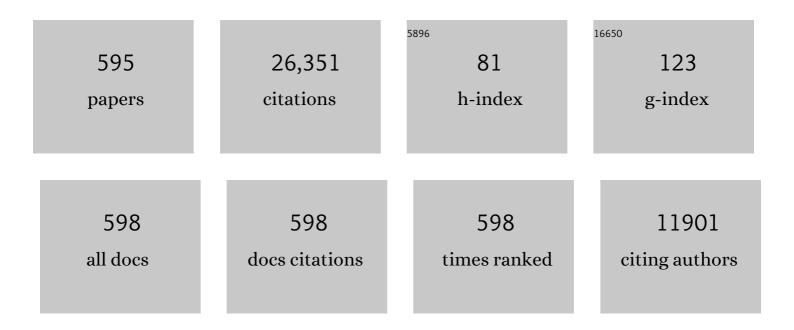
## **Thomas Kerr**

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/2811833/publications.pdf Version: 2024-02-01



#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Association of highly active antiretroviral therapy coverage, population viral load, and yearly new HIV diagnoses in British Columbia, Canada: a population-based study. Lancet, The, 2010, 376, 532-539.	13.7	694
2	Public health and international drug policy. Lancet, The, 2016, 387, 1427-1480.	13.7	460
3	Social and structural violence and power relations in mitigating HIV risk of drug-using women in survival sex work. Social Science and Medicine, 2008, 66, 911-921.	3.8	412
4	Reduction in overdose mortality after the opening of North America's first medically supervised safer injecting facility: a retrospective population-based study. Lancet, The, 2011, 377, 1429-1437.	13.7	350
5	Longitudinal community plasma HIV-1 RNA concentrations and incidence of HIV-1 among injecting drug users: prospective cohort study. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2009, 338, b1649-b1649.	2.3	308
6	Predictors of non-fatal overdose among a cohort of polysubstance-using injection drug users. Drug and Alcohol Dependence, 2007, 87, 39-45.	3.2	277
7	Structural and Environmental Barriers to Condom Use Negotiation With Clients Among Female Sex Workers: Implications for HIV-Prevention Strategies and Policy. American Journal of Public Health, 2009, 99, 659-665.	2.7	274
8	Expansion of HAART Coverage Is Associated with Sustained Decreases in HIV/AIDS Morbidity, Mortality and HIV Transmission: The "HIV Treatment as Prevention―Experience in a Canadian Setting. PLoS ONE, 2014, 9, e87872.	2.5	272
9	Prevalence and structural correlates of gender based violence among a prospective cohort of female sex workers. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2009, 339, b2939-b2939.	2.3	262
10	The public health and social impacts of drug market enforcement: A review of the evidence. International Journal of Drug Policy, 2005, 16, 210-220.	3.3	245
11	The effect of adherence on the association between depressive symptoms and mortality among HIV-infected individuals first initiating HAART. Aids, 2007, 21, 1175-1183.	2.2	239
12	Safer injection facility use and syringe sharing in injection drug users. Lancet, The, 2005, 366, 316-318.	13.7	236
13	Evaluating methamphetamine use and risks of injection initiation among street youth: the ARYS study. Harm Reduction Journal, 2006, 3, 18.	3.2	211
14	Hospitals as a â€~risk environment': An ethno-epidemiological study of voluntary and involuntary discharge from hospital against medical advice among people who inject drugs. Social Science and Medicine, 2014, 105, 59-66.	3.8	210
15	Changes in public order after the opening of a medically supervised safer injecting facility for illicit injection drug users. Cmaj, 2004, 171, 731-734.	2.0	209
16	Effect of drug law enforcement on drug market violence: A systematic review. International Journal of Drug Policy, 2011, 22, 87-94.	3.3	205
17	Impacts of intensified police activity on injection drug users: Evidence from an ethnographic investigation. International Journal of Drug Policy, 2006, 17, 85-95.	3.3	202
18	Highly Active Antiretroviral Therapy and Survival in HIV-Infected Injection Drug Users. JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association, 2008, 300, 550.	7.4	198

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19	Public injecting and the need for â€~safer environment interventions' in the reduction of drug-related harm. Addiction, 2006, 101, 1384-1393.	3.3	195
20	Antiretroviral adherence and HIV treatment outcomes among HIV/HCV co-infected injection drug users: The role of methadone maintenance therapy. Drug and Alcohol Dependence, 2006, 84, 188-194.	3.2	193
