

Nicolas Singewald

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: <https://exaly.com/author-pdf/2474259/publications.pdf>

Version: 2024-02-01

178
papers

10,238
citations

23500

58
h-index

43802

91
g-index

190
all docs

190
docs citations

190
times ranked

10151
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	The Novel Analogue of Modafinil CE-158 Protects Social Memory against Interference and Triggers the Release of Dopamine in the Nucleus Accumbens of Mice. <i>Biomolecules</i> , 2022, 12, 506.	1.8	4
2	Social interaction reward in rats has anti-stress effects. <i>Addiction Biology</i> , 2021, 26, e12878.	1.4	21
3	Microglial ablation in rats disrupts the circadian system. <i>FASEB Journal</i> , 2021, 35, e21195.	0.2	30
4	Short-term meditation training influences brain energy metabolism: A pilot study on ³¹ P MR spectroscopy. <i>Brain and Behavior</i> , 2021, 11, e01914.	1.0	4
5	Altered sleep behavior in a genetic mouse model of impaired fear extinction. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2021, 11, 8978.	1.6	10
6	Brain Energy Metabolism in Two States of Mind Measured by Phosphorous Magnetic Resonance Spectroscopy. <i>Frontiers in Human Neuroscience</i> , 2021, 15, 686433.	1.0	3
7	Reinstatement of synaptic plasticity in the aging brain through specific dopamine transporter inhibition. <i>Molecular Psychiatry</i> , 2021, 26, 7076-7090.	4.1	19
8	Central amygdala micro-circuits mediate fear extinction. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2021, 12, 4156.	5.8	38
9	Structure-Activity Relationships of Novel Thiazole-Based Modafinil Analogues Acting at Monoamine Transporters. <i>Journal of Medicinal Chemistry</i> , 2020, 63, 391-417.	2.9	23
10	The Good, the Bad and the Unknown Aspects of Ghrelin in Stress Coping and Stress-Related Psychiatric Disorders. <i>Frontiers in Synaptic Neuroscience</i> , 2020, 12, 594484.	1.3	26
11	Neuroinflammatory alterations in trait anxiety: modulatory effects of minocycline. <i>Translational Psychiatry</i> , 2020, 10, 256.	2.4	39
12	Cortical reorganization processes in meditation naïve participants induced by 7 weeks focused attention meditation training. <i>Behavioural Brain Research</i> , 2020, 395, 112828.	1.2	12
13	Effects of ghrelin receptor activation on forebrain dopamine release, conditioned fear and fear extinction in C57BL/6J mice. <i>Journal of Neurochemistry</i> , 2020, 154, 389-403.	2.1	8
14	On the objectivity, reliability, and validity of deep learning enabled bioimage analyses. <i>ELife</i> , 2020, 9, .	2.8	24
15	Novel pharmacological targets in drug development for the treatment of anxiety and anxiety-related disorders. , 2019, 204, 107402.		132
16	Effects of disrupted ghrelin receptor function on fear processing, anxiety and saccharin preference in mice. <i>Psychoneuroendocrinology</i> , 2019, 110, 104430.	1.3	13
17	Role of MicroRNAs in Anxiety and Anxiety-Related Disorders. <i>Current Topics in Behavioral Neurosciences</i> , 2019, 42, 185-219.	0.8	22
18	Structural and Functional Remodeling of Amygdala GABAergic Synapses in Associative Fear Learning. <i>Neuron</i> , 2019, 104, 781-794.e4.	3.8	24

