

# Joanna Schellenberg

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

85  
papers

1,795  
citations

331670

21  
h-index

330143

37  
g-index

92  
all docs

92  
docs citations

92  
times ranked

2230  
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	From Theory to Implementation: Adaptations to a Quality Improvement Initiative According to Implementation Context. <i>Qualitative Health Research</i> , 2022, 32, 646-655.	2.1	8
2	A rapid systematic review and evidence synthesis of effective coverage measures and cascades for childbirth, newborn and child health in low- and middle-income countries. <i>Journal of Global Health</i> , 2022, 12, 04001.	2.7	5
3	What makes working together work? A scoping review of the guidance on North-South research partnerships. <i>Health Policy and Planning</i> , 2022, 37, 523-534.	2.7	11
4	Improving maternal and newborn health services in Northeast Nigeria through a government-led partnership of stakeholders: a quasi-experimental study. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2022, 12, e048877.	1.9	2
5	Influence of context on quality improvement priorities: a qualitative study of three facility types in Lagos State, Nigeria. <i>BMJ Open Quality</i> , 2022, 11, e001532.	1.1	0
6	To call or not to call: exploring the validity of telephone interviews to derive maternal self-reports of experiences with facility childbirth care in northern Nigeria. <i>BMJ Global Health</i> , 2022, 7, e008017.	4.7	2
7	Measuring and monitoring child health and wellbeing: recommendations for tracking progress with a core set of indicators in the Sustainable Development Goals era. <i>The Lancet Child and Adolescent Health</i> , 2022, 6, 345-352.	5.6	5
8	“We All Join Hands”: Perceptions of the Kangaroo Method Among Female Relatives of Newborns in The Gambia. <i>Qualitative Health Research</i> , 2021, 31, 665-676.	2.1	9
9	Effect of collaborative quality improvement on stillbirths, neonatal mortality and newborn care practices in hospitals of Telangana and Andhra Pradesh, India: evidence from a quasi-experimental mixed-methods study. <i>Implementation Science</i> , 2021, 16, 4.	6.9	15
10	Embedding Community-Based Newborn Care in the Ethiopian health system: lessons from a 4-year programme evaluation. <i>Health Policy and Planning</i> , 2021, 36, i22-i32.	2.7	7
11	Embed capacity development within all global health research. <i>BMJ Global Health</i> , 2021, 6, e004692.	4.7	10
12	Barriers and enablers to routine register data collection for newborns and mothers: EN-BIRTH multi-country validation study. <i>BMC Pregnancy and Childbirth</i> , 2021, 21, 233.	2.4	24
13	A cohort study of survival following discharge from hospital in rural Tanzanian children using linked data of admissions with community-based demographic surveillance. <i>Emerging Themes in Epidemiology</i> , 2021, 18, 4.	2.7	8
14	Stated job preferences of three health worker cadres in Ethiopia: a discrete choice experiment. <i>Health Policy and Planning</i> , 2021, 36, 1418-1427.	2.7	9
15	A call for standardised age-disaggregated health data. <i>The Lancet Healthy Longevity</i> , 2021, 2, e436-e443.	4.6	31
16	Coverage of antenatal, intrapartum, and newborn care in 104 districts of Ethiopia: A before and after study four years after the launch of the national Community-Based Newborn Care programme. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2021, 16, e0251706.	2.5	4
17	Changes in health worker knowledge and motivation in the context of a quality improvement programme in Ethiopia. <i>Health Policy and Planning</i> , 2021, 36, 1508-1520.	2.7	5
18	Revitalizing child health: lessons from the past. <i>Global Health Action</i> , 2021, 14, 1947565.	1.9	7