21	Mortality among cocaine users: A systematic review of cohort studies. Drug and Alcohol Dependence, 2011, 113, 88-95.	3.2	182
22	Public injection settings in Vancouver: Physical environment, social context and risk. International Journal of Drug Policy, 2007, 18, 27-36.	3.3	173
23	High Rates of Primary Care and Emergency Department Use Among Injection Drug Users in Vancouver. Journal of Public Health, 2005, 27, 62-66.	1.8	168
24	Non-fatal overdose as a risk factor for subsequent fatal overdose among people who inject drugs. Drug and Alcohol Dependence, 2016, 162, 51-55.	3.2	166
25	Low uptake of treatment for hepatitis C virus infection in a large communityâ€based study of inner city residents. Journal of Viral Hepatitis, 2009, 16, 352-358.	2.0	162
26	Supervised injection facilities in Canada: past, present, and future. Harm Reduction Journal, 2017, 14, 28.	3.2	161
27	Displacement of Canada's largest public illicit drug market in response to a police crackdown. Cmaj, 2004, 170, 1551-1556.	2.0	158
28	Public Health and Public Order Outcomes Associated with Supervised Drug Consumption Facilities: a Systematic Review. Current HIV/AIDS Reports, 2017, 14, 161-183.	3.1	150
29	Attendance at Supervised Injecting Facilities and Use of Detoxification Services. New England Journal of Medicine, 2006, 354, 2512-2514.	27.0	149
30	Dose-response Effect of Incarceration Events on Nonadherence to HIV Antiretroviral Therapy Among Injection Drug Users. Journal of Infectious Diseases, 2011, 203, 1215-1221.	4.0	147
31	"They treated me like crap and I know it was because I was Native†The healthcare experiences of Aboriginal peoples living in Vancouver's inner city. Social Science and Medicine, 2017, 178, 87-94.	3.8	146
32	Summary of findings from the evaluation of a pilot medically supervised safer injecting facility. Cmaj, 2006, 175, 1399-1404.	2.0	144
33	Income generating activities of people who inject drugs. Drug and Alcohol Dependence, 2007, 91, 50-56.	3.2	137
34	A review of barriers and facilitators of HIV treatment among injection drug users. Aids, 2008, 22, 1247-1256.	2.2	129
35	Syringe Sharing and HIV Incidence Among Injection Drug Users and Increased Access to Sterile Syringes. American Journal of Public Health, 2010, 100, 1449-1453.	2.7	129
36	Chronic pain and opioid misuse: a review of reviews. Substance Abuse Treatment, Prevention, and Policy, 2017, 12, 36.	2.2	129

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37	Changes in injecting practices associated with the use of a medically supervised safer injection facility. Journal of Public Health, 2007, 29, 35-39.	1.8	128
38	Effects of police confiscation of illicit drugs and syringes among injection drug users in Vancouver. International Journal of Drug Policy, 2008, 19, 332-338.	3.3	128
39	Homelessness and unstable housing associated with an increased risk of HIV and STI transmission among street-involved youth. Health and Place, 2009, 15, 783-790.	3.3	127
40	Methadone maintenance therapy promotes initiation of antiretroviral therapy among injection drug users. Addiction, 2010, 105, 907-913.	3.3	125
41	Evaluation of a fentanyl drug checking service for clients of a supervised injection facility, Vancouver, Canada. Harm Reduction Journal, 2018, 15, 46.	3.2	125
42	Social and structural determinants of HAART access and adherence among injection drug users. International Journal of Drug Policy, 2010, 21, 4-9.	3.3	120
43	Associations between childhood maltreatment and sex work in a cohort of drug-using youth. Social Science and Medicine, 2007, 65, 1214-1221.	3.8	116
44	Smoking of crack cocaine as a risk factor for HIV infection among people who use injection drugs. Cmaj, 2009, 181, 585-589.	2.0	116
