Kelly-Anne Phillips, Mbbs

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/2621943/publications.pdf

Version: 2024-02-01

145 papers 11,048 citations

50276 46 h-index 99 g-index

148 all docs

148 docs citations

times ranked

148

13318 citing authors

#	Article	lF	Citations
1	Risks of Breast, Ovarian, and Contralateral Breast Cancer for <i>BRCA1</i> and <i>BRCA2</i> Mutation Carriers. JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association, 2017, 317, 2402.	7.4	1,898
2	Association analysis identifies 65 new breast cancer risk loci. Nature, 2017, 551, 92-94.	27.8	1,099
3	Cognitive Function in Breast Cancer Patients Receiving Adjuvant Chemotherapy. Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2000, 18, 2695-2701.	1.6	511
4	Goserelin for Ovarian Protection during Breast-Cancer Adjuvant Chemotherapy. New England Journal of Medicine, 2015, 372, 923-932.	27.0	452
5	Association of Type and Location of <i>BRCA1</i> BRCA2Mutations With Risk of Breast and Ovarian Cancer. JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association, 2015, 313, 1347.	7.4	390
6	Key steps for effective breast cancer prevention. Nature Reviews Cancer, 2020, 20, 417-436.	28.4	386
7	Identification of 12 new susceptibility loci for different histotypes of epithelial ovarian cancer. Nature Genetics, 2017, 49, 680-691.	21.4	356
8	Obesity and Outcomes in Premenopausal and Postmenopausal Breast Cancer. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2005, 14, 1686-1691.	2.5	290
9	The nature and severity of cognitive impairment associated with adjuvant chemotherapy in women with breast cancer: A meta-analysis of the current literature. Brain and Cognition, 2005, 59, 60-70.	1.8	269
10	Genome-wide association study identifies 32 novel breast cancer susceptibility loci from overall and subtype-specific analyses. Nature Genetics, 2020, 52, 572-581.	21.4	265
11	The Y Deletion gr/gr and Susceptibility to Testicular Germ Cell Tumor. American Journal of Human Genetics, 2005, 77, 1034-1043.	6.2	197
12	Local therapy in BRCA1 and BRCA2 mutation carriers with operable breast cancer: comparison of breast conservation and mastectomy. Breast Cancer Research and Treatment, 2010, 121, 389-398.	2.5	170
13	<i>CHEK2</i> *1100delC Heterozygosity in Women With Breast Cancer Associated With Early Death, Breast Cancer–Specific Death, and Increased Risk of a Second Breast Cancer. Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2012, 30, 4308-4316.	1.6	162
14	Tamoxifen and Risk of Contralateral Breast Cancer for <i>BRCA1</i> and <i>BRCA2</i> Mutation Carriers. Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2013, 31, 3091-3099.	1.6	148
15	Making hard choices easier: a prospective, multicentre study to assess the efficacy of a fertility-related decision aid in young women with early-stage breast cancer. British Journal of Cancer, 2012, 106, 1053-1061.	6.4	144
16	Genome-wide linkage screen for testicular germ cell tumour susceptibility loci. Human Molecular Genetics, 2006, 15, 443-451.	2.9	138
17	Analysis of cancer risk and BRCA1 and BRCA2mutation prevalence in the kConFab familial breast cancer resource. Breast Cancer Research, 2006, 8, R12.	5.0	135
18	Breast Cancer Prognosis in <i>BRCA1</i> and <i>BRCA2</i> Mutation Carriers: An International Prospective Breast Cancer Family Registry Population-Based Cohort Study. Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2012, 30, 19-26.	1.6	134

