Robert L Goldenberg

List of Publications by Year
in descending order

187	14,556	47006 47	20961 115
papers	citations	h-index	g-index

188	188	188	15008
all docs	docs citations	times ranked	citing authors

#	Article	IF	Citations
1	Epidemiology and causes of preterm birth. Lancet, The, 2008, 371, 75-84.	13.7	5,851
2	Stillbirths: recall to action in high-income countries. Lancet, The, 2016, 387, 691-702.	13.7	481
3	Newborn-Care Training and Perinatal Mortality in Developing Countries. New England Journal of Medicine, 2010, 362, 614-623.	27.0	344
4	Global burden of prematurity. Seminars in Fetal and Neonatal Medicine, 2016, 21, 74-79.	2.3	314
5	A population-based, multifaceted strategy to implement antenatal corticosteroid treatment versus standard care for the reduction of neonatal mortality due to preterm birth in low-income and middle-income countries: the ACT cluster-randomised trial. Lancet, The, 2015, 385, 629-639.	13.7	262
6	Stillbirths: what difference can we make and at what cost?. Lancet, The, 2011, 377, 1523-1538.	13.7	261
7	The Alabama Preterm Birth Study: Umbilical cord blood Ureaplasma urealyticum and Mycoplasma hominis cultures in very preterm newborn infants. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2008, 198, 43.e1-43.e5.	1.3	239
8	Low birth weight in the United States. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2007, 85, 584S-590S.	4.7	236
9	Association Between Stillbirth and Illicit Drug Use and Smoking During Pregnancy. Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2014, 123, 113-125.	2.4	216
10	Stillbirths: progress and unfinished business. Lancet, The, 2016, 387, 574-586.	13.7	195
11	Reducing Intrapartum-Related Neonatal Deaths in Low- and Middle-Income Countriesâ€"What Works?. Seminars in Perinatology, 2010, 34, 395-407.	2.5	188
12	Infection-related stillbirths. Lancet, The, 2010, 375, 1482-1490.	13.7	177
13	The preterm birth syndrome: issues to consider in creating a classification system. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2012, 206, 113-118.	1.3	177
14	Placental Findings in Singleton Stillbirths. Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2014, 123, 325-336.	2.4	173
15	Stillbirth Classificationâ€"Developing an International Consensus for Research. Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2009, 114, 901-914.	2.4	168
16	A New System for Determining the Causes of Stillbirth. Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2010, 116, 254-260.	2.4	162
17	Adverse maternal and perinatal outcomes in adolescent pregnancies: The Global Networkâ€™s Maternal Newborn Health Registry study. Reproductive Health, 2015, 12, S8.	3.1	158
18	Stillbirths: the vision for 2020. Lancet, The, 2011, 377, 1798-1805.	13.7	150