45	Harm reduction by a "user-run―organization: A case study of the Vancouver Area Network of Drug Users (VANDU). International Journal of Drug Policy, 2006, 17, 61-69.	3.3	115
46	A Call For Evidence-Based Medical Treatment Of Opioid Dependence In The United States And Canada. Health Affairs, 2013, 32, 1462-1469.	5.2	114
47	Potential community and public health impacts of medically supervised safer smoking facilities for crack cocaine users. Harm Reduction Journal, 2006, 3, 1.	3.2	112
48	Factors associated with premature mortality among young injection drug users in Vancouver. Harm Reduction Journal, 2007, 4, 1.	3.2	111
49	Rate of detoxification service use and its impact among a cohort of supervised injecting facility users. Addiction, 2007, 102, 916-919.	3.3	110
50	Factors associated with healthcare avoidance among transgender women in Argentina. International Journal for Equity in Health, 2014, 13, 81.	3.5	106
51	Gendered violence and overdose prevention sites: a rapid ethnographic study during an overdose epidemic in Vancouver, Canada. Addiction, 2018, 113, 2261-2270.	3.3	105
52	Do Supervised Injecting Facilities Attract Higher-Risk Injection Drug Users?. American Journal of Preventive Medicine, 2005, 29, 126-130.	3.0	102
53	Injection drug use cessation and use of North America's first medically supervised safer injecting facility. Drug and Alcohol Dependence, 2011, 113, 172-176.	3.2	102
54	Criminalisation of clients: reproducing vulnerabilities for violence and poor health among street-based sex workers in Canadaa qualitative study. BMJ Open, 2014, 4, e005191-e005191.	1.9	101

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55	Homelessness and Adherence to Antiretroviral Therapy among a Cohort of HIV-Infected Injection Drug Users. Journal of Urban Health, 2011, 88, 545-555.	3.6	100
56	Incidence and risk factors for non-fatal overdose among a cohort of recently incarcerated illicit drug users. Addictive Behaviors, 2012, 37, 691-696.	3.0	100
57	†They won't change it back in their heads that we're trash': the intersection of sex workâ€related stigma and evolving policing strategies. Sociology of Health and Illness, 2016, 38, 1137-1150.	2.1	100
58	HIV infection among persons who inject drugs. Aids, 2016, 30, 815-826.	2.2	100
59	Factors associated with methadone maintenance therapy use among a cohort of polysubstance using injection drug users in Vancouver. Drug and Alcohol Dependence, 2005, 80, 329-335.	3.2	99
60	"People Knew They Could Come Here to Get Help― An Ethnographic Study of Assisted Injection Practices at a Peer-Run â€~Unsanctioned' Supervised Drug Consumption Room in a Canadian Setting. AIDS and Behavior, 2014, 18, 473-485.	2.7	99
61	Homelessness as a Structural Barrier to Effective Antiretroviral Therapy Among HIV-Seropositive Illicit Drug Users in a Canadian Setting. AIDS Patient Care and STDs, 2012, 26, 60-67.	2.5	98
62	Peer worker involvement in low-threshold supervised consumption facilities in the context of an overdose epidemic in Vancouver, Canada. Social Science and Medicine, 2019, 225, 60-68.	3.8	98
63	Community-based participatory research in a heavily researched inner city neighbourhood: Perspectives of people who use drugs on their experiences as peer researchers. Social Science and Medicine, 2017, 176, 85-92.	3.8	96
64	Impact of a medically supervised safer injection facility on community drug use patterns: a before and after study. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2006, 332, 220-222.	2.3	95
65	Estimated Drug Overdose Deaths Averted by North America's First Medically-Supervised Safer Injection Facility. PLoS ONE, 2008, 3, e3351.	2.5	95
