## John Alastair Cunningham

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/2714863/publications.pdf

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220 papers 6,592 citations

66343 42 h-index 91884 69 g-index

223 all docs 223 docs citations

times ranked

223

5633 citing authors

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	The impact of describing someone as being in recovery from alcohol problems on the general public's beliefs about their life, use of treatment, and drinking status. Addiction Research and Theory, 2022, 30, 180-185.	1.9	2
2	Using a consistency check during data collection to identify invalid responding in an online cannabis screening survey. BMC Medical Research Methodology, 2022, 22, 67.	3.1	5
3	Examining the influence of rurality on frequency of cannabis use and severity of consequences as moderated by age and gender. Addictive Behaviors, 2022, 133, 107385.	3.0	1
4	Examining Change in Self-Reported Gambling Measures Over Time as Related to Socially Desirable Responding Bias. Journal of Gambling Studies, 2021, 37, 1043-1054.	1.6	3
5	To thine own self, be true: Examining change in self-reported alcohol measures over time as related to socially desirable responding bias among people with unhealthy alcohol use. Substance Abuse, 2021, 42, 87-93.	2.3	4
6	Information technology and addiction science: promises and challenges. Addiction Science & Eamp; Clinical Practice, 2021, 16, 7.	2.6	7
7	Offering nicotine patches to all households in a community with high smoking rates: Pilot test of a population-based approach to promote tobacco cessation. International Journal of Population Data Science, 2021, 6, 1400.	0.1	2
8	GamblingLess: A Randomised Trial Comparing Guided and Unguided Internet-Based Gambling Interventions. Journal of Clinical Medicine, 2021, 10, 2224.	2.4	13
9	Falling between the cracks: The effect of using different levels of suicide risk exclusion criteria on sample characteristics when recruiting for an online intervention for depression. Suicide and Life-Threatening Behavior, 2021, 51, 736-740.	1.9	4
10	Use of additional nicotine replacement therapy by participants in a five-year follow-up of a tobacco cessation trial. Addictive Behaviors, 2021, 117, 106875.	3.0	0
11	Are former heavy drinkers in the UK less likely to identify as being in recovery compared to those in the USA? A pilot test. Substance Abuse Treatment, Prevention, and Policy, 2021, 16, 74.	2.2	2
12	Recruitment methods may influence prevalence estimates of people identifying as being in recovery from hazardous alcohol use. Drug and Alcohol Dependence, 2021, 227, 108960.	3.2	5
13	Implications of addiction diagnosis and addiction beliefs for public stigma: A crossâ€national experimental study. Drug and Alcohol Review, 2021, 40, 842-846.	2.1	26
14	New Australian guidelines for the treatment of alcohol problems: an overview of recommendations. Medical Journal of Australia, 2021, 215, S3-S32.	1.7	34
15	Randomized controlled trial of online interventions for co-occurring depression and hazardous alcohol consumption: Primary outcome results. Internet Interventions, 2021, 26, 100477.	2.7	3
16	Online personalized feedback intervention to reduce risky cannabis use. Randomized controlled trial. Internet Interventions, 2021, 26, 100484.	2.7	6
17	Augmenting an online self-directed intervention for gambling disorder with a single motivational interview: study protocol for a randomized controlled trial. Trials, 2021, 22, 947.	1.6	1
18	Electronic screening and brief intervention for unhealthy alcohol use in primary care waiting rooms $\hat{a}\in$ A pilot project. Substance Abuse, 2020, 41, 347-355.	2.3	5

