

# Helen D Bailey

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: <https://exaly.com/author-pdf/2998161/publications.pdf>

Version: 2024-02-01

60  
papers

1,228  
citations

331670

21  
h-index

395702

33  
g-index

62  
all docs

62  
docs citations

62  
times ranked

1184  
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Home pesticide exposures and risk of childhood leukemia: Findings from the childhood leukemia international consortium. <i>International Journal of Cancer</i> , 2015, 137, 2644-2663.	5.1	108
2	Parental Prenatal Smoking and Risk of Childhood Acute Lymphoblastic Leukemia. <i>American Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2012, 175, 43-53.	3.4	98
3	Parental occupational pesticide exposure and the risk of childhood leukemia in the offspring: Findings from the childhood leukemia international consortium. <i>International Journal of Cancer</i> , 2014, 135, 2157-2172.	5.1	89
4	Maternal folate and other vitamin supplementation during pregnancy and risk of acute lymphoblastic leukemia in the offspring. <i>International Journal of Cancer</i> , 2010, 126, 2690-2699.	5.1	61
5	Exposure to pesticides and the risk of childhood brain tumors. <i>Cancer Causes and Control</i> , 2013, 24, 1269-1278.	1.8	49
6	Newborn hearing screening in Western Australia. <i>Medical Journal of Australia</i> , 2002, 177, 180-185.	1.7	46
7	Fetal Growth and Risk of Childhood Acute Lymphoblastic Leukemia: Results From an Australian Case-Control Study. <i>American Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2009, 170, 221-228.	3.4	40
8	Parental occupational exposure to exhausts, solvents, glues and paints, and risk of childhood leukemia. <i>Cancer Causes and Control</i> , 2011, 22, 1575-1585.	1.8	37
9	Maternal Dietary Intake of Folate and Vitamins B6 and B12 During Pregnancy and the Risk of Childhood Acute Lymphoblastic Leukemia. <i>Nutrition and Cancer</i> , 2012, 64, 1122-1130.	2.0	36
10	Exposure to professional pest control treatments and the risk of childhood acute lymphoblastic leukemia. <i>International Journal of Cancer</i> , 2011, 129, 1678-1688.	5.1	35
11	Stillbirth risk prediction using machine learning for a large cohort of births from Western Australia, 1980-2015. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2020, 10, 5354.	3.3	35
12	Exposure to Diagnostic Radiological Procedures and the Risk of Childhood Acute Lymphoblastic Leukemia. <i>Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention</i> , 2010, 19, 2897-2909.	2.5	33
13	Home paint exposures and risk of childhood acute lymphoblastic leukemia: findings from the Childhood Leukemia International Consortium. <i>Cancer Causes and Control</i> , 2015, 26, 1257-1270.	1.8	32
14	Representativeness of child controls recruited by random digit dialling. <i>Paediatric and Perinatal Epidemiology</i> , 2010, 24, 293-302.	1.7	29
15	Parental occupational paint exposure and risk of childhood leukemia in the offspring: findings from the Childhood Leukemia International Consortium. <i>Cancer Causes and Control</i> , 2014, 25, 1351-1367.	1.8	28
16	Maternal consumption of coffee and tea during pregnancy and risk of childhood ALL: results from an Australian case-control study. <i>Cancer Causes and Control</i> , 2011, 22, 207-218.	1.8	26
17	Risk of neuroblastoma, birth-related characteristics, congenital malformations and perinatal exposures: A pooled analysis of the ESCALE and ESTELLE French studies (SFCE). <i>International Journal of Cancer</i> , 2016, 139, 1936-1948.	5.1	24
18	Exposure to house painting and the use of floor treatments and the risk of childhood acute lymphoblastic leukemia. <i>International Journal of Cancer</i> , 2011, 128, 2405-2414.	5.1	23

