Robert L Goldenberg

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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187 papers

14,556 citations

47006 47 h-index 20961 115 g-index

188 all docs

188 docs citations

188 times ranked 15008 citing authors

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Maternal infection and stillbirth: a review. Journal of Maternal-Fetal and Neonatal Medicine, 2022, 35, 4442-4450.	1.5	4
2	Preeclampsia at delivery is associated with lower serum vitamin D and higher antiangiogenic factors: a case control study. Reproductive Biology and Endocrinology, 2022, 20, 8.	3.3	1
3	Birth length is the strongest predictor of linear growth status and stunting in the first 2 years of life after a preconception maternal nutrition intervention: the children of the Women First trial. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2022, 116, 86-96.	4.7	11
4	Placental vascular malperfusion lesions are associated with hypertension, growth restriction, and antepartum hemorrhage and ultimately with fetal and preterm neonatal death. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2022, 227, 363-364.	1.3	1
5	Predictors of <i>Plasmodium falciparum</i> Infection in the First Trimester Among Nulliparous Women From Kenya, Zambia, and the Democratic Republic of the Congo. Journal of Infectious Diseases, 2022, 225, 2002-2010.	4.0	3
6	Birth asphyxia is underâ€rated as a cause of preterm neonatal mortality in low―and middleâ€income countries: A prospective, observational study from PURPOSe. BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2022, 129, 1993-2000.	2.3	5
7	Growth from Birth Through Six Months for Infants of Mothers in the "Women First―Preconception Maternal Nutrition Trial. Journal of Pediatrics, 2021, 229, 199-206.e4.	1.8	13
8	Factors Associated With Parental Acceptance of Minimally Invasive Tissue Sampling to Identify the Causes of Stillbirth and Neonatal Death. Clinical Infectious Diseases, 2021, 73, S422-S429.	5.8	5
9	Have Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19) Community Lockdowns Reduced Preterm Birth Rates?. Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2021, 137, 399-402.	2.4	28
10	Gestational weight gain in 4 low- and middle-income countries and associations with birth outcomes: a secondary analysis of the Women First Trial. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2021, 114, 804-812.	4.7	12
11	Perceptions of women, their husbands and healthcare providers about anemia in rural Pakistan: Findings from a qualitative exploratory study. PLoS ONE, 2021, 16, e0249360.	2.5	2
12	Maternal and fetal vascular lesions of malperfusion in the placentas associated with fetal and neonatal death: results of a prospective observational study. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2021, 225, 660.e1-660.e12.	1.3	25
13	Heat Stress-Associated Growth Retardation in the First 1000 Days Is Mitigated by Preconception Nutritional Supplementation. Current Developments in Nutrition, 2021, 5, 88.	0.3	O
14	Preventable stillbirths in India and Pakistan: a prospective, observational study. BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2021, 128, 1762-1773.	2.3	12
15	Maternal serum fructosamine levels and stillbirth: A caseâ€control study of The Stillbirth Collaborative Research Network. BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2021, ,	2.3	2
16	Weekly 17 alpha-hydroxyprogesterone caproate to prevent preterm birth among women living with HIV: a randomised, double-blind, placebo-controlled trial. Lancet HIV,the, 2021, 8, e605-e613.	4.7	21
17	Lung Findings in Minimally Invasive Tissue Sampling (MITS) Examinations of Fetal and Preterm Neonatal Deaths: A Report From the PURPOSe Study. Clinical Infectious Diseases, 2021, 73, S430-S434.	5.8	5
18	Cytokine profiling: variation in immune modulation with preterm birth vs. uncomplicated term birth identifies pivotal signals in pathogenesis of preterm birth. Journal of Perinatal Medicine, 2021, 49, 299-309.	1.4	12