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
19	Breast cancer risk variants at 6q25 display different phenotype associations and regulate ESR1, RMND1 and CCDC170. Nature Genetics, 2016, 48, 374-386.	21.4	125
20	Adjuvant Breast Cancer Treatment and Cognitive Function: Current Knowledge and Research Directions. Journal of the National Cancer Institute, 2003, 95, 190-197.	6.3	122
21	10-year performance of four models of breast cancer risk: a validation study. Lancet Oncology, The, 2019, 20, 504-517.	10.7	116
22	Agreement Between Self-Reported Breast Cancer Treatment and Medical Records in a Population-Based Breast Cancer Family Registry. Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2005, 23, 4679-4686.	1.6	99
23	Early Detection of Ovarian Cancer using the Risk of Ovarian Cancer Algorithm with Frequent CA125 Testing in Women at Increased Familial Risk – Combined Results from Two Screening Trials. Clinical Cancer Research, 2017, 23, 3628-3637.	7.0	99
24	Putting the Risk of Breast Cancer in Perspective. New England Journal of Medicine, 1999, 340, 141-144.	27.0	98
25	Breast Cancer Risk Prediction Using Clinical Models and 77 Independent Risk-Associated SNPs for Women Aged Under 50 Years: Australian Breast Cancer Family Registry. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2016, 25, 359-365.	2.5	96
26	Breast Carcinomas Arising in Carriers of Mutations in BRCA1 or BRCA2: Are They Prognostically Different?. Journal of Clinical Oncology, 1999, 17, 3653-3663.	1.6	92
27	Anti-Mýllerian hormone serum concentrations of women with germline <i>BRCA1</i> PRCA2mutations. Human Reproduction, 2016, 31, 1126-1132.	0.9	84
28	Polygenic risk scores and breast and epithelial ovarian cancer risks for carriers of BRCA1 and BRCA2 pathogenic variants. Genetics in Medicine, 2020, 22, 1653-1666.	2.4	82
29	The role of genetic breast cancer susceptibility variants as prognostic factors. Human Molecular Genetics, 2012, 21, 3926-3939.	2.9	80
30	Prognosis of Breast Cancer in Carriers of <i>BRCA1 </i> Journal of Medicine, 2007, 357, 1555-1556.	27.0	79
31	Psychosocial Factors and Survival of Young Women With Breast Cancer: A Population-Based Prospective Cohort Study. Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2008, 26, 4666-4671.	1.6	77
32	Final Analysis of the Prevention of Early Menopause Study (POEMS)/SWOG Intergroup S0230. Journal of the National Cancer Institute, 2019, 111, 210-213.	6.3	70
33	Cognitive function in postmenopausal women receiving adjuvant letrozole or tamoxifen for breast cancer in the BIG 1-98 randomized trial. Breast, 2010, 19, 388-395.	2.2	69
34	Risk-reducing surgery, screening and chemoprevention practices of BRCA1 and BRCA2 mutation carriers: a prospective cohort study. Clinical Genetics, 2006, 70, 198-206.	2.0	67
35	Prognosis of Premenopausal Breast Cancer and Childbirth Prior to Diagnosis. Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2004, 22, 699-705.	1.6	63
36	HER-2/neu status and tumor morphology of invasive breast carcinomas in Ashkenazi women with known BRCA1 mutation status in the Ontario Familial Breast Cancer Registry. Cancer, 2002, 95, 2068-2075.	4.1	61