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19	Routine health management information system data in Ethiopia: consistency, trends, and challenges. <i>Global Health Action</i> , 2021, 14, 1868961.	1.9	29
20	Exploring data quality and use of the routine health information system in Ethiopia: a mixed-methods study. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2021, 11, e050356.	1.9	11
21	Does a complex intervention targeting communities, health facilities and district health managers increase the utilisation of community-based child health services? A before and after study in intervention and comparison areas of Ethiopia. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2020, 10, e040868.	1.9	14
22	“There Is No Link Between Resource Allocation and Use of Local Data” A Qualitative Study of District-Based Health Decision-Making in West Bengal, India. <i>International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health</i> , 2020, 17, 8283.	2.6	6
23	Integrating eye health training into the primary child healthcare programme in Tanzania: a pre-training and post-training study. <i>BMJ Paediatrics Open</i> , 2020, 4, e000629.	1.4	5
24	Measurement and accountability for maternal, newborn and child health: fit for 2030?. <i>BMJ Global Health</i> , 2020, 5, e002697.	4.7	11
25	Harnessing the health systems strengthening potential of quality improvement using realist evaluation: an example from southern Tanzania. <i>Health Policy and Planning</i> , 2020, 35, ii9-ii21.	2.7	4
26	Improving the use of focus group discussions in low income settings. <i>BMC Medical Research Methodology</i> , 2020, 20, 287.	3.1	22
27	Assessing capacity of health facilities to provide routine maternal and newborn care in low-income settings: what proportions are ready to provide good-quality care, and what proportions of women receive it?. <i>BMC Pregnancy and Childbirth</i> , 2020, 20, 289.	2.4	9
28	Child Health Accountability Tracking—extending child health measurement. <i>The Lancet Child and Adolescent Health</i> , 2020, 4, 259-261.	5.6	7
29	Professional advice for primary healthcare workers in Ethiopia: a social network analysis. <i>BMC Health Services Research</i> , 2020, 20, 551.	2.2	5
30	Protocol for the evaluation of a complex intervention aiming at increased utilisation of primary child health services in Ethiopia: a before and after study in intervention and comparison areas. <i>BMC Health Services Research</i> , 2020, 20, 339.	2.2	19
31	Health system redesign for equity in maternal and newborn health must be codesigned, country led, adapted to context and fit for purpose. <i>BMJ Global Health</i> , 2020, 5, e003748.	4.7	12
32	How and under what circumstances do quality improvement collaboratives lead to better outcomes? A systematic review. <i>Implementation Science</i> , 2020, 15, 27.	6.9	108
33	Are We Using the Right Approach to Change Newborn Care Practices in the Community? Qualitative Evidence From Ethiopia and Northern Nigeria. <i>Global Health, Science and Practice</i> , 2020, 8, 383-395.	1.7	4
34	Redesigning maternal health services: is centralisation the answer in low-resource settings?. <i>BMJ Global Health</i> , 2019, 4, e001488.	4.7	15
35	Care practices and neonatal survival in 52 neonatal intensive care units in Telangana and Andhra Pradesh, India: A cross-sectional study. <i>PLoS Medicine</i> , 2019, 16, e1002860.	8.4	8
36	Assessing scalability of an intervention: why, how and who?. <i>Health Policy and Planning</i> , 2019, 34, 544-552.	2.7	56

