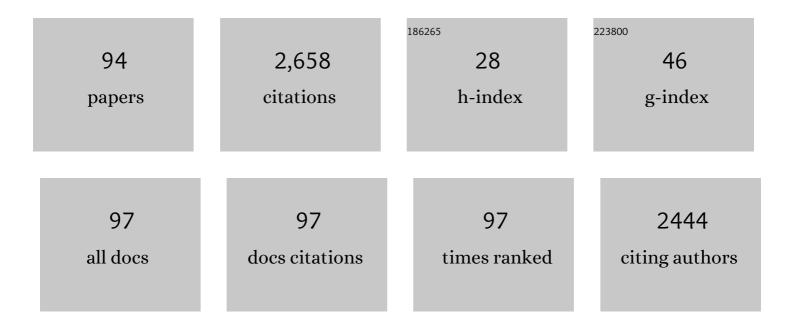
Marta RodrÃ-guez-Arias

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Neurobiological mechanisms of the reinstatement of drug-conditioned place preference. Brain Research Reviews, 2009, 59, 253-277.	9.0	241
2	Effects of risperidone and SCH 23390 on isolation-induced aggression in male mice. European Neuropsychopharmacology, 1998, 8, 95-103.	0.7	125
3	Effects of dopamine antagonists with different receptor blockade profiles on morphine-induced place preference in male mice. Behavioural Brain Research, 2001, 121, 189-197.	2.2	123
4	Involvement of TLR4 in the long-term epigenetic changes, rewarding and anxiety effects induced by intermittent ethanol treatment in adolescence. Brain, Behavior, and Immunity, 2016, 53, 159-171.	4.1	113
5	TLR4 elimination prevents synaptic and myelin alterations and long-term cognitive dysfunctions in adolescent mice with intermittent ethanol treatment. Brain, Behavior, and Immunity, 2015, 45, 233-244.	4.1	109
6	Plasma profile of proâ€inflammatory cytokines and chemokines in cocaine users under outpatient treatment: influence of cocaine symptom severity and psychiatric coâ€morbidity. Addiction Biology, 2015, 20, 756-772.	2.6	85
7	Clearing Amyloid-β through PPARγ/ApoE Activation by Genistein is a Treatment of Experimental Alzheimer's Disease. Journal of Alzheimer's Disease, 2016, 51, 701-711.	2.6	74
8	TLR4 response mediates ethanol-induced neurodevelopment alterations in a model of fetal alcohol spectrum disorders. Journal of Neuroinflammation, 2017, 14, 145.	7.2	71
9	Effects of repeated social defeat on adolescent mice on cocaineâ€induced CPP and selfâ€administration in adulthood: integrity of the blood–brain barrier. Addiction Biology, 2017, 22, 129-141.	2.6	62
10	High novelty-seeking predicts greater sensitivity to the conditioned rewarding effects of cocaine. Pharmacology Biochemistry and Behavior, 2012, 102, 124-132.	2.9	56
11	CB1 cannabinoid receptor-mediated aggressive behavior. Neuropharmacology, 2013, 75, 172-180.	4.1	56
12	Social defeat in adolescent mice increases vulnerability to alcohol consumption. Addiction Biology, 2016, 21, 87-97.	2.6	55
13	Acute behavioural and neurotoxic effects of MDMA plus cocaine in adolescent mice. Neurotoxicology and Teratology, 2009, 31, 49-59.	2.4	50
14	Long-term effects of repeated social stress on the conditioned place preference induced by MDMA in mice. Progress in Neuro-Psychopharmacology and Biological Psychiatry, 2015, 63, 98-109.	4.8	48
15	Acute social defeat stress increases the conditioned rewarding effects of cocaine in adult but not in adolescent mice. Pharmacology Biochemistry and Behavior, 2015, 135, 1-12.	2.9	46
16	Gamma-hydroxybutyric acid affects the acquisition and reinstatement of cocaine-induced conditioned place preference in mice. Behavioural Pharmacology, 2006, 17, 119-131.	1.7	44
17	Capacity of novelty-induced locomotor activity and the hole-board test to predict sensitivity to the conditioned rewarding effects of cocaine. Physiology and Behavior, 2014, 133, 152-160.	2.1	41
18	Repeated social defeat and the rewarding effects of cocaine in adult and adolescent mice: dopamine transcription factors, proBDNF signaling pathways, and the TrkB receptor in the mesolimbic system. Psychopharmacology, 2017, 234, 2063-2075.	3.1	37

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19	Effects of bingeing on fat during adolescence on the reinforcing effects of cocaine in adult male mice. Neuropharmacology, 2017, 113, 31-44.	4.1	37
20	Role of the Dopaminergic System in the Acquisition, Expression and Reinstatement of MDMA-Induced Conditioned Place Preference in Adolescent Mice. PLoS ONE, 2012, 7, e43107.	2.5	37
21	Social defeat stress: Mechanisms underlying the increase in rewarding effects of drugs of abuse. European Journal of Neuroscience, 2018, 48, 2948-2970.	2.6	35
22	Oxytocin prevents the increase of cocaine-related responses produced by social defeat. Neuropharmacology, 2019, 146, 50-64.	4.1	35
