-121.	1.1	26
85	The Role of Pulmonary Resection in Tumors Metastatic from Head and Neck Carcinomas. Japanese Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2010, 40, 639-644.	1.3	25
86	Prognostic Impact of Histology on Early-Stage Non-small Cell Lung Cancer. Chest, 2011, 140, 135-145.	0.8	24
87	Reasonable Extent of Lymph Node Dissection in Intentional Segmentectomy for Small-Sized Peripheral Non–Small-Cell Lung Cancer: From the Clinicopathological Findings of Patients Who Underwent Lobectomy with Systematic Lymph Node Dissection. Journal of Thoracic Oncology, 2012, 7, 1691-1697.	1.1	24
88	Immunohistochemical neuroendocrine differentiation is an independent prognostic factor in surgically resected large cell carcinoma of the lung. Lung Cancer, 2002, 38, 177-184.	2.0	23
89	Akt kinase-interacting protein1, a novel therapeutic target for lung cancer with EGFR-activating and gatekeeper mutations. Oncogene, 2013, 32, 4427-4435.	5.9	23
90	Limited resection trial for pulmonary ground-glass opacity nodules: case selection based on high-resolution computed tomographyinterim results. Japanese Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2015, 45, 677-681.	1.3	23

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91	Microenvironmental changes in the progression from adenocarcinoma in situ to minimally invasive adenocarcinoma and invasive lepidic predominant adenocarcinoma of the lung. Lung Cancer, 2016, 100, 53-62.	2.0	23
92	Survival and prognostic factors after pulmonary metastasectomy of head and neck cancer: what are the clinically informative prognostic indicators?. European Journal of Cardio-thoracic Surgery, 2019, 55, 942-947.	1.4	23
93	Calcification in Large Cell Neuroendocrine Carcinoma of the Lung. Japanese Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2003, 33, 10-13.	1.3	22
94	Late Pulmonary Metastasis of Renal Cell Carcinoma Resected 25 Years after Nephrectomy. Japanese Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2004, 34, 46-49.	1.3	22
95	Long-Term Survival Achieved by Repeated Resections of Metachronous Pulmonary and Adrenal Metastases of ?-Fetoprotein-Producing Gastric Cancer: Report of a Case. Surgery Today, 2004, 34, 784-7.	1.5	22
96	Long-term survival after complete resection of non-small-cell lung cancer in patients with interstitial lung disease. Interactive Cardiovascular and Thoracic Surgery, 2018, 26, 638-643.	1.1	22
97	Identification of intravascular tumor microenvironment features predicting the recurrence of pathological stage <scp>I</scp> lung adenocarcinoma. Cancer Science, 2013, 104, 1262-1269.	3.9	21
98	Surgical resection for oral tongue cancer pulmonary metastasesâ~†. Interactive Cardiovascular and Thoracic Surgery, 2010, 11, 56-59.	1.1	20
99	Number of Circulating Endothelial Progenitor Cells and Intratumoral Microvessel Density in Non-small Cell Lung Cancer Patients: Differences in Angiogenic Status between Adenocarcinoma Histologic Subtypes. Journal of Thoracic Oncology, 2012, 7, 503-511.	1.1	20
100	Influence of Cigarette Smoking on Survival and Tumor Invasiveness in Clinical Stage IA Lung Adenocarcinoma. Annals of Thoracic Surgery, 2012, 93, 1626-1632.	1.3	20
101	Prognostic impact of intratumoural microvascular invasion and microlymphatic permeation on node-negative non-small-cell lung cancer: which indicator is the stronger prognostic factor?â€. European Journal of Cardio-thoracic Surgery, 2013, 43, 772-777.	1.4	20
102	Immunophenotypic features of metastatic lymph node tumors to predict recurrence in <scp>N</scp> 2 lung squamous cell carcinoma. Cancer Science, 2014, 105, 905-911.	3.9	20
103	Long-term outcome of surgical resection for residual or regrown advanced non-small cell lung carcinomas following EGFR-TKI treatment: report of four cases. General Thoracic and Cardiovascular Surgery, 2016, 64, 429-433.	0.9	20
104	Clinicopathological significance of caveolin-1 expression by cancer-associated fibroblasts in lung adenocarcinoma. Journal of Cancer Research and Clinical Oncology, 2017, 143, 321-328.	2.5	20