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19	Preconceptional Lipid-Based Nutrient Supplementation in 2 Low-Resource Countries Results in Distinctly Different IGF-1/mTOR Placental Responses. Journal of Nutrition, 2021, 151, 556-569.	2.9	9
20	Use of Smokeless Tobacco Before Conception and Its Relationship With Maternal and Fetal Outcomes of Pregnancy in Thatta, Pakistan: Findings From Women First Study. Nicotine and Tobacco Research, 2021, 23, 1291-1299.	2.6	3
21	A mobile cesarean birth center as a solution to improve access to surgical birth in rural Ethiopia: a mixed methods research protocol. Pilot and Feasibility Studies, 2021, 7, 218.	1.2	0
22	Incidence and associated factors of extrauterine growth restriction (EUGR) in preterm infants, a cross-sectional study in selected NICUs in Ethiopia. BMJ Paediatrics Open, 2020, 4, e000765.	1.4	8
23	Prevalence and determinants of anemia among women of reproductive age in Thatta Pakistan: Findings from a cross-sectional study. PLoS ONE, 2020, 15, e0239320.	2.5	15
24	Hemoglobin concentrations and adverse birth outcomes in South Asian pregnant women: findings from a prospective Maternal and Neonatal Health Registry. Reproductive Health, 2020, 17, 154.	3.1	23
25	Risk factors associated with adverse maternal outcomes following intrapartum cesarean birth: a secondary analysis of the WHO global survey on maternal and perinatal health, 2004–2008. BMC Pregnancy and Childbirth, 2020, 20, 687.	2.4	2
26	Causal Genetic Variants in Stillbirth. New England Journal of Medicine, 2020, 383, 1107-1116.	27.0	67
27	Comparison of neonatal outcomes of small for gestational age and appropriate for gestational age preterm infants born at 28–36 weeks of gestation: a multicentre study in Ethiopia. BMJ Paediatrics Open, 2020, 4, e000740.	1.4	7
28	Prevalence of clinically-evident congenital anomalies in the Western highlands of Guatemala. Reproductive Health, 2020, 17, 153.	3.1	5
29	Neonatal deaths in rural Karnataka, India 2014–2018: a prospective population-based observational study in a low-resource setting. Reproductive Health, 2020, 17, 161.	3.1	9
30	The Global Network Maternal Newborn Health Registry: a multi-country, community-based registry of pregnancy outcomes. Reproductive Health, 2020, 17, 184.	3.1	26
31	Reports from the NICHD Global Network's Maternal and Newborn Health Registry: supplement introduction. Reproductive Health, 2020, 17, 177.	3.1	2
32	Stillbirth 2010–2018: a prospective, population-based, multi-country study from the Global Network. Reproductive Health, 2020, 17, 146.	3.1	13
33	Exploring women and traditional birth attendants' perceptions and experiences of stillbirths in district Thatta, Sindh, Pakistan: a qualitative study. Reproductive Health, 2020, 17, 3.	3.1	15
34	Preconception nutrition intervention improved birth length and reduced stunting and wasting in newborns in South Asia: The Women First Randomized Controlled Trial. PLoS ONE, 2020, 15, e0218960.	2.5	16
35	Oligohydramnios: a prospective study of fetal, neonatal and maternal outcomes in low-middle income countries. Reproductive Health, 2020, 17, 19.	3.1	22
36	Development of the Global Network for Women's and Children's Health Research's socioeconomic status index for use in the network's sites in low and lower middle-income countries. Reproductive Health, 2020, 17, 193.	3.1	9