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19	A prospective study of maternal, fetal and neonatal deaths in low- and middle-income countries. Bulletin of the World Health Organization, 2014, 92, 605-612.	3.3	144
20	Fetal Growth and Risk of Stillbirth: A Population-Based Caseâ€“Control Study. PLoS Medicine, 2014, 11, e1001633.	8.4	129
21	The Distribution of Clinical Phenotypes of Preterm Birth Syndrome. JAMA Pediatrics, 2015, 169, 220.	6.2	129
22	The relationship of intrapartum and antepartum stillbirth rates to measures of obstetric care in developed and developing countries. Acta Obstetricia Et Gynecologica Scandinavica, 2007, 86, 1303-1309.	2.8	120
23	Antenatal corticosteroids: an assessment of anticipated benefits and potential risks. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2018, 219, 62-74.	1.3	113
24	Major causes of death in preterm infants in selected hospitals in Ethiopia (SIP): a prospective, cross-sectional, observational study. The Lancet Global Health, 2019, 7, e1130-e1138.	6.3	113
25	The Maternal and Newborn Health Registry Study of the Global Network for Women's and Children's Health Research. International Journal of Gynecology and Obstetrics, 2012, 118, 190-193.	2.3	109
26	Effectiveness of interventions to screen and manage infections during pregnancy on reducing stillbirths: a review. BMC Public Health, 2011, 11, S3.	2.9	106
27	Postpartum contraceptive use and unmet need for family planning in five low-income countries. Reproductive Health, 2015, 12, S11.	3.1	106
28	Maternal marijuana use, adverse pregnancy outcomes, and neonatal morbidity. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2017, 217, 478.e1-478.e8.	1.3	106
29	Cesarean section in sub-Saharan Africa. Maternal Health, Neonatology and Perinatology, 2016, 2, 6.	2.2	97
30	Infection and stillbirth. Seminars in Fetal and Neonatal Medicine, 2009, 14, 182-189.	2.3	95
31	The Global Network Maternal Newborn Health Registry: a multi-national, community-based registry of pregnancy outcomes. Reproductive Health, 2015, 12, S1.	3.1	90
32	Stillbirth rates in low-middle income countries 2010 - 2013: a population-based, multi-country study from the Global Network. Reproductive Health, 2015, 12, S7.	3.1	89
33	Lessons for lowâ€income regions following the reduction in hypertensionâ€related maternal mortality in highâ€income countries. International Journal of Gynecology and Obstetrics, 2011, 113, 91-95.	2.3	84
34	Risk factors for maternal death and trends in maternal mortality in low- and middle-income countries: a prospective longitudinal cohort analysis. Reproductive Health, 2015, 12, S5.	3.1	78
35	Epidemiology of stillbirth in lowâ€middle income countries: A Global Network Study. Acta Obstetricia Et Gynecologica Scandinavica, 2011, 90, 1379-1385.	2.8	76
36	Antenatal corticosteroids beyond 34 weeks gestation: WhatÂdoÂweÂdoÂnow?. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2016, 215, 423-430.	1.3	75

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37	Causal Genetic Variants in Stillbirth. New England Journal of Medicine, 2020, 383, 1107-1116.	27.0	67
38	First look: a cluster-randomized trial of ultrasound to improve pregnancy outcomes in low income country settings. BMC Pregnancy and Childbirth, 2014, 14, 73.	2.4	64
39	Trends and determinants of stillbirth in developing countries: results from the Global Networkâ€™s Population-Based Birth Registry. Reproductive Health, 2018, 15, 100.	3.1	64
40	Altered fetal growth, placental abnormalities, and stillbirth. PLoS ONE, 2017, 12, e0182874.	2.5	64
41	Neonatal Death in Low- to Middle-Income Countries: A Global Network Study. American Journal of Perinatology, 2012, 29, 649-656.	1.4	58
42	Improving pregnancy outcomes in low- and middle-income countries. Reproductive Health, 2018, 15, 88.	3.1	58
43	Womenâ€™s Perceptions Regarding the Safety of Births at Various Gestational Ages. Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2009, 114, 1254-1258.	2.4	52
44	Stillbirth and early neonatal mortality in rural Central Africa. International Journal of Gynecology and Obstetrics, 2009, 105, 112-117.	2.3	50
45	A prospective population-based study of maternal, fetal, and neonatal outcomes in the setting of prolonged labor, obstructed labor and failure to progress in low- and middle-income countries. Reproductive Health, 2015, 12, S9.	3.1	50
46	A prospective study of maternal, fetal and neonatal outcomes in the setting of cesarean section in lowâ€•and middleâ€•income countries. Acta Obstetricia Et Gynecologica Scandinavica, 2017, 96, 410-420.	2.8	50
47	A combined community- and facility-based approach to improve pregnancy outcomes in low-resource settings: a Global Network cluster randomized trial. BMC Medicine, 2013, 11, 215.	5.5	49
48	Changes in intendedness during pregnancy in a high-risk multiparous population. Maternal and Child Health Journal, 2000, 4, 179-182.	1.5	48
49	Maternal and newborn outcomes in Pakistan compared to other low and middle income countries in the Global Networkâ€™s Maternal Newborn Health Registry: an active, community-based, pregnancy surveillance mechanism. Reproductive Health, 2015, 12, S15.	3.1	47
50	Infectious Causes of Stillbirth: A Clinical Perspective. Clinical Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2010, 53, 635-645.	1.1	46
51	Maternal, fetal and neonatal mortality: lessons learned from historical changes in high income countries and their potential application to low-income countries. Maternal Health, Neonatology and Perinatology, 2015, 1, 3.	2.2	45
52	A solution pathway for preterm birth: accelerating a priority research agenda. The Lancet Global Health, 2013, 1, e328-e330.	6.3	44
53	Determinants of Stillbirth in Zambia. Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2011, 117, 1151-1159.	2.4	43
54	Predictors of Stillbirth in Sub-Saharan Africa. Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2007, 110, 989-997.	2.4	42

