

# Virginie Lafage

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: <https://exaly.com/author-pdf/2451732/publications.pdf>

Version: 2024-02-01

628  
papers

26,363  
citations

7551

77  
h-index

10708

138  
g-index

634  
all docs

634  
docs citations

634  
times ranked

7360  
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	How Much Lumbar Lordosis does a Patient Need to Reach their Age-Adjusted Alignment Target? A Formulated Approach Predicting Successful Surgical Outcomes. <i>Global Spine Journal</i> , 2024, 14, 41-48.	1.2	3
2	Bone Density Distribution in the Cervical Spine. <i>Global Spine Journal</i> , 2024, 14, 169-176.	1.2	4
3	Cervicothoracic Versus Proximal Thoracic Lower Instrumented Vertebra Have Comparable Radiographic and Clinical Outcomes in Adult Cervical Deformity. <i>Global Spine Journal</i> , 2023, 13, 1056-1063.	1.2	2
4	Comparable satisfaction and clinical outcomes after surgery for adolescent idiopathic scoliosis in the adult (AISA) between the US and Japan. <i>Journal of Orthopaedic Science</i> , 2023, 28, 92-97.	0.5	1
5	Patterns of Lumbar Spine Malalignment Leading to Revision Surgery for Proximal Junctional Kyphosis: A Cluster Analysis of Over- Versus Under-Correction. <i>Global Spine Journal</i> , 2023, 13, 1737-1744.	1.2	4
6	Predicting Mechanical Failure Following Cervical Deformity Surgery: A Composite Score Integrating Age-Adjusted Cervical Alignment Targets. <i>Global Spine Journal</i> , 2023, 13, 2432-2438.	1.2	3
7	Neurological Complications and Recovery Rates of Patients With Adult Cervical Deformity Surgeries. <i>Global Spine Journal</i> , 2022, 12, 1091-1097.	1.2	5
8	Surgical Planning for Adult Spinal Deformity: Anticipated Sagittal Alignment Corrections According to the Surgical Level. <i>Global Spine Journal</i> , 2022, 12, 1761-1769.	1.2	8
9	Examination of Adult Spinal Deformity Patients Undergoing Surgery with Implanted Spinal Cord Stimulators and Intrathecal Pumps. <i>Spine</i> , 2022, 47, 227-233.	1.0	4
10	Increasing Cost Efficiency in Adult Spinal Deformity Surgery. <i>Spine</i> , 2022, 47, 21-26.	1.0	7
11	Sagittal age-adjusted score (SAAS) for adult spinal deformity (ASD) more effectively predicts surgical outcomes and proximal junctional kyphosis than previous classifications. <i>Spine Deformity</i> , 2022, 10, 121-131.	0.7	23
12	Association of findings on preoperative extension lateral cervical radiography with osteotomy type, approach, and postoperative cervical alignment after cervical deformity surgery. <i>Journal of Neurosurgery: Spine</i> , 2022, 36, 93-98.	0.9	3
13	Computed Tomography and Magnetic Resonance Imaging Overlay in the Spine for Surgical Planning: A Technical Report. <i>HSS Journal</i> , 2022, 18, 439-447.	0.7	3
14	The impact of preoperative supine radiographs on surgical strategy in adult spinal deformity. <i>Journal of Neurosurgery: Spine</i> , 2022, 36, 71-77.	0.9	1
15	Alignment Targets, Curve Proportion and Mechanical Loading: Preliminary Analysis of an Ideal Shape Toward Reducing Proximal Junctional Kyphosis. <i>Global Spine Journal</i> , 2022, 12, 1165-1174.	1.2	7
16	Postoperative Evolution of Sagittal Parameters Over Time Does Not Differ by Upper Instrumented Vertebra. <i>Spine</i> , 2022, 47, 800-807.	1.0	3
17	Adult Spinal Deformity Surgery Is Associated with Increased Productivity and Decreased Absenteeism From Work and School. <i>Spine</i> , 2022, 47, 287-294.	1.0	3
18	When can we expect global sagittal alignment to reach a stable value following cervical deformity surgery?. <i>Journal of Neurosurgery: Spine</i> , 2022, 36, 616-623.	0.9	2

