

Lisa M Mcandrew

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

60
papers

1,137
citations

394421

19
h-index

434195

31
g-index

60
all docs

60
docs citations

60
times ranked

1511
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Using the common sense model to design interventions for the prevention and management of chronic illness threats: From description to process. <i>British Journal of Health Psychology</i> , 2008, 13, 195-204.	3.5	202
2	Does Patient Blood Glucose Monitoring Improve Diabetes Control?. <i>The Diabetes Educator</i> , 2007, 33, 991-1011.	2.5	85
3	When, why and for whom there is a relationship between physical activity and menopause symptoms. <i>Maturitas</i> , 2009, 64, 119-125.	2.4	64
4	Challenges to Healthy Eating for People With Diabetes in a Low-Income, Minority Neighborhood. <i>Diabetes Care</i> , 2013, 36, 2895-2901.	8.6	42
5	Iraq and Afghanistan Veterans report symptoms consistent with chronic multisymptom illness one year after deployment. <i>Journal of Rehabilitation Research and Development</i> , 2016, 53, 59-70.	1.6	39
6	Are Common Sense Model constructs and self-efficacy simultaneously correlated with self-management behaviors and health outcomes: A systematic review. <i>Health Psychology Open</i> , 2020, 7, 205510291989884.	1.4	35
7	Sleep problems may mediate associations between rumination and PTSD and depressive symptoms among OIF/OEF veterans.. <i>Psychological Trauma: Theory, Research, Practice, and Policy</i> , 2015, 7, 76-84.	2.1	33
8	Environmental Exposure and Health of Operation Enduring Freedom/Operation Iraqi Freedom Veterans. <i>Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine</i> , 2012, 54, 665-669.	1.7	32
9	What pre-deployment and early post-deployment factors predict health function after combat deployment?: a prospective longitudinal study of Operation Enduring Freedom (OEF)/Operation Iraqi Freedom (OIF) soldiers. <i>Health and Quality of Life Outcomes</i> , 2013, 11, 73.	2.4	31
10	Using the common-sense model to understand health outcomes for medically unexplained symptoms: a meta-analysis. <i>Health Psychology Review</i> , 2019, 13, 427-446.	8.6	31
11	Mutual maintenance of PTSD and physical symptoms for Veterans returning from deployment. <i>HÅrge Utbildning</i> , 2019, 10, 1608717.	3.0	30
12	Verbal Learning and Memory in Older Adults with Minor and Major Depression. <i>Archives of Clinical Neuropsychology</i> , 2012, 27, 196-207.	0.5	28
13	Rumination Moderates the Associations Between PTSD and Depressive Symptoms and Risky Behaviors in U. S. Veterans. <i>Journal of Traumatic Stress</i> , 2012, 25, 583-586.	1.8	28
14	Using the Common Sense Model of Self-Regulation to Review the Effects of Self-Monitoring of Blood Glucose on Glycemic Control for Non-Insulin-Treated Adults With Type 2 Diabetes. <i>The Diabetes Educator</i> , 2013, 39, 541-559.	2.5	26
15	High healthcare utilization near the onset of medically unexplained symptoms. <i>Journal of Psychosomatic Research</i> , 2017, 98, 98-105.	2.6	23
16	Prevalence of Environmental and Other Military Exposure Concerns in Operation Enduring Freedom and Operation Iraqi Freedom Veterans. <i>Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine</i> , 2012, 54, 659-664.	1.7	21
17	The Impact of Self-monitoring of Blood Glucose on a Behavioral Weight Loss Intervention for Patients With Type 2 Diabetes. <i>The Diabetes Educator</i> , 2013, 39, 397-405.	2.5	21
18	Using the Common Sense Model of Self-Regulation to Understand the Relationship Between Symptom Reporting and Trait Negative Affect. <i>International Journal of Behavioral Medicine</i> , 2014, 21, 989-994.	1.7	21

