

Rebecca E Irwin

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

125
papers

8,282
citations

53794

45
h-index

53230

85
g-index

129
all docs

129
docs citations

129
times ranked

6062
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Sunflower pollen induces rapid excretion in bumble bees: Implications for host-pathogen interactions. <i>Journal of Insect Physiology</i> , 2022, 137, 104356.	2.0	8
2	Effects of an alternative host on the prevalence and intensity of infection of a bumble bee parasite. <i>Parasitology</i> , 2022, 149, 562-567.	1.5	1
3	Sunflower pollen reduces a gut pathogen in the model bee species, <i>Bombus impatiens</i> , but has weaker effects in three wild congeners. <i>Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , 2022, 289, 20211909.	2.6	6
4	Winters are changing: snow effects on Arctic and alpine tundra ecosystems. <i>Arctic Science</i> , 2022, 8, 572-608.	2.3	43
5	Comparative impacts of long-term trends in snowmelt and species interactions on plant population dynamics. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , 2022, 110, 1102-1112.	4.0	0
6	Floral shape predicts bee parasite transmission potential. <i>Ecology</i> , 2022, 103, e3730.	3.2	7
7	Life-history traits predict responses of wild bees to climate variation. <i>Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , 2022, 289, 20212697.	2.6	8
8	Consuming sunflower pollen reduced pathogen infection but did not alter measures of immunity in bumblebees. <i>Philosophical Transactions of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , 2022, 377, 20210160.	4.0	8
9	Floral traits affecting the transmission of beneficial and pathogenic pollinator-associated microbes. <i>Current Opinion in Insect Science</i> , 2021, 44, 1-7.	4.4	29
10	Nectar addition changes pollinator behavior but not plant reproduction in pollen-rewarding <i>Lupinus argenteus</i> . <i>American Journal of Botany</i> , 2021, 108, 402-410.	1.7	3
11	The costs and benefits of sunflower pollen diet on bumble bee colony disease and health. <i>Ecosphere</i> , 2021, 12, e03663.	2.2	12
12	The Sensory and Cognitive Ecology of Nectar Robbing. <i>Frontiers in Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2021, 9, .	2.2	6
13	Bumble bees are constant to nectar-robbing behaviour despite low switching costs. <i>Animal Behaviour</i> , 2020, 170, 177-188.	1.9	3
14	Sunflower pollen reduces a gut pathogen in worker and queen but not male bumble bees. <i>Ecological Entomology</i> , 2020, 45, 1318-1326.	2.2	18
15	Colony-Level Effects of Amygdalin on Honeybees and Their Microbes. <i>Insects</i> , 2020, 11, 783.	2.2	6
16	Within-Colony Transmission of Microsporidian and Trypanosomatid Parasites in Honey Bee and Bumble Bee Colonies. <i>Environmental Entomology</i> , 2020, 49, 1393-1401.	1.4	9
17	Bee phenology is predicted by climatic variation and functional traits. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2020, 23, 1589-1598.	6.4	55
18	Towards a U.S. national program for monitoring native bees. <i>Biological Conservation</i> , 2020, 252, 108821.	4.1	54