#	Article	IF	Citations
37	Risk of Dementia in Older Breast Cancer Survivors: A Populationâ€Based Cohort Study of the Association with Adjuvant Chemotherapy. Journal of the American Geriatrics Society, 2009, 57, 403-411.	2.6	61
38	What survival benefits do premenopausal patients with early breast cancer need to make endocrine therapy worthwhile?. Lancet Oncology, The, 2005, 6, 581-588.	10.7	59
39	Identification of Novel Genetic Markers of Breast Cancer Survival. Journal of the National Cancer Institute, 2015, 107, .	6.3	56
40	Cognitive function in postmenopausal breast cancer patients one year after completing adjuvant endocrine therapy with letrozole and/or tamoxifen in the BIG 1-98 trial. Breast Cancer Research and Treatment, 2011, 126, 221-226.	2.5	55
41	Breast cancer risk prediction using a polygenic risk score in the familial setting: a prospective study from the Breast Cancer Family Registry and kConFab. Genetics in Medicine, 2017, 19, 30-35.	2.4	53
42	Prevalence of self-reported arm morbidity following treatment for breast cancer in the Australian Breast Cancer Family Study. Breast, 2001, 10, 515-522.	2.2	52
43	Annexin A1 expression in a pooled breast cancer series: association with tumor subtypes and prognosis. BMC Medicine, 2015, 13, 156.	5. 5	51
44	Past recreational physical activity, body size, and all-cause mortality following breast cancer diagnosis: results from the breast cancer family registry. Breast Cancer Research and Treatment, 2010, 123, 531-542.	2.5	50
45	Cohort Profile: The Breast Cancer Prospective Family Study Cohort (ProF-SC). International Journal of Epidemiology, 2016, 45, 683-692.	1.9	48
46	Contralateral prophylactic mastectomy (CPM): A systematic review of patient reported factors and psychological predictors influencing choice and satisfaction. Breast, 2016, 28, 107-120.	2.2	48
47	Predictors of participation in clinical and psychosocial follow-up of the kConFab breast cancer family cohort. Familial Cancer, 2005, 4, 105-113.	1.9	47
48	Predictors of breast cancer screening behavior in women with a strong family history of the disease. Breast Cancer Research and Treatment, 2010, 124, 509-519.	2.5	46
49	Body mass index and breast cancer survival: a Mendelian randomization analysis. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2017, 46, 1814-1822.	1.9	45
50	Prospective validation of the breast cancer risk prediction model BOADICEA and a batch-mode version BOADICEACentre. British Journal of Cancer, 2013, 109, 1296-1301.	6.4	44
51	Assessing and managing breast cancer risk: Clinicians' current practice and future needs. Breast, 2014, 23, 644-650.	2.2	44
52	Regular use of aspirin and other non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs and breast cancer risk for women at familial or genetic risk: a cohort study. Breast Cancer Research, 2019, 21, 52.	5.0	44
53	Risk-reducing surgery in women with familial susceptibility for breast and/or ovarian cancer. European Journal of Cancer, 2006, 42, 621-628.	2.8	43
54	Perceptions of Ashkenazi Jewish breast cancer patients on genetic testing for mutations in BRCA1 and BRCA2. Clinical Genetics, 2000, 57, 376-383.	2.0	42