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19	Resilience during war: Better unit cohesion and reductions in avoidant coping are associated with better mental health function after combat deployment.. <i>Psychological Trauma: Theory, Research, Practice, and Policy</i> , 2017, 9, 52-61.	2.1	21
20	Self-Reported Stressors of National Guard Women Veterans Before and After Deployment: The Relevance of Interpersonal Relationships. <i>Journal of General Internal Medicine</i> , 2013, 28, 549-555.	2.6	19
21	War Related Illness and Injury Study Center (WRIISC): A Multidisciplinary Translational Approach to the Care of Veterans With Chronic Multisymptom Illness. <i>Military Medicine</i> , 2013, 178, 705-707.	0.8	18
22	Factors Related to Perceived Diabetes Control Are Not Related to Actual Glucose Control for Minority Patients With Diabetes. <i>Diabetes Care</i> , 2010, 33, 736-738.	8.6	17
23	A retrospective cohort study of U.S. service members returning from Afghanistan and Iraq: is physical health worsening over time?. <i>BMC Public Health</i> , 2012, 12, 1124.	2.9	17
24	“Because the country, it seems though, has turned their back on me” Experiences of institutional betrayal among veterans living with Gulf War Illness. <i>Social Science and Medicine</i> , 2021, 284, 114211.	3.8	17
25	Evaluating challenges for improving medically unexplained symptoms in US military veterans via provider communication. <i>Patient Education and Counseling</i> , 2017, 100, 1580-1587.	2.2	15
26	Coping with Medically Unexplained Physical Symptoms: the Role of Illness Beliefs and Behaviors. <i>International Journal of Behavioral Medicine</i> , 2019, 26, 665-672.	1.7	15
27	Fibromyalgia syndrome care of Iraq- and Afghanistan-deployed Veterans in Veterans Health Administration. <i>Journal of Rehabilitation Research and Development</i> , 2016, 53, 45-58.	1.6	14
28	Comparison of the Functional Health Limitations of Veterans Deployed to Iraq or Afghanistan to Veterans Deployed to Desert Shield/Storm With Chronic Fatigue Syndrome. <i>Military Behavioral Health</i> , 2016, 4, 299-306.	0.8	14
29	Concordance of illness perceptions: The key to improving care of medically unexplained symptoms. <i>Journal of Psychosomatic Research</i> , 2018, 111, 140-142.	2.6	14
30	The common-sense model and mental illness outcomes: A meta-analysis. <i>Clinical Psychology and Psychotherapy</i> , 2022, 29, 1186-1202.	2.7	14
31	Chronic Multisymptom Illness Among Female Veterans Deployed to Iraq and Afghanistan. <i>Medical Care</i> , 2015, 53, S143-S148.	2.4	12
32	Rapid review of virus risk communication interventions: Directions for COVID-19. <i>Patient Education and Counseling</i> , 2021, 104, 1834-1859.	2.2	12
33	Association between self-monitoring of blood glucose and diet among minority patients with diabetes*. <i>Journal of Diabetes</i> , 2011, 3, 147-152.	1.8	11
34	The common sense of counseling psychology: introducing the Common-Sense Model of self-regulation. <i>Counselling Psychology Quarterly</i> , 2018, 31, 1-16.	2.3	11
35	Developing a Problem-Solving Treatment for Gulf War Illness: Cognitive Rehabilitation of Veterans with Complex Post-Deployment Health Concerns. <i>Clinical Social Work Journal</i> , 2018, 46, 100-109.	2.6	11
36	Helpful ways providers can communicate about persistent medically unexplained physical symptoms. <i>BMC Family Practice</i> , 2019, 20, 13.	2.9	11