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19	Flowering plant composition shapes pathogen infection intensity and reproduction in bumble bee colonies. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2020, 117, 11559-11565.	7.1	37
20	Cross-infectivity of honey and bumble bee-associated parasites across three bee families. <i>Parasitology</i> , 2020, 147, 1290-1304.	1.5	35
21	Competition for nectar resources does not affect bee foraging tactic constancy. <i>Ecological Entomology</i> , 2020, 45, 904-909.	2.2	11
22	Assessing Chemical Mechanisms Underlying the Effects of Sunflower Pollen on a Gut Pathogen in Bumble Bees. <i>Journal of Chemical Ecology</i> , 2020, 46, 649-658.	1.8	23
23	Parasite defense mechanisms in bees: behavior, immunity, antimicrobials, and symbionts. <i>Emerging Topics in Life Sciences</i> , 2020, 4, 59-76.	2.6	9
24	Secondary metabolites from nectar and pollen: a resource for ecological and evolutionary studies. <i>Ecology</i> , 2019, 100, e02621.	3.2	40
25	Bee pathogen transmission dynamics: deposition, persistence and acquisition on flowers. <i>Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , 2019, 286, 20190603.	2.6	84
26	Effect of timing and exposure of sunflower pollen on a common gut pathogen of bumble bees. <i>Ecological Entomology</i> , 2019, 44, 702-710.	2.2	9
27	A comparison of coffee floral traits under two different agricultural practices. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2019, 9, 7331.	3.3	17
28	Pollen and vegetative secondary chemistry of three pollen-rewarding lupines. <i>American Journal of Botany</i> , 2019, 106, 643-655.	1.7	7
29	Preinfection Effects of Nectar Secondary Compounds on a Bumble Bee Gut Pathogen. <i>Environmental Entomology</i> , 2019, 48, 685-690.	1.4	10
30	Pollen from multiple sunflower cultivars and species reduces a common bumblebee gut pathogen. <i>Royal Society Open Science</i> , 2019, 6, 190279.	2.4	42
31	The individual and combined effects of snowmelt timing and frost exposure on the reproductive success of montane forbs. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , 2019, 107, 1970-1981.	4.0	26
32	Chemistry of floral rewards: intra- and interspecific variability of nectar and pollen secondary metabolites across taxa. <i>Ecological Monographs</i> , 2019, 89, e01335.	5.4	137
33	Pollination Ecology and Morphology of Venus Flytrap in Sites of Varying Time Since Last Fire. <i>Annals of the Entomological Society of America</i> , 2019, 112, 141-149.	2.5	3
34	Venus Flytrap Rarely Traps Its Pollinators. <i>American Naturalist</i> , 2018, 191, 539-546.	2.1	22
35	The ecology of insect-yeast relationships and its relevance to human industry. <i>Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , 2018, 285, 20172733.	2.6	86
36	Direct and indirect effects of episodic frost on plant growth and reproduction in subalpine wildflowers. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2018, 24, 848-857.	9.5	43

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37	Crop Domestication Alters Floral Reward Chemistry With Potential Consequences for Pollinator Health. <i>Frontiers in Plant Science</i> , 2018, 9, 1357.	3.6	40
38	Medicinal value of sunflower pollen against bee pathogens. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2018, 8, 14394.	3.3	86
39	Pollen limitation and reproduction of three plant species across a temperature gradient in western Greenland. <i>Arctic, Antarctic, and Alpine Research</i> , 2018, 50, .	1.1	17
40	Consequences of secondary nectar robbing for male components of plant reproduction. <i>American Journal of Botany</i> , 2018, 105, 943-949.	1.7	3
41	Costs and benefits of alternative food handling tactics help explain facultative exploitation of pollination mutualisms. <i>Ecology</i> , 2018, 99, 1815-1824.	3.2	17
42	Why are some plant-nectar robber interactions commensalisms?. <i>Oikos</i> , 2018, 127, 1679-1689.	2.7	8
43	Resurgence of specialized shade coffee cultivation: Effects on pollination services and quality of coffee production. <i>Agriculture, Ecosystems and Environment</i> , 2018, 265, 567-575.	5.3	18
44	Effects of short-term exposure to naturally occurring thymol concentrations on transmission of a bumble bee parasite. <i>Ecological Entomology</i> , 2018, 43, 567-577.	2.2	8
45	Disease where you dine: plant species and floral traits associated with pathogen transmission in bumble bees. <i>Ecology</i> , 2018, 99, 2535-2545.	3.2	68
46	Phenotypic selection on floral traits in an urban landscape. <i>Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , 2018, 285, 20181239.	2.6	25
47	Synergistic effects of floral phytochemicals against a bumblebee parasite. <i>Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2017, 7, 1836-1849.	1.9	49
48	Foraging strategy predicts foraging economy in a facultative secondary nectar robber. <i>Oikos</i> , 2017, 126, 1250-1257.	2.7	12
49	The behavioral ecology of nectar robbing: why be tactic constant?. <i>Current Opinion in Insect Science</i> , 2017, 21, 14-18.	4.4	27
50	Interannual bumble bee abundance is driven by indirect climate effects on floral resource phenology. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2017, 20, 1507-1515.	6.4	132
51	Nectar and Pollen Phytochemicals Stimulate Honey Bee (Hymenoptera: Apidae) Immunity to Viral Infection. <i>Journal of Economic Entomology</i> , 2017, 110, 1959-1972.	1.8	69
52	The response of pollen-transport networks to landscape-scale climate variation. <i>Polar Biology</i> , 2017, 40, 2253-2263.	1.2	8
53	Landscape predictors of pathogen prevalence and range contractions in US bumblebees. <i>Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , 2017, 284, 20172181.	2.6	70
54	Facilitated exploitation of pollination mutualisms: fitness consequences for plants. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , 2017, 105, 188-196.	4.0	20

