Rita Z Goldstein

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Drug Addiction and Its Underlying Neurobiological Basis: Neuroimaging Evidence for the Involvement of the Frontal Cortex. American Journal of Psychiatry, 2002, 159, 1642-1652.	7.2	2,353
2	Dysfunction of the prefrontal cortex in addiction: neuroimaging findings and clinical implications. Nature Reviews Neuroscience, 2011, 12, 652-669.	10.2	2,029
3	The Neurocircuitry of Impaired Insight in Drug Addiction. Trends in Cognitive Sciences, 2009, 13, 372-380.	7.8	540
4	Neuroimaging Impaired Response Inhibition and Salience Attribution in Human Drug Addiction: A Systematic Review. Neuron, 2018, 98, 886-903.	8.1	352
5	Adolescent brain cognitive development (ABCD) study: Overview of substance use assessment methods. Developmental Cognitive Neuroscience, 2018, 32, 80-96.	4.0	250
6	Neuroimaging cognitive reappraisal in clinical populations to define neural targets for enhancing emotion regulation. A systematic review. NeuroImage, 2017, 151, 105-116.	4.2	246
7	Mega-Analysis of Gray Matter Volume in Substance Dependence: General and Substance-Specific Regional Effects. American Journal of Psychiatry, 2019, 176, 119-128.	7.2	190
8	A transdiagnostic dimensional approach towards a neuropsychological assessment for addiction: an international Delphi consensus study. Addiction, 2019, 114, 1095-1109.	3.3	160
9	Anterior cingulate cortex hypoactivations to an emotionally salient task in cocaine addiction. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2009, 106, 9453-9458.	7.1	157
10	Incubation of Cue-Induced Craving in Adults Addicted to Cocaine Measured by Electroencephalography. JAMA Psychiatry, 2016, 73, 1127.	11.0	147
11	Impaired self-awareness in human addiction: deficient attribution of personal relevance. Trends in Cognitive Sciences, 2014, 18, 635-641.	7.8	119
12	Dopaminergic Response to Drug Words in Cocaine Addiction. Journal of Neuroscience, 2009, 29, 6001-6006.	3.6	117
13	Oral methylphenidate normalizes cingulate activity in cocaine addiction during a salient cognitive task. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2010, 107, 16667-16672.	7.1	108
14	Disrupted Functional Connectivity with Dopaminergic Midbrain in Cocaine Abusers. PLoS ONE, 2010, 5, e10815.	2.5	106
15	Vascular disease in cocaine addiction. Atherosclerosis, 2017, 262, 154-162.	0.8	101
16	Gene x Abstinence Effects on Drug Cue Reactivity in Addiction: Multimodal Evidence. Journal of Neuroscience, 2013, 33, 10027-10036.	3.6	86
17	Functional, Structural, and Emotional Correlates of Impaired Insight in Cocaine Addiction. JAMA Psychiatry, 2014, 71, 61.	11.0	86
18	The thalamus in drug addiction: from rodents to humans. Philosophical Transactions of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences, 2018, 373, 20170028.	4.0	86

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19	Impaired Neural Response to Negative Prediction Errors in Cocaine Addiction. Journal of Neuroscience, 2015, 35, 1872-1879.	3.6	79
20	Is biological aging accelerated in drug addiction?. Current Opinion in Behavioral Sciences, 2017, 13, 34-39.	3.9	70
21	Cognitive interventions for addiction medicine. Progress in Brain Research, 2016, 224, 285-304.	1.4	63
22	Effects of chronic and acute stimulants on brain functional connectivity hubs. Brain Research, 2015, 1628, 147-156.	2.2	59
23	The effect of practice on a sustained attention task in cocaine abusers. Neurolmage, 2007, 35, 194-206.	4.2	53
24	Prefrontal gray matter volume recovery in treatment-seeking cocaine-addicted individuals: a longitudinal study. Addiction Biology, 2017, 22, 1391-1401.	2.6	53
25	Neuroscience of inhibition for addiction medicine. Progress in Brain Research, 2016, 223, 165-188.	1.4	52
26	The neurobiology of drug addiction: cross-species insights into the dysfunction and recovery of the prefrontal cortex. Neuropsychopharmacology, 2022, 47, 276-291.	5.4	50
27	Metacognitive impairment in active cocaine use disorder is associated with individual differences in brain structure. European Neuropsychopharmacology, 2016, 26, 653-662.	0.7	37
28	Realizing the Clinical Potential of Computational Psychiatry: Report From the Banbury Center Meeting, February 2019. Biological Psychiatry, 2020, 88, e5-e10.	1.3	36
29	Anger and depression in cocaine addiction: association with the orbitofrontal cortex. Psychiatry Research - Neuroimaging, 2005, 138, 13-22.	1.8	33
30	Common and distinct neural correlates of inhibitory dysregulation: Stroop fMRI study of cocaine addiction and intermittent explosive disorder. Journal of Psychiatric Research, 2014, 58, 55-62.	3.1	33
31	Oral Methylphenidate Normalizes Cingulate Activity and Decreases Impulsivity in Cocaine Addiction During an Emotionally Salient Cognitive Task. Neuropsychopharmacology, 2011, 36, 366-367.	5.4	31
32	A methodological checklist for fMRI drug cue reactivity studies: development and expert consensus. Nature Protocols, 2022, 17, 567-595.	12.0	26
33	Genetic imaging consortium for addiction medicine. Progress in Brain Research, 2016, 224, 203-223.	1.4	22
34	Structural and functional brain recovery in individuals with substance use disorders during abstinence: A review of longitudinal neuroimaging studies. Drug and Alcohol Dependence, 2022, 232, 109319.	3.2	22
35	Neural Correlates of Drug-Biased Choice in Currently Using and Abstinent Individuals With Cocaine Use Disorder. Biological Psychiatry: Cognitive Neuroscience and Neuroimaging, 2018, 3, 485-494.	1.5	21
36	Reactions to Media Violence: It's in the Brain of the Beholder. PLoS ONE, 2014, 9, e107260.	2.5	21