#	Article	IF	Citations
19	Beliefs about cannabis at the time of legalization in Canada: results from a general population survey. Harm Reduction Journal, 2020, 17, 2.	3.2	4
20	Out Damn Bot, Out: Recruiting Real People into Substance use Studies on the Internet. Substance Abuse, 2020, 41, 3-5.	2.3	45
21	A randomized trial of brief web-based prevention of unhealthy alcohol use: Participant self-selection compared to a male young adult source population. Internet Interventions, 2020, 19, 100298.	2.7	1
22	The particular case of conducting addiction intervention research on Mechanical Turk. Addiction, 2020, 115, 1971-1972.	3.3	4
23	Targeting mailed nicotine patch distribution interventions to rural regions of Canada: protocol for a randomized controlled trial. BMC Public Health, 2020, 20, 1757.	2.9	3
24	Five-Year Follow-up of a Randomized Clinical Trial Testing Mailed Nicotine Patches to Promote Tobacco Cessation. JAMA Internal Medicine, 2020, 180, 792.	5.1	2
25	Can the AUDIT consumption items distinguish lower severity from high severity patients seeking treatment for alcohol use disorder?. Journal of Substance Abuse Treatment, 2020, 114, 108001.	2.8	1
26	Online interventions for problem gamblers with and without co-occurring unhealthy alcohol use: Randomized controlled trial. Internet Interventions, 2020, 19, 100307.	2.7	11
27	Smartphone-based secondary prevention intervention for university students with unhealthy alcohol use identified by screening: study protocol of a parallel group randomized controlled trial. Trials, 2020, 21, 191.	1.6	7
28	Outcomes of two randomized controlled trials, employing participants recruited through Mechanical Turk, of Internet interventions targeting unhealthy alcohol use. BMC Medical Research Methodology, 2019, 19, 124.	3.1	14
29	Pilot randomized controlled trial of an online intervention for problem gamblers. Addictive Behaviors Reports, 2019, 9, 100175.	1.9	12
30	Randomized controlled trial of an Internet intervention for problem gambling provided with or without access to an Internet intervention for co-occurring mental health distress. Internet Interventions, 2019, 17, 100239.	2.7	12
31	Pilot study of a repeated random sampling method for surveys focusing on date-specific differences in alcohol consumption among university students. Pilot and Feasibility Studies, 2019, 5, 26.	1.2	2
32	How one small text change in a study document can impact recruitment rates and follow-up completions. Internet Interventions, 2019, 18, 100284.	2.7	1
33	The last 10 years: any changes in perceptions of the seriousness of alcohol, cannabis, and substance use in Canada?. Substance Abuse Treatment, Prevention, and Policy, 2019, 14, 54.	2.2	10
34	Smartphone application for unhealthy alcohol use: Pilot randomized controlled trial in the general population. Drug and Alcohol Dependence, 2019, 195, 101-105.	3 <b>.</b> 2	35
35	Online Self-Directed Interventions for Gambling Disorder: Randomized Controlled Trial. Journal of Gambling Studies, 2019, 35, 635-651.	1.6	32
36	Fourâ€year followâ€up of an internetâ€based brief intervention for unhealthy alcohol use in young men. Addiction, 2018, 113, 1517-1521.	3.3	5