66	A micro-environmental intervention to reduce the harms associated with drug-related overdose: Evidence from the evaluation of Vancouver's safer injection facility. International Journal of Drug Policy, 2007, 18, 37-45.	3.3	94
67	Unsafe injection practices in a cohort of injection drug users in Vancouver: could safer injecting rooms help?. Cmaj, 2001, 165, 405-10.	2.0	94
68	Methodology for evaluating Insite: Canada's first medically supervised safer injection facility for injection drug users. Harm Reduction Journal, 2004, 1, 9.	3.2	93
69	Needle exchange and the HIV epidemic in Vancouver: Lessons learned from 15 years of research. International Journal of Drug Policy, 2012, 23, 261-270.	3.3	93
70	Neighborhood and HIV infection among IDU: Place of residence independently predicts HIV infection among a cohort of injection drug users. Health and Place, 2007, 13, 432-439.	3.3	92
71	Risk factors for developing a cutaneous injection-related infection among injection drug users: a cohort study. BMC Public Health, 2008, 8, 405.	2.9	92
72	The Impact of a Police Presence on Access to Needle Exchange Programs. Journal of Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndromes (1999), 2003, 34, 116-117.	2.1	91

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73	Rationale for evaluating North America's first medically supervised safer-injecting facility. Lancet Infectious Diseases, The, 2004, 4, 301-306.	9.1	91
74	Physical violence among a prospective cohort of injection drug users: A gender-focused approach. Drug and Alcohol Dependence, 2008, 97, 237-246.	3.2	91
75	Female gender predicts lower access and adherence to antiretroviral therapy in a setting of free healthcare. BMC Infectious Diseases, 2011, 11, 86.	2.9	91
76	Vienna Declaration: a call for evidence-based drug policies. Lancet, The, 2010, 376, 310-312.	13.7	89
77	Prevalence and correlates of abscesses among a cohort of injection drug users. Harm Reduction Journal, 2005, 2, 24.	3.2	87
78	Survival sex work involvement among street-involved youth who use drugs in a Canadian setting. Journal of Public Health, 2010, 32, 322-327.	1.8	87
79	The impact of incarceration upon adherence to HIV treatment among HIV-positive injection drug users: a qualitative study. AIDS Care - Psychological and Socio-Medical Aspects of AIDS/HIV, 2009, 21, 708-714.	1.2	85
80	Attendance, drug use patterns, and referrals made from North America's first supervised injection facility. Drug and Alcohol Dependence, 2006, 83, 193-198.	3.2	84
81	Advancing patientâ€centered care for structurally vulnerable drugâ€using populations: a qualitative study of the perspectives of people who use drugs regarding the potential integration of harm reduction interventions into hospitals. Addiction, 2016, 111, 685-694.	3.3	83
82	Injection drug use among street-involved youth in a Canadian setting. BMC Public Health, 2009, 9, 171.	2.9	82
83	Establishing the Melbourne injecting drug user cohort study (MIX): rationale, methods, and baseline and twelve-month follow-up results. Harm Reduction Journal, 2013, 10, 11.	3.2	82
84	Determinants of HAART discontinuation among injection drug users. AIDS Care - Psychological and Socio-Medical Aspects of AIDS/HIV, 2005, 17, 539-549.	1.2	81
85	Injection drug users' perceptions regarding use of a medically supervised safer injecting facility. Addictive Behaviors, 2007, 32, 1088-1093.	3.0	80
86	Drug use patterns associated with risk of non-adherence to antiretroviral therapy among HIV-positive illicit drug users in a Canadian setting: a longitudinal analysis. BMC Infectious Diseases, 2015, 15, 193.	2.9	79
87	Factors associated with early adolescent initiation into injection drug use: implications for intervention programs. Journal of Adolescent Health, 2006, 38, 462-464.	2.5	78