23	The Novelty-Seeking Phenotype Modulates the Long-Lasting Effects of Intermittent Ethanol Administration during Adolescence. PLoS ONE, 2014, 9, e92576.	2.5	35
24	`Up-regulation of histone acetylation induced by social defeat mediates the conditioned rewarding effects of cocaine. Progress in Neuro-Psychopharmacology and Biological Psychiatry, 2016, 70, 39-48.	4.8	34
25	Lavandula angustifolia Essential Oil and Linalool Counteract Social Aversion Induced by Social Defeat. Molecules, 2018, 23, 2694.	3.8	34
26	Involvement of NMDA glutamate receptors in the acquisition and reinstatement of the conditioned place preference induced by MDMA. Behavioural Pharmacology, 2015, 26, 411-417.	1.7	31
27	Role of CB2 receptors in social and aggressive behavior in male mice. Psychopharmacology, 2015, 232, 3019-3031.	3.1	31
28	Social stress during adolescence activates long-term microglia inflammation insult in reward processing nuclei. PLoS ONE, 2018, 13, e0206421.	2.5	30
29	Brief mindfulness session improves mood and increases salivary oxytocin in psychology students. Stress and Health, 2020, 36, 469-477.	2.6	30
30	Intermittent ethanol exposure increases long-lasting behavioral and neurochemical effects of MDMA in adolescent mice. Psychopharmacology, 2011, 218, 429-442.	3.1	29
31	The rewarding effects of ethanol are modulated by binge eating of a high-fat diet during adolescence. Neuropharmacology, 2017, 121, 219-230.	4.1	29
32	Targeting Alzheimer's disease with multimodal polypeptide-based nanoconjugates. Science Advances, 2021, 7, .	10.3	29
33	The Binge Eating Scale: Structural Equation Competitive Models, Invariance Measurement Between Sexes, and Relationships With Food Addiction, Impulsivity, Binge Drinking, and Body Mass Index. Frontiers in Psychology, 2019, 10, 530.	2.1	28
34	Effects of acute social stress on the conditioned place preference induced by MDMA in adolescent and adult mice. Behavioural Pharmacology, 2014, 25, 532-546.	1.7	25
35	Influence of the Novelty-Seeking Endophenotype on the Rewarding Effects of Psychostimulant Drugs in Animal Models. Current Neuropharmacology, 2016, 14, 87-100.	2.9	25
36	Cocaine exposure during adolescence affects anxiety in adult mice. Brain Research Bulletin, 2007, 71, 393-403.	3.0	24

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37	Role of dopamine neurotransmission in the long-term effects of repeated social defeat on the conditioned rewarding effects of cocaine. Progress in Neuro-Psychopharmacology and Biological Psychiatry, 2016, 71, 144-154.	4.8	23
38	Changes in gene expression and sensitivity of cocaine reward produced by a continuous fat diet. Psychopharmacology, 2017, 234, 2337-2352.	3.1	23
39	Antagonism of corticotropin-releasing factor CRF 1 receptors blocks the enhanced response to cocaine after social stress. European Journal of Pharmacology, 2018, 823, 87-95.	3.5	23
40	Effects of extended cocaine conditioning in the reinstatement of place preference. Physiology and Behavior, 2009, 96, 620-630.	2.1	22
41	Dopamine D2 receptors mediate the increase in reinstatement of the conditioned rewarding effects of cocaine induced by acute social defeat. European Journal of Pharmacology, 2017, 799, 48-57.	3.5	22
42	Voluntary wheel running protects against the increase in ethanol consumption induced by social stress in mice. Drug and Alcohol Dependence, 2020, 212, 108004.	3.2	22
43	Pharmacological treatments for opiate and alcohol addiction: A historical perspective of the last 50 years. European Journal of Pharmacology, 2018, 836, 89-101.	3.5	21
44	Role of mTORâ€regulated autophagy in spine pruning defects and memory impairments induced by bingeâ€like ethanol treatment in adolescent mice. Brain Pathology, 2021, 31, 174-188.	4.1	21
45	Adolescent but not adult ethanol binge drinking modulates cocaine withdrawal symptoms in mice. PLoS ONE, 2017, 12, e0172956.	2.5	20
46	Oxytocin reverses ethanol consumption and neuroinflammation induced by social defeat in male mice. Hormones and Behavior, 2021, 127, 104875.	2.1	20