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37	Has there been an increase in the frequency with which people who drink in a risky fashion receive advice to cut down on their drinking from 1998 to 2015?. Substance Abuse, 2018, 39, 449-451.	2.3	1
38	Self-Directed Gambling Changes: Trajectory of Problem Gambling Severity in Absence of Treatment. Journal of Gambling Studies, 2018, 34, 1407-1421.	1.6	12
39	To send or not to send: weighing the costs and benefits of mailing an advance letter to participants before a telephone survey. BMC Research Notes, 2018, 11, 813.	1.4	1
40	Effectiveness and treatment moderators of internet interventions for adult problem drinking: An individual patient data meta-analysis of 19 randomised controlled trials. PLoS Medicine, 2018, 15, e1002714.	8.4	186
41	Does providing a brief internet intervention for hazardous alcohol use to people seeking online help for depression reduce both alcohol use and depression symptoms among participants with these co-occurring disorders? Study protocol for a randomised controlled trial. BMJ Open, 2018, 8, e022412.	1.9	7
42	Betting on Life: Associations Between Significant Life Events and Gambling Trajectories Among Gamblers with the Intent to Quit. Journal of Gambling Studies, 2018, 34, 1391-1406.	1.6	11
43	Online interventions for problem gamblers with and without co-occurring problem drinking: study protocol of a randomized controlled trial. Trials, 2018, 19, 295.	1.6	4
44	Impact of large-scale distribution and subsequent use of free nicotine patches on primary care physician interaction. BMC Public Health, 2018, 18, 4.	2.9	2
45	Long-term effectiveness of mailed nicotine replacement therapy: study protocol of a randomized controlled trial 5-year follow-up. BMC Public Health, 2018, 18, 28.	2.9	7
46	Beyond Quitting: Any Additional Impact of Mailing Free Nicotine Patches to Current Smokers?. Nicotine and Tobacco Research, 2018, 20, 654-655.	2.6	6
47	Understanding the hangover experience in Canadian adults: A latent class analysis of hangover symptom patterns and their alcohol-related correlates. Drugs: Education, Prevention and Policy, 2017, 24, 189-196.	1.3	2
48	Smartphone application for unhealthy alcohol use: A pilot study. Substance Abuse, 2017, 38, 285-291.	2.3	21
49	Unintended impact of using different inclusion cutâ€offs for males and females in intervention trials for hazardous drinking. Addiction, 2017, 112, 910-911.	3.3	8
50	Impact of self-reported lifetime depression or anxiety on effectiveness of mass distribution of nicotine patches. Tobacco Control, 2017, 26, 526-533.	3.2	1
51	Mailed distribution of free nicotine patches without behavioral support: Predictors of use and cessation. Addictive Behaviors, 2017, 67, 73-78.	3.0	10
52	Can Amazon's Mechanical Turk be used to recruit participants for internet intervention trials? A pilot study involving a randomized controlled trial of a brief online intervention for hazardous alcohol use. Internet Interventions, 2017, 10, 12-16.	2.7	32
53	GAMBLINGLESS: FOR LIFE study protocol: a pragmatic randomised trial of an online cognitive–behavioural programme for disordered gambling. BMJ Open, 2017, 7, e014226.	1.9	18
54	Effectiveness of mass distribution of nicotine patches to promote tobacco control in rural versus urban settings. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2017, 71, 519-519.	3.7	5

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55	Randomized Controlled Trial of a Brief Versus Extended Internet Intervention for Problem Drinkers. International Journal of Behavioral Medicine, 2017, 24, 760-767.	1.7	22
56	Investigating Patterns of Participation in an Online Support Group for Problem Drinking: a Social Network Analysis. International Journal of Behavioral Medicine, 2017, 24, 703-712.	1.7	15
57	What does it mean when people say that they have received expressions of concern about their drinking or advice to cut down on the AUDIT scale?. BMC Medical Research Methodology, 2017, 17, 158.	3.1	2
58	Using Mechanical Turk to recruit participants for internet intervention research: experience from recruitment for four trials targeting hazardous alcohol consumption. BMC Medical Research Methodology, 2017, 17, 156.	3.1	43
59	Are young men who overestimate drinking by others more likely to respond to an electronic normative feedback brief intervention for unhealthy alcohol use?. Addictive Behaviors, 2016, 63, 97-101.	3.0	13
60	You need to see the world in order to measure it: The importance of a high follow-up rate. Addiction, 2016, 111, 374-374.	3.3	0
61	Unfaithful findings: identifying careless responding in addictions research. Addiction, 2016, 111, 955-956.	3.3	32
62	Addiction and eHealth. Addiction, 2016, 111, 389-390.	3.3	8
63	Online interventions for problem gamblers with and without co-occurring mental health symptoms: Protocol for a randomized controlled trial. BMC Public Health, 2016, 16, 624.	2.9	11
64	Questioning Nicotine Replacement Therapy Without Behavioral Supportâ€"Reply. JAMA Internal Medicine, 2016, 176, 864.	5.1	0
65	Gender Differences in Self-Conscious Emotions and Motivation to Quit Gambling. Journal of Gambling Studies, 2016, 32, 969-983.	1.6	18
66	Effect of Mailing Nicotine Patches on Tobacco Cessation Among Adult Smokers. JAMA Internal Medicine, 2016, 176, 184.	5.1	41
67	The Impact of Asking About Interest in Free Nicotine Patches on Smoker's Stated Intent to Change: Real Effect or Artefact of Question Ordering?. Nicotine and Tobacco Research, 2016, 18, 1215-1217.	2.6	4
68	Motivation to quit or reduce gambling: Associations between Self-Determination Theory and the Transtheoretical Model of Change. Journal of Addictive Diseases, 2016, 35, 58-65.	1.3	21
69	Community Structure of a Mental Health Internet Support Group: Modularity in User Thread Participation. JMIR Mental Health, 2016, 3, e20.	3.3	14
70	Assessing effective smoking cessation intervention in primary care. Preventive Medicine Reports, 2015, 2, 181-182.	1.8	1
71	Internetâ€based brief intervention for young men with unhealthy alcohol use: a randomized controlled trial in a general population sample. Addiction, 2015, 110, 1735-1743.	3.3	42
72	Internet-Based Brief Intervention to Prevent Unhealthy Alcohol Use among Young Men: A Randomized Controlled Trial. PLoS ONE, 2015, 10, e0144146.	2.5	17