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55	Assessment of Obstetric and Neonatal Health Services in Developing Country Health Facilities. American Journal of Perinatology, 2013, 30, 787-794.	1.4	42
56	Neonatal mortality and coverage of essential newborn interventions 2010 - 2013: a prospective, population-based study from low-middle income countries. Reproductive Health, 2015, 12, S6.	3.1	41
57	Use of Vaginally Administered Chlorhexidine During Labor to Improve Pregnancy Outcomes. Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2006, 107, 1139-1146.	2.4	40
58	Resuscitation and Obstetrical Care to Reduce Intrapartum-Related Neonatal Deaths: A MANDATE Study. Maternal and Child Health Journal, 2015, 19, 1853-1863.	1.5	40
59	Diabetes during Pregnancy in Low- and Middle-Income Countries. American Journal of Perinatology, 2016, 33, 1227-1235.	1.4	40
60	Institutional deliveries and perinatal and neonatal mortality in Southern and Central India. Reproductive Health, 2015, 12, S13.	3.1	38
61	An approach to identify a minimum and rational proportion of caesarean sections in resource-poor settings: a global network study. The Lancet Global Health, 2018, 6, e894-e901.	6.3	38
62	Reducing intrapartum stillbirths and intrapartum-related neonatal deaths. International Journal of Gynecology and Obstetrics, 2009, 107, S1-S3.	2.3	36
63	Home birth attendants in low income countries: who are they and what do they do?. BMC Pregnancy and Childbirth, 2012, 12, 34.	2.4	36
64	Reducing maternal mortality from preeclampsia and eclampsia in lowâ€resource countries â€“ what should work?. Acta Obstetricia Et Gynecologica Scandinavica, 2015, 94, 148-155.	2.8	36
65	The Alabama Preterm Birth Study: Diffuse decidual leukocytoclastic necrosis of the decidua basalis, a placental lesion associated with preeclampsia, indicated preterm birth and decreased fetal growth. Journal of Maternal-Fetal and Neonatal Medicine, 2007, 20, 391-395.	1.5	35
66	Exposure of pregnant women to indoor air pollution: a study from nine low and middle income countries. Acta Obstetricia Et Gynecologica Scandinavica, 2010, 89, 540-548.	2.8	35
67	Impact of exposure to cooking fuels on stillbirths, perinatal, very early and late neonatal mortality - a multicenter prospective cohort study in rural communities in India, Pakistan, Kenya, Zambia and Guatemala. Maternal Health, Neonatology and Perinatology, 2015, 1, 18.	2.2	35
68	Chlorhexidine Vaginal and Infant Wipes to Reduce Perinatal Mortality and Morbidity. Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2010, 115, 1225-1232.	2.4	34
69	An Algorithm for the Estimation of Gestational Age at the Time of Fetal Death. Paediatric and Perinatal Epidemiology, 2013, 27, 145-157.	1.7	34
70	Potentially Preventable Stillbirth in a Diverse U.S. Cohort. Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2018, 131, 336-343.	2.4	34
71	Evaluation of Focused Obstetric Ultrasound Examinations by Health Care Personnel in the Democratic Republic of Congo, Guatemala, Kenya, Pakistan, and Zambia. Current Problems in Diagnostic Radiology, 2017, 46, 210-215.	1.4	31
72	Association of Temporal Changes in Gestational Age With Perinatal Mortality in the United States, 2007-2015. JAMA Pediatrics, 2018, 172, 627.	6.2	30