88	Policing space in the overdose crisis: A rapid ethnographic study of the impact of law enforcement practices on the effectiveness of overdose prevention sites. International Journal of Drug Policy, 2019, 73, 199-207.	3.3	78
89	Police and public health partnerships: Evidence from the evaluation of Vancouver's supervised injection facility. Substance Abuse Treatment, Prevention, and Policy, 2008, 3, 11.	2.2	77
90	Seeking refuge from violence in street-based drug scenes: Women's experiences in North America's first supervised injection facility. Social Science and Medicine, 2008, 67, 817-823.	3.8	77

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91	Requiring Help Injecting Independently Predicts Incident HIV Infection Among Injection Drug Users. Journal of Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndromes (1999), 2005, 40, 83-88.	2.1	76
92	Impact of a medically supervised safer injecting facility on drug dealing and other drug-related crime. Substance Abuse Treatment, Prevention, and Policy, 2006, 1, 13.	2.2	76
93	Distribution of take-home opioid antagonist kits during a synthetic opioid epidemic in British Columbia, Canada: a modelling study. Lancet Public Health, The, 2018, 3, e218-e225.	10.0	76
94	Negotiating place and gendered violence in Canada's largest open drug scene. International Journal of Drug Policy, 2014, 25, 608-615.	3.3	75
95	A qualitative study of transgender individuals' experiences in residential addiction treatment settings: stigma and inclusivity. Substance Abuse Treatment, Prevention, and Policy, 2015, 10, 17.	2.2	75
96	"We need somewhere to smoke crackâ€! An ethnographic study of an unsanctioned safer smoking room in Vancouver, Canada. International Journal of Drug Policy, 2015, 26, 645-652.	3.3	75
97	Binge Drug Use Independently Predicts HIV Seroconversion Among Injection Drug Users: Implications for Public Health Strategies. Substance Use and Misuse, 2006, 41, 199-210.	1.4	73
98	HIV, drugs and the legal environment. International Journal of Drug Policy, 2015, 26, S27-S32.	3.3	73
99	The Potential Public Health and Community Impacts of Safer Injecting Facilities: Evidence From a Cohort of Injection Drug Users. Journal of Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndromes (1999), 2003, 32, 2-8.	2.1	72
100	Homelessness Independently Predicts Injection Drug Use Initiation Among Street-Involved Youth in a Canadian Setting. Journal of Adolescent Health, 2013, 52, 499-501.	2.5	72
101	Requiring Help Injecting as a Risk Factor for HIV Infection in the Vancouver Epidemic. Canadian Journal of Public Health, 2003, 94, 355-359.	2.3	71
102	Recent Incarceration Independently Associated with Syringe Sharing by Injection Drug Users. Public Health Reports, 2005, 120, 150-156.	2.5	71
103	Substance use patterns associated with recent exposure to fentanyl among people who inject drugs in Vancouver, Canada: A cross-sectional urine toxicology screening study. Drug and Alcohol Dependence, 2018, 183, 1-6.	3.2	70
104	Service Uptake and Characteristics of Injection Drug Users Utilizing North America's First Medically Supervised Safer Injecting Facility. American Journal of Public Health, 2006, 96, 770-773.	2.7	69
105	Intentional cannabis use to reduce crack cocaine use in a Canadian setting: A longitudinal analysis. Addictive Behaviors, 2017, 72, 138-143.	3.0	67
106	Trusting the source: The potential role of drug dealers in reducing drug-related harms via drug checking. Drug and Alcohol Dependence, 2019, 198, 1-6.	3.2	66
107	Public injecting among a cohort of injecting drug users in Vancouver, Canada. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2009, 63, 81-86.	3.7	65
108	Longitudinal Associations Between Types of Childhood Trauma and Suicidal Behavior Among Substance Users: A Cohort Study. American Journal of Public Health, 2013, 103, e69-e75.	2.7	65