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37	Neural mechanisms of extinguishing drug and pleasant cue associations in human addiction: role of the VMPFC. Addiction Biology, 2019, 24, 88-99.	2.6	20
38	Low Striatal Dopamine D2-type Receptor Availability is Linked to Simulated Drug Choice in Methamphetamine Users. Neuropsychopharmacology, 2018, 43, 751-760.	5.4	17
39	Multimodal evidence of regional midcingulate gray matter volume underlying conflict monitoring. NeuroImage: Clinical, 2014, 5, 10-18.	2.7	15
40	Trait anger modulates neural activity in the fronto-parietal attention network. PLoS ONE, 2018, 13, e0194444.	2.5	15
41	Reduced Orbitofrontal Gray Matter Concentration as a Marker of Premorbid Childhood Trauma in Cocaine Use Disorder. Frontiers in Human Neuroscience, 2018, 12, 51.	2.0	14
42	Effects of an opioid (proenkephalin) polymorphism on neural response to errors in health and cocaine use disorder. Behavioural Brain Research, 2015, 293, 18-26.	2.2	13
43	Objective and specific tracking of anhedonia via event-related potentials in individuals with cocaine use disorders. Drug and Alcohol Dependence, 2016, 164, 158-165.	3.2	13
44	Common and <scp>genderâ€specific</scp> associations with cocaine use on gray matter volume: Data from the <scp>ENIGMA</scp> addiction working group. Human Brain Mapping, 2022, 43, 543-554.	3.6	13
45	Attention bias modification in drug addiction: Enhancing control of subsequent habits. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2021, 118, .	7.1	13
46	Predictive sparse modeling of fMRI data for improved classification, regression, and visualization using the k -support norm. Computerized Medical Imaging and Graphics, 2015, 46, 40-46.	5.8	12
47	White matter microstructure differences in individuals with dependence on cocaine, methamphetamine, and nicotine: Findings from the ENIGMA-Addiction working group. Drug and Alcohol Dependence, 2022, 230, 109185.	3.2	12
48	Monoamine polygenic liability in health and cocaine dependence: Imaging genetics study of aversive processing and associations with depression symptomatology. Drug and Alcohol Dependence, 2014, 140, 17-24.	3.2	11
49	Converging effects of cocaine addiction and sex on neural responses to monetary rewards. Psychiatry Research - Neuroimaging, 2016, 248, 110-118.	1.8	11
50	A doubleâ€blind shamâ€controlled phase 1 clinical trial of tDCS of the dorsolateral prefrontal cortex in cocaine inpatients: Craving, sleepiness, and contemplation to change. European Journal of Neuroscience, 2021, 53, 3212-3230.	2.6	11
51	Electrocortical evidence of increased post-reappraisal neural reactivity and its link to depressive symptoms. Social Cognitive and Affective Neuroscience, 2015, 10, 78-84.	3.0	10
52	The emerging neuroscience of appetitive and drug cue extinction in humans. Psychopharmacology, 2019, 236, 407-414.	3.1	9
53	The adolescent brain at risk for substance use disorders: a review of functional MRI research on motor response inhibition. Current Opinion in Behavioral Sciences, 2017, 13, 186-195.	3.9	8
54	Self-awareness of problematic drug use: Preliminary validation of a new fMRI task to assess underlying neurocircuitry. Drug and Alcohol Dependence, 2020, 209, 107930.	3.2	8

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55	Imaging plaque inflammation in asymptomatic cocaine addicted individuals with simultaneous positron emission tomography/magnetic resonance imaging. World Journal of Radiology, 2019, 11, 62-73.	1.1	8
56	Altered prefrontal signaling during inhibitory control in a salient drug context in cocaine use disorder. Cerebral Cortex, 2023, 33, 597-611.	2.9	7
57	FMRI analysis of cocaine addiction using k-support sparsity. , 2013, , .		4
58	Abnormal response to methylphenidate across multiple fMRI procedures in cocaine use disorder: feasibility study. Psychopharmacology, 2016, 233, 2559-2569.	3.1	4
59	Speech Markers for Clinical Assessment of Cocaine Users. , 2019, 2019, 6391-6394.		4
60	Emotion recognition in individuals with cocaine use disorder: the role of abstinence length and the social brain network. Psychopharmacology, 2022, 239, 1019-1033.	3.1	4
61	Addiction in focus: molecular mechanisms, model systems, circuit maps, risk prediction and the quest for effective interventions. European Journal of Neuroscience, 2019, 50, 2007-2013.	2.6	2
62	Reply to: "β-blocker treatment of vascular disease in cocaine addiction― Atherosclerosis, 2017, 264, 123-124.	0.8	0