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37	Associations Between the Features of Gross Placental Morphology and Birthweight. Pediatric and Developmental Pathology, 2019, 22, 194-204.	1.0	14
38	Major causes of death in preterm infants in selected hospitals in Ethiopia (SIP): a prospective, cross-sectional, observational study. The Lancet Global Health, 2019, 7, e1130-e1138.	6.3	113
39	Challenges of Implementing an Individual Randomized Controlled Trial (Women First: Preconception) Tj ETQq $1\ 1$ Insights, 2019, 12, 117863881985205.	0.784314 1.9	rgBT /Overl
40	The association of stillbirth with placental abnormalities in growthâ€restricted and normally grown fetuses. Paediatric and Perinatal Epidemiology, 2019, 33, 274-383.	1.7	9
41	Mode of delivery among nulliparous women with single, cephalic, term pregnancies: The <scp>WHO ⟨/scp> global survey on maternal and perinatal health, 2004â€"2008. International Journal of Gynecology and Obstetrics, 2019, 147, 165-172.</scp>	2.3	6
42	Polyhydramnios among women in a cluster-randomized trial of ultrasound during prenatal care within five low and low-middle income countries: a secondary analysis of the first look study. BMC Pregnancy and Childbirth, 2019, 19, 258.	2.4	3
43	Maternal Characteristics Affect Fetal Growth Response in the Women First Preconception Nutrition Trial. Nutrients, 2019, 11, 2534.	4.1	9
44	Variation in C-reactive protein at 1 month post-partum by etiology of preterm birth: selective identification of those at risk for both poor pregnancy outcome and future health complications. Journal of Perinatal Medicine, 2019, 47, 804-810.	1.4	1
45	Interpregnancy interval and risk of stillbirth: a population-based case control study. Annals of Epidemiology, 2019, 35, 35-41.	1.9	16
46	Perceptions of parents and religious leaders regarding minimal invasive tissue sampling to identify the cause of death in stillbirths and neonates: results from a qualitative study. Reproductive Health, 2019, 16, 53.	3.1	22
47	Challenges in classification and assignment of causes of stillbirths in low- and lower middle-income countries. Seminars in Perinatology, 2019, 43, 308-314.	2.5	17
48	Making cesarean delivery SAFE in low- and middle-income countries. Seminars in Perinatology, 2019, 43, 260-266.	2.5	3
49	Understanding causes of stillbirth: moving in the right direction. The Lancet Global Health, 2019, 7, e400-e401.	6.3	5
50	Including ultrasound scans in antenatal care in low-resource settings: Considering the complementarity of obstetric ultrasound screening and maternity waiting homes in strengthening referral systems in low-resource, rural settings. Seminars in Perinatology, 2019, 43, 273-281.	2.5	7
51	Use of ultrasound and mHealth to improve perinatal outcomes in low and middle income countries. Seminars in Perinatology, 2019, 43, 267-272.	2.5	5
52	Intramuscular 17-hydroxyprogesterone caproate to prevent preterm birth among HIV-infected women in Zambia: study protocol of the IPOP randomized trial. BMC Pregnancy and Childbirth, 2019, 19, 81.	2.4	10
53	Traditional birth attendants and birth outcomes in low-middle income countries: A review. Seminars in Perinatology, 2019, 43, 247-251.	2.5	19
54	Associations Between Features of Placental Morphology and Birth Weight in Dichorionic Twins. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2019, 188, 518-526.	3.4	9

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55	Evaluating WHO-Recommended Interventions for Preterm Birth: A Mathematical Model of the Potential Reduction of Preterm Mortality in Sub-Saharan Africa. Global Health, Science and Practice, 2019, 7, 215-227.	1.7	21
56	It Takes a System: Magnesium Sulfate for Prevention of Eclampsia in a Resource-Limited Community Setting. Global Health, Science and Practice, 2019, 7, 340-343.	1.7	5
57	Perceptions of health professionals regarding minimally invasive tissue sampling (MITS) to identify the cause of death in stillbirths and neonates: results from a qualitative study. Maternal Health, Neonatology and Perinatology, 2019, 5, 17.	2.2	12
58	Criteria for assigning cause of death for stillbirths and neonatal deaths in research studies in low-middle income countries. Journal of Maternal-Fetal and Neonatal Medicine, 2019, 32, 1915-1923.	1.5	24
59	Use of antibiotics to reduce preterm birth. The Lancet Global Health, 2019, 7, e18-e19.	6.3	4
60	Malpresentation in low―and middle―ncome countries: Associations with perinatal and maternal outcomes in the Global Network. Acta Obstetricia Et Gynecologica Scandinavica, 2019, 98, 300-308.	2.8	13
61	A Prospective, Population-Based Study of Trends in Operative Vaginal Delivery Compared to Cesarean Delivery Rates in Low- and Middle-Income Countries, 2010–2016. American Journal of Perinatology, 2019, 36, 730-736.	1.4	18
62	Intravenous fluid contaminated with Klebsiella oxytoca as a source of sepsis in a preterm newborn: Case report. American Journal of Infection Control, 2019, 47, 840-842.	2.3	5
63	Stillbirth, Inflammatory Markers, and Obesity: Results from the Stillbirth Collaborative Research Network. American Journal of Perinatology, 2018, 35, 1071-1078.	1.4	14
64	Antenatal corticosteroids: an assessment of anticipated benefits and potential risks. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2018, 219, 62-74.	1.3	113
65	Potentially Preventable Stillbirth in a Diverse U.S. Cohort. Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2018, 131, 336-343.	2.4	34
66	Factors influencing referrals for ultrasound-diagnosed complications during prenatal care in five low and middle income countries. Reproductive Health, 2018, 15, 204.	3.1	13
67	Perceptions of parents and healthcare professionals regarding minimal invasive tissue sampling to identify the cause of death in stillbirths and neonates: a qualitative study protocol. Reproductive Health, 2018, 15, 179.	3.1	5
68	Comparison of diameter-based and image-based measures of surface area from gross placental pathology for use in epidemiologic studies. Placenta, 2018, 69, 82-85.	1.5	1
69	Improving pregnancy outcomes in low- and middle-income countries. Reproductive Health, 2018, 15, 88.	3.1	58
70	Association of participation in a supplemental nutrition program with stillbirth by race, ethnicity, and maternal characteristics. BMC Pregnancy and Childbirth, 2018, 18, 306.	2.4	8
71	Translating research evidence into practice: a report from the 2nd International Conference on Maternal and Newborn Health from KLE University - Belagavi, India. Reproductive Health, 2018, 15, 99.	3.1	2
72	Trends and determinants of stillbirth in developing countries: results from the Global Network's Population-Based Birth Registry. Reproductive Health, 2018, 15, 100.	3.1	64