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
19	Epigenetic Mechanisms Within the Cingulate Cortex Regulate Innate Anxiety-Like Behavior. <i>International Journal of Neuropsychopharmacology</i> , 2019, 22, 317-328.	1.0	18
20	Differential Effects of Novel Dopamine Reuptake Inhibitors on Interference With Long-Term Social Memory in Mice. <i>Frontiers in Behavioral Neuroscience</i> , 2019, 13, 63.	1.0	16
21	Role for Chromatin Remodeling Factor Chd1 in Learning and Memory. <i>Frontiers in Molecular Neuroscience</i> , 2019, 12, 3.	1.4	13
22	Increased amygdalar metabotropic glutamate receptor 7 mRNA in a genetic mouse model of impaired fear extinction. <i>Psychopharmacology</i> , 2019, 236, 265-272.	1.5	4
23	Rodent models of impaired fear extinction. <i>Psychopharmacology</i> , 2019, 236, 21-32.	1.5	80
24	Potential of microRNAs as novel targets in the alleviation of pathological fear. <i>Genes, Brain and Behavior</i> , 2018, 17, e12427.	1.1	15
25	MicroRNA-Mediated Rescue of Fear Extinction Memory by miR-144-3p in Extinction-Impaired Mice. <i>Biological Psychiatry</i> , 2017, 81, 979-989.	0.7	59
26	Individual differences in stress susceptibility and stress inhibitory mechanisms. <i>Current Opinion in Behavioral Sciences</i> , 2017, 14, 54-64.	2.0	90
27	New pharmacological strategies for augmenting extinction learning in anxiety disorders. <i>E-Neuroforum</i> , 2017, 23, A145-A156.	0.2	3
28	Neue pharmakologische Strategien zur Augmentation von Extinktionslernen in der Angsttherapie. <i>E-Neuroforum</i> , 2017, 23, 197-211.	0.2	0
29	Reduced Anxiety-Like Behavior and Altered Hippocampal Morphology in Female p75NTRexon IV ^{+/+} Mice. <i>Frontiers in Behavioral Neuroscience</i> , 2016, 10, 103.	1.0	14
30	Increased cocaine-induced conditioned place preference during periadolescence in maternally separated male BALB/c mice: the role of cortical BDNF, microRNA-212, and MeCP2. <i>Psychopharmacology</i> , 2016, 233, 3279-3288.	1.5	30
31	Enhancing dopaminergic signaling and histone acetylation promotes long-term rescue of deficient fear extinction. <i>Translational Psychiatry</i> , 2016, 6, e974-e974.	2.4	53
32	Dysregulation of select ATP-dependent chromatin remodeling factors in high trait anxiety. <i>Behavioural Brain Research</i> , 2016, 311, 141-146.	1.2	14
33	Depletion of nucleus accumbens dopamine leads to impaired reward and aversion processing in mice: Relevance to motivation pathologies. <i>Neuropharmacology</i> , 2016, 109, 306-319.	2.0	33
34	Fluoxetine normalizes disrupted light-induced entrainment, fragmented ultradian rhythms and altered hippocampal clock gene expression in an animal model of high trait anxiety- and depression-related behavior. <i>Annals of Medicine</i> , 2016, 48, 17-27.	1.5	22
35	Combined Neuropeptide S and D-Cycloserine Augmentation Prevents the Return of Fear in Extinction-Impaired Rodents: Advantage of Dual versus Single Drug Approaches. <i>International Journal of Neuropsychopharmacology</i> , 2016, 19, pyv128.	1.0	27
36	Exploring the role of neuropeptide S in the regulation of arousal: a functional anatomical study. <i>Brain Structure and Function</i> , 2016, 221, 3521-3546.	1.2	17

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
37	Satb2 determines miRNA expression and long-term memory in the adult central nervous system. <i>ELife</i> , 2016, 5, .	2.8	68
38	Impaired Contextual Fear Extinction Learning is Associated with Aberrant Regulation of CHD-Type Chromatin Remodeling Factors. <i>Frontiers in Behavioral Neuroscience</i> , 2015, 9, 313.	1.0	9
39	Cell-type-specific tuning of Cav1.3 Ca ²⁺ -channels by a C-terminal automodulatory domain. <i>Frontiers in Cellular Neuroscience</i> , 2015, 9, 309.	1.8	41
40	Substance P excites GABAergic neurons in the mouse central amygdala through neurokinin 1 receptor activation. <i>Journal of Neurophysiology</i> , 2015, 114, 2500-2508.	0.9	13
41	Pharmacology of cognitive enhancers for exposure-based therapy of fear, anxiety and trauma-related disorders. , 2015, 149, 150-190.		340
42	Durable fear memories require PSD-95. <i>Molecular Psychiatry</i> , 2015, 20, 901-912.	4.1	64
43	Prefrontal inputs to the amygdala instruct fear extinction memory formation. <i>Science Advances</i> , 2015, 1, .	4.7	181
44	Selective Breeding for High Anxiety Introduces a Synonymous SNP That Increases Neuropeptide S Receptor Activity. <i>Journal of Neuroscience</i> , 2015, 35, 4599-4613.	1.7	50
45	Structural and functional rejuvenation of the aged brain by an approved anti-asthmatic drug. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2015, 6, 8466.	5.8	139
46	The L-type calcium channel Cav1.3 is required for proper hippocampal neurogenesis and cognitive functions. <i>Cell Calcium</i> , 2015, 58, 606-616.	1.1	55
47	GPR39 Zn ²⁺ -sensing receptor: A new target in antidepressant development?. <i>Journal of Affective Disorders</i> , 2015, 174, 89-100.	2.0	38
48	Dietary magnesium restriction reduces amygdalaâ€“hypothalamic GluN1 receptor complex levels in mice. <i>Brain Structure and Function</i> , 2015, 220, 2209-2221.	1.2	16
49	Loss of Nogo receptor homolog NgR2 alters spine morphology of CA1 neurons and emotionality in adult mice. <i>Frontiers in Behavioral Neuroscience</i> , 2014, 8, 175.	1.0	10
50	Increased conditioned place preference for cocaine in high anxiety related behavior (HAB) mice is associated with an increased activation in the accumbens corridor. <i>Frontiers in Behavioral Neuroscience</i> , 2014, 8, 441.	1.0	14
51	Bidirectional rescue of extreme genetic predispositions to anxiety: impact of CRH receptor 1 as epigenetic plasticity gene in the amygdala. <i>Translational Psychiatry</i> , 2014, 4, e359-e359.	2.4	45
52	HDAC inhibitors as cognitive enhancers in fear, anxiety and trauma therapy: where do we stand?. <i>Biochemical Society Transactions</i> , 2014, 42, 569-581.	1.6	99
53	Circadian abnormalities in a mouse model of high trait anxiety and depression. <i>Annals of Medicine</i> , 2014, 46, 148-154.	1.5	32
54	Prefrontal single-unit firing associated with deficient extinction in mice. <i>Neurobiology of Learning and Memory</i> , 2014, 113, 69-81.	1.0	65

