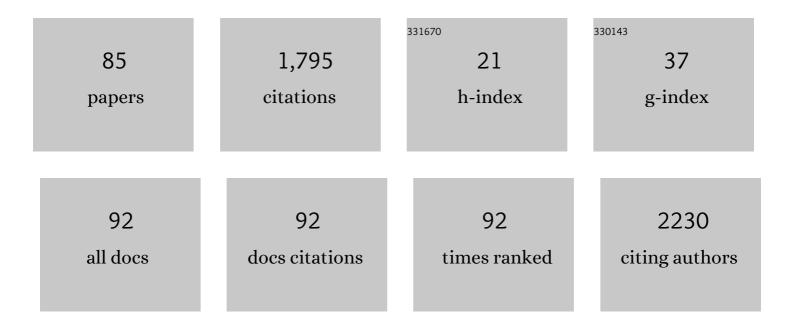
Joanna Schellenberg

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	How and under what circumstances do quality improvement collaboratives lead to better outcomes? A systematic review. Implementation Science, 2020, 15, 27.	6.9	108
2	Effect of Ethiopia's Health Extension Program on Maternal and Newborn Health Care Practices in 101 Rural Districts: A Dose-Response Study. PLoS ONE, 2013, 8, e65160.	2.5	101
3	The use of personal digital assistants for data entry at the point of collection in a large household survey in southern Tanzania. Emerging Themes in Epidemiology, 2007, 4, 5.	2.7	98
4	Maternal mortality and distance to facility-based obstetric care in rural southern Tanzania: a secondary analysis of cross-sectional census data in 226â€^000 households. The Lancet Global Health, 2015, 3, e387-e395.	6.3	98
5	Cost-effectiveness of strategies to improve the utilization and provision of maternal and newborn health care in low-income and lower-middle-income countries: a systematic review. BMC Pregnancy and Childbirth, 2014, 14, 243.	2.4	91
6	District decision-making for health in low-income settings: a systematic literature review. Health Policy and Planning, 2016, 31, ii12-ii24.	2.7	75
7	â€~Scaling-up is a craft not a science': Catalysing scale-up of health innovations in Ethiopia, India and Nigeria. Social Science and Medicine, 2014, 121, 30-38.	3.8	59
8	Health & Demographic Surveillance System Profile: The Ifakara Rural and Urban Health and Demographic Surveillance System (Ifakara HDSS). International Journal of Epidemiology, 2015, 44, 848-861.	1.9	56
9	Use of social network analysis methods to study professional advice and performance among healthcare providers: a systematic review. Systematic Reviews, 2017, 6, 208.	5.3	56
10	Assessing scalability of an intervention: why, how and who?. Health Policy and Planning, 2019, 34, 544-552.	2.7	56
11	Effectiveness of a Home-Based Counselling Strategy on Neonatal Care and Survival: A Cluster-Randomised Trial in Six Districts of Rural Southern Tanzania. PLoS Medicine, 2015, 12, e1001881.	8.4	44
12	A strategy for reducing maternal and newborn deaths by 2015 and beyond. BMC Pregnancy and Childbirth, 2013, 13, 216.	2.4	38
13	Access to maternal health services: geographical inequalities, United Republic of Tanzania. Bulletin of the World Health Organization, 2017, 95, 810-820.	3.3	34
14	From strategy development to routine implementation: the cost of Intermittent Preventive Treatment in Infants for malaria control. BMC Health Services Research, 2008, 8, 165.	2.2	31
15	Protecting migratory farmers in rural Tanzania using eave ribbons treated with the spatial mosquito repellent, transfluthrin. Malaria Journal, 2019, 18, 414.	2.3	31
16	A call for standardised age-disaggregated health data. The Lancet Healthy Longevity, 2021, 2, e436-e443.	4.6	31
17	District decision-making for health in low-income settings: a feasibility study of a data-informed platform for health in India, Nigeria and Ethiopia. Health Policy and Planning, 2016, 31, ii3-ii11.	2.7	29
18	â€~The development sector is a graveyard of pilot projects!' Six critical actions for externally funded implementers to foster scale-up of maternal and newborn health innovations in low and middle-income countries. Globalization and Health, 2018, 14, 74.	4.9	29

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19	Routine health management information system data in Ethiopia: consistency, trends, and challenges. Global Health Action, 2021, 14, 1868961.	1.9	29
20	District decision-making for health in low-income settings: a case study of the potential of public and private sector data in India and Ethiopia. Health Policy and Planning, 2016, 31, ii25-ii34.	2.7	28
21	Wealth-based equity in maternal, neonatal, and child health services utilization: a cross-sectional study from Ethiopia. International Journal for Equity in Health, 2019, 18, 201.	3.5	27