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37	Medically Unexplained Physical Symptoms: Why Counseling Psychologists Should Care About Them. <i>Counseling Psychologist</i> , 2019, 47, 741-769.	1.2	8
38	Empirical Evaluation of Veterans' Perceived Nonconcordance With Providers Regarding Medically Unexplained Symptoms. <i>Counseling Psychologist</i> , 2019, 47, 770-795.	1.2	6
39	Management of Chronic Multisymptom Illness: Synopsis of the 2021 US Department of Veterans Affairs and US Department of Defense Clinical Practice Guideline. <i>Mayo Clinic Proceedings</i> , 2022, 97, 991-1002.	3.0	6
40	Organizational Psychosocial Factors and Deployment-Related Exposure Concerns in Afghanistan/Iraq War Veterans. <i>Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine</i> , 2012, 54, 670-676.	1.7	5
41	Risk of hospitalization due to motor vehicle crashes among Iraq and Afghanistan War Veterans diagnosed with traumatic brain injury. <i>NeuroRehabilitation</i> , 2016, 39, 351-361.	1.3	5
42	Telephone-Based Versus In-Person Delivery of Cognitive Behavioral Treatment for Veterans with Chronic Multisymptom Illness: A Controlled, Randomized Trial. <i>Military Behavioral Health</i> , 2018, 6, 56-65.	0.8	5
43	Chronic Multisymptom Illness Among Iraq/Afghanistan-Deployed US Veterans and Their Healthcare Utilization Within the Veterans Health Administration. <i>Journal of General Internal Medicine</i> , 2018, 33, 1419-1422.	2.6	5
44	Doctor Recommendations are Related to Patient Interest and Use of Behavioral Treatment for Chronic Pain and Addiction. <i>Journal of Pain</i> , 2020, 21, 979-987.	1.4	5
45	Veterans with Gulf War Illness perceptions of management strategies. <i>Life Sciences</i> , 2021, 279, 119219.	4.3	5
46	Management of Skin and Soft-Tissue Infections Before and After Clinical Pathway Implementation. <i>Clinical Pediatrics</i> , 2018, 57, 660-666.	0.8	4
47	Understanding Veterans' Causal Attributions of Physical Symptoms. <i>International Journal of Behavioral Medicine</i> , 2021, 28, 299-307.	1.7	4
48	Healthcare providers' perceived learning needs and barriers to providing care for chronic multisymptom illness and environmental exposure concerns. <i>Life Sciences</i> , 2021, 284, 119757.	4.3	4
49	Cultural incongruity predicts adjustment to college for student veterans. <i>Journal of Counseling Psychology</i> , 2019, 66, 678-689.	2.0	4
50	Less Engagement in Pleasurable Activities Is Associated With Poorer Quality of Life for Veterans With Comorbid Postdeployment Conditions. <i>Military Psychology</i> , 2016, 29, 74-81.	1.1	3
51	Introducing an Observational Rating System for Studying Concordance in Patient-Physician Relationships. <i>Counseling Psychologist</i> , 2019, 47, 796-819.	1.2	3
52	Under-recognition of medically unexplained symptom conditions among US Veterans with Gulf War Illness. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2021, 16, e0259341.	2.5	3
53	Military Veterans' Perceptions Of Disagreement With Their Provider Regarding Their Medically Unexplained Symptoms Are Associated With Lower Satisfaction And Intentions To Adhere To Treatment And Poorer Health-Outcome Expectations. <i>Value in Health</i> , 2014, 17, A139-A140.	0.3	2
54	Longitudinal relationship between onset of physical symptoms and functional impairment. <i>Journal of Behavioral Medicine</i> , 2018, 41, 819-826.	2.1	2

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55	Symptom attribution to a medically unexplained syndrome is associated with greater perceived severity and bothersomeness of symptoms in US military veterans. <i>Psychology and Health</i> , 2021, , 1-18.	2.2	2
56	Interrelationships between symptom burden and health functioning and health care utilization among veterans with persistent physical symptoms. <i>BMC Family Practice</i> , 2020, 21, 124.	2.9	1
57	Protocol for a type 1 hybrid effectiveness/implementation clinical trial of collaborative specialty care for Veterans with Gulf War Illness. <i>Life Sciences</i> , 2021, 292, 120004.	4.3	0
58	Common-Sense Model of Self-Regulation. , 2020, , 1-9.		0
59	Common-Sense Model of Self-Regulation. , 2020, , 507-515.		0
60	Knowledge Gaps and Educational Needs of Veterans Affairs Healthcare Providers Regarding COVID-19 at the Start of the Pandemic. <i>American Journal of Infection Control</i> , 2022, , .	2.3	0