#	Article	IF	Citations
55	The International Testicular Cancer Linkage Consortium: A clinicopathologic descriptive analysis of 461 familial malignant testicular germ cell tumor kindred. Urologic Oncology: Seminars and Original Investigations, 2010, 28, 492-499.	1.6	42
56	Do <i>BRCA1</i> and <ibrca2< i=""> Mutation Carriers Have Earlier Natural Menopause Than Their Noncarrier Relatives? Results From the Kathleen Cuningham Foundation Consortium for Research Into Familial Breast Cancer. Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2013, 31, 3920-3925.</ibrca2<>	1.6	42
57	Risk-reducing salpingo-oophorectomy, natural menopause, and breast cancer risk: an international prospective cohort of BRCA1 and BRCA2 mutation carriers. Breast Cancer Research, 2020, 22, 8.	5.0	41
58	Average age-specific cumulative risk of breast cancer according to type and site of germline mutations in BRCA1 and BRCA2 estimated from multiple-case breast cancer families attending Australian family cancer clinics. Human Genetics, 2003, 112, 542-551.	3.8	40
59	Morphological predictors of BRCA1 germline mutations in young women with breast cancer. British Journal of Cancer, 2011, 104, 903-909.	6.4	40
60	Preventing breast and ovarian cancers in highâ€risk BRCA1 and BRCA2 mutation carriers. Medical Journal of Australia, 2013, 199, 680-683.	1.7	39
61	Screening behavior in women at increased familial risk for breast cancer. Familial Cancer, 2006, 5, 359-368.	1.9	38
62	Adjuvant ovarian function suppression and cognitive function in women with breast cancer. British Journal of Cancer, 2016, 114, 956-964.	6.4	38
63	Analysis of the <i>DND1</i> gene in men with sporadic and familial testicular germ cell tumors. Genes Chromosomes and Cancer, 2008, 47, 247-252.	2.8	37
64	Recreational Physical Activity Is Associated with Reduced Breast Cancer Risk in Adult Women at High Risk for Breast Cancer: A Cohort Study of Women Selected for Familial and Genetic Risk. Cancer Research, 2020, 80, 116-125.	0.9	37
65	The PARP inhibitor, olaparib, depletes the ovarian reserve in mice: implications for fertility preservation. Human Reproduction, 2020, 35, 1864-1874.	0.9	36
66	Assessing Associations between the AURKA-HMMR-TPX2-TUBG1 Functional Module and Breast Cancer Risk in BRCA1/2 Mutation Carriers. PLoS ONE, 2015, 10, e0120020.	2.5	34
67	Oral contraceptive use and ovarian cancer risk for BRCA1/2 mutation carriers: an international cohort study. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2021, 225, 51.e1-51.e17.	1.3	34
68	Using SNP genotypes to improve the discrimination of a simple breast cancer risk prediction model. Breast Cancer Research and Treatment, 2013, 139, 887-896.	2.5	33
69	iPrevent \hat{A}^{o} : a tailored, web-based, decision support tool for breast cancer risk assessment and management. Breast Cancer Research and Treatment, 2016, 156, 171-182.	2.5	33
70	Oral Contraceptive Use and Breast Cancer Risk: Retrospective and Prospective Analyses From a BRCA1 and BRCA2 Mutation Carrier Cohort Study. JNCI Cancer Spectrum, 2018, 2, pky023.	2.9	33
71	Prediagnosis Reproductive Factors and All-Cause Mortality for Women with Breast Cancer in the Breast Cancer Family Registry. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2009, 18, 1792-1797.	2.5	32
72	Transcriptomeâ€wide association study of breast cancer risk by estrogenâ€receptor status. Genetic Epidemiology, 2020, 44, 442-468.	1.3	32