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
55	S.20.02 Anxiety, depression and adult neurogenesis. <i>European Neuropsychopharmacology</i> , 2014, 24, S136-S137.	0.3	0
56	Pharmacophore Modeling, Virtual Screening, and <i>in Vitro</i> Testing Reveal Haloperidol, Eprazinone, and Fenbutrazate as Neurokinin Receptors Ligands. <i>Journal of Chemical Information and Modeling</i> , 2014, 54, 1747-1757.	2.5	13
57	Temporal factors in the extinction of fear in inbred mouse strains differing in extinction efficacy. <i>Biology of Mood & Anxiety Disorders</i> , 2013, 3, 13.	4.7	23
58	Neural substrates for the distinct effects of presynaptic group III metabotropic glutamate receptors on extinction of contextual fear conditioning in mice. <i>Neuropharmacology</i> , 2013, 66, 274-289.	2.0	35
59	A Novel Animal Model to Study the <i>In Vivo</i> Role of a C-Terminal Regulatory Domain in Cav1.3 L-Type Calcium Channels. <i>Biophysical Journal</i> , 2013, 104, 459a.	0.2	0
60	Oligodendroglial alpha-synucleinopathy and MSA-like cardiovascular autonomic failure: Experimental evidence. <i>Experimental Neurology</i> , 2013, 247, 531-536.	2.0	46
61	Inhibitory Function of the Dorsomedial Hypothalamic Nucleus on the Hypothalamic-Pituitary-Adrenal Axis Response to an Emotional Stressor but not Immune Challenge. <i>Journal of Neuroendocrinology</i> , 2013, 25, 48-55.	1.2	12
62	Individual differences in recovery from traumatic fear. <i>Trends in Neurosciences</i> , 2013, 36, 23-31.	4.2	120
63	Deep brain stimulation, histone deacetylase inhibitors and glutamatergic drugs rescue resistance to fear extinction in a genetic mouse model. <i>Neuropharmacology</i> , 2013, 64, 414-423.	2.0	67
64	Single dose of <i>l</i> -dopa makes extinction memories context-independent and prevents the return of fear. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2013, 110, E2428-36.	3.3	169
65	Behavioral and Neurobiological Effects of Deep Brain Stimulation in a Mouse Model of High Anxiety- and Depression-Like Behavior. <i>Neuropsychopharmacology</i> , 2013, 38, 1234-1244.	2.8	70
66	Anxiety- rather than depression-like behavior is associated with adult neurogenesis in a female mouse model of higher trait anxiety- and comorbid depression-like behavior. <i>Translational Psychiatry</i> , 2012, 2, e171-e171.	2.4	57
67	Neuropeptide S alters anxiety, but not depression-like behaviour in Flinders Sensitive Line rats: a genetic animal model of depression. <i>International Journal of Neuropsychopharmacology</i> , 2012, 15, 375-387.	1.0	53
68	Aldosterone increases earlier than corticosterone in new animal models of depression: Is this an early marker?. <i>Journal of Psychiatric Research</i> , 2012, 46, 1394-1397.	1.5	23
69	Magnesium deficiency induces anxiety and HPA axis dysregulation: Modulation by therapeutic drug treatment. <i>Neuropharmacology</i> , 2012, 62, 304-312.	2.0	117
70	Increased levels of conditioned fear and avoidance behavior coincide with changes in phosphorylation of the protein kinase B (AKT) within the amygdala in a mouse model of extremes in trait anxiety. <i>Neurobiology of Learning and Memory</i> , 2012, 98, 56-65.	1.0	27
71	The galanin system in depression and antidepressant treatment: focus on the locus coeruleus. <i>BMC Pharmacology & Toxicology</i> , 2012, 13, .	1.0	0
72	Histone deacetylase inhibitors, glutamatergic drugs and deep brain stimulation rescue resistance to fear extinction in a genetic mouse model. <i>BMC Pharmacology & Toxicology</i> , 2012, 13, .	1.0	0