22	"It's About the Idea Hitting the Bull's Eye": How Aid Effectiveness Can Catalyse the Scale-up of Health Innovations. International Journal of Health Policy and Management, 2018, 7, 718-727.	0.9	27
23	Using mixed methods to evaluate perceived quality of care in southern Tanzania. International Journal for Quality in Health Care, 2016, 28, 233-239.	1.8	26
24	Barriers and enablers to routine register data collection for newborns and mothers: EN-BIRTH multi-country validation study. BMC Pregnancy and Childbirth, 2021, 21, 233.	2.4	24
25	â€ [~] The stars seem aligned': a qualitative study to understand the effects of context on scale-up of maternal and newborn health innovations in Ethiopia, India and Nigeria. Globalization and Health, 2016, 12, 75.	4.9	22
26	Improving the use of focus group discussions in low income settings. BMC Medical Research Methodology, 2020, 20, 287.	3.1	22
27	Hand hygiene in hospitals: an observational study in hospitals from two southern states of India. BMC Public Health, 2018, 18, 1299.	2.9	21
28	How people-centred health systems can reach the grassroots: experiences implementing community-level quality improvement in rural Tanzania and Uganda. Health Policy and Planning, 2018, 33, e1-e13.	2.7	20
29	Intermittent preventive treatment for malaria and anaemia control in Tanzanian infants; the development and implementation of a public health strategy. Transactions of the Royal Society of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 2009, 103, 79-86.	1.8	19
30	Protocol for the evaluation of a complex intervention aiming at increased utilisation of primary child health services in Ethiopia: a before and after study in intervention and comparison areas. BMC Health Services Research, 2020, 20, 339.	2.2	19
31	Using contraceptives to delay first birth: a qualitative study of individual, community and health provider perceptions in southern Tanzania. BMC Public Health, 2017, 17, 768.	2.9	17
32	Development of behaviour change communication strategy for a vaccination-linked malaria control tool in southern Tanzania. Malaria Journal, 2008, 7, 191.	2.3	16
33	Birth preparedness and place of birth in Tandahimba district, Tanzania: what women prepare for birth, where they go to deliver, and why. BMC Pregnancy and Childbirth, 2016, 16, 165.	2.4	16
34	Community-based approaches for neonatal survival: meta-analyses of randomized trial data. Bulletin of the World Health Organization, 2017, 95, 453-464C.	3.3	15
35	Redesigning maternal health services: is centralisation the answer in low-resource settings?. BMJ Global Health, 2019, 4, e001488.	4.7	15
36	Effect of collaborative quality improvement on stillbirths, neonatal mortality and newborn care practices in hospitals of Telangana and Andhra Pradesh, India: evidence from a quasi-experimental mixed-methods study. Implementation Science, 2021, 16, 4.	6.9	15

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37	<i>â€~</i> People have started to deliver in the facility these days <i>'</i> : a qualitative exploration of factors affecting facility delivery in Ethiopia. BMJ Open, 2019, 9, e025516.	1.9	14
38	Does a complex intervention targeting communities, health facilities and district health managers increase the utilisation of community-based child health services? A before and after study in intervention and comparison areas of Ethiopia. BMJ Open, 2020, 10, e040868.	1.9	14
39	Cluster-randomized study of intermittent preventive treatment for malaria in infants (IPTi) in southern Tanzania: evaluation of impact on survival. Malaria Journal, 2011, 10, 387.	2.3	13
40	Innovation in supervision and support of community health workers for better newborn survival in southern Tanzania. International Health, 2014, 6, 339-341.	2.0	13
41	Facilitators and Barriers of Community-Level Quality Improvement for Maternal and Newborn Health in Tanzania. Qualitative Health Research, 2017, 27, 738-749.	2.1	13