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73	The Antenatal Corticosteroids Trial (ACT)â€™s explanations for neonatal mortality - a secondary analysis. Reproductive Health, 2016, 13, 62.	3.1	29
74	Maternal near miss in lowâ€resource areas. International Journal of Gynecology and Obstetrics, 2017, 138, 347-355.	2.3	29
75	Have Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19) Community Lockdowns Reduced Preterm Birth Rates?. Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2021, 137, 399-402.	2.4	28
76	Reducing stillbirths in lowâ€income countries. Acta Obstetricia Et Gynecologica Scandinavica, 2016, 95, 135-143.	2.8	26
77	The Global Network Maternal Newborn Health Registry: a multi-country, community-based registry of pregnancy outcomes. Reproductive Health, 2020, 17, 184.	3.1	26
78	Stillbirths. Clinics in Perinatology, 2016, 43, 439-453.	2.1	25
79	Maternal and fetal vascular lesions of malperfusion in the placentas associated with fetal and neonatal death: results of a prospective observational study. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2021, 225, 660.e1-660.e12.	1.3	25
80	Maternal mortality. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2011, 205, 293-295.	1.3	24
81	A prospective observational description of frequency and timing of antenatal care attendance and coverage of selected interventions from sites in Argentina, Guatemala, India, Kenya, Pakistan and Zambia. Reproductive Health, 2015, 12, S12.	3.1	24
82	Fetal growth restriction: Case definition & guidelines for data collection, analysis, and presentation of immunization safety data. Vaccine, 2017, 35, 6546-6554.	3.8	24
83	Criteria for assigning cause of death for stillbirths and neonatal deaths in research studies in low-middle income countries. Journal of Maternal-Fetal and Neonatal Medicine, 2019, 32, 1915-1923.	1.5	24
84	A multi-country study of the â€œintrapartum stillbirth and early neonatal death indicatorâ€in hospitals in low-resource settings. International Journal of Gynecology and Obstetrics, 2013, 122, 230-233.	2.3	23
85	Screening Obstetric Ultrasound Training for a 5-Country Cluster Randomized Controlled Trial. Ultrasound Quarterly, 2014, 30, 262-266.	0.8	23
86	Global network for womenâ€™s and childrenâ€™s health research: a system for low-resource areas to determine probable causes of stillbirth, neonatal, and maternal death. Maternal Health, Neonatology and Perinatology, 2015, 1, 11.	2.2	23
87	Hemoglobin concentrations and adverse birth outcomes in South Asian pregnant women: findings from a prospective Maternal and Neonatal Health Registry. Reproductive Health, 2020, 17, 154.	3.1	23
88	Association Between Temporal Changes in Neonatal Mortality and Spontaneous and Clinician-Initiated Deliveries in the United States, 2006-2013. JAMA Pediatrics, 2018, 172, 949.	6.2	22
89	Perceptions of parents and religious leaders regarding minimal invasive tissue sampling to identify the cause of death in stillbirths and neonates: results from a qualitative study. Reproductive Health, 2019, 16, 53.	3.1	22
90	Oligohydramnios: a prospective study of fetal, neonatal and maternal outcomes in low-middle income countries. Reproductive Health, 2020, 17, 19.	3.1	22