#	Article	IF	Citations
73	A Randomized Controlled Trial of a Decision Aid for Women at Increased Risk of Ovarian Cancer. Medical Decision Making, 2006, 26, 360-372.	2.4	31
74	Contralateral risk-reducing mastectomy in BRCA1 and BRCA2 mutation carriers and other high-risk women in the Kathleen Cuningham Foundation Consortium for Research into Familial Breast Cancer (kConFab). Breast Cancer Research and Treatment, 2010, 120, 715-723.	2.5	29
75	Alcohol consumption, cigarette smoking, and familial breast cancer risk: findings from the Prospective Family Study Cohort (ProF-SC). Breast Cancer Research, 2019, 21, 128.	5.0	27
76	Common germline polymorphisms associated with breast cancer-specific survival. Breast Cancer Research, 2015, 17, 58.	5.0	26
77	Alcohol Consumption, Cigarette Smoking, and Risk of Breast Cancer for <i>BRCA1</i> and <i>BRCA2</i> Mutation Carriers: Results from The BRCA1 and BRCA2 Cohort Consortium. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2020, 29, 368-378.	2.5	24
78	A phase II trial of capecitabine in heavily pre-treated platinum-resistant ovarian cancer. Gynecologic Oncology, 2004, 93, 417-421.	1.4	23
79	Younger age-at-diagnosis for familial malignant testicular germ cell tumor. Familial Cancer, 2009, 8, 451-456.	1.9	21
80	Association of genetic susceptibility variants for type 2 diabetes with breast cancer risk in women of European ancestry. Cancer Causes and Control, 2016, 27, 679-693.	1.8	21
81	Women's preferences for contralateral prophylactic mastectomy: An investigation using protection motivation theory. Patient Education and Counseling, 2016, 99, 814-822.	2.2	21
82	Family history of breast cancer and all-cause mortality after breast cancer diagnosis in the Breast Cancer Family Registry. Breast Cancer Research and Treatment, 2009, 117, 167-176.	2.5	20
83	Women's preferences for selective estrogen reuptake modulators: An investigation using protection motivation theory. Patient Education and Counseling, 2014, 96, 106-112.	2.2	20
84	Assessment of variation in immunosuppressive pathway genes reveals TGFBR2 to be associated with prognosis of estrogen receptor-negative breast cancer after chemotherapy. Breast Cancer Research, 2015, 17, 18.	5.0	20
85	Debated Role of Ovarian Protection With Gonadotropin-Releasing Hormone Agonists During Chemotherapy for Preservation of Ovarian Function and Fertility in Women With Cancer. Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2017, 35, 804-805.	1.6	20
86	Clinical, pathological and genetic features of women at high familial risk of breast cancer undergoing prophylactic mastectomy. Clinical Genetics, 2003, 64, 111-121.	2.0	19
87	Cancer Risk Management Practices of Noncarriers Within <i>BRCA1/2</i> Mutation–Positive Families in the Kathleen Cuningham Foundation Consortium for Research Into Familial Breast Cancer. Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2008, 26, 225-232.	1.6	19
88	A case-only study to identify genetic modifiers of breast cancer risk for BRCA1/BRCA2 mutation carriers. Nature Communications, 2021, 12, 1078.	12.8	19
89	No clinical utility of KRAS variant rs61764370 for ovarian or breast cancer. Gynecologic Oncology, 2016, 141, 386-401.	1.4	18
90	Preventing ovarian failure associated with chemotherapy. Medical Journal of Australia, 2018, 209, 412-416.	1.7	18

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
91	Australian clinicians and chemoprevention for women at high familial risk for breast cancer. Hereditary Cancer in Clinical Practice, 2009, 7, 9.	1.5	17
92	Prospective study of breast cancer risk for mutation negative women from BRCA1 or BRCA2 mutation positive families. Breast Cancer Research and Treatment, 2011, 130, 1057-1061.	2.5	17
93	2q36.3 is associated with prognosis for oestrogen receptor-negative breast cancer patients treated with chemotherapy. Nature Communications, 2014, 5, 4051.	12.8	16
94	Transitioning to routine breast cancer risk assessment and management in primary care: what can we learn from cardiovascular disease?. Australian Journal of Primary Health, 2016, 22, 255.	0.9	16
95	Breast cancer prevention for BRCA1 and BRCA2 mutation carriers: is there a role for tamoxifen?. Future Oncology, 2014, 10, 499-502.	2.4	15
96	Clinical management of women at high risk of breast cancer. Current Opinion in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2015, 27, 6-13.	2.0	13
97	Validation of the IBIS breast cancer risk evaluator for women with lobular carcinoma in-situ. British Journal of Cancer, 2018, 119, 36-39.	6.4	13
98	Comparing 5-Year and Lifetime Risks of Breast CancerÂusing the Prospective Family Study Cohort. Journal of the National Cancer Institute, 2021, 113, 785-791.	6.3	13
99	Current perspectives on BRCA1- and BRCA2-associated breast cancers. Internal Medicine Journal, 2001, 31, 349-356.	0.8	12
100	Does stress increase risk of breast cancer? A 15â€year prospective study. Psycho-Oncology, 2018, 27, 1908-1914.	2.3	12
101	Survival from breast cancer in women with a BRCA2 mutation by treatment. British Journal of Cancer, 2021, 124, 1524-1532.	6.4	12
102	Chemotherapy for soft tissue sarcomas. Acta Orthopaedica, 1997, 68, 133-138.	1.4	11
103	Women's preferences for contralateral prophylactic mastectomy following unilateral breast cancer: What risk-reduction makes it worthwhile?. Breast, 2017, 31, 233-240.	2.2	11
104	Risk-Reducing Salpingo-Oophorectomy and Breast Cancer Risk Reduction in the Gynecologic Oncology Group Protocol-0199 (GOG-0199). JNCI Cancer Spectrum, 2020, 4, pkz075.	2.9	11
105	Assessment of Ovarian Function in PhaseÂIII (Neo)Adjuvant Breast Cancer Clinical Trials: A Systematic Evaluation. Journal of the National Cancer Institute, 2021, , .	6.3	11
106	Psychosocial factors and uptake of risk-reducing salpingo-oophorectomy in women at high risk for ovarian cancer. Familial Cancer, 2013, 12, 101-109.	1.9	10
107	Predicting women's intentions for contralateral prophylactic mastectomy: An application of an extended theory of planned behaviour. European Journal of Oncology Nursing, 2016, 21, 57-65.	2.1	10
108	Conservative management of reproductive cancers. Ovarian protection during treatment. Best Practice and Research in Clinical Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2019, 55, 49-58.	2.8	10