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55	Consequences of a nectar yeast for pollinator preference and performance. <i>Functional Ecology</i> , 2017, 31, 613-621.	3.6	86
56	Context-dependent medicinal effects of anabasine and infection-dependent toxicity in bumble bees. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2017, 12, e0183729.	2.5	11
57	Species-specific diagnostics of <i>Apis mellifera</i> trypanosomatids: A nine-year survey (2007–2015) for trypanosomatids and microsporidians in Serbian honey bees. <i>Journal of Invertebrate Pathology</i> , 2016, 139, 6-11.	3.2	65
58	Bumble bee parasite strains vary in resistance to phytochemicals. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2016, 6, 37087.	3.3	56
59	Food Limitation Affects Parasite Load and Survival of <i>Bombus impatiens</i> (Hymenoptera: Apidae) Infected With <i>Crithidia</i> (Trypanosomatida: Trypanosomatidae). <i>Environmental Entomology</i> , 2016, 45, 1212-1219.	1.4	37
60	Effects of florivory on plant–pollinator interactions: Implications for male and female components of plant reproduction. <i>American Journal of Botany</i> , 2016, 103, 1061-1070.	1.7	23
61	Phenological change in a spring ephemeral: implications for pollination and plant reproduction. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2016, 22, 1779-1793.	9.5	94
62	Nectar chemistry mediates the behavior of parasitized bees: consequences for plant fitness. <i>Ecology</i> , 2016, 97, 325-337.	3.2	65
63	Quantifying direct vs. indirect effects of nectar robbers on male and female components of plant fitness. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , 2015, 103, 1487-1497.	4.0	22
64	Testing Dose-Dependent Effects of the Nectar Alkaloid Anabasine on Trypanosome Parasite Loads in Adult Bumble Bees. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2015, 10, e0142496.	2.5	24
65	Nectar yeasts in <i>Delphinium nuttallianum</i> (Ranunculaceae) and their effects on nectar quality. <i>Fungal Ecology</i> , 2015, 18, 100-106.	1.6	23
66	Secondary metabolites in floral nectar reduce parasite infections in bumblebees. <i>Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , 2015, 282, 20142471.	2.6	189
67	Effects of fragmentation on a distinctive coastal sage scrub bee fauna revealed through incidental captures by pitfall traps. <i>Journal of Insect Conservation</i> , 2015, 19, 175-179.	1.4	19
68	The effect of repeated, lethal sampling on wild bee abundance and diversity. <i>Methods in Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2015, 6, 1044-1054.	5.2	79
69	Variable effects of nicotine and anabasine on parasitized bumble bees. <i>F1000Research</i> , 2015, 4, 880.	1.6	21
70	Variable effects of nicotine, anabasine, and their interactions on parasitized bumble bees. <i>F1000Research</i> , 2015, 4, 880.	1.6	26
71	Possible Synergistic Effects of Thymol and Nicotine against <i>Crithidia bombi</i> Parasitism in Bumble Bees. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2015, 10, e0144668.	2.5	42
72	Nectar Yeasts in the Tall Larkspur <i>Delphinium barbeyi</i> (Ranunculaceae) and Effects on Components of Pollinator Foraging Behavior. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2014, 9, e108214.	2.5	44