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73	An approach to identify a minimum and rational proportion of caesarean sections in resource-poor settings: a global network study. The Lancet Global Health, 2018, 6, e894-e901.	6.3	38
74	Association of Temporal Changes in Gestational Age With Perinatal Mortality in the United States, 2007-2015. JAMA Pediatrics, 2018, 172, 627.	6.2	30
75	Association Between Temporal Changes in Neonatal Mortality and Spontaneous and Clinician-Initiated Deliveries in the United States, 2006-2013. JAMA Pediatrics, 2018, 172, 949.	6.2	22
76	Monitoring of birth registry coverage and data quality utilizing lot quality assurance sampling methodology: A pilot study. Journal of Family Medicine and Primary Care, 2018, 7, 522.	0.9	1
77	A prospective study of maternal, fetal and neonatal outcomes in the setting of cesarean section in low―and middleâ€income countries. Acta Obstetricia Et Gynecologica Scandinavica, 2017, 96, 410-420.	2.8	50
78	The Global Network Neonatal Cause of Death algorithm for lowâ€resource settings. Acta Paediatrica, International Journal of Paediatrics, 2017, 106, 904-911.	1.5	18
79	Maternal near miss in lowâ€resource areas. International Journal of Gynecology and Obstetrics, 2017, 138, 347-355.	2.3	29
80	Evaluation of Focused Obstetric Ultrasound Examinations by Health Care Personnel in the Democratic Republic of Congo, Guatemala, Kenya, Pakistan, and Zambia. Current Problems in Diagnostic Radiology, 2017, 46, 210-215.	1.4	31
81	Interventions to reduce neonatal mortality: a mathematical model to evaluate impact of interventions in subâ€Saharan Africa. Acta Paediatrica, International Journal of Paediatrics, 2017, 106, 1286-1295.	1.5	15
82	Associations between Maternal and Fetal Inherited Thrombophilias, Placental Characteristics Associated with Vascular Malperfusion, and Fetal Growth. TH Open, 2017, 01, e43-e55.	1.4	6
83	Dengue and stillbirth. Lancet Infectious Diseases, The, 2017, 17, 886-888.	9.1	4
84	Challenges of Implementing Antenatal Ultrasound Screening in a Rural Study Site: A Case Study From the Democratic Republic of the Congo. Global Health, Science and Practice, 2017, 5, 315-324.	1.7	17
85	Fetal death certificate data quality: a tale of two U.S. counties. Annals of Epidemiology, 2017, 27, 466-471.e2.	1.9	10
86	Maternal exposure to childhood maltreatment and risk of stillbirth. Annals of Epidemiology, 2017, 27, 459-465.e2.	1.9	15
87	Improving Birth Outcomes in Low- and Middle-Income Countries. New England Journal of Medicine, 2017, 377, 2387-2388.	27.0	12
88	Fetal growth restriction: Case definition & Samp; guidelines for data collection, analysis, and presentation of immunization safety data. Vaccine, 2017, 35, 6546-6554.	3.8	24
89	Maternal marijuana use, adverse pregnancy outcomes, and neonatal morbidity. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2017, 217, 478.e1-478.e8.	1.3	106
90	Immediate postpartum use of long-acting reversible contraceptives in low- and middle-income countries. Maternal Health, Neonatology and Perinatology, 2017, 3, 24.	2.2	20