#	Article	IF	Citations
109	The iPrevent Online Breast Cancer Risk Assessment and Risk Management Tool: Usability and Acceptability Testing. JMIR Formative Research, 2018, 2, e24.	1.4	10
110	Breast carcinoma in carriers of BRCA1 or BRCA2 mutations. Cancer, 1998, 83, 2251-2254.	4.1	9
111	Genetic testing in women with breast cancer: implications for treatment. Expert Review of Anticancer Therapy, 2017, 17, 991-1002.	2.4	9
112	Benign breast disease increases breast cancer risk independent of underlying familial risk profile: Findings from a Prospective Family Study Cohort. International Journal of Cancer, 2019, 145, 370-379.	5.1	9
113	Accuracy of Risk Estimates from the iPrevent Breast Cancer Risk Assessment and Management Tool. JNCI Cancer Spectrum, 2019, 3, pkz066.	2.9	8
114	Prospective follow-up of quality of life for participants undergoing risk-reducing salpingo-oophorectomy or ovarian cancer screening in GOG-0199: An NRG Oncology/GOG study. Gynecologic Oncology, 2020, 156, 131-139.	1.4	8
115	Bilateral Salpingo-oophorectomy and Breast Cancer Risk for <i>BRCA1</i> and <i>BRCA2</i> Mutation Carriers: Assessing the Evidence. Cancer Prevention Research, 2021, 14, 983-994.	1.5	8
116	Oral Contraceptive Use in <i>BRCA1</i> and <i>BRCA2</i> Mutation Carriers: Absolute Cancer Risks and Benefits. Journal of the National Cancer Institute, 2022, 114, 540-552.	6.3	7
117	Adequacy of risk-reducing gynaecologic surgery in BRCA1 or BRCA2 mutation carriers and other women at high risk of pelvic serous cancer. Familial Cancer, 2011, 10, 505-514.	1.9	6
118	Breast Cancer Chemoprevention: Use and Views of Australian Women and Their Clinicians. Cancer Prevention Research, 2021, 14, 131-144.	1.5	6
119	Loss of Heterozygosity Analysis in Ductal Lavage Samples from BRCA1 and BRCA2 Carriers: A Cautionary Tale. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2006, 15, 1396-1398.	2.5	5
120	Socioâ€economic status and survival from breast cancer for young, Australian, urban women. Australian and New Zealand Journal of Public Health, 2010, 34, 200-205.	1.8	5
121	Misperceptions of ovarian cancer risk in women at increased risk for hereditary ovarian cancer. Familial Cancer, 2014, 13, 153-162.	1.9	5
122	Testing for Gene-Environment Interactions Using a Prospective Family Cohort Design: Body Mass Index in Early and Later Adulthood and Risk of Breast Cancer. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2017, 185, 487-500.	3.4	5
123	Medication to prevent breast cancer â€" too much to swallow?. Medical Journal of Australia, 2011, 195, 646-649.	1.7	4
124	The value of clinical breast examination in a breast cancer surveillance program for women with germline <i>BRCA1</i> or <i>BRCA2</i> mutations. Medical Journal of Australia, 2021, 215, 460-464.	1.7	4
125	Motivators of Inappropriate Ovarian Cancer Screening: A Survey of Women and Their Clinicians. JNCI Cancer Spectrum, 2021, 5, pkaa110.	2.9	4
126	Weight is More Informative than Body Mass Index for Predicting Postmenopausal Breast Cancer Risk: Prospective Family Study Cohort (ProF-SC). Cancer Prevention Research, 2022, 15, 185-191.	1.5	4