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37	Evaluation of the Safe Care, Saving Lives (SCSL) quality improvement collaborative for neonatal health in Telangana and Andhra Pradesh, India: a study protocol. <i>Global Health Action</i> , 2019, 12, 1581466.	1.9	6
38	Characterising innovations in maternal and newborn health based on a common theory of change: lessons from developing and applying a characterisation framework in Nigeria, Ethiopia and India. <i>BMJ Global Health</i> , 2019, 4, e001405.	4.7	9
39	People have started to deliver in the facility these days: a qualitative exploration of factors affecting facility delivery in Ethiopia. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2019, 9, e025516.	1.9	14
40	Wealth-based equity in maternal, neonatal, and child health services utilization: a cross-sectional study from Ethiopia. <i>International Journal for Equity in Health</i> , 2019, 18, 201.	3.5	27
41	Five Challenges in the Design and Conduct of IS Trials for HIV Prevention and Treatment. <i>Journal of Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndromes (1999)</i> , 2019, 82, S261-S270.	2.1	3
42	Protecting migratory farmers in rural Tanzania using eave ribbons treated with the spatial mosquito repellent, transfluthrin. <i>Malaria Journal</i> , 2019, 18, 414.	2.3	31
43	Improving Tanzanian childbirth service quality. <i>International Journal of Health Care Quality Assurance</i> , 2018, 31, 190-202.	0.9	5
44	How people-centred health systems can reach the grassroots: experiences implementing community-level quality improvement in rural Tanzania and Uganda. <i>Health Policy and Planning</i> , 2018, 33, e1-e13.	2.7	20
45	Future directions for reducing inequity and maximising impact of child health strategies. <i>BMJ: British Medical Journal</i> , 2018, 362, k2684.	2.3	7
46	Hand hygiene in hospitals: an observational study in hospitals from two southern states of India. <i>BMC Public Health</i> , 2018, 18, 1299.	2.9	21
47	Early postnatal home visits: a qualitative study of barriers and facilitators to achieving high coverage. <i>BMC Public Health</i> , 2018, 18, 1074.	2.9	12
48	"The development sector is a graveyard of pilot projects" Six critical actions for externally funded implementers to foster scale-up of maternal and newborn health innovations in low and middle-income countries. <i>Globalization and Health</i> , 2018, 14, 74.	4.9	29
49	Associations between increased intervention coverage for mothers and newborns and the number and quality of contacts between families and health workers: An analysis of cluster level repeat cross sectional survey data in Ethiopia. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2018, 13, e0199937.	2.5	8
50	Contextual factors in maternal and newborn health evaluation: a protocol applied in Nigeria, India and Ethiopia. <i>Emerging Themes in Epidemiology</i> , 2018, 15, 2.	2.7	3
51	"It's About the Idea Hitting the Bull's Eye": How Aid Effectiveness Can Catalyse the Scale-up of Health Innovations. <i>International Journal of Health Policy and Management</i> , 2018, 7, 718-727.	0.9	27
52	Facilitators and Barriers of Community-Level Quality Improvement for Maternal and Newborn Health in Tanzania. <i>Qualitative Health Research</i> , 2017, 27, 738-749.	2.1	13
53	Delaying first birth: an analysis of household survey data from rural Southern Tanzania. <i>BMC Public Health</i> , 2017, 17, 134.	2.9	5
54	Using contraceptives to delay first birth: a qualitative study of individual, community and health provider perceptions in southern Tanzania. <i>BMC Public Health</i> , 2017, 17, 768.	2.9	17

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55	Use of social network analysis methods to study professional advice and performance among healthcare providers: a systematic review. <i>Systematic Reviews</i> , 2017, 6, 208.	5.3	56
56	The effect of community health worker-led education on women's health and treatment-seeking: A cluster randomised trial and nested process evaluation in Gujarat, India. <i>Journal of Global Health</i> , 2017, 7, 020404.	2.7	9
57	Community-based approaches for neonatal survival: meta-analyses of randomized trial data. <i>Bulletin of the World Health Organization</i> , 2017, 95, 453-464C.	3.3	15
58	Access to maternal health services: geographical inequalities, United Republic of Tanzania. <i>Bulletin of the World Health Organization</i> , 2017, 95, 810-820.	3.3	34
59	District decision-making for health in low-income settings: a case study of the potential of public and private sector data in India and Ethiopia. <i>Health Policy and Planning</i> , 2016, 31, ii25-ii34.	2.7	28
60	District decision-making for health in low-income settings: a feasibility study of a data-informed platform for health in India, Nigeria and Ethiopia. <i>Health Policy and Planning</i> , 2016, 31, ii3-ii11.	2.7	29
61	Improving institutional childbirth services in rural Southern Tanzania: a qualitative study of healthcare workers' perspective. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2016, 6, e010317.	1.9	9
62	Birth preparedness and place of birth in Tandahimba district, Tanzania: what women prepare for birth, where they go to deliver, and why. <i>BMC Pregnancy and Childbirth</i> , 2016, 16, 165.	2.4	16
63	Linkages between public and non-government sectors in healthcare: A case study from Uttar Pradesh, India. <i>Global Public Health</i> , 2016, 11, 1216-1230.	2.0	9
64	Commentary-District decision-making to strengthen maternal, newborn and child health services in low-income settings. <i>Health Policy and Planning</i> , 2016, 31, ii1-ii2.	2.7	1
65	District decision-making for health in low-income settings: a systematic literature review. <i>Health Policy and Planning</i> , 2016, 31, ii12-ii24.	2.7	75
66	District decision-making for health in low-income settings: a qualitative study in Uttar Pradesh, India, on engaging the private health sector in sharing health-related data. <i>Health Policy and Planning</i> , 2016, 31, ii35-ii46.	2.7	10
67	"The stars seem aligned": a qualitative study to understand the effects of context on scale-up of maternal and newborn health innovations in Ethiopia, India and Nigeria. <i>Globalization and Health</i> , 2016, 12, 75.	4.9	22
68	Community based maternal and newborn care economic analysis: home-based counselling in Southern Tanzania. <i>Health Policy and Planning</i> , 2016, 32, czw048.	2.7	4
69	Using mixed methods to evaluate perceived quality of care in southern Tanzania. <i>International Journal for Quality in Health Care</i> , 2016, 28, 233-239.	1.8	26
70	Maternal and perinatal mortality in resource-limited settings - Authors' reply. <i>The Lancet Global Health</i> , 2015, 3, e673.	6.3	1
71	Health & Demographic Surveillance System Profile: The Ifakara Rural and Urban Health and Demographic Surveillance System (Ifakara HDSS). <i>International Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2015, 44, 848-861.	1.9	56
72	Maternal mortality and distance to facility-based obstetric care in rural southern Tanzania: a secondary analysis of cross-sectional census data in 226,000 households. <i>The Lancet Global Health</i> , 2015, 3, e387-e395.	6.3	98