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
73	Neurobiological correlates of successful deep brain stimulation in a mouse model of high trait affect. <i>BMC Pharmacology & Toxicology</i> , 2012, 13, .	1.0	0
74	A mouse model to study the C-terminal regulation of CaV1.3 L-type calcium channels. <i>BMC Pharmacology & Toxicology</i> , 2012, 13, .	1.0	0
75	Genetic Strain Differences in Learned Fear Inhibition Associated with Variation in Neuroendocrine, Autonomic, and Amygdala Dendritic Phenotypes. <i>Neuropsychopharmacology</i> , 2012, 37, 1534-1547.	2.8	93
76	Sub-chronic dietary tryptophan depletion – An animal model of depression with improved face and good construct validity. <i>Journal of Psychiatric Research</i> , 2012, 46, 239-247.	1.5	30
77	Potential anxiolytics acting via the neuropeptide S-receptor. <i>Planta Medica</i> , 2012, 78, .	0.7	0
78	Altered GABA transmission in a mouse model of increased trait anxiety. <i>Neuroscience</i> , 2011, 183, 71-80.	1.1	71
79	S.24.02 Genetic variation driving fear and anxiety. <i>European Neuropsychopharmacology</i> , 2011, 21, S224.	0.3	0
80	S.24.03 Rodent models of impaired fear extinction: therapeutic approaches. <i>European Neuropsychopharmacology</i> , 2011, 21, S224.	0.3	1
81	Enhanced Fear Expression in a Psychopathological Mouse Model of Trait Anxiety: Pharmacological Interventions. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2011, 6, e16849.	1.1	53
82	Changes in brain protein expression are linked to magnesium restriction-induced depression-like behavior. <i>Amino Acids</i> , 2011, 40, 1231-1248.	1.2	44
83	Increased in vivo release of neuropeptide S in the amygdala of freely moving rats after local depolarisation and emotional stress. <i>Amino Acids</i> , 2011, 41, 991-996.	1.2	46
84	129S1/SvlmJ mice display impaired contextual fear extinction, enhanced fear incubation and deficit extinction consolidation phenotypes: rescue via pharmacological and non-pharmacological treatments. <i>BMC Pharmacology</i> , 2011, 11, .	0.4	1
85	Modulation of magnesium deficiency-induced anxiety and HPA axis dysregulation by therapeutic drug treatment. <i>BMC Pharmacology</i> , 2011, 11, .	0.4	0
86	Fear learning induces structural and functional plasticity at GABAergic synapses in the basolateral amygdala. <i>BMC Pharmacology</i> , 2011, 11, A42.	0.4	0
87	Septal urocortin 3 modulates stress-coping behaviour but not hypothalamic-pituitary-adrenal axis activity during forced swimming. <i>BMC Pharmacology</i> , 2011, 11, .	0.4	0
88	Different Fear States Engage Distinct Networks within the Intercalated Cell Clusters of the Amygdala. <i>Journal of Neuroscience</i> , 2011, 31, 5131-5144.	1.7	118
89	The clinical implications of mouse models of enhanced anxiety. <i>Future Neurology</i> , 2011, 6, 531-571.	0.9	68
90	A mouse model of high trait anxiety shows reduced heart rate variability that can be reversed by anxiolytic drug treatment. <i>International Journal of Neuropsychopharmacology</i> , 2011, 14, 1341-1355.	1.0	33