47	Indomethacin blocks the increased conditioned rewarding effects of cocaine induced by repeated social defeat. PLoS ONE, 2018, 13, e0209291.	2.5	19
48	Social defeat-induced increase in the conditioned rewarding effects of cocaine: Role of CX3CL1. Progress in Neuro-Psychopharmacology and Biological Psychiatry, 2020, 96, 109753.	4.8	19
49	Ketogenic Diet Decreases Alcohol Intake in Adult Male Mice. Nutrients, 2021, 13, 2167.	4.1	19
50	Assessment of the abuse potential of MDMA in the conditioned place preference paradigm: Role of CB1 receptors. Progress in Neuro-Psychopharmacology and Biological Psychiatry, 2013, 47, 77-84.	4.8	18
51	Social Housing Conditions Modulate the Long-Lasting Increase in Cocaine Reward Induced by Intermittent Social Defeat. Frontiers in Behavioral Neuroscience, 2019, 13, 148.	2.0	18
52	Common Neural Mechanisms of Palatable Food Intake and Drug Abuse: Knowledge Obtained with Animal Models. Current Pharmaceutical Design, 2020, 26, 2372-2384.	1.9	18
53	Binge Eating and Binge Drinking: A Two-Way Road? An Integrative Review. Current Pharmaceutical Design, 2020, 26, 2402-2415.	1.9	17
54	Behavioral profile of intermittent vs continuous access to a high fat diet during adolescence. Behavioural Brain Research, 2019, 368, 111891.	2.2	16

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55	Cocaine-induced changes in CX3CL1 and inflammatory signaling pathways in the hippocampus: Association with IL1β. Neuropharmacology, 2020, 162, 107840.	4.1	16
56	Neuroinflammatory and behavioral susceptibility profile of mice exposed to social stress towards cocaine effects. Progress in Neuro-Psychopharmacology and Biological Psychiatry, 2021, 105, 110123.	4.8	16
57	Adolescent Exposure to the Synthetic Cannabinoid WIN 55212-2 Modifies Cocaine Withdrawal Symptoms in Adult Mice. International Journal of Molecular Sciences, 2017, 18, 1326.	4.1	14
58	Housing conditions modulate the reinforcing properties of cocaine in adolescent mice that binge on fat. Physiology and Behavior, 2018, 183, 18-26.	2.1	14
59	The novelty-seeking phenotype modulates the long-lasting effects of adolescent MDMA exposure. Physiology and Behavior, 2015, 141, 190-198.	2.1	13
60	Increased Salivary Oxytocin and Empathy in Students of Clinical and Health Psychology After a Mindfulness and Compassion-Based Intervention. Mindfulness, 2020, 11, 1006-1017.	2.8	13
61	Critical role of TLR4 in uncovering the increased rewarding effects of cocaine and ethanol induced by social defeat in male mice. Neuropharmacology, 2021, 182, 108368.	4.1	13
62	Text mining and expert curation to develop a database on psychiatric diseases and their genes. Database: the Journal of Biological Databases and Curation, 2017, 2017, .	3.0	11
63	Oxytocin Signaling as a Target to Block Social Defeat-Induced Increases in Drug Abuse Reward. International Journal of Molecular Sciences, 2021, 22, 2372.	4.1	11
64	Reinstatement of Drug-seeking in Mice Using the Conditioned Place Preference Paradigm. Journal of Visualized Experiments, 2018, , .	0.3	10
65	Oral Monosodium Glutamate Administration Causes Early Onset of Alzheimer's Disease-Like Pathophysiology in APP/PS1 Mice. Journal of Alzheimer's Disease, 2019, 72, 957-975.	2.6	10
66	Pharmacological modulation of the behavioral effects of social defeat in memory and learning in male mice. Psychopharmacology, 2019, 236, 2797-2810.	3.1	10
67	Understanding the Influence of Eating Patterns on Binge Drinking: A Mediation Model. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2020, 17, 9451.	2.6	10
68	Endogenous oxytocin is essential for the buffering effects of pair housing against the increase in cocaine reward induced by social stress. Physiology and Behavior, 2020, 221, 112913.	2.1	10
69	Cross-reinstatement between 3,4-methylenedioxypyrovalerone (MDPV) and cocaine using conditioned place preference. Progress in Neuro-Psychopharmacology and Biological Psychiatry, 2020, 100, 109876.	4.8	9