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91	Maternal and Neonatal Directed Assessment of Technologies (MANDATE): Methods and Assumptions for a Predictive Model for Maternal, Fetal, and Neonatal Mortality Interventions. Global Health, Science and Practice, 2017, 5, 571-580.	1.7	6
92	Altered fetal growth, placental abnormalities, and stillbirth. PLoS ONE, 2017, 12, e0182874.	2.5	64
93	A multi-faceted intervention including antenatal corticosteroids to reduce neonatal mortality associated with preterm birth: a case study from the Guatemalan Western Highlands. Reproductive Health, 2016, 13, 63.	3.1	10
94	Reducing stillbirths in lowâ€income countries. Acta Obstetricia Et Gynecologica Scandinavica, 2016, 95, 135-143.	2.8	26
95	Cesarean section in sub-Saharan Africa. Maternal Health, Neonatology and Perinatology, 2016, 2, 6.	2.2	97
96	Diabetes during Pregnancy in Low- and Middle-Income Countries. American Journal of Perinatology, 2016, 33, 1227-1235.	1.4	40
97	Maternal Mortality from Obstructed Labor: A MANDATE Analysis of the Ability of Technology to Save Lives in Sub-Saharan Africa. American Journal of Perinatology, 2016, 33, 873-881.	1.4	12
98	Pathways to preterm birth: Case definition and guidelines for data collection, analysis, and presentation of immunization safety data. Vaccine, 2016, 34, 6093-6101.	3.8	13
99	The global network antenatal corticosteroids trial: impact on stillbirth. Reproductive Health, 2016, 13, 68.	3.1	7
100	The Antenatal Corticosteroids Trial (ACT)'s explanations for neonatal mortality - a secondary analysis. Reproductive Health, 2016, 13, 62.	3.1	29
101	The Antenatal Corticosteroids Trial (ACT): a secondary analysis to explore site differences in a multi-country trial. Reproductive Health, 2016, 13, 64.	3.1	12
102	Web-Based Quality Assurance Process Drives Improvements in Obstetric Ultrasound in 5 Low- and Middle-Income Countries. Global Health, Science and Practice, 2016, 4, 675-683.	1.7	19
103	Stillbirths. Clinics in Perinatology, 2016, 43, 439-453.	2.1	25
104	Reducing neonatal mortality associated with preterm birth: gaps in knowledge of the impact of antenatal corticosteroids on preterm birth outcomes in low-middle income countries. Reproductive Health, 2016, 13, 61.	3.1	17
105	Use of antenatal corticosteroids at health facilities and communities in low-and-middle income countries. Reproductive Health, 2016, 13, 66.	3.1	11
106	Antenatal corticosteroids beyond 34 weeks gestation: WhatÂdoÂweÂdoÂnow?. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2016, 215, 423-430.	1.3	75
107	Stillbirths: progress and unfinished business. Lancet, The, 2016, 387, 574-586.	13.7	195
108	Stillbirths: recall to action in high-income countries. Lancet, The, 2016, 387, 691-702.	13.7	481