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
91	The Modulatory Role of the Lateral Septum on Neuroendocrine and Behavioral Stress Responses. <i>Neuropsychopharmacology</i> , 2011, 36, 793-804.	2.8	131
92	CaV1.3 L-type Ca ²⁺ channels modulate depression-like behaviour in mice independent of deaf phenotype. <i>International Journal of Neuropsychopharmacology</i> , 2010, 13, 499.	1.0	90
93	Fear learning triggers structural changes at GABAergic synapses in the basal amygdala. <i>BMC Pharmacology</i> , 2010, 10, .	0.4	1
94	Enhanced fear expression in a psychopathological mouse model of trait anxiety: pharmacological interventions. <i>BMC Pharmacology</i> , 2010, 10, .	0.4	2
95	Neuronal circuits of fear extinction. <i>European Journal of Neuroscience</i> , 2010, 31, 599-612.	1.2	412
96	The Central and Basolateral Amygdala Are Critical Sites of Neuropeptide Y/Y2 Receptor-Mediated Regulation of Anxiety and Depression. <i>Journal of Neuroscience</i> , 2010, 30, 6282-6290.	1.7	132
97	Rescue of Impaired Fear Extinction and Normalization of Cortico-Amygdala Circuit Dysfunction in a Genetic Mouse Model by Dietary Zinc Restriction. <i>Journal of Neuroscience</i> , 2010, 30, 13586-13596.	1.7	77
98	A Hypomorphic Vasopressin Allele Prevents Anxiety-Related Behavior. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2009, 4, e5129.	1.1	56
99	Prodynorphin-Derived Peptides Are Critical Modulators of Anxiety and Regulate Neurochemistry and Corticosterone. <i>Neuropsychopharmacology</i> , 2009, 34, 775-785.	2.8	143
100	Zinc deficiency induces enhanced depression-like behaviour and altered limbic activation reversed by antidepressant treatment in mice. <i>Amino Acids</i> , 2009, 36, 147-158.	1.2	129
101	Effect of neuropeptide Y Y2 receptor deletion on emotional stress-induced neuronal activation in mice. <i>Synapse</i> , 2009, 63, 236-246.	0.6	11
102	Adult neurogenesis in a psychopathological mouse model of trait anxiety and comorbid depression-like behavior: effect of antidepressants. <i>BMC Pharmacology</i> , 2009, 9, .	0.4	0
103	CaV1.3 L-type calcium channels modulate depression-like behavior in mice independent of deaf phenotype. <i>BMC Pharmacology</i> , 2009, 9, .	0.4	0
104	Endogenous dynorphin in emotional control and stress response. <i>BMC Pharmacology</i> , 2009, 9, .	0.4	0
105	Impaired Pavlovian fear extinction is a common phenotype across genetic lineages of the 129 inbred mouse strain. <i>Genes, Brain and Behavior</i> , 2009, 8, 744-752.	1.1	65
106	Serotonin1A-receptor-dependent signaling proteins in mouse hippocampus. <i>Neuropharmacology</i> , 2009, 57, 556-566.	2.0	4
107	Increased novelty-induced motor activity and reduced depression-like behavior in neuropeptide Y (NPY) Y4 receptor knockout mice. <i>Neuroscience</i> , 2009, 158, 1717-1730.	1.1	72
108	Effect of chronic psychosocial stress-induced by subordinate colony (CSC) housing on brain neuronal activity patterns in mice. <i>Stress</i> , 2009, 12, 58-69.	0.8	75