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73	Treatment dismantling pilot study to identify the active ingredients in personalized feedback interventions for hazardous alcohol use: randomized controlled trial. Addiction Science & Eamp; Clinical Practice, 2015, 10, 1.	2.6	35
74	Randomized controlled trial of a minimal versus extended Internet-based intervention for problem drinkers: study protocol. BMC Public Health, 2015, 15, 21.	2.9	4
75	From Help-Seekers to Influential Users: A Systematic Review of Participation Styles in Online Health Communities. Journal of Medical Internet Research, 2015, 17, e271.	4.3	49
76	Clinical Practice Models for the Use of E-Mental Health Resources in Primary Health Care by Health Professionals and Peer Workers: A Conceptual Framework. JMIR Mental Health, 2015, 2, e6.	3.3	48
77	Effectiveness of Guided and Unguided Low-Intensity Internet Interventions for Adult Alcohol Misuse: A Meta-Analysis. PLoS ONE, 2014, 9, e99912.	2.5	222
78	Internet Interventions for Mental Health and Addictions: Current Findings and Future Directions. Current Psychiatry Reports, 2014, 16, 521.	4.5	45
79	Web-Based Alcohol Screening and Brief Intervention for University Students. JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association, 2014, 311, 1218.	7.4	77
80	How should substance use problems be handled? Popular views in Sweden, Finland, and Canada. Drugs and Alcohol Today, 2014, 14, 19-30.	0.7	14
81	Describing the distribution of engagement in an Internet support group by post frequency: A comparison of the 90-9-1 Principle and Zipf's Law. Internet Interventions, 2014, 1, 165-168.	2.7	44
82	The early history of ideas on brief interventions for alcohol. Addiction, 2014, 109, 538-546.	3.3	41
83	Addiction: Many factors contribute. Nature, 2014, 507, 40-40.	27.8	7
84	Event-Specific Drinking in the General Population. Journal of Studies on Alcohol and Drugs, 2014, 75, 968-972.	1.0	37
85	Intervention Adherence is Related to Participant Retention: Implications for Research. Journal of Medical Internet Research, 2014, 16, e133.	4.3	4
86	Relating severity of gambling to cognitive distortions in a representative sample of problem gamblers. Journal of Gambling Issues, 2014, , 1.	0.3	20
87	Use of mobile devices to answer online surveys: implications for research. BMC Research Notes, 2013, 6, 258.	1.4	8
88	Exploratory randomized controlled trial evaluating the impact of a waiting list control design. BMC Medical Research Methodology, 2013, 13, 150.	3.1	212
89	Deception in Human Experimental and Public Health Research on Alcohol Problems. American Journal of Bioethics, 2013, 13, 48-50.	0.9	2
90	Association between tobacco industry denormalization beliefs, tobacco control community discontent and smokers' level of nicotine dependence. Addictive Behaviors, 2013, 38, 2273-2278.	3.0	6