105	The clinical outcome of non-small cell lung cancer patients with adjacent lobe invasion: the optimal classification according to the status of the interlobar pleura at the invasion point. European Journal of Cardio-thoracic Surgery, 2013, 43, 302-309.	1.4	19
106	Distinctive histopathological features of lepidic growth predominant node-negative adenocarcinomas 3–5cm in size. Lung Cancer, 2013, 79, 118-124.	2.0	18
107	Impact of Extratumoral Lymphatic Permeation on Postoperative Survival of Non–Small-Cell Lung Cancer Patients. Journal of Thoracic Oncology, 2014, 9, 337-344.	1.1	18
108	The Outcomes of a Limited Resection for Non-Small Cell Lung CancerÂBased on Differences in Pathology. World Journal of Surgery, 2016, 40, 2688-2697.	1.6	18

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109	Management of the Peripheral Small Ground-Glass Opacities. Thoracic Surgery Clinics, 2007, 17, 191-201.	1.0	17
110	Extraskeletal Osteosarcoma Arising in Anterior Mediastinum: Brief Report with a Review of the Literature. Journal of Thoracic Oncology, 2009, 4, 927-929.	1.1	17
111	Clinicopathological characteristics of primary lung adenocarcinoma predominantly composed of goblet cells in surgically resected cases. Pathology International, 2011, 61, 423-429.	1.3	17
112	Intrapulmonary metastasis in resected pathologic stage IIIB non–small cell lung cancer: Possible contribution of aerogenous metastasis to the favorable outcome. Journal of Thoracic and Cardiovascular Surgery, 2007, 134, 386-391.	0.8	16
113	Identification of a low risk subgroup of stage IB lung adenocarcinoma patients. Lung Cancer, 2008, 62, 302-308.	2.0	15
114	Influence of Cigarette Smoking on Histological Subtypes of Stage I Lung Adenocarcinoma. Journal of Thoracic Oncology, 2011, 6, 743-750.	1.1	15
115	Clinicopathological significance of cancer stem-like cell markers in high-grade neuroendocrine carcinoma of the lung. Journal of Cancer Research and Clinical Oncology, 2015, 141, 2121-2130.	2.5	15
116	Surgical Outcomes after Initial Surgery for Clinical Single-station N2 Non-small-cell Lung Cancer. Japanese Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2014, 44, 85-92.	1.3	14
117	Malignant granular cell tumor of the posterior mediastinum with dissemination. Asian Cardiovascular and Thoracic Annals, 2012, 20, 71-73.	0.5	13
118	Postoperative mediastinal chyloma. Annals of Thoracic Surgery, 1999, 68, 1857-1858.	1.3	12
119	Thymoma with Osseous Metaplasia. Journal of Computer Assisted Tomography, 2001, 25, 897-899.	0.9	12
120	Ezrin-expressing lung adenocarcinoma cells and podoplanin-positive fibroblasts form a malignant microenvironment. Journal of Cancer Research and Clinical Oncology, 2015, 141, 475-484.	2.5	12
121	Early and late recurrence after intentional limited resection for cT1aNOMO, non-small cell lung cancer: from a multi-institutional, retrospective analysis in Japan. Interactive Cardiovascular and Thoracic Surgery, 2016, 23, 444-449.	1.1	12
122	Characteristic Immunophenotype of Solid Subtype Component in Lung Adenocarcinoma. Annals of Surgical Oncology, 2012, 19, 3943-3952.	1.5	11
123	Primary Unknown Cancer in Pulmonary Hilar Lymph Node with Spontaneous Transient Regression: Report of a Case. Japanese Journal of Clinical Oncology, 1998, 28, 405-409.	1.3	10
124	Prognostic Impact of Node Involvement Pattern in Pulmonary pN1 Squamous Cell Carcinoma Patients. Journal of Thoracic Oncology, 2010, 5, 504-509.	1.1	10
125	Prognostic Impact of Node Involvement Pattern in pN1 Non-small Cell Lung Cancer Patients. Journal of Thoracic Oncology, 2010, 5, 1576-1582.	1.1	10
126	Morphophenotypic characteristics of intralymphatic cancer and stromal cells susceptible to lymphogenic metastasis. Cancer Science, 2012, 103, 1342-1347.	3.9	10

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127	Drastic morphological and molecular differences between lymph node micrometastatic tumors and macrometastatic tumors of lung adenocarcinoma. Journal of Cancer Research and Clinical Oncology, 2016, 142, 37-46.	2.5	10
128	Successful management of solitary malar metastasis from lung cancer. Lung Cancer, 2002, 36, 337-339.	2.0	7