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
109	Tachykinin Receptors as Therapeutic Targets in Stress-Related Disorders. <i>Current Pharmaceutical Design</i> , 2009, 15, 1647-1674.	0.9	109
110	Differential Stress-Induced Neuronal Activation Patterns in Mouse Lines Selectively Bred for High, Normal or Low Anxiety. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2009, 4, e5346.	1.1	65
111	Individual contribution of metabotropic glutamate receptor (mGlu) 2 and 3 to c-Fos expression pattern evoked by mGlu2/3 antagonism. <i>Psychopharmacology</i> , 2008, 201, 1-13.	1.5	18
112	Chronic treatment with a selective neurokinin-1 receptor antagonist in a mouse model of trait anxiety and depression: focus on behaviour and neuropeptidergic mechanisms. <i>BMC Pharmacology</i> , 2008, 8, .	0.4	1
113	Substance P in Stress and Anxiety. <i>Annals of the New York Academy of Sciences</i> , 2008, 1144, 61-73.	1.8	81
114	Reduced anxiety-like and depression-related behavior in neuropeptide Y Y4 receptor knockout mice. <i>Genes, Brain and Behavior</i> , 2008, 7, 532-542.	1.1	77
115	Conditional mouse mutants highlight mechanisms of corticotropin-releasing hormone effects on stress-coping behavior. <i>Molecular Psychiatry</i> , 2008, 13, 1028-1042.	4.1	129
116	Modulation of basal and stress-induced amygdaloid substance P release by the potent and selective NK1 receptor antagonist Lâ€š22429. <i>Journal of Neurochemistry</i> , 2008, 106, 2476-2488.	2.1	49
117	Impaired extinction of learned fear in rats selectively bred for high anxiety â€œ evidence of altered neuronal processing in prefrontalâ€œamygdala pathways. <i>European Journal of Neuroscience</i> , 2008, 28, 2299-2309.	1.2	108
118	Impaired Fear Extinction Learning and Cortico-Amygdala Circuit Abnormalities in a Common Genetic Mouse Strain. <i>Journal of Neuroscience</i> , 2008, 28, 8074-8085.	1.7	231
119	Role of L-type Ca ²⁺ channel isoforms in the extinction of conditioned fear. <i>Learning and Memory</i> , 2008, 15, 378-386.	0.5	32
120	Neurokinin 1 Receptor Antagonism Promotes Active Stress Coping Via Enhanced Septal 5-HT Transmission. <i>Neuropsychopharmacology</i> , 2008, 33, 1929-1941.	2.8	45
121	Extracellular amino acid levels in the paraventricular nucleus and the central amygdala in high- and low-anxiety dams rats during maternal aggression: Regulation by oxytocin. <i>Stress</i> , 2007, 10, 261-270.	0.8	29
122	Fetal Down Syndrome Brains Exhibit Aberrant Levels of Neurotransmitters Critical for Normal Brain Development. <i>Pediatrics</i> , 2007, 120, e1465-e1471.	1.0	101
123	Induction of β FosB in the Periaqueductal Gray by Stress Promotes Active Coping Responses. <i>Neuron</i> , 2007, 55, 289-300.	3.8	114
124	Altered Brain Activation Pattern Associated With Drug-Induced Attenuation of Enhanced Depression-Like Behavior in Rats Bred for High Anxiety. <i>Biological Psychiatry</i> , 2007, 61, 782-796.	0.7	73
125	Candidate genes of anxiety-related behavior in HAB/LAB rats and mice: Focus on vasopressin and glyoxalase-I. <i>Neuroscience and Biobehavioral Reviews</i> , 2007, 31, 89-102.	2.9	167
126	Diabetes insipidus and, partially, low anxiety-related behaviour are linked to a SNP-associated vasopressin deficit in LAB mice. <i>European Journal of Neuroscience</i> , 2007, 26, 2857-2864.	1.2	34