42	Early postnatal home visits: a qualitative study of barriers and facilitators to achieving high coverage. BMC Public Health, 2018, 18, 1074.	2.9	12
43	Health system redesign for equity in maternal and newborn health must be codesigned, country led, adapted to context and fit for purpose. BMJ Global Health, 2020, 5, e003748.	4.7	12
44	Measurement and accountability for maternal, newborn and child health: fit for 2030?. BMJ Global Health, 2020, 5, e002697.	4.7	11
45	What makes working together work? A scoping review of the guidance on North–South research partnerships. Health Policy and Planning, 2022, 37, 523-534.	2.7	11
46	Exploring data quality and use of the routine health information system in Ethiopia: a mixed-methods study. BMJ Open, 2021, 11, e050356.	1.9	11
47	District decision-making for health in low-income settings: a qualitative study in Uttar Pradesh, India, on engaging the private health sector in sharing health-related data. Health Policy and Planning, 2016, 31, ii35-ii46.	2.7	10
48	Embed capacity development within all global health research. BMJ Global Health, 2021, 6, e004692.	4.7	10
49	Improving institutional childbirth services in rural Southern Tanzania: a qualitative study of healthcare workers' perspective. BMJ Open, 2016, 6, e010317.	1.9	9
50	Linkages between public and non-government sectors in healthcare: A case study from Uttar Pradesh, India. Global Public Health, 2016, 11, 1216-1230.	2.0	9
51	The effect of community health worker–led education on women's health and treatment–seeking: A cluster randomised trial and nested process evaluation in Gujarat, India. Journal of Global Health, 2017, 7, 020404.	2.7	9
52	Characterising innovations in maternal and newborn health based on a common theory of change: lessons from developing and applying a characterisation framework in Nigeria, Ethiopia and India. BMJ Global Health, 2019, 4, e001405.	4.7	9
53	Assessing capacity of health facilities to provide routine maternal and newborn care in low-income settings: what proportions are ready to provide good-quality care, and what proportions of women receive it?. BMC Pregnancy and Childbirth, 2020, 20, 289.	2.4	9
54	"We All Join Hands― Perceptions of the Kangaroo Method Among Female Relatives of Newborns in The Gambia. Qualitative Health Research, 2021, 31, 665-676.	2.1	9

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55	Stated job preferences of three health worker cadres in Ethiopia: a discrete choice experiment. Health Policy and Planning, 2021, 36, 1418-1427.	2.7	9
56	Associations between increased intervention coverage for mothers and newborns and the number and quality of contacts between families and health workers: An analysis of cluster level repeat cross sectional survey data in Ethiopia. PLoS ONE, 2018, 13, e0199937.	2.5	8
57	Care practices and neonatal survival in 52 neonatal intensive care units in Telangana and Andhra Pradesh, India: A cross-sectional study. PLoS Medicine, 2019, 16, e1002860.	8.4	8
58	A cohort study of survival following discharge from hospital in rural Tanzanian children using linked data of admissions with community-based demographic surveillance. Emerging Themes in Epidemiology, 2021, 18, 4.	2.7	8
59	From Theory to Implementation: Adaptations to a Quality Improvement Initiative According to Implementation Context. Qualitative Health Research, 2022, 32, 646-655.	2.1	8
60	Future directions for reducing inequity and maximising impact of child health strategies. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2018, 362, k2684.	2.3	7
61	Child Health Accountability Tracking—extending child health measurement. The Lancet Child and Adolescent Health, 2020, 4, 259-261.	5.6	7
62	Embedding Community-Based Newborn Care in the Ethiopian health system: lessons from a 4-year programme evaluation. Health Policy and Planning, 2021, 36, i22-i32.	2.7	7
63	Revitalizing child health: lessons from the past. Global Health Action, 2021, 14, 1947565.	1.9	7