129	Pulmonary Metastasis From Encapsulated Cervical Ectopic Type A Thymoma. Annals of Thoracic Surgery, 2012, 94, e141-e142.	1.3	7
130	Interstitial growth as an aggressive growth pattern in primary lung cancer. Journal of Cancer Research and Clinical Oncology, 2016, 142, 1591-1598.	2.5	7
131	Histological progression of small intrapulmonary metastatic tumor from primary lung adenocarcinoma. Pathology International, 2010, 60, 765-773.	1.3	6
132	Centrally located adenocarcinoma with endobronchial polypoid growth: Clinicopathological analysis of five cases. Pathology International, 2011, 61, 73-79.	1.3	6
133	Clinical pathway for impalpable or small lung lesions treated with coil marking and thoracoscopy. General Thoracic and Cardiovascular Surgery, 2001, 49, 108-112.	0.4	5
134	Mediastinal Lymph Node Metastases and Visceral Pleural Invasion in Nonsmall Cell Lung Cancer Patients. Annals of Thoracic Surgery, 2006, 81, 1947.	1.3	5
135	Immunohistochemical and genetic characteristics of lung cancer mimicking organizing pneumonia. Lung Cancer, 2017, 113, 134-139.	2.0	5
136	Thin-section computed tomography findings of lung adenocarcinoma with inherent metastatic potential. Surgery Today, 2017, 47, 619-626.	1.5	5
137	A Case of Methotrexate-associated Lymphomatoid Granulomatosis. Japanese Journal of Lung Cancer, 2013, 53, 234-239.	0.1	5
138	Isolated Mediastinal Hodgkin's Disease Mimicking Thymoma: Report of a Case. Surgery Today, 1998, 28, 213-216.	1.5	3
139	Annual abdominal ultrasonographic examination after curative NSCLC resection. Lung Cancer, 2007, 57, 334-338.	2.0	3
140	Two Lung Adenocarcinomas in the Same Lobe: Multiple Primaries or Intrapulmonary Metastasis?. Annals of Thoracic and Cardiovascular Surgery, 2011, 17, 584-587.	0.8	3
141	Tumorâ€sizeâ€based morphological features of metastatic lymph node tumors from primary lung adenocarcinoma. Pathology International, 2014, 64, 591-600.	1.3	3
142	The difference in Ezrin–pAkt signaling axis between lepidic and papillary predominant invasive adenocarcinomas of the lung. Journal of Cancer Research and Clinical Oncology, 2016, 142, 1421-1430.	2.5	3
143	The association of intravascular stromal cells with prognosis in high-grade neuroendocrine carcinoma of the lung. Journal of Cancer Research and Clinical Oncology, 2016, 142, 905-912.	2.5	3
144	Stapling cartridge lavage cytology in limited resection for pulmonary malignant tumors: assessment of cytological status of the surgical margin. Heliyon, 2019, 5, e01240.	3.2	3

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145	Tumor Invasion of Extralobar Soft Tissue Beyond the Hilar Region Does Not Affect the Prognosis of Surgically Resected Lung Cancer Patients. Journal of Thoracic Oncology, 2010, 5, 1571-1575.	1.1	2
146	The recurrence of malignant pleural mesothelioma 14 years after extrapleural pneumonectomy: Possible histological transformation. Pathology International, 2012, 62, 754-757.	1.3	2
147	Delayed cut-end recurrence after wedge resection for pulmonary ground-glass opacity adenocarcinoma despite negative surgical margin. General Thoracic and Cardiovascular Surgery, 2020, 68, 644-648.	0.9	2
148	Clinico-pathological study of c-stage I small (T .LEQ. 2 cm) lung cancer The Journal of the Japanese Association for Chest Surgery, 1996, 10, 46-51.	0.0	1
149	The evaluation of subcarinal and inferior mediastinal lymph node dissection in upper lobe primary lung cancer The Journal of the Japanese Association for Chest Surgery, 1997, 11, 602-608.	0.0	1
150	Intrapulmonary Metastases in the 7th Edition of the TNM Classification for Lung and Pleural Tumors. Japanese Journal of Lung Cancer, 2012, 52, 90-93.	0.1	1
151	The Role of Surgery in the Management of Primary Thymic Mucosa-associated Lymphoid Tissue (MALT) Lymphoma. Journal of Thoracic Oncology, 2010, 5, 1109-1110.	1.1	0
152	Reply to Wang et al European Journal of Cardio-thoracic Surgery, 2013, 43, 1270-1270.	1.4	0
153	Open Wedge Resection. , 2015, , 123-128.		0
154	A Resected Case of Pulmonary Large Cell Neuroendocrine Carcinoma Showing Aggressive Progression. Japanese Journal of Lung Cancer, 2005, 45, 751-754.	0.1	0