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109	Global burden of prematurity. Seminars in Fetal and Neonatal Medicine, 2016, 21, 74-79.	2.3	314
110	Adverse maternal and perinatal outcomes in adolescent pregnancies: The Global Network's Maternal Newborn Health Registry study. Reproductive Health, 2015, 12, S8.	3.1	158
111	Postpartum contraceptive use and unmet need for family planning in five low-income countries. Reproductive Health, 2015, 12, S11.	3.1	106
112	Neonatal mortality and coverage of essential newborn interventions 2010 - 2013: a prospective, population-based study from low-middle income countries. Reproductive Health, 2015, 12, S6.	3.1	41
113	A prospective population-based study of maternal, fetal, and neonatal outcomes in the setting of prolonged labor, obstructed labor and failure to progress in low- and middle-income countries. Reproductive Health, 2015, 12, S9.	3.1	50
114	Maternal and newborn outcomes in Pakistan compared to other low and middle income countries in the Global Network's Maternal Newborn Health Registry: an active, community-based, pregnancy surveillance mechanism. Reproductive Health, 2015, 12, S15.	3.1	47
115	Stillbirth rates in low-middle income countries 2010 - 2013: a population-based, multi-country study from the Global Network. Reproductive Health, 2015, 12, S7.	3.1	89
116	The Global Network Maternal Newborn Health Registry: a multi-national, community-based registry of pregnancy outcomes. Reproductive Health, 2015, 12, S1.	3.1	90
117	A prospective observational description of frequency and timing of antenatal care attendance and coverage of selected interventions from sites in Argentina, Guatemala, India, Kenya, Pakistan and Zambia. Reproductive Health, 2015, 12, S12.	3.1	24
118	Institutional deliveries and perinatal and neonatal mortality in Southern and Central India. Reproductive Health, 2015, 12, S13.	3.1	38
119	Trends in perinatal deaths from 2010 to 2013 in the Guatemalan Western Highlands. Reproductive Health, 2015, 12, S14.	3.1	13
120	Establishment of a Maternal Newborn Health Registry in the Belgaum District of Karnataka, India. Reproductive Health, 2015, 12, S3.	3.1	12
121	Lost to follow-up among pregnant women in a multi-site community based maternal and newborn health registry: a prospective study. Reproductive Health, 2015, 12, S4.	3.1	14
122	Urogenital fistula reviewed: a marker of severe maternal morbidity and an indicator of the quality of maternal healthcare delivery. Maternal Health, Neonatology and Perinatology, 2015, 1, 20.	2.2	8
123	Research results from a registry supporting efforts to improve maternal and child health in low and middle income countries. Reproductive Health, 2015, 12, 54.	3.1	3
124	The Distribution of Clinical Phenotypes of Preterm Birth Syndrome. JAMA Pediatrics, 2015, 169, 220.	6.2	129
125	Global network for womenâ \in ™s and childrenâ \in ™s health research: a system for low-resource areas to determine probable causes of stillbirth, neonatal, and maternal death. Maternal Health, Neonatology and Perinatology, 2015, 1, 11.	2.2	23
126	Risk factors for maternal death and trends in maternal mortality in low- and middle-income countries: a prospective longitudinal cohort analysis. Reproductive Health, 2015, 12, S5.	3.1	78

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127	Maternal, fetal and neonatal mortality: lessons learned from historical changes in high income countries and their potential application to low-income countries. Maternal Health, Neonatology and Perinatology, 2015, 1, 3.	2.2	45
128	Reducing maternal mortality from preeclampsia and eclampsia in lowâ€resource countries – what should work?. Acta Obstetricia Et Gynecologica Scandinavica, 2015, 94, 148-155.	2.8	36
129	Resuscitation and Obstetrical Care to Reduce Intrapartum-Related Neonatal Deaths: A MANDATE Study. Maternal and Child Health Journal, 2015, 19, 1853-1863.	1.5	40
130	Antenatal corticosteroids for preterm births in resource-limited settings – Authors' reply. Lancet, The, 2015, 385, 1945.	13.7	4
131	Tranexamic Acid to Reduce Postpartum Hemorrhage: A MANDATE Systematic Review and Analyses of Impact on Maternal Mortality. American Journal of Perinatology, 2015, 32, 469-474.	1.4	10
132	Impact of exposure to cooking fuels on stillbirths, perinatal, very early and late neonatal mortality - a multicenter prospective cohort study in rural communities in India, Pakistan, Kenya, Zambia and Guatemala. Maternal Health, Neonatology and Perinatology, 2015, 1, 18.	2.2	35
133	A population-based, multifaceted strategy to implement antenatal corticosteroid treatment versus standard care for the reduction of neonatal mortality due to preterm birth in low-income and middle-income countries: the ACT cluster-randomised trial. Lancet, The, 2015, 385, 629-639.	13.7	262
134	A Color-Coded Tape for Uterine Height Measurement: A Tool to Identify Preterm Pregnancies in Low Resource Settings. PLoS ONE, 2015, 10, e0117134.	2.5	7
135	A prospective study of maternal, fetal and neonatal deaths in low- and middle-income countries. Bulletin of the World Health Organization, 2014, 92, 605-612.	3.3	144
136	Fetal Growth and Risk of Stillbirth: A Population-Based Case–Control Study. PLoS Medicine, 2014, 11, e1001633.	8.4	129
137	First look: a cluster-randomized trial of ultrasound to improve pregnancy outcomes in low income country settings. BMC Pregnancy and Childbirth, 2014, 14, 73.	2.4	64
138	Association Between Stillbirth and Illicit Drug Use and Smoking During Pregnancy. Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2014, 123, 113-125.	2.4	216
139	Placental Findings in Singleton Stillbirths. Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2014, 123, 325-336.	2.4	173
140	Screening Obstetric Ultrasound Training for a 5-Country Cluster Randomized Controlled Trial. Ultrasound Quarterly, 2014, 30, 262-266.	0.8	23
141	Adoption and foster care placement as a risk factor for preterm birth. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2014, 211, 317-318.	1.3	1
142	Bile acids in a multicenter, population-based case-control study of stillbirth. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2014, 210, 460.e1-460.e9.	1.3	10
143	A solution pathway for preterm birth: accelerating a priority research agenda. The Lancet Global Health, 2013, 1, e328-e330.	6.3	44
144	The MANDATE model for evaluating interventions to reduce postpartum hemorrhage. International Journal of Gynecology and Obstetrics, 2013, 121, 5-9.	2.3	21