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91	Tobacco use and secondhand smoke exposure during pregnancy in two African countries: Zambia and the Democratic Republic of the Congo. Acta Obstetricia Et Gynecologica Scandinavica, 2010, 89, 531-539.	2.8	21
92	The MANDATE model for evaluating interventions to reduce postpartum hemorrhage. International Journal of Gynecology and Obstetrics, 2013, 121, 5-9.	2.3	21
93	Stillbirths and neonatal mortality as outcomes. International Journal of Gynecology and Obstetrics, 2013, 123, 252-253.	2.3	21
94	Evaluating WHO-Recommended Interventions for Preterm Birth: A Mathematical Model of the Potential Reduction of Preterm Mortality in Sub-Saharan Africa. Global Health, Science and Practice, 2019, 7, 215-227.	1.7	21
95	Weekly 17 alpha-hydroxyprogesterone caproate to prevent preterm birth among women living with HIV: a randomised, double-blind, placebo-controlled trial. Lancet HIV,the, 2021, 8, e605-e613.	4.7	21
96	Immediate postpartum use of long-acting reversible contraceptives in low- and middle-income countries. Maternal Health, Neonatology and Perinatology, 2017, 3, 24.	2.2	20
97	Web-Based Quality Assurance Process Drives Improvements in Obstetric Ultrasound in 5 Low- and Middle-Income Countries. Global Health, Science and Practice, 2016, 4, 675-683.	1.7	19
98	Traditional birth attendants and birth outcomes in low-middle income countries: A review. Seminars in Perinatology, 2019, 43, 247-251.	2.5	19
99	The Global Network Neonatal Cause of Death algorithm for lowâ€resource settings. Acta Paediatrica, International Journal of Paediatrics, 2017, 106, 904-911.	1.5	18
100	A Prospective, Population-Based Study of Trends in Operative Vaginal Delivery Compared to Cesarean Delivery Rates in Low- and Middle-Income Countries, 2010â€“2016. American Journal of Perinatology, 2019, 36, 730-736.	1.4	18
101	Reducing neonatal mortality associated with preterm birth: gaps in knowledge of the impact of antenatal corticosteroids on preterm birth outcomes in low-middle income countries. Reproductive Health, 2016, 13, 61.	3.1	17
102	Challenges of Implementing Antenatal Ultrasound Screening in a Rural Study Site: A Case Study From the Democratic Republic of the Congo. Global Health, Science and Practice, 2017, 5, 315-324.	1.7	17
103	Challenges in classification and assignment of causes of stillbirths in low- and lower middle-income countries. Seminars in Perinatology, 2019, 43, 308-314.	2.5	17
104	Interpregnancy interval and risk of stillbirth: a population-based case control study. Annals of Epidemiology, 2019, 35, 35-41.	1.9	16
105	Preconception nutrition intervention improved birth length and reduced stunting and wasting in newborns in South Asia: The Women First Randomized Controlled Trial. PLoS ONE, 2020, 15, e0218960.	2.5	16
106	The Epidemiology of Preterm Birth. , 0, , 22-38.		16
107	Interventions to reduce neonatal mortality: a mathematical model to evaluate impact of interventions in subâ€Saharan Africa. Acta Paediatrica, International Journal of Paediatrics, 2017, 106, 1286-1295.	1.5	15
108	Maternal exposure to childhood maltreatment and risk of stillbirth. Annals of Epidemiology, 2017, 27, 459-465.e2.	1.9	15

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109	Prevalence and determinants of anemia among women of reproductive age in Thatta Pakistan: Findings from a cross-sectional study. PLoS ONE, 2020, 15, e0239320.	2.5	15
110	Exploring women and traditional birth attendantsâ€™ perceptions and experiences of stillbirths in district Thatta, Sindh, Pakistan: a qualitative study. Reproductive Health, 2020, 17, 3.	3.1	15
111	A Review of Studies with Chlorhexidine Applied Directly to the Umbilical Cord. American Journal of Perinatology, 2013, 30, 699-702.	1.4	14
112	Lost to follow-up among pregnant women in a multi-site community based maternal and newborn health registry: a prospective study. Reproductive Health, 2015, 12, S4.	3.1	14
113	Stillbirth, Inflammatory Markers, and Obesity: Results from the Stillbirth Collaborative Research Network. American Journal of Perinatology, 2018, 35, 1071-1078.	1.4	14
114	Associations Between the Features of Gross Placental Morphology and Birthweight. Pediatric and Developmental Pathology, 2019, 22, 194-204.	1.0	14
115	Trends in perinatal deaths from 2010 to 2013 in the Guatemalan Western Highlands. Reproductive Health, 2015, 12, S14.	3.1	13
116	Pathways to preterm birth: Case definition and guidelines for data collection, analysis, and presentation of immunization safety data. Vaccine, 2016, 34, 6093-6101.	3.8	13
117	Factors influencing referrals for ultrasound-diagnosed complications during prenatal care in five low and middle income countries. Reproductive Health, 2018, 15, 204.	3.1	13
118	Malpresentation in lowâ€•and middleâ€•income countries: Associations with perinatal and maternal outcomes in the Global Network. Acta Obstetricia Et Gynecologica Scandinavica, 2019, 98, 300-308.	2.8	13
119	Stillbirth 2010â€“2018: a prospective, population-based, multi-country study from the Global Network. Reproductive Health, 2020, 17, 146.	3.1	13
120	Growth from Birth Through Six Months for Infants of Mothers in the â€œWomen Firstâ€•Preconception Maternal Nutrition Trial. Journal of Pediatrics, 2021, 229, 199-206.e4.	1.8	13
121	Establishment of a Maternal Newborn Health Registry in the Belgaum District of Karnataka, India. Reproductive Health, 2015, 12, S3.	3.1	12
122	Maternal Mortality from Obstructed Labor: A MANDATE Analysis of the Ability of Technology to Save Lives in Sub-Saharan Africa. American Journal of Perinatology, 2016, 33, 873-881.	1.4	12
123	The Antenatal Corticosteroids Trial (ACT): a secondary analysis to explore site differences in a multi-country trial. Reproductive Health, 2016, 13, 64.	3.1	12
124	Improving Birth Outcomes in Low- and Middle-Income Countries. New England Journal of Medicine, 2017, 377, 2387-2388.	27.0	12
125	Perceptions of health professionals regarding minimally invasive tissue sampling (MITS) to identify the cause of death in stillbirths and neonates: results from a qualitative study. Maternal Health, Neonatology and Perinatology, 2019, 5, 17.	2.2	12
126	Gestational weight gain in 4 low- and middle-income countries and associations with birth outcomes: a secondary analysis of the Women First Trial. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2021, 114, 804-812.	4.7	12