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109	Addiction treatment-related employment barriers: The impact of methadone maintenance. Journal of Substance Abuse Treatment, 2012, 43, 276-284.	2.8	64
110	The Injection Support Team: A Peer-Driven Program to Address Unsafe Injecting in a Canadian Setting. Substance Use and Misuse, 2012, 47, 491-501.	1.4	64
111	Negotiating Violence in the Context of Transphobia and Criminalization. Qualitative Health Research, 2017, 27, 182-190.	2.1	64
112	An External Evaluation of a Peer-Run "Unsanctioned" Syringe Exchange Program. Journal of Urban Health, 2003, 80, 455-464.	3.6	63
113	Characterizing peer roles in an overdose crisis: Preferences for peer workers in overdose response programs in emergency shelters. Drug and Alcohol Dependence, 2018, 190, 6-8.	3.2	63
114	An external evaluation of a peer-run outreach-based syringe exchange in Vancouver, Canada. International Journal of Drug Policy, 2010, 21, 418-421.	3.3	62
115	Modelling crack cocaine use trends over 10 years in a Canadian setting. Drug and Alcohol Review, 2010, 29, 271-277.	2.1	62
116	Staging for Antiretroviral Therapy Among HIV-Infected Drug Users. JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association, 2004, 292, 1175-1177.	7.4	61
117	Changes in Canadian heroin supply coinciding with the Australian heroin shortage. Addiction, 2006, 101, 689-695.	3.3	61
118	Drug-related overdoses within a medically supervised safer injection facility. International Journal of Drug Policy, 2006, 17, 436-441.	3.3	61
119	Circumstances of first crystal methamphetamine use and initiation of injection drug use among highâ€risk youth. Drug and Alcohol Review, 2008, 27, 270-276.	2.1	61
120	Incarceration experiences in a cohort of active injection drug users. Drug and Alcohol Review, 2008, 27, 693-699.	2.1	61
121	Coming â€~down here': Young people's reflections on becoming entrenched in a local drug scene. Social Science and Medicine, 2009, 69, 1204-1210.	3.8	61
122	Incarceration and drug use patterns among a cohort of injection drug users. Addiction, 2009, 104, 69-76.	3.3	61
123	Public injecting and HIV risk behaviour among street-involved youth. Drug and Alcohol Dependence, 2010, 110, 254-258.	3.2	61
124	Social and structural factors associated with HIV disease progression among illicit drug users. Aids, 2012, 26, 1049-1063.	2.2	61
125	Negotiating structural vulnerability following regulatory changes to a provincial methadone program in vancouver, canada: A qualitative study. Social Science and Medicine, 2015, 133, 168-176.	3.8	61
126	Increasing use and associated harms of crystal methamphetamine injection in a Canadian setting. Drug and Alcohol Dependence, 2007, 88, 313-316.	3.2	60

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127	Accessing care for injection-related infections through a medically supervised injecting facility: A qualitative study. Drug and Alcohol Dependence, 2008, 98, 159-162.	3.2	60
128	Characteristics of Injection Drug Users Who Participate in Drug Dealing: Implications for Drug Policy. Journal of Psychoactive Drugs, 2008, 40, 147-152.	1.7	60
129	Acceptability of HIV Pre-exposure Prophylaxis (PrEP) Among People Who Inject Drugs (PWID) in a Canadian Setting. AIDS and Behavior, 2015, 19, 752-757.	2.7	60
130	An integrated supervised injecting program within a care facility for HIV-positive individuals: a qualitative evaluation. AIDS Care - Psychological and Socio-Medical Aspects of AIDS/HIV, 2009, 21, 638-644.	1.2	59
131	Area restrictions, risk, harm, and health care access among people who use drugs in Vancouver, Canada: A spatially oriented qualitative study. Health and Place, 2015, 35, 70-78.	3.3	59