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73	Effectiveness of a Home-Based Counselling Strategy on Neonatal Care and Survival: A Cluster-Randomised Trial in Six Districts of Rural Southern Tanzania. <i>PLoS Medicine</i> , 2015, 12, e1001881.	8.4	44
74	Innovation in supervision and support of community health workers for better newborn survival in southern Tanzania. <i>International Health</i> , 2014, 6, 339-341.	2.0	13
75	“Scaling-up is a craft not a science”: Catalysing scale-up of health innovations in Ethiopia, India and Nigeria. <i>Social Science and Medicine</i> , 2014, 121, 30-38.	3.8	59
76	Cost-effectiveness of strategies to improve the utilization and provision of maternal and newborn health care in low-income and lower-middle-income countries: a systematic review. <i>BMC Pregnancy and Childbirth</i> , 2014, 14, 243.	2.4	91
77	A strategy for reducing maternal and newborn deaths by 2015 and beyond. <i>BMC Pregnancy and Childbirth</i> , 2013, 13, 216.	2.4	38
78	Measuring skilled attendance at birth using linked household, health facility, and health worker surveys in Ethiopia, northeast Nigeria, and Uttar Pradesh, India. <i>Lancet, The</i> , 2013, 381, S88.	13.7	4
79	Effect of Ethiopia’s Health Extension Program on Maternal and Newborn Health Care Practices in 101 Rural Districts: A Dose-Response Study. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2013, 8, e65160.	2.5	101
80	Use of research findings in maternal and newborn health policy: a survey. <i>Lancet, The</i> , 2012, 380, S10.	13.7	0
81	Cluster-randomized study of intermittent preventive treatment for malaria in infants (IPTi) in southern Tanzania: evaluation of impact on survival. <i>Malaria Journal</i> , 2011, 10, 387.	2.3	13
82	Intermittent preventive treatment for malaria and anaemia control in Tanzanian infants; the development and implementation of a public health strategy. <i>Transactions of the Royal Society of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene</i> , 2009, 103, 79-86.	1.8	19
83	From strategy development to routine implementation: the cost of Intermittent Preventive Treatment in Infants for malaria control. <i>BMC Health Services Research</i> , 2008, 8, 165.	2.2	31
84	Development of behaviour change communication strategy for a vaccination-linked malaria control tool in southern Tanzania. <i>Malaria Journal</i> , 2008, 7, 191.	2.3	16
85	The use of personal digital assistants for data entry at the point of collection in a large household survey in southern Tanzania. <i>Emerging Themes in Epidemiology</i> , 2007, 4, 5.	2.7	98