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91	Webâ€based alcohol intervention for M Äori university students: doubleâ€blind, multiâ€site randomized controlled trial. Addiction, 2013, 108, 331-338.	3.3	72
92	Internet-based interventions for disordered gamblers: study protocol for a randomized controlled trial of online self-directed cognitive-behavioural motivational therapy. BMC Public Health, 2013, 13, 10.	2.9	31
93	Assessing the immediate impact of normative drinking information using an immediate post-test randomized controlled design: Implications for normative feedback interventions?. Addictive Behaviors, 2013, 38, 2252-2256.	3.0	11
94	Could the use of biochemical validation of smoking abstinence introduce a confound into the interpretation of randomized controlled trials of tobacco cessation?. Addiction, 2013, 108, 827-828.	3.3	6
95	Behavioral genetics and population health interventions for alcohol problems: at odds or oddly in agreement?. Genetics in Medicine, 2013, 15, 272-273.	2.4	O
96	A Prospective Natural History Study of Quitting or Reducing Gambling With or Without Treatment: Protocol. JMIR Research Protocols, 2013, 2, e51.	1.0	10
97	The Systematic Removal of Participants Post-Randomization Can Lead to Alternate Explanations of the Results. Journal of Medical Internet Research, 2013, 15, e128.	4.3	O
98	Claiming Positive Results From Negative Trials: A Cause for Concern in Randomized Controlled Trial Research. Journal of Medical Internet Research, 2013, 15, e179.	4.3	0
99	Hesitation to Seek Gambling-related Treatment Among Ontario Problem Gamblers. Journal of Addiction Medicine, 2012, 6, 39-49.	2.6	30
100	Co-morbid substance use behaviors among youth: any impact of school environment?. Global Health Promotion, 2012, 19, 50-59.	1.3	17
101	Normative Misperceptions about Alcohol Use in a General Population Sample of Problem Drinkers from a Large Metropolitan City. Alcohol and Alcoholism, 2012, 47, 63-66.	1.6	23
102	Societal images of Cannabis use: comparing three countries. Harm Reduction Journal, 2012, 9, 21.	3.2	10
103	Pragmatic randomized controlled trial of providing access to a brief personalized alcohol feedback intervention in university students. Addiction Science & Elinical Practice, 2012, 7, 21.	2.6	18
104	Ultra-Brief Intervention for Problem Drinkers: Results from a Randomized Controlled Trial. PLoS ONE, 2012, 7, e48003.	2.5	13
105	Motivators for Seeking Gambling-Related Treatment Among Ontario Problem Gamblers. Journal of Gambling Studies, 2012, 28, 273-296.	1.6	36
106	Is alcohol dependence best viewed as a chronic relapsing disorder?. Addiction, 2012, 107, 6-12.	3.3	49
107	WHERE ARE WE GOING? A FURTHER QUESTION FOR THE ADDICTION FIELD. Addiction, 2012, 107, 16-17.	3.3	O
108	A Randomized Controlled Trial of a Personalized Feedback Intervention for Problem Gamblers. PLoS ONE, 2012, 7, e31586.	2.5	55

