FabrÃ-cio Alano Pamplona

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Functional interplay between adenosine A2A receptor and NMDA preconditioning in fear memory and glutamate uptake in the mice hippocampus. Neurobiology of Learning and Memory, 2021, 180, 107422.	1.9	3
2	Potential Clinical Benefits of CBD-Rich Cannabis Extracts Over Purified CBD in Treatment-Resistant Epilepsy: Observational Data Meta-analysis. Frontiers in Neurology, 2018, 9, 759.	2.4	124
3	Extinction of avoidance behavior by safety learning depends on endocannabinoid signaling in the hippocampus. Journal of Psychiatric Research, 2017, 90, 46-59.	3.1	57
4	Blockade of hippocampal bradykinin B1 receptors improves spatial learning and memory deficits in middle-aged rats. Behavioural Brain Research, 2017, 316, 74-81.	2.2	15
5	FRIEND Engine Framework: a real time neurofeedback client-server system for neuroimaging studies. Frontiers in Behavioral Neuroscience, 2015, 9, 3.	2.0	15
6	Adenosine A1 Receptor-Dependent Antinociception Induced by Inosine in Mice: Pharmacological, Genetic and Biochemical Aspects. Molecular Neurobiology, 2015, 51, 1368-1378.	4.0	33
7	Adenosine A1 receptor activation modulates N-methyl-d-aspartate (NMDA) preconditioning phenotype in the brain. Behavioural Brain Research, 2015, 282, 103-110.	2.2	13
8	Age-Dependent Relevance of Endogenous 5-Lipoxygenase Derivatives in Anxiety-Like Behavior in Mice. PLoS ONE, 2014, 9, e85009.	2.5	20
9	Corticosteroid–endocannabinoid loop supports decrease of fear-conditioned response in rats. European Neuropsychopharmacology, 2014, 24, 1091-1102.	0.7	21
10	Endocannabinoids underlie reconsolidation of hedonic memories in Wistar rats. Psychopharmacology, 2014, 231, 1417-1425.	3.1	24
11	Cellular prion protein is present in dopaminergic neurons and modulates the dopaminergic system. European Journal of Neuroscience, 2014, 40, 2479-2486.	2.6	15
12	Cellular prion protein (PrPC) modulates ethanol-induced behavioral adaptive changes in mice. Behavioural Brain Research, 2014, 271, 325-332.	2.2	4
13	Neuromarketing: insightful, but not mind reading. E-Revista LOGO, 2014, 3, 93-112.	0.0	0
14	A current overview of cannabinoids and glucocorticoids in facilitating extinction of aversive memories: Potential extinction enhancers. Neuropharmacology, 2013, 64, 389-395.	4.1	68
15	Age-Related Cognitive Decline in Hypercholesterolemic LDL Receptor Knockout Mice (LDLrâ^'/â^'): Evidence of Antioxidant Imbalance and Increased Acetylcholinesterase Activity in the Prefrontal Cortex. Journal of Alzheimer's Disease, 2012, 32, 495-511.	2.6	53
16	Application of Mild Therapeutic Hypothermia on Stroke: A Systematic Review and Meta-Analysis. Stroke Research and Treatment, 2012, 2012, 1-12.	0.8	29
17	Anti-inflammatory lipoxin A ₄ is an endogenous allosteric enhancer of CB ₁ cannabinoid receptor. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2012, 109, 21134-21139.	7.1	161
18	Fear relief—toward a new conceptual frame work and what endocannabinoids gotta do with it. Neuroscience, 2012, 204, 159-185.	2.3	74

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19	Generalization of contextual fear depends on associative rather than non-associative memory components. Behavioural Brain Research, 2012, 233, 483-493.	2.2	42
20	Psychopharmacology of the endocannabinoids: far beyond anandamide. Journal of Psychopharmacology, 2012, 26, 7-22.	4.0	39
21	Prolonged fear incubation leads to generalized avoidance behavior in mice. Journal of Psychiatric Research, 2011, 45, 354-360.	3.1	65
22	Role of the glucose-dependent insulinotropic polypeptide and its receptor in the central nervous system: therapeutic potential in neurological diseases. Behavioural Pharmacology, 2010, 21, 394-408.	1.7	51
23	Early life environment determines the development of adult phobicâ€like fear responses in BALB/cAnN mice. Genes, Brain and Behavior, 2010, 9, 947-957.	2.2	11
24	Aspirin-triggered lipoxin induces CB1-dependent catalepsy in mice. Neuroscience Letters, 2010, 470, 33-37.	2.1	17
25	Environmental enrichment reduces the impact of novelty and motivational properties of ethanol in spontaneously hypertensive rats. Behavioural Brain Research, 2010, 208, 231-236.	2.2	45
26	Altered emotionality leads to increased pain tolerance in amyloid β (Aβ1–40) peptide-treated mice. Behavioural Brain Research, 2010, 212, 96-102.	2.2	21
27	Chronic caffeine treatment during prepubertal period confers long-term cognitive benefits in adult spontaneously hypertensive rats (SHR), an animal model of attention deficit hyperactivity disorder (ADHD). Behavioural Brain Research, 2010, 215, 39-44.	2.2	38
28	Environmental enrichment improves cognitive deficits in Spontaneously Hypertensive Rats (SHR): Relevance for Attention Deficit/Hyperactivity Disorder (ADHD). Progress in Neuro-Psychopharmacology and Biological Psychiatry, 2009, 33, 1153-1160.	4.8	69
29	Adenosine receptor antagonists improve short-term object-recognition ability of spontaneously hypertensive rats: a rodent model of attention-deficit hyperactivity disorder. Behavioural Pharmacology, 2009, 20, 134-145.	1.7	76
30	Short- and long-term effects of cannabinoids on the extinction of contextual fear memory in rats. Neurobiology of Learning and Memory, 2008, 90, 290-293.	1.9	112
31	Facilitation of contextual fear memory extinction and anti-anxiogenic effects of AM404 and cannabidiol in conditioned rats. European Neuropsychopharmacology, 2008, 18, 849-859.	0.7	219
32	Adenosine receptor antagonists for cognitive dysfunction: a review of animal studies. Frontiers in Bioscience - Landmark, 2008, 13, 2614.	3.0	156
33	Increased sensitivity to cocaine-induced analgesia in Spontaneously Hypertensive Rats (SHR). Behavioral and Brain Functions, 2007, 3, 9.	3.3	19
34	Increased sensitivity of adolescent spontaneously hypertensive rats, an animal model of attention deficit hyperactivity disorder, to the locomotor stimulation induced by the cannabinoid receptor agonist WIN 55,212-2. European Journal of Pharmacology, 2007, 563, 141-148.	3.5	44
35	WIN 55212-2 impairs contextual fear conditioning through the activation of CB1 cannabinoid receptors. Neuroscience Letters, 2006, 397, 88-92.	2.1	123
36	The cannabinoid receptor agonist WIN 55,212-2 facilitates the extinction of contextual fear memory and spatial memory in rats. Psychopharmacology, 2006, 188, 641-649.	3.1	176

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37	The cannabinoid antagonist SR141716A facilitates memory acquisition and consolidation in the mouse elevated T-maze. Neuroscience Letters, 2005, 380, 270-275.	2.1	106
38	Caffeine improves spatial learning deficits in an animal model of attention deficit hyperactivity disorder (ADHD) – the spontaneously hypertensive rat (SHR). International Journal of Neuropsychopharmacology, 2005, 8, 583.	2.1	112
39	Strain and sex differences in the expression of nociceptive behavior and stress-induced analgesia in rats. Brain Research, 2004, 1030, 277-283.	2.2	69