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
127	Stress-induced release of substance P in the locus coeruleus modulates cortical noradrenaline release. <i>Naunyn-Schmiedeberg's Archives of Pharmacology</i> , 2007, 376, 73-82.	1.4	33
128	Altered brain activity processing in high-anxiety rodents revealed by challenge paradigms and functional mapping. <i>Neuroscience and Biobehavioral Reviews</i> , 2007, 31, 18-40.	2.9	91
129	Role of voltage-gated L-type Ca ²⁺ channel isoforms for brain function. <i>Biochemical Society Transactions</i> , 2006, 34, 903-909.	1.6	161
130	Sinoaortic denervation abolishes blood pressure-induced GABA release in the locus coeruleus of conscious rats. <i>Neuroscience Letters</i> , 2006, 393, 194-199.	1.0	11
131	Airjet and FG-7142-induced Fos expression differs in rats selectively bred for high and low anxiety-related behavior. <i>Neuropharmacology</i> , 2006, 50, 1048-1058.	2.0	38
132	Brain activation pattern induced by stimulation of L-type Ca ²⁺ -channels: Contribution of CaV1.3 and CaV1.2 isoforms. <i>Neuroscience</i> , 2006, 139, 1005-1015.	1.1	54
133	Genetic predisposition to anxiety-related behavior determines coping style, neuroendocrine responses, and neuronal activation during social defeat.. <i>Behavioral Neuroscience</i> , 2006, 120, 60-71.	0.6	104
134	The role of substance P in stress and anxiety responses. <i>Amino Acids</i> , 2006, 31, 251-272.	1.2	256
135	5-HT receptor subtypes involved in the anxiogenic-like action and associated Fos response of acute fluoxetine treatment in rats. <i>Psychopharmacology</i> , 2006, 185, 282-288.	1.5	28
136	Conditional CRF receptor 1 knockout mice show altered neuronal activation pattern to mild anxiogenic challenge. <i>Psychopharmacology</i> , 2006, 188, 374-385.	1.5	30
137	Stereoselective and region-specific induction of immediate early gene expression in rat parietal cortex by blockade of neurokinin 1 receptors. <i>Journal of Psychopharmacology</i> , 2006, 20, 570-576.	2.0	2
138	Differences in serotonergic neurotransmission between rats displaying high or low anxiety/depression-like behaviour: effects of chronic paroxetine treatment. <i>Journal of Neurochemistry</i> , 2005, 92, 1170-1179.	2.1	74
139	Release of Oxytocin in the Rat Central Amygdala Modulates Stress-Coping Behavior and the Release of Excitatory Amino Acids. <i>Neuropsychopharmacology</i> , 2005, 30, 223-230.	2.8	173
140	Substance P in the medial amygdala: Emotional stress-sensitive release and modulation of anxiety-related behavior in rats. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2004, 101, 4280-4285.	3.3	201
141	Impaired Repression at a Vasopressin Promoter Polymorphism Underlies Overexpression of Vasopressin in a Rat Model of Trait Anxiety. <i>Journal of Neuroscience</i> , 2004, 24, 7762-7770.	1.7	137
142	Genetic functional inactivation of neuronal nitric oxide synthase affects stress-related Fos expression in specific brain regions. <i>Cellular and Molecular Life Sciences</i> , 2004, 61, 1498-1506.	2.4	22
143	Differential amino acid transmission in the locus coeruleus of Wistar Kyoto and spontaneously hypertensive rats. <i>Naunyn-Schmiedeberg's Archives of Pharmacology</i> , 2004, 370, 381-387.	1.4	12
144	Neurobiological correlates of high (HAB) versus low anxiety-related behavior (LAB): differential Fos expression in HAB and LAB rats. <i>Biological Psychiatry</i> , 2004, 55, 715-723.	0.7	121

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
145	Decreased social interaction in aged rats may not reflect changes in anxiety-related behaviour. <i>Behavioural Brain Research</i> , 2004, 151, 1-8.	1.2	74
146	Evaluation of the effect of chronic antidepressant treatment on neurokinin-1 receptor expression in the rat brain. <i>Neuropharmacology</i> , 2004, 46, 1177-1183.	2.0	10
147	Magnesium-deficient diet alters depression- and anxiety-related behavior in mice— influence of desipramine and <i>Hypericum perforatum</i> extract. <i>Neuropharmacology</i> , 2004, 47, 1189-1197.	2.0	139
148	High trait anxiety and hyporeactivity to stress of the dorsomedial prefrontal cortex: a combined pHMRI and Fos study in rats. <i>NeuroImage</i> , 2004, 23, 382-391.	2.1	67
149	Isoform-specific regulation of mood behavior and pancreatic β cell and cardiovascular function by L-type Ca^{2+} channels. <i>Journal of Clinical Investigation</i> , 2004, 113, 1430-1439.	3.9	168
150	Reduced anxiety and improved stress coping ability in mice lacking NPY-Y2 receptors. <i>European Journal of Neuroscience</i> , 2003, 18, 143-148.	1.2	173
151	Induction of c-Fos expression in specific areas of the fear circuitry in rat forebrain by anxiogenic drugs. <i>Biological Psychiatry</i> , 2003, 53, 275-283.	0.7	300
152	Neuroanatomical substrates involved in the anxiogenic-like effect of acute fluoxetine treatment. <i>Neuropharmacology</i> , 2002, 43, 1238-1248.	2.0	58
153	Reliability of high and low anxiety-related behaviour. <i>Behavioural Brain Research</i> , 2002, 136, 227-237.	1.2	54
154	Differences between GABA levels in Alzheimer's disease and Down syndrome with Alzheimer-like neuropathology. <i>Naunyn-Schmiedeberg's Archives of Pharmacology</i> , 2001, 363, 139-145.	1.4	95
155	Role of nitric oxide in the stress-induced release of serotonin in the locus coeruleus. <i>Naunyn-Schmiedeberg's Archives of Pharmacology</i> , 2001, 364, 105-109.	1.4	18
156	Acute transcranial magnetic stimulation of frontal brain regions selectively modulates the release of vasopressin, biogenic amines and amino acids in the rat brain. <i>European Journal of Neuroscience</i> , 2000, 12, 3713-3720.	1.2	146
157	Release of glutamate and GABA in the amygdala of conscious rats by acute stress and baroreceptor activation: differences between SHR and WKY rats. <i>Brain Research</i> , 2000, 864, 138-141.	1.1	36
158	Neuroanatomical targets of anxiogenic drugs in the hindbrain as revealed by Fos immunocytochemistry. <i>Neuroscience</i> , 2000, 98, 759-770.	1.1	141
159	Peripheral chemoreceptor activation enhances 5-hydroxytryptamine release in the locus coeruleus of conscious rats. <i>Neuroscience Letters</i> , 2000, 289, 17-20.	1.0	6
160	Effects of local MAO inhibition in the locus coeruleus on extracellular serotonin and 5-HIAA during exposure to sensory and cardiovascular stimuli. <i>Naunyn-Schmiedeberg's Archives of Pharmacology</i> , 1999, 359, 187-193.	1.4	8
161	The release of catecholamines in hypothalamus and locus coeruleus is modulated by peripheral chemoreceptors. <i>Naunyn-Schmiedeberg's Archives of Pharmacology</i> , 1999, 360, 428-434.	1.4	16
162	Noradrenaline release in the locus coeruleus of conscious rats is triggered by drugs, stress and blood pressure changes. <i>NeuroReport</i> , 1999, 10, 1583-1587.	0.6	34