132	Crystal methamphetamine use associated with non-fatal overdose among a cohort of injection drug users in Vancouver. Public Health, 2008, 122, 70-78.	2.9	58
133	Non-Fatal Overdose Among a Cohort of Active Injection Drug Users Recruited from a Supervised Injection Facility. American Journal of Drug and Alcohol Abuse, 2008, 34, 499-509.	2.1	58
134	Safety and danger in downtown Vancouver: Understandings of place among young people entrenched in an urban drug scene. Health and Place, 2010, 16, 51-60.	3.3	58
135	Factors Associated with Leaving Hospital against Medical Advice among People Who Use Illicit Drugs in Vancouver, Canada. PLoS ONE, 2015, 10, e0141594.	2.5	58
136	Trends in engagement in the cascade of care for opioid use disorder, Vancouver, Canada, 2006–2016. Drug and Alcohol Dependence, 2018, 189, 90-95.	3.2	58
137	"We don't got that kind of time, man. We're trying to get high!†Exploring potential use of drug checking technologies among structurally vulnerable people who use drugs. International Journal of Drug Policy, 2019, 71, 125-132.	3.3	58
138	Impact of HAART and injection drug use on life expectancy of two HIV-positive cohorts in British Columbia. Aids, 2006, 20, 445-450.	2.2	57
139	Factors associated with employment among a cohort of injection drug users. Drug and Alcohol Review, 2010, 29, 293-300.	2.1	57
140	A Description of a Peer-Run Supervised Injection Site for Injection Drug Users. Journal of Urban Health, 2005, 82, 267-275.	3.6	56
141	Burden of HIV Infection Among Aboriginal Injection Drug Users in Vancouver, British Columbia. American Journal of Public Health, 2008, 98, 515-519.	2.7	56
142	Emergency Department Utilization among a Cohort of HIV-positive Injecting Drug Users in a Canadian Setting. Journal of Emergency Medicine, 2012, 43, 236-243.	0.7	56
143	Suicide Attempts and Childhood Maltreatment Among Street Youth: A Prospective Cohort Study. Pediatrics, 2015, 136, 440-449.	2.1	56
144	Frequency of cannabis and illicit opioid use among people who use drugs and report chronic pain: A longitudinal analysis. PLoS Medicine, 2019, 16, e1002967.	8.4	56

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145	Psychosocial Determinants of Adherence to Highly Active Antiretroviral Therapy among Injection Drug Users in Vancouver. Antiviral Therapy, 2004, 9, 407-414.	1.0	56
146	Opioid substitution and HIV/AIDS treatment and prevention. Lancet, The, 2004, 364, 1918-1919.	13.7	55
147	Social structural factors that shape assisted injecting practices among injection drug users in Vancouver, Canada: a qualitative study. Harm Reduction Journal, 2010, 7, 20.	3.2	54
148	Frequent Needle Exchange Use and HIV Incidence in Vancouver, Canada. American Journal of Medicine, 2007, 120, 172-179.	1.5	53
149	Access to drug and alcohol treatment among a cohort of street-involved youth. Drug and Alcohol Dependence, 2009, 101, 1-7.	3.2	53
150	Injection Drug Users' Access to a Supervised Injection Facility in Vancouver, Canada: The Influence of Operating Policies and Local Drug Culture. Qualitative Health Research, 2011, 21, 743-756.	2.1	53
151	The impact of low-threshold methadone maintenance treatment on mortality in a Canadian setting. Drug and Alcohol Dependence, 2015, 156, 57-61.	3.2	53
152	Highâ€intensity cannabis use associated with lower plasma human immunodeficiency virusâ€1 <scp>RNA</scp> viral load among recently infected people who use injection drugs. Drug and Alcohol Review, 2015, 34, 135-140.	2.1	53
153	Public health messaging and harm reduction in the time of COVID-19. Lancet Psychiatry,the, 2020, 7, 390-391.	7.4	53
154	Social and structural barriers to housing among street-involved youth who use illicit drugs. Health and Social Care in the Community, 2010, 18, 282-8.	1.6	52