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
19	Breastfeeding and Nutrition to 2 Years of Age and Risk of Childhood Acute Lymphoblastic Leukemia and Brain Tumors. <i>Nutrition and Cancer</i> , 2015, 67, 431-441.	2.0	23
20	Factors related to pregnancy and birth and the risk of childhood brain tumours: The ESTELLE and ESCALE studies (SFCE, France). <i>International Journal of Cancer</i> , 2017, 140, 1757-1769.	5.1	23
21	Maternal residential pesticide use during pregnancy and risk of malignant childhood brain tumors: A pooled analysis of the ESCALE and ESTELLE studies (SFCE). <i>International Journal of Cancer</i> , 2018, 142, 489-497.	5.1	23
22	The impact of maternal prenatal mental health disorders on stillbirth and infant mortality: a systematic review and meta-analysis. <i>Archives of Women's Mental Health</i> , 2021, 24, 543-555.	2.6	22
23	Maternal consumption of coffee and tea during pregnancy and risk of childhood ALL: a pooled analysis from the childhood Leukemia International Consortium. <i>Cancer Causes and Control</i> , 2018, 29, 539-550.	1.8	20
24	Risk of childhood acute lymphoblastic leukaemia following parental occupational exposure to extremely low frequency electromagnetic fields. <i>British Journal of Cancer</i> , 2011, 105, 1409-1413.	6.4	19
25	Living on a farm, contact with farm animals and pets, and childhood acute lymphoblastic leukemia: pooled and meta-analyses from the Childhood Leukemia International Consortium. <i>Cancer Medicine</i> , 2018, 7, 2665-2681.	2.8	18
26	Maternal use of household pesticides during pregnancy and risk of neuroblastoma in offspring: A pooled analysis of the ESTELLE and ESCALE French studies (SFCE). <i>Cancer Causes and Control</i> , 2017, 28, 1125-1132.	1.8	17
27	Folate Pathway Gene Polymorphisms, Maternal Folic Acid Use, and Risk of Childhood Acute Lymphoblastic Leukemia. <i>Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention</i> , 2015, 24, 48-56.	2.5	16
28	Parental occupational exposure to pesticides and risk of childhood cancer in Switzerland: a census-based cohort study. <i>BMC Cancer</i> , 2020, 20, 819.	2.6	16
29	Risk of childhood acute lymphoblastic leukaemia following parental occupational exposure to pesticides. <i>Occupational and Environmental Medicine</i> , 2012, 69, 846-849.	2.8	15
30	Risk of Central Nervous System Tumors in Children Related to Parental Occupational Pesticide Exposures in three European Case-Control Studies. <i>Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine</i> , 2016, 58, 1046-1052.	1.7	13
31	Participation in population-based case-control studies: does the observed decline vary by socioeconomic status?. <i>Paediatric and Perinatal Epidemiology</i> , 2012, 26, 276-279.	1.7	12
32	Parental smoking, maternal alcohol, coffee and tea consumption and the risk of childhood brain tumours: the ESTELLE and ESCALE studies (SFCE, France). <i>Cancer Causes and Control</i> , 2017, 28, 719-732.	1.8	12
33	Parental smoking, maternal alcohol consumption during pregnancy and the risk of neuroblastoma in children. A pooled analysis of the ESCALE and ESTELLE French studies. <i>International Journal of Cancer</i> , 2019, 145, 2907-2916.	5.1	12
34	Parental occupational exposure and risk of childhood central nervous system tumors: a pooled analysis of case-control studies from Germany, France, and the UK. <i>Cancer Causes and Control</i> , 2014, 25, 1603-1613.	1.8	11
35	Childhood brain tumours, early infections and immune stimulation: A pooled analysis of the ESCALE and ESTELLE case-control studies (SFCE, France). <i>Cancer Epidemiology</i> , 2018, 52, 1-9.	1.9	10
36	Parental occupational exposure to low-frequency magnetic fields and risk of leukaemia in the offspring: findings from the Childhood Leukaemia International Consortium (CLIC). <i>Occupational and Environmental Medicine</i> , 2019, 76, 746-753.	2.8	10