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
163	Serotonin (5-HT) in brains of adult patients with Down Syndrome. , 1999, 57, 221-232.		29
164	Release of neurotransmitters in the locus coeruleus. Progress in Neurobiology, 1998, 56, 237-267.	2.8	174
165	Influence of excitatory amino acids on basal and sensory stimuli-induced release of 5-HT in the locus coeruleus. British Journal of Pharmacology, 1998, 123, 746-752.	2.7	31
166	Release of Serotonin in the Rat Locus Coeruleus: Effects of Cardiovascular, Stressful and Noxious Stimuli. European Journal of Neuroscience, 1997, 9, 556-562.	1.2	50
167	The release of inhibitory amino acids in the hypothalamus is tonically modified by impulses from aortic baroreceptors as a consequence of blood pressure fluctuations. Naunyn-Schmiedeberg's Archives of Pharmacology, 1997, 356, 348-355.	1.4	18
168	Corticotropin-releasing factor modulates basal and stress-induced excitatory amino acid release in the locus coeruleus of conscious rats. Neuroscience Letters, 1996, 204, 45-48.	1.0	28
169	Involvement of biogenic amines and amino acids in the central regulation of cardiovascular homeostasis. Trends in Pharmacological Sciences, 1996, 17, 356-363.	4.0	76
170	Involvement of biogenic amines and amino acids in the central regulation of cardiovascular homeostasis. , 1996, 17, 356-356.		22
171	Involvement of biogenic amines and amino acids in the central regulation of cardiovascular homeostasis. Trends in Pharmacological Sciences, 1996, 17, 356-63.	4.0	16
172	Inhibition of catecholamine (noradrenaline, dopamine) release in the locus coeruleus and the hypothalamus by baroreceptor activation: identification of the involved baroreceptors. Naunyn-Schmiedeberg's Archives of Pharmacology, 1995, 352, 291-6.	1.4	16
173	Release of excitatory and inhibitory amino acids from the locus coeruleus of conscious rats by cardiovascular stimuli and various forms of acute stress. Brain Research, 1995, 704, 42-50.	1.1	64
174	Effects of neuroactive compounds, noxious and cardiovascular stimuli on the release of amino acids in the rat locus coeruleus. Neuroscience Letters, 1994, 180, 55-58.	1.0	19
175	Disturbances in blood pressure homeostasis modify GABA release in the locus coeruleus. NeuroReport, 1994, 5, 1709-1712.	0.6	15
176	Release of endogenous GABA in the posterior hypothalamus of the conscious rat; effects of drugs and experimentally induced blood pressure changes. Naunyn-Schmiedeberg's Archives of Pharmacology, 1993, 347, 402-406.	1.4	25
177	Catecholamine release in the locus coeruleus is modified by experimentally induced changes in haemodynamics. Naunyn-Schmiedeberg's Archives of Pharmacology, 1993, 347, 21-7.	1.4	33
178	Effects of blood pressure changes on the catecholamine release in the locus coeruleus of cats anaesthetized with pentobarbital or chloralose. Naunyn-Schmiedeberg's Archives of Pharmacology, 1993, 348, 242-8.	1.4	23