

# Hamish Foster

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: <https://exaly.com/author-pdf/2502228/publications.pdf>

Version: 2024-02-01

17  
papers

699  
citations

1163117

8  
h-index

1125743

13  
g-index

18  
all docs

18  
docs citations

18  
times ranked

1313  
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Is older age associated with COVID-19 mortality in the absence of other risk factors? General population cohort study of 470,034 participants. PLoS ONE, 2020, 15, e0241824.	2.5	208
2	The effect of socioeconomic deprivation on the association between an extended measurement of unhealthy lifestyle factors and health outcomes: a prospective analysis of the UK Biobank cohort. Lancet Public Health, The, 2018, 3, e576-e585.	10.0	199
3	Multimorbidity, polypharmacy, and COVID-19 infection within the UK Biobank cohort. PLoS ONE, 2020, 15, e0238091.	2.5	87
4	Associations of fat and carbohydrate intake with cardiovascular disease and mortality: prospective cohort study of UK Biobank participants. BMJ, The, 2020, 368, m688.	6.0	81
5	Comparison of two different frailty measurements and risk of hospitalisation or death from COVID-19: findings from UK Biobank. BMC Medicine, 2020, 18, 355.	5.5	52
6	The association between a lifestyle score, socioeconomic status, and COVID-19 outcomes within the UK Biobank cohort. BMC Infectious Diseases, 2022, 22, 273.	2.9	20
7	What do we know about demand, use and outcomes in primary care out-of-hours services? A systematic scoping review of international literature. BMJ Open, 2020, 10, e033481.	1.9	16
8	Nonlinear Associations Between Cumulative Dietary Risk Factors and Cardiovascular Diseases, Cancer, and All-Cause Mortality: A Prospective Cohort Study From UK Biobank. Mayo Clinic Proceedings, 2021, 96, 2418-2431.	3.0	15
9	Understanding the influence of socioeconomic status on the association between combinations of lifestyle factors and adverse health outcomes: a systematic review protocol. BMJ Open, 2021, 11, e042212.	1.9	11
10	Chronic pain and COVID-19 hospitalisation and mortality: a UK Biobank cohort study. Pain, 2023, 164, 84-90.	4.2	5
11	Does the association between physical capability and mortality differ by deprivation? Findings from the UK Biobank population-based cohort study. Journal of Sports Sciences, 2020, 38, 2732-2739.	2.0	1
12	Family history of diabetes and risk of SARS-CoV-2 in UK Biobank: A prospective cohort study. Endocrinology, Diabetes and Metabolism, 2021, 4, e00283.	2.4	1
13	No such thing as bad publicity? A quantitative content analysis of print media representations of primary care out-of-hours services. BMJ Open, 2019, 9, e023192.	1.9	0
14	Multimorbidity, polypharmacy, and COVID-19 infection within the UK Biobank cohort. , 2020, 15, e0238091.		0
15	Multimorbidity, polypharmacy, and COVID-19 infection within the UK Biobank cohort. , 2020, 15, e0238091.		0
16	Multimorbidity, polypharmacy, and COVID-19 infection within the UK Biobank cohort. , 2020, 15, e0238091.		0
17	Multimorbidity, polypharmacy, and COVID-19 infection within the UK Biobank cohort. , 2020, 15, e0238091.		0