64	Evaluation of the Safe Care, Saving Lives (SCSL) quality improvement collaborative for neonatal health in Telangana and Andhra Pradesh, India: a study protocol. Global Health Action, 2019, 12, 1581466.	1.9	6
65	"There Is No Link Between Resource Allocation and Use of Local Data†A Qualitative Study of District-Based Health Decision-Making in West Bengal, India. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2020, 17, 8283.	2.6	6
66	Delaying first birth: an analysis of household survey data from rural Southern Tanzania. BMC Public Health, 2017, 17, 134.	2.9	5
67	Improving Tanzanian childbirth service quality. International Journal of Health Care Quality Assurance, 2018, 31, 190-202.	0.9	5
68	Integrating eye health training into the primary child healthcare programme in Tanzania: a pre-training and post-training study. BMJ Paediatrics Open, 2020, 4, e000629.	1.4	5
69	Professional advice for primary healthcare workers in Ethiopia: a social network analysis. BMC Health Services Research, 2020, 20, 551.	2.2	5
70	Changes in health worker knowledge and motivation in the context of a quality improvement programme in Ethiopia. Health Policy and Planning, 2021, 36, 1508-1520.	2.7	5
71	A rapid systematic review and evidence synthesis of effective coverage measures and cascades for childbirth, newborn and child health in low- and middle-income countries. Journal of Global Health, 2022, 12, 04001.	2.7	5
72	Measuring and monitoring child health and wellbeing: recommendations for tracking progress with a core set of indicators in the Sustainable Development Goals era. The Lancet Child and Adolescent Health, 2022, 6, 345-352.	5.6	5

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73	Measuring skilled attendance at birth using linked household, health facility, and health worker surveys in Ethiopia, northeast Nigeria, and Uttar Pradesh, India. Lancet, The, 2013, 381, S88.	13.7	4
74	Community based maternal and newborn care economic analysis: home-based counselling in Southern Tanzania. Health Policy and Planning, 2016, 32, czw048.	2.7	4
75	Harnessing the health systems strengthening potential of quality improvement using realist evaluation: an example from southern Tanzania. Health Policy and Planning, 2020, 35, ii9-ii21.	2.7	4
76	Coverage of antenatal, intrapartum, and newborn care in 104 districts of Ethiopia: A before and after study four years after the launch of the national Community-Based Newborn Care programme. PLoS ONE, 2021, 16, e0251706.	2.5	4
77	Are We Using the Right Approach to Change Newborn Care Practices in the Community? Qualitative Evidence From Ethiopia and Northern Nigeria. Global Health, Science and Practice, 2020, 8, 383-395.	1.7	4
78	Contextual factors in maternal and newborn health evaluation: a protocol applied in Nigeria, India and Ethiopia. Emerging Themes in Epidemiology, 2018, 15, 2.	2.7	3
79	Five Challenges in the Design and Conduct of IS Trials for HIV Prevention and Treatment. Journal of Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndromes (1999), 2019, 82, S261-S270.	2.1	3
80	Improving maternal and newborn health services in Northeast Nigeria through a government-led partnership of stakeholders: a quasi-experimental study. BMJ Open, 2022, 12, e048877.	1.9	2
81	To call or not to call: exploring the validity of telephone interviews to derive maternal self-reports of experiences with facility childbirth care in northern Nigeria. BMJ Global Health, 2022, 7, e008017.	4.7	2
82	Maternal and perinatal mortality in resource-limited settings – Authors' reply. The Lancet Global Health, 2015, 3, e673.	6.3	1
83	Commentary—District decision-making to strengthen maternal, newborn and child health services in low-income settings. Health Policy and Planning, 2016, 31, ii1-ii2.	2.7	1
84	Use of research findings in maternal and newborn health policy: a survey. Lancet, The, 2012, 380, S10.	13.7	0
85	Influence of context on quality improvement priorities: a qualitative study of three facility types in Lagos State, Nigeria. BMJ Open Quality, 2022, 11, e001532.	1.1	0