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73	Yeasts in nectar enhance male fitness in a montane perennial herb. <i>Ecology</i> , 2014, 95, 1792-1798.	3.2	90
74	Arranging the bouquet of disease: floral traits and the transmission of plant and animal pathogens. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2014, 17, 624-636.	6.4	159
75	Effects of Suburbanization on Forest Bee Communities. <i>Environmental Entomology</i> , 2014, 43, 253-262.	1.4	38
76	Plant-animal interactions in suburban environments: implications for floral evolution. <i>Oecologia</i> , 2014, 174, 803-815.	2.0	22
77	Secondary Compounds in Floral Rewards of Toxic Rangeland Plants: Impacts on Pollinators. <i>Journal of Agricultural and Food Chemistry</i> , 2014, 62, 7335-7344.	5.2	81
78	Effects of abiotic factors and species interactions on estimates of male plant function: a meta-analysis. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2013, 16, 399-408.	6.4	23
79	Norditerpene alkaloid concentrations in tissues and floral rewards of larkspurs and impacts on pollinators. <i>Biochemical Systematics and Ecology</i> , 2013, 48, 123-131.	1.3	61
80	Dose-dependent effects of nectar alkaloids in a montane plant-animal pollinator community. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , 2013, 101, 1604-1612.	4.0	45
81	The role of trait-mediated indirect interactions for multispecies plant-animal mutualisms. , 2012, , 257-277.		3
82	What you smell is more important than what you see? Natural selection on floral scent. <i>New Phytologist</i> , 2012, 195, 510-511.	7.3	13
83	Nectar alkaloids decrease pollination and female reproduction in a native plant. <i>Oecologia</i> , 2012, 168, 1033-1041.	2.0	43
84	When resources don't rescue: flowering phenology and species interactions affect compensation to herbivory in <i>Ipomopsis aggregata</i> . <i>Oikos</i> , 2012, 121, 1424-1434.	2.7	22
85	Selective seed abortion induced by nectar robbing in the selfing plant <i>Comastoma pulmonarium</i> . <i>New Phytologist</i> , 2011, 192, 249-255.	7.3	24
86	Additive effects of herbivory, nectar robbing and seed predation on male and female fitness estimates of the host plant <i>Ipomopsis aggregata</i> . <i>Oecologia</i> , 2011, 166, 681-692.	2.0	23
87	Evolutionary Ecology: When Pollinators Are Also Herbivores. <i>Current Biology</i> , 2010, 20, R100-R101.	3.9	7
88	Beyond biomass: measuring the effects of community-level nitrogen enrichment on floral traits, pollinator visitation and plant reproduction. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , 2010, 98, 705-717.	4.0	95
89	Nectar Robbing: Ecological and Evolutionary Perspectives. <i>Annual Review of Ecology, Evolution, and Systematics</i> , 2010, 41, 271-292.	8.3	275
90	Nectar Sugar Limits Larval Growth of Solitary Bees (Hymenoptera: Megachilidae). <i>Environmental Entomology</i> , 2009, 38, 1293-1300.	1.4	35

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91	Effects of flowering plant density on pollinator visitation, pollen receipt, and seed production in <i>Delphinium barbeyi</i> (Ranunculaceae). <i>American Journal of Botany</i> , 2009, 96, 912-919.	1.7	51
92	Realized tolerance to nectar robbing: compensation to floral enemies in <i>Ipomopsis aggregata</i> . <i>Annals of Botany</i> , 2009, 103, 1425-1433.	2.9	20
93	The effects of nutrient addition on floral characters and pollination in two subalpine plants, <i>Ipomopsis aggregata</i> and <i>Linum lewisii</i> . <i>Plant Ecology</i> , 2009, 203, 83-98.	1.6	98
94	The importance of interannual variation and bottom-up nitrogen enrichment for plant-pollinator networks. <i>Oikos</i> , 2009, 118, 1816-1829.	2.7	66
95	Ecology and evolution of plant-pollinator interactions. <i>Annals of Botany</i> , 2009, 103, 1355-1363.	2.9	172
96	Interactions between nectar robbers and seed predators mediated by a shared host plant, <i>Ipomopsis aggregata</i> . <i>Oecologia</i> , 2008, 155, 75-84.	2.0	14
97	NECTAR SECONDARY COMPOUNDS AFFECT SELF-POLLEN TRANSFER: IMPLICATIONS FOR FEMALE AND MALE REPRODUCTION. <i>Ecology</i> , 2008, 89, 2207-2217.	3.2	39
98	MECHANISMS OF TOLERANCE TO FLORAL LARCENY IN TWO WILDFLOWER SPECIES. <i>Ecology</i> , 2008, 89, 3093-3104.	3.2	20
99	The nectar alkaloid, gelsemine, does not affect offspring performance of a native solitary bee, <i>Osmia lignaria</i> (Megachilidae). <i>Ecological Entomology</i> , 2008, 33, 298-304.	2.2	29
100	Predicting the effects of nectar robbing on plant reproduction: implications of pollen limitation and plant mating system. <i>American Journal of Botany</i> , 2007, 94, 1935-1943.	1.7	65
101	Comparison of Pollen Transfer Dynamics by Multiple Floral Visitors: Experiments with Pollen and Fluorescent Dye. <i>Annals of Botany</i> , 2006, 97, 141-150.	2.9	123
102	Florivory: the intersection of pollination and herbivory. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2006, 9, 1351-1365.	6.4	357
103	The Consequences of Direct versus Indirect Species Interactions to Selection on Traits: Pollination and Nectar Robbing in <i>Ipomopsis aggregata</i> . <i>American Naturalist</i> , 2006, 167, 315-328.	2.1	87
104	Correlations among traits associated with herbivore resistance and pollination: implications for pollination and nectar robbing in a distylous plant. <i>American Journal of Botany</i> , 2006, 93, 64-72.	1.7	345
105	ECOLOGICAL COSTS AND BENEFITS OF DEFENSES IN NECTAR. <i>Ecology</i> , 2005, 86, 2968-2978.	3.2	151
106	TEMPORAL AND SPATIAL VARIATION IN POLLINATION OF A MONTANE HERB: A SEVEN-YEAR STUDY. <i>Ecology</i> , 2005, 86, 2106-2116.	3.2	191
107	Linking economic activities to the distribution of exotic plants. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2004, 101, 17725-17730.	7.1	141
108	Direct and indirect effects of pollinators and seed predators to selection on plant and floral traits. <i>Oikos</i> , 2004, 104, 15-26.	2.7	175