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
37	Disparities between Aboriginal and non-Aboriginal perinatal mortality rates in Western Australia from 1980 to 2015. <i>Paediatric and Perinatal Epidemiology</i> , 2019, 33, 412-420.	1.7	10
38	Refuelling of vehicles, the use of wood burners and the risk of acute lymphoblastic leukaemia in childhood. <i>Paediatric and Perinatal Epidemiology</i> , 2011, 25, 528-539.	1.7	9
39	Exposure to household painting and floor treatments, and parental occupational paint exposure and risk of childhood brain tumors: results from an Australian case-control study. <i>Cancer Causes and Control</i> , 2014, 25, 283-291.	1.8	9
40	The impact of pre-pregnancy body mass index and gestational weight gain on placental abruption risk: a systematic review and meta-analysis. <i>Archives of Gynecology and Obstetrics</i> , 2019, 300, 1201-1210.	1.7	9
41	Barriers to immunisation in general practice. <i>Australian and New Zealand Journal of Public Health</i> , 1999, 23, 6-10.	1.8	8
42	Childhood and parental diagnostic radiological procedures and risk of childhood brain tumors. <i>Cancer Causes and Control</i> , 2014, 25, 375-383.	1.8	8
43	Infant feeding practices and childhood acute leukemia: Findings from the Childhood Cancer & Leukemia International Consortium. <i>International Journal of Cancer</i> , 2022, 151, 1013-1023.	5.1	8
44	Paternal intake of folate and vitamins B6 and B12 before conception and risk of childhood acute lymphoblastic leukemia. <i>Cancer Causes and Control</i> , 2014, 25, 1615-1625.	1.8	6
45	Childhood folate, B6, B12, and food group intake and the risk of childhood brain tumors: results from an Australian case-control study. <i>Cancer Causes and Control</i> , 2015, 26, 871-879.	1.8	6
46	Patterns of recurrent preterm birth in Western Australia: A 36-year statewide population-based study. <i>Australian and New Zealand Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology</i> , 2022, 62, 494-499.	1.0	6
47	Paternal Dietary Folate, B6 and B12 Intake, and the Risk of Childhood Brain Tumors. <i>Nutrition and Cancer</i> , 2015, 67, 224-230.	2.0	5
48	Participation in paediatric cancer studies: timing and approach to recruitment. <i>BMC Research Notes</i> , 2013, 6, 191.	1.4	4
49	Socioethnic disparities in severe maternal morbidity in Western Australia: a statewide retrospective cohort study. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2020, 10, e039260.	1.9	4
50	Family history of cancer and the risk of childhood brain tumors: a pooled analysis of the ESCALE and ESTELLE studies (SFCE). <i>Cancer Causes and Control</i> , 2019, 30, 1075-1085.	1.8	3
51	Role of maternal mental health disorders on stillbirth and infant mortality risk: a protocol for a systematic review and meta-analysis. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2020, 10, e036280.	1.9	3
52	Disparities in severe neonatal morbidity and mortality between Aboriginal and non-Aboriginal births in Western Australia: a decomposition analysis. <i>Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health</i> , 2021, 75, 1187-1194.	3.7	3
53	Plenty of evidence on mandatory folate fortification. <i>Australian and New Zealand Journal of Public Health</i> , 2006, 30, 81-82.	1.8	2
54	Comparison of stillbirth trends over two decades in Wales, United Kingdom and Western Australia: An international retrospective cohort study. <i>Paediatric and Perinatal Epidemiology</i> , 2021, 35, 302-314.	1.7	2

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
55	Prevalence of permanent childhood hearing impairment. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2002, 324, 172-172.	2.3	2
56	Comment on: The Associations Between Maternal Factors During Pregnancy and the Risk of Childhood Acute Lymphoblastic Leukemia: A Meta-Analysis. Pediatric Blood and Cancer, 2016, 63, 951-952.	1.5	0
57	Profile of severely growth-restricted births undelivered at 40 weeks in Western Australia. Archives of Gynecology and Obstetrics, 2020, 301, 1383-1396.	1.7	0
58	Maternal Use of Household Pesticides during Pregnancy and Risk of Childhood Brain Tumor and Neuroblastoma in the Offspring. ISEE Conference Abstracts, 2018, 2017, 277.	0.0	0
59	Socioethnic disparities in severe maternal morbidity in Western Australia: a statewide retrospective cohort study. BMJ Open, 2020, 10, e039260.	1.9	0
60	Caesarean section following antepartum stillbirth in Western Australia 2010–2015: A population-based study. Australian and New Zealand Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2022, , .	1.0	0