70	Decreased kynurenine pathway potentiate resilience to social defeat effect on cocaine reward. Neuropharmacology, 2021, 197, 108753.	4.1	9
71	Ethanol intake in male mice exposed to social defeat: Environmental enrichment potentiates resilience. Neurobiology of Stress, 2021, 15, 100413.	4.0	9
72	Reduced salivary oxytocin after an empathic induction task in Intimate Partner Violence perpetrators: Importance of socio-affective functions and its impact on prosocial behavior. Psychoneuroendocrinology, 2022, 137, 105644.	2.7	9

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73	Adult Neural Stem Cell Migration Is Impaired in a Mouse Model of Alzheimer's Disease. Molecular Neurobiology, 2022, 59, 1168-1182.	4.0	9
74	Effects of CNQX and MPEP on sensitization to the rewarding effects of morphine. European Journal of Pharmacology, 2011, 654, 42-46.	3.5	8
75	Neurochemical Substrates of MDMA Reward: Effects of the Inhibition of Serotonin Reuptake on the Acquisition and Reinstatement of MDMA-induced CPP. Current Pharmaceutical Design, 2013, 19, 7050-7064.	1.9	8
76	Resilience to social defeat stress in adolescent male mice. Progress in Neuro-Psychopharmacology and Biological Psychiatry, 2022, 119, 110591.	4.8	8
77	Hormonal Differences in Intimate Partner Violence Perpetrators When They Cope with Acute Stress: A Pilot Study. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2021, 18, 5831.	2.6	7
78	Polydrug Use in Adolescence. , 0, , .		5
79	Increased ethanol consumption after interruption of fat bingeing. PLoS ONE, 2018, 13, e0194431.	2.5	5
80	Differential Impact of Ad Libitum or Intermittent High-Fat Diets on Bingeing Ethanol-Mediated Behaviors. Nutrients, 2019, 11, 2253.	4.1	5
81	Pairing Binge Drinking and a High-Fat Diet in Adolescence Modulates the Inflammatory Effects of Subsequent Alcohol Consumption in Mice. International Journal of Molecular Sciences, 2021, 22, 5279.	4.1	5
82	Alteraciones de la Conducta Alimentaria en Pacientes con Trastorno por Abuso de Sustancias. Clinica Y Salud, 2018, 29, 125-132.	0.8	5
83	Repeated administration of N-ethyl-pentedrone induces increased aggression and impairs social exploration after withdrawal in mice. Progress in Neuro-Psychopharmacology and Biological Psychiatry, 2022, 117, 110562.	4.8	5
84	Unraveling the molecular mechanisms involved in alcohol intake and withdrawal in adolescent mice exposed to alcohol during early life stages. Progress in Neuro-Psychopharmacology and Biological Psychiatry, 2021, 104, 110025.	4.8	3
85	A limited and intermittent access to a high-fat diet modulates the effects of cocaine-induced reinstatement in the conditioned place preference in male and female mice. Psychopharmacology, 2021, 238, 2091-2103.	3.1	3
86	Binge eating and psychostimulant addiction. World Journal of Psychiatry, 2021, 11, 517-529.	2.7	3
87	Unravelling the Neuroinflammatory Mechanisms Underlying the Effects of Social Defeat Stress on Use of Drugs of Abuse. Current Topics in Behavioral Neurosciences, 2021, , 153-180.	1.7	3
88	Behavioural and neurochemical effects after repeated administration of Nâ€ethylpentylone (ephylone) in mice. Journal of Neurochemistry, 2021, , .	3.9	2
89	Effects of ketosis on cocaine-induced reinstatement in male mice. Neuroscience Letters, 2022, 778, 136619.	2.1	2
90	Dos mundos conectados: Cómo la exposición al estrés social nos hace más vulnerables al consumo de drogas. Metode, 2021, , .	0.1	1

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
91	Impact of adolescent methamphetamine use on social cognition: A human-mice reverse translation study. Drug and Alcohol Dependence, 2022, 230, 109183.	3.2	1
92	Eating behaviors, eating styles and body mass index during COVID-19 confinement in a college sample: a predictive model. Journal of Eating Disorders, 2022, 10, .	2.7	1
93	Editorial (Thematic Issue: Cocaine and Amphetamine-Type Stimulants: the Search for Pharmacological) Tj ETQq1 I	1 0.784314 1.9	4 rgBT /Over
94	Effects of Palatable Diets on Cognition and Vulnerability to Addiction. Current Pharmaceutical Design, 2020, 26, 2307-2308.	1.9	0