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109	Comparison of Two Internet-Based Interventions for Problem Drinkers: Randomized Controlled Trial. Journal of Medical Internet Research, 2012, 14, e107.	4.3	67
110	Who uses online interventions for problem drinkers?. Journal of Substance Abuse Treatment, 2011, 41, 261-264.	2.8	4
111	IS IT TIME TO START DISCUSSING WHAT TYPE OF COMPUTERâ€DELIVERED INTERVENTION?. Addiction, 2011, 10 1534-1534.	6,3.3	1
112	Beliefs About Gambling Problems and Recovery: Results from a General Population Telephone Survey. Journal of Gambling Studies, 2011, 27, 625-631.	1.6	11
113	Randomized controlled trial of mailed Nicotine Replacement Therapy to Canadian smokers: study protocol. BMC Public Health, 2011, 11, 741.	2.9	16
114	Perceptions of Addictions as Societal Problems in Canada, Sweden, Finland and St. Petersburg, Russia. European Addiction Research, 2011, 17, 106-112.	2.4	23
115	Pilot study of an Internet-based personalized feedback intervention for problem gamblers. Journal of Gambling Issues, 2011, , 4.	0.3	4
116	The use of emerging technologies in alcohol treatment. Alcohol Research, 2011, 33, 320-6.	1.0	28
117	Motivators for Resolving or Seeking Help for Gambling Problems: A Review of the Empirical Literature. Journal of Gambling Studies, 2010, 26, 1-33.	1.6	67
118	Web-based alcohol screening and brief intervention for MÄori and non-MÄori: the New Zealand e-SBINZ trials. BMC Public Health, 2010, 10, 781.	2.9	24
119	Internetâ€based interventions for problem drinkers: From efficacy trials to implementation. Drug and Alcohol Review, 2010, 29, 617-622.	2.1	28
120	Future Intentions Regarding Quitting and Reducing Cigarette Use in a Representative Sample of Canadian Daily Smokers: Implications for Public Health Initiatives. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2010, 7, 2896-2902.	2.6	6
121	Twelve-Month Follow-up Results from a Randomized Controlled Trial of a Brief Personalized Feedback Intervention for Problem Drinkers. Alcohol and Alcoholism, 2010, 45, 258-262.	1.6	48
122	Online Social and Professional Support for Smokers Trying to Quit: An Exploration of First Time Posts From 2562 Members. Journal of Medical Internet Research, 2010, 12, e34.	4.3	69
123	Using E-Health Programs to Overcome Barriers to the Effective Treatment of Mental Health and Addiction Problems. Journal of Technology in Human Services, 2009, 27, 5-22.	1.6	33
124	Self-Assessment of Drinking on the Internet3-, 6- and 12-Month Follow-Ups. Alcohol and Alcoholism, 2009, 44, 301-305.	1.6	12
125	Pilot Study of a Personalized Feedback Intervention for Problem Gamblers. Behavior Therapy, 2009, 40, 219-224.	2.4	50
126	Barriers to Seeking Help for Gambling Problems: A Review of the Empirical Literature. Journal of Gambling Studies, 2009, 25, 407-424.	1.6	197