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145	A combined community- and facility-based approach to improve pregnancy outcomes in low-resource settings: a Global Network cluster randomized trial. BMC Medicine, 2013, 11, 215.	5.5	49
146	Stillbirths and neonatal mortality as outcomes. International Journal of Gynecology and Obstetrics, 2013, 123, 252-253.	2.3	21
147	A multi-country study of the "intrapartum stillbirth and early neonatal death indicator―in hospitals in low-resource settings. International Journal of Gynecology and Obstetrics, 2013, 122, 230-233.	2.3	23
148	Stillbirth: Knowledge and Practice among U.S. Obstetrician-Gynecologists. American Journal of Perinatology, 2013, 30, 813-820.	1.4	11
149	Assessment of Obstetric and Neonatal Health Services in Developing Country Health Facilities. American Journal of Perinatology, 2013, 30, 787-794.	1.4	42
150	A Review of Studies with Chlorhexidine Applied Directly to the Umbilical Cord. American Journal of Perinatology, 2013, 30, 699-702.	1.4	14
151	An Algorithm for the Estimation of Gestational Age at the Time of Fetal Death. Paediatric and Perinatal Epidemiology, 2013, 27, 145-157.	1.7	34
152	Neonatal Death in Low- to Middle-Income Countries: A Global Network Study. American Journal of Perinatology, 2012, 29, 649-656.	1.4	58
153	Disparities in interventions for child and maternal mortality. Lancet, The, 2012, 379, 1178-1180.	13.7	11
154	The Maternal and Newborn Health Registry Study of the Global Network for Women's and Children's Health Research. International Journal of Gynecology and Obstetrics, 2012, 118, 190-193.	2.3	109
155	Home birth attendants in low income countries: who are they and what do they do?. BMC Pregnancy and Childbirth, 2012, 12, 34.	2.4	36
156	The preterm birth syndrome: issues to consider in creating a classification system. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2012, 206, 113-118.	1.3	177
157	Lessons for lowâ€income regions following the reduction in hypertensionâ€related maternal mortality in highâ€income countries. International Journal of Gynecology and Obstetrics, 2011, 113, 91-95.	2.3	84
158	Stillbirths: the vision for 2020. Lancet, The, 2011, 377, 1798-1805.	13.7	150
159	Stillbirths: what difference can we make and at what cost?. Lancet, The, 2011, 377, 1523-1538.	13.7	261
160	Determinants of Stillbirth in Zambia. Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2011, 117, 1151-1159.	2.4	43
161	Epidemiology of stillbirth in Iowâ€middle income countries: A Global Network Study. Acta Obstetricia Et Gynecologica Scandinavica, 2011, 90, 1379-1385.	2.8	76
162	Maternal mortality. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2011, 205, 293-295.	1.3	24

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