155	Unstable housing and hepatitis C incidence among injection drug users in a Canadian setting. BMC Public Health, 2009, 9, 270.	2.9	51
156	Childhood Trauma and Injection Drug Use Among High-Risk Youth. Journal of Adolescent Health, 2009, 45, 300-302.	2.5	51
157	Suicide and history of childhood trauma among street youth. Journal of Affective Disorders, 2012, 136, 377-380.	4.1	51
158	A socio-structural approach to preventing injection drug use initiation: rationale for the PRIMER study. Harm Reduction Journal, 2016, 13, 25.	3.2	50
159	Negotiating space & drug use in emergency shelters with peer witness injection programs within the context of an overdose crisis: A qualitative study. Health and Place, 2018, 53, 86-93.	3.3	50
160	The Global Fund to Fight AIDS, Tuberculosis and Malaria: funding for unpopular public-health programmes. Lancet, The, 2004, 364, 11-12.	13.7	49
161	Impact of unstable housing on all-cause mortality among persons who inject drugs. BMC Public Health, 2015, 15, 106.	2.9	49
162	The impact of social, structural and physical environmental factors on transitions into employment among people who inject drugs. Social Science and Medicine, 2013, 76, 126-133.	3.8	48

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163	Pain Among High-Risk Patients on Methadone Maintenance Treatment. Journal of Pain, 2015, 16, 887-894.	1.4	48
164	Highâ€intensity cannabis use is associated with retention in opioid agonist treatment: a longitudinal analysis. Addiction, 2018, 113, 2250-2258.	3.3	48
165	The role of safer injection facilities in the response to HIV/AIDS among injection drug users. Current HIV/AIDS Reports, 2007, 4, 158-164.	3.1	47
166	Young Age Predicts Poor Antiretroviral Adherence and Viral Load Suppression Among Injection Drug Users. AIDS Patient Care and STDs, 2012, 26, 274-280.	2.5	47
167	Illicit drug use in acute care settings. Drug and Alcohol Review, 2015, 34, 499-502.	2.1	47
168	Dose–response relationship between methadone dose and adherence to antiretroviral therapy among HIVâ€positive people who use illicit opioids. Addiction, 2015, 110, 1330-1339.	3.3	47
169	Denial of prescription analgesia among people who inject drugs in a <scp>C</scp> anadian setting. Drug and Alcohol Review, 2015, 34, 221-228.	2.1	47
170	Determinants of hospitalization for a cutaneous injection-related infection among injection drug users: a cohort study. BMC Public Health, 2010, 10, 327.	2.9	46
171	Carriage of Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus by Wild Urban Norway Rats (Rattus) Tj ETQq1 1 0.7843	314 rgBT /0 2.5	Overlock 10
172	Methadone Maintenance Therapy Decreases the Rate of Antiretroviral Therapy Discontinuation Among HIV-Positive Illicit Drug Users. AIDS and Behavior, 2014, 18, 740-746.	2.7	46
173	Factors Associated with Public Injecting Among Users of Vancouver's Supervised Injection Facility. American Journal of Drug and Alcohol Abuse, 2007, 33, 319-325.	2.1	45
174	Hunger and associated harms among injection drug users in an urban Canadian setting. Substance Abuse Treatment, Prevention, and Policy, 2010, 5, 20.	2.2	45
175	Depressive Symptoms and Patterns of Drug Use Among Street Youth. Journal of Adolescent Health, 2011, 48, 585-590.	2.5	45
176	Interest in low-threshold employment among people who inject illicit drugs: Implications for street disorder. International Journal of Drug Policy, 2011, 22, 376-384.	3.3	45
177	Effect of low-threshold methadone maintenance therapy for people who inject drugs on HIV incidence in Vancouver, BC, Canada: an observational cohort study. Lancet HIV,the, 2015, 2, e445-e450.	4.7	45
178	Prevalence and Correlates of Lifetime Suicide Attempts Among Transgender Persons in Argentina. Journal of Homosexuality, 2016, 63, 955-967.	2.0	45
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