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
127	An Online Educational Facility for Medical Oncology Trainees: www.vmotg.org. Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2001, 19, 2566-2569.	1.6	3
128	Prostate screening uptake in Australian BRCA1 and BRCA2 carriers. Hereditary Cancer in Clinical Practice, 2007, 5, 161.	1.5	3
129	Womenâ∈™s preferences for selective estrogen reuptake modulators: an investigation using the time trade-off technique. SpringerPlus, 2014, 3, 264.	1.2	3
130	Screening and Diagnosis of Ovarian Cancer—High Risk. , 2004, , 341-354.		2
131	Abstract P1-12-06: Co-SOFT: The cognitive function substudy of the suppression of ovarian function trial (SOFT)., 2015,,.		2
132	Development of a tailored, computerized, breast cancer risk assessment and decision support tool: What do clinicians want?. Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2013, 31, e20660-e20660.	1.6	2
133	Management of Women at High Familial Risk of Breast and Ovarian Cancer. , 2009, , 941-967.		2
134	Understanding the barriers to, and facilitators of, ovarian toxicity assessment in breast cancer clinical trials. Breast, 2022, , .	2.2	2
135	Bilateral Salpingo-Oophorectomy to Reduce Breast Cancer Risk in Women With Germline BRCA1 or BRCA2 Pathogenic Variantsâ€"Caution Needed. JAMA Oncology, 2021, 7, 1401.	7.1	1
136	Underutilisation of breast cancer prevention medication in Australia. Breast, 2021, 60, 35-37.	2.2	1
137	Assessing breast cancer risk in primary care: What can we learn from cardiovascular disease?. Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2013, 31, 17-17.	1.6	1
138	Assessment of ovarian function as an endpoint in breast cancer clinical trials: A systematic review Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2020, 38, e14098-e14098.	1.6	1
139	Abortion and breast cancer risk for Australian women. Medical Journal of Australia, 2014, 201, 381-381.	1.7	1
140	Pregnancy induced hyperplasia of residual breast tissue following risk reducing contralateral mastectomy - simply interesting or a clinically important observation. Cancer Treatment and Research Communications, 2022, 30, 100504.	1.7	1
141	Recreational Physical Activity and Outcomes After Breast Cancer in Women at High Familial Risk. JNCI Cancer Spectrum, 2021, 5, pkab090.	2.9	1
142	Maximizing the Clinical Benefit of DPYD Genotyping: Extending the Opportunity of Personalized Management to Family Members Through Cascade Testing. JCO Precision Oncology, 2018, 2, 1-5.	3.0	0
143	Unexpected diagnosis of spinal leptomeningeal metastatic disease on MRI myelography. Journal of Clinical Neuroscience, 2019, 66, 259-261.	1.5	0
144	Abstract P5-19-03: What are the barriers to assessment of ovarian toxicity in breast cancer clinical trials?. Cancer Research, 2022, 82, P5-19-03-P5-19-03.	0.9	0

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
145	Risk of Peritoneal Cancer After Risk-Reducing Bilateral Salpingo-Oophorectomy for Women With Germline <i>BRCA</i> Pathogenic Variants: A Cause for Concern or Potentially Avoidable?. Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2022, , JCO2200325.	1.6	0