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127	A randomized controlled trial of an internetâ€based intervention for alcohol abusers. Addiction, 2009, 104, 2023-2032.	3.3	159
128	Methodological issues in the evaluation of Internetâ€based interventions for problem drinking. Drug and Alcohol Review, 2009, 28, 12-17.	2.1	25
129	Internet Evidence-Based Treatments. , 2009, , 379-397.		5
130	The Check Your Cannabis Screener: A New Online Personalized Feedback Tool. Open Medical Informatics Journal, 2009, 3, 27-31.	1.0	11
131	An online support group for problem drinkers: AlcoholHelpCenter.net. Patient Education and Counseling, 2008, 70, 193-198.	2.2	73
132	How you assess quit attempts for smoking makes a big difference to your results. Addiction, 2008, 103, 1761-1762.	3.3	2
133	Ultra-brief intervention for problem drinkers: research protocol. BMC Public Health, 2008, 8, 298.	2.9	8
134	Intentions of smokers to use free nicotine replacement therapy. Cmaj, 2008, 179, 145-146.	2.0	12
135	Recovery from problem gambling without formal treatment. Addiction Research and Theory, 2008, 16, 111-120.	1.9	48
136	Treatment Seeking Among Ontario Problem Gamblers: Results of a Population Survey. Psychiatric Services, 2008, 59, 1343-1346.	2.0	126
137	Problem Gamblers' Interest in Self-Help Services. Psychiatric Services, 2008, 59, 695-696.	2.0	13
138	Access and Interest: Two Important Issues in Considering the Feasibility of Web-Assisted Tobacco Interventions. Journal of Medical Internet Research, 2008, 10, e37.	4.3	15
139	Relighting cigarettes: How common is it?. Nicotine and Tobacco Research, 2007, 9, 621-623.	2.6	6
140	Implications of the Normative Fallacy in Young Adult Smokers Aged 19–24 Years. American Journal of Public Health, 2007, 97, 1399-1400.	2.7	22
141	Beliefs about drinking problems: Results from a general population telephone survey. Addictive Behaviors, 2007, 32, 166-169.	3.0	18
142	Internet-based self-assessment of drinking—3-month follow-up data. Addictive Behaviors, 2007, 32, 533-542.	3.0	24
143	Increasing perceived choice about change in smokers: Implications. Addictive Behaviors, 2007, 32, 1907-1912.	3.0	2
144	Internet-based interventions for alcohol, tobacco and other substances of abuse., 2007,, 399-416.		8

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145	Controlled study of brief personalized assessment-feedback for drinkers interested in self-help. Addiction, 2007, 102, 241-250.	3.3	29
146	Does progressive stage transition mean getting better? A test of the Transtheoretical Model in alcoholism recovery. Addiction, 2007, 102, 1588-1596.	3.3	17
147	Access to the Internet among drinkers, smokers and illicit drug users: Is it a barrier to the provision of interventions on the World Wide Web?. Informatics for Health and Social Care, 2006, 31, 53-58.	1.0	42
148	Motivating smoking reductions by framing health information as safer smoking tips. Addictive Behaviors, 2006, 31, 1465-1468.	3.0	8
149	Social pressure, coercion, and client engagement at treatment entry: A self-determination theory perspective. Addictive Behaviors, 2006, 31, 1858-1872.	3.0	132
150	Potential community and public health impacts of medically supervised safer smoking facilities for crack cocaine users. Harm Reduction Journal, 2006, 3, 1.	3.2	112
151	RISK CURVES: GAMBLING WITH DATA. Addiction, 2006, 101, 1214-1215.	3.3	11
152	EXAMINING TREATMENT USE AMONG ALCOHOL-DEPENDENT INDIVIDUALS FROM A POPULATION PERSPECTIVE. Alcohol and Alcoholism, 2006, 41, 632-635.	1.6	17
153	Barriers to tobacco cessation. Cmaj, 2006, 175, 388-388.	2.0	1
154	REGRESSION TO THE MEAN: WHAT DOES IT MEAN?. Alcohol and Alcoholism, 2006, 41, 580-580.	1.6	21
155	Integrated online services for smokers and drinkers? Use of the Check Your Drinking assessment screener by participants of the Stop Smoking Center. Nicotine and Tobacco Research, 2006, 8, 21-25.	2.6	20
156	Formative Evaluation and Three-Month Follow-Up of an Online Personalized Assessment Feedback Intervention for Problem Drinkers. Journal of Medical Internet Research, 2006, 8, e5.	4.3	52
157	"Yes, l've Received Treatment― What Does This Mean in the Context of Epidemiological Surveys for Alcohol Problems?. Contemporary Drug Problems, 2005, 32, 457-465.	1.6	2
158	Innovative approaches to intervention for problem drinking. Current Opinion in Psychiatry, 2005, 18, 229-234.	6.3	30
159	IS LEVEL OF INTEREST AMONG CANNABIS USERS IN SELF-HELP MATERIALS AND OTHER SERVICES AIMED AT REDUCING PROBLEM USE?. Addiction, 2005, 100, 561-562.	3.3	8
160	ON REASONS FOR DRINKING LESS: A FRAMEWORK OF METHODOLOGICAL CONSIDERATIONS. Addiction, 2005, 100, 1886-1888.	3.3	1
161	SHORT-TERM RECOVERY FROM ALCOHOL ABUSE OR DEPENDENCE: ANY EVIDENCE OF A RELATIONSHIP WITH TREATMENT USE IN A GENERAL POPULATION SAMPLE?. Alcohol and Alcoholism, 2005, 40, 419-421.	1.6	5
162	Maturing out of drinking problems: perceptions of natural history as a function of severity. Addiction Research and Theory, 2005, 13, 79-84.	1.9	20