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127	Preventable stillbirths in India and Pakistan: a prospective, observational study. BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2021, 128, 1762-1773.	2.3	12
128	Cytokine profiling: variation in immune modulation with preterm birth vs. uncomplicated term birth identifies pivotal signals in pathogenesis of preterm birth. Journal of Perinatal Medicine, 2021, 49, 299-309.	1.4	12
129	Disparities in interventions for child and maternal mortality. Lancet, The, 2012, 379, 1178-1180.	13.7	11
130	Stillbirth: Knowledge and Practice among U.S. Obstetrician-Gynecologists. American Journal of Perinatology, 2013, 30, 813-820.	1.4	11
131	Use of antenatal corticosteroids at health facilities and communities in low-and-middle income countries. Reproductive Health, 2016, 13, 66.	3.1	11
132	Birth length is the strongest predictor of linear growth status and stunting in the first 2 years of life after a preconception maternal nutrition intervention: the children of the Women First trial. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2022, 116, 86-96.	4.7	11
133	Bile acids in a multicenter, population-based case-control study of stillbirth. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2014, 210, 460.e1-460.e9.	1.3	10
134	Tranexamic Acid to Reduce Postpartum Hemorrhage: A MANDATE Systematic Review and Analyses of Impact on Maternal Mortality. American Journal of Perinatology, 2015, 32, 469-474.	1.4	10
135	A multi-faceted intervention including antenatal corticosteroids to reduce neonatal mortality associated with preterm birth: a case study from the Guatemalan Western Highlands. Reproductive Health, 2016, 13, 63.	3.1	10
136	Fetal death certificate data quality: a tale of two U.S. counties. Annals of Epidemiology, 2017, 27, 466-471.e2.	1.9	10
137	Intramuscular 17-hydroxyprogesterone caproate to prevent preterm birth among HIV-infected women in Zambia: study protocol of the IPOP randomized trial. BMC Pregnancy and Childbirth, 2019, 19, 81.	2.4	10
138	The association of stillbirth with placental abnormalities in growthâ€restricted and normally grown fetuses. Paediatric and Perinatal Epidemiology, 2019, 33, 274-383.	1.7	9
139	Maternal Characteristics Affect Fetal Growth Response in the Women First Preconception Nutrition Trial. Nutrients, 2019, 11, 2534.	4.1	9
140	Associations Between Features of Placental Morphology and Birth Weight in Dichorionic Twins. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2019, 188, 518-526.	3.4	9
141	Neonatal deaths in rural Karnataka, India 2014â€“2018: a prospective population-based observational study in a low-resource setting. Reproductive Health, 2020, 17, 161.	3.1	9
142	Development of the Global Network for Womenâ€™s and Childrenâ€™s Health Researchâ€™s socioeconomic status index for use in the networkâ€™s sites in low and lower middle-income countries. Reproductive Health, 2020, 17, 193.	3.1	9
143	Preconceptional Lipid-Based Nutrient Supplementation in 2 Low-Resource Countries Results in Distinctly Different IGF-1/mTOR Placental Responses. Journal of Nutrition, 2021, 151, 556-569.	2.9	9
144	Urogenital fistula reviewed: a marker of severe maternal morbidity and an indicator of the quality of maternal healthcare delivery. Maternal Health, Neonatology and Perinatology, 2015, 1, 20.	2.2	8