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109	Ecological and Evolutionary Consequences of Multispecies Plant-Animal Interactions. Annual Review of Ecology, Evolution, and Systematics, 2004, 35, 435-466.	8.3	456
110	THE DUAL ROLE OF FLORAL TRAITS: POLLINATOR ATTRACTION AND PLANT DEFENSE. Ecology, 2004, 85, 1503-1511.	3.2	176
111	IMPACT OF NECTAR ROBBING ON ESTIMATES OF POLLEN FLOW: CONCEPTUAL PREDICTIONS AND EMPIRICAL OUTCOMES. Ecology, 2003, 84, 485-495.	3.2	43
112	Linking pollinator visitation rate and pollen receipt. American Journal of Botany, 2003, 90, 1612-1618.	1.7	125
113	THE ROLE OF HERBIVORES IN THE MAINTENANCE OF A FLOWER COLOR POLYMORPHISM IN WILD RADISH. Ecology, 2003, 84, 1733-1743.	3.2	200
114	Direct and ecological costs of resistance to herbivory. Trends in Ecology and Evolution, 2002, 17, 278-285.	8.7	765
115	Variation in nectar robbing over time, space, and species. Oecologia, 2002, 133, 525-533.	2.0	102
116	Volatile production by buds and corollas of two sympatric, confamilial plants, <i>Ipomopsis aggregata</i> and <i>Polemonium foliosissimum</i> . Journal of Chemical Ecology, 2002, 28, 565-578.	1.8	13
117	The impact of floral larceny on individuals, populations, and communities. Oecologia, 2001, 129, 161-168.	2.0	180
118	Field and allozyme studies investigating optimal mating success in two sympatric spring-ephemeral plants, <i>Trillium erectum</i> and <i>T. grandiflorum</i> . Heredity, 2001, 87, 178-189.	2.6	24
119	Hummingbird avoidance of nectar-robbled plants: spatial location or visual cues. Oikos, 2000, 91, 499-506.	2.7	59
120	Morphological variation and female reproductive success in two sympatric <i>Trillium</i> species: evidence for phenotypic selection in <i>Trillium erectum</i> and <i>Trillium grandiflorum</i> (Liliaceae). American Journal of Botany, 2000, 87, 205-214.	1.7	48
121	CONSEQUENCES OF NECTAR ROBBING FOR REALIZED MALE FUNCTION IN A HUMMINGBIRD-POLLINATED PLANT. Ecology, 2000, 81, 2637-2643.	3.2	65
122	NECTAR-ROBBING BUMBLE BEES REDUCE THE FITNESS OF <i>IPOMOPSIS AGGREGATA</i> (POLEMONIACEAE). Ecology, 1999, 80, 1703-1712.	3.2	106
123	Nectar-Robbing Bumble Bees Reduce the Fitness of <i>Ipomopsis aggregata</i> (Polemoniaceae). Ecology, 1999, 80, 1703.	3.2	37
124	Nectar robbing in <i>Ipomopsis aggregata</i> : effects on pollinator behavior and plant fitness. Oecologia, 1998, 116, 519-527.	2.0	137
125	A trade-off between the frequency and duration of bumblebee visits to flowers. Oecologia, 1998, 117, 161-168.	2.0	22