

Rickesha Bell

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: <https://exaly.com/author-pdf/2659892/publications.pdf>

Version: 2024-02-01

11
papers

1,177
citations

1040056

9
h-index

1281871

11
g-index

12
all docs

12
docs citations

12
times ranked

2026
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Expansion of Bacteriophages Is Linked to Aggravated Intestinal Inflammation and Colitis. <i>Cell Host and Microbe</i> , 2019, 25, 285-299.e8.	11.0	342
2	T cell-mediated regulation of the microbiota protects against obesity. <i>Science</i> , 2019, 365, .	12.6	236
3	A member of the gut mycobiota modulates host purine metabolism exacerbating colitis in mice. <i>Science Translational Medicine</i> , 2017, 9, .	12.4	159
4	MHC variation sculpts individualized microbial communities that control susceptibility to enteric infection. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2015, 6, 8642.	12.8	132
5	Adaptive immunity induces mutualism between commensal eukaryotes. <i>Nature</i> , 2021, 596, 114-118.	27.8	110
6	Thymic development of gut-microbiota-specific T cells. <i>Nature</i> , 2021, 594, 413-417.	27.8	108
7	The microbiota protects from viral-induced neurologic damage through microglia-intrinsic TLR signaling. <i>ELife</i> , 2019, 8, .	6.0	41
8	Microbiota promotes systemic T-cell survival through suppression of an apoptotic factor. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2017, 114, 5497-5502.	7.1	23
9	Epithelial-myeloid exchange of MHC class II constrains immunity and microbiota composition. <i>Cell Reports</i> , 2021, 37, 109916.	6.4	14
10	Molecular patterns from a human gut-derived <i>Lactobacillus</i> strain suppress pathogenic infiltration of leukocytes into the central nervous system. <i>Journal of Neuroinflammation</i> , 2020, 17, 291.	7.2	5
11	Latency for facultative expression of male-typical courtship behaviour by female bluehead wrasses depends on social rank: The "priming/gating" hypothesis. <i>Journal of Experimental Biology</i> , 2018, 221, .	1.7	3