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145	Association of participation in a supplemental nutrition program with stillbirth by race, ethnicity, and maternal characteristics. BMC Pregnancy and Childbirth, 2018, 18, 306.	2.4	8
146	Incidence and associated factors of extrauterine growth restriction (EUGR) in preterm infants, a cross-sectional study in selected NICUs in Ethiopia. BMJ Paediatrics Open, 2020, 4, e000765.	1.4	8
147	The global network antenatal corticosteroids trial: impact on stillbirth. Reproductive Health, 2016, 13, 68.	3.1	7
148	Including ultrasound scans in antenatal care in low-resource settings: Considering the complementarity of obstetric ultrasound screening and maternity waiting homes in strengthening referral systems in low-resource, rural settings. Seminars in Perinatology, 2019, 43, 273-281.	2.5	7
149	Comparison of neonatal outcomes of small for gestational age and appropriate for gestational age preterm infants born at 28â€“36 weeks of gestation: a multicentre study in Ethiopia. BMJ Paediatrics Open, 2020, 4, e000740.	1.4	7
150	A Color-Coded Tape for Uterine Height Measurement: A Tool to Identify Preterm Pregnancies in Low Resource Settings. PLoS ONE, 2015, 10, e0117134.	2.5	7
151	Associations between Maternal and Fetal Inherited Thrombophilias, Placental Characteristics Associated with Vascular Malperfusion, and Fetal Growth. TH Open, 2017, 01, e43-e55.	1.4	6
152	Maternal and Neonatal Directed Assessment of Technologies (MANDATE): Methods and Assumptions for a Predictive Model for Maternal, Fetal, and Neonatal Mortality Interventions. Global Health, Science and Practice, 2017, 5, 571-580.	1.7	6
153	Mode of delivery among nulliparous women with single, cephalic, term pregnancies: The <scp>WHO</scp> global survey on maternal and perinatal health, 2004â€“2008. International Journal of Gynecology and Obstetrics, 2019, 147, 165-172.	2.3	6
154	Commentary: Improving Important Pregnancy Outcomes. Birth, 2009, 36, 51-53.	2.2	5
155	Perceptions of parents and healthcare professionals regarding minimal invasive tissue sampling to identify the cause of death in stillbirths and neonates: a qualitative study protocol. Reproductive Health, 2018, 15, 179.	3.1	5
156	Understanding causes of stillbirth: moving in the right direction. The Lancet Global Health, 2019, 7, e400-e401.	6.3	5
157	Use of ultrasound and mHealth to improve perinatal outcomes in low and middle income countries. Seminars in Perinatology, 2019, 43, 267-272.	2.5	5
158	It Takes a System: Magnesium Sulfate for Prevention of Eclampsia in a Resource-Limited Community Setting. Global Health, Science and Practice, 2019, 7, 340-343.	1.7	5
159	Prevalence of clinically-evident congenital anomalies in the Western highlands of Guatemala. Reproductive Health, 2020, 17, 153.	3.1	5
160	Factors Associated With Parental Acceptance of Minimally Invasive Tissue Sampling to Identify the Causes of Stillbirth and Neonatal Death. Clinical Infectious Diseases, 2021, 73, S422-S429.	5.8	5
161	Lung Findings in Minimally Invasive Tissue Sampling (MITS) Examinations of Fetal and Preterm Neonatal Deaths: A Report From the PURPOSe Study. Clinical Infectious Diseases, 2021, 73, S430-S434.	5.8	5
162	Intravenous fluid contaminated with Klebsiella oxytoca as a source of sepsis in a preterm newborn: Case report. American Journal of Infection Control, 2019, 47, 840-842.	2.3	5

#	Article	IF	Citations
163	Birth asphyxia is underâ€•rated as a cause of preterm neonatal mortality in lowâ€•and middleâ€•income countries: A prospective, observational study from PURPOSe. BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2022, 129, 1993-2000.	2.3	5
164	Antenatal corticosteroids for preterm births in resource-limited settings â€“ Authors' reply. Lancet, The, 2015, 385, 1945.	13.7	4
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