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163	Current heavy drinkers' reasons for considering change: Results from a natural history general population survey. Addictive Behaviors, 2005, 30, 581-584.	3.0	10
164	Motivation and life events: A prospective natural history pilot study of problem drinkers in the community. Addictive Behaviors, 2005, 30, 1603-1606.	3.0	10
165	Internet and paper self-help materials for problem drinking: Is there an additive effect?. Addictive Behaviors, 2005, 30, 1517-1523.	3.0	53
166	Does stage-of-change predict dropout in a culturally diverse sample of adolescents admitted to inpatient substance-abuse treatment? A test of the Transtheoretical Model. Addictive Behaviors, 2005, 30, 1834-1847.	3.0	80
167	Little Use of Treatment Among Problem Gamblers. Psychiatric Services, 2005, 56, 1024-a-1025.	2.0	106
168	Alcohol Problems and Interest in Self-help. Canadian Journal of Public Health, 2004, 95, 127-132.	2.3	17
169	Stopping Illicit Drug Use Without Treatment: Any Relation to Frequency of Drug Use?. American Journal on Addictions, 2004, 13, 292-294.	1.4	3
170	Using collaterals to validate self-reports of problem drinkers: Any impact on client attrition and quantity of drinking reported?. Addictive Behaviors, 2004, 29, 615-621.	3.0	2
171	Only one in three people with alcohol abuse or dependence ever seek treatment. Addictive Behaviors, 2004, 29, 221-223.	3.0	143
172	Characteristics of Former Heavy Drinkers: Results from a Natural History of Drinking General Population Survey. Contemporary Drug Problems, 2004, 31, 357-369.	1.6	15
173	Interest in self-help materials among a general population sample of smokers. Addictive Behaviors, 2003, 28, 811-816.	3.0	8
174	The role of relevancy in normative feedback for university students' drinking patterns. Addictive Behaviors, 2003, 28, 1523-1528.	3.0	13
175	Comparison of a quick drinking screen with the timeline followback for individuals with alcohol problems Journal of Studies on Alcohol and Drugs, 2003, 64, 858-861.	2.3	159
176	A Prospective Study of Quit Attempts from Alcohol Problems in a Community Sample: Modeling the Processes of Change. Addiction Research and Theory, 2002, 10, 159-173.	1.9	10
177	Treating alcohol problems with self-help materials: a population study Journal of Studies on Alcohol and Drugs, 2002, 63, 649-654.	2.3	34
178	Gender differences in detoxification: predictors of completion and re-admission. Journal of Substance Abuse Treatment, 2002, 23, 399-407.	2.8	62
179	Intravenous and non-intravenous cocaine abusers admitted to inpatient detoxification treatment: a 3-year medical-chart review of patient characteristics and predictors of treatment re-admission. Drug and Alcohol Dependence, 2002, 68, 323-328.	3.2	14
180	Promoting Self-Change With Alcohol Abusers: A Community-Level Mail Intervention Based on Natural Recovery Studies. Alcoholism: Clinical and Experimental Research, 2002, 26, 936-948.	2.4	70

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