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
19	Supine Imaging Is a Superior Predictor of Long-Term Alignment Following Adult Spinal Deformity Surgery. <i>Global Spine Journal</i> , 2022, 12, 631-637.	1.2	4
20	Assessment of Adult Spinal Deformity Complication Timing and Impact on 2-Year Outcomes Using a Comprehensive Adult Spinal Deformity Classification System. <i>Spine</i> , 2022, 47, 445-454.	1.0	6
21	Comparing and Contrasting the Clinical Utility of Sagittal Spine Alignment Classification Frameworks. <i>Spine</i> , 2022, 47, 455-462.	1.0	7
22	Improvement and International Validation of the Predictive Probability of the Patient Demographics, Radiographic Index, and Surgical Invasiveness for Mechanical Failure (PRISM) Model for Preventive Procedures in Adult Spinal Deformity Surgery. <i>Spine</i> , 2022, 47, 680-690.	1.0	2
23	Establishing the minimal clinically important difference for the PROMIS Physical domains in cervical deformity patients. <i>Journal of Clinical Neuroscience</i> , 2022, 96, 19-24.	0.8	5
24	Surgical Factors and Treatment Severity for Perioperative Complications Predict Hospital Length of Stay in Adult Spinal Deformity Surgery. <i>Spine</i> , 2022, 47, 136-143.	1.0	11
25	Low-Density Pedicle Screw Constructs Are Associated with Lower Incidence of Proximal Junctional Failure in Adult Spinal Deformity Surgery. <i>Spine</i> , 2022, 47, 463-469.	1.0	6
26	Health-related quality of life measures in adult spinal deformity: can we replace the SRS-22 with PROMIS?. <i>European Spine Journal</i> , 2022, 31, 1184-1188.	1.0	3
27	The Clinical Impact of Failing to Achieve Ideal Proportional Realignment in Adult Spinal Deformity Patients. <i>Spine</i> , 2022, 47, 995-1002.	1.0	8
28	Predicting development of severe clinically relevant distal junctional kyphosis following adult cervical deformity surgery, with further distinction from mild asymptomatic episodes. <i>Journal of Neurosurgery: Spine</i> , 2022, 36, 960-967.	0.9	4
29	Cervical and spinopelvic parameters can predict patient reported outcomes following cervical deformity surgery. <i>Journal of Craniovertebral Junction and Spine</i> , 2022, 13, 62.	0.4	2
30	Disseminated Intravascular Coagulation in Pediatric Scoliosis Surgery: A Systematic Review. <i>International Journal of Spine Surgery</i> , 2022, 16, 4-10.	0.7	0
31	Title: How Does Gravity Influence the Distribution of Lordosis in Patients With Sagittal Malalignment?. <i>Global Spine Journal</i> , 2022, , 219256822210874.	1.2	0
32	Radiographic Characteristics of Cervical Deformity (CD) Using a Discriminant Analysis. <i>Clinical Spine Surgery</i> , 2022, Publish Ahead of Print, .	0.7	0
33	Is frailty responsive to surgical correction of adult spinal deformity? An investigation of sagittal re-alignment and frailty component drivers of postoperative frailty status. <i>Spine Deformity</i> , 2022, , 1.	0.7	1
34	Kickstand rods and correction of coronal malalignment in patients with adult spinal deformity. <i>European Spine Journal</i> , 2022, 31, 1197-1205.	1.0	6
35	Assessment of Postoperative Outcomes of Spine Fusion Patients With History of Cardiac Disease. <i>Journal of the American Academy of Orthopaedic Surgeons, The</i> , 2022, 30, e683-e689.	1.1	4
36	Examination of the Economic Burden of Frailty in Patients With Adult Spinal Deformity Undergoing Surgical Intervention. <i>Neurosurgery</i> , 2022, 90, 148-153.	0.6	7

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
37	Complication rate evolution across a 10-year enrollment period of a prospective multicenter database. <i>Journal of Neurosurgery: Spine</i> , 2022, 36, 1012.	0.9	1
38	The impact of lumbar alignment targets on mechanical complications after adult lumbar scoliosis surgery. <i>European Spine Journal</i> , 2022, 31, 1573-1582.	1.0	9
39	Letter to the Editor for state of the art: proximal junctional kyphosis; diagnosis, management and prevention. <i>Spine Deformity</i> , 2022, , .	0.7	0
40	Predictive Analytics for Determining Extended Operative Time in Corrective Adult Spinal Deformity Surgery. <i>International Journal of Spine Surgery</i> , 2022, 16, 291-299.	0.7	1
41	Do the newly proposed realignment targets for C2 and T1 slope bridge the gap between radiographic and clinical success in corrective surgery for adult cervical deformity?. <i>Journal of Neurosurgery: Spine</i> , 2022, 37, 368-375.	0.9	4
42	Upper versus Lower Lumbar Lordosis Corrections in Relation to Pelvic Tilt " An Essential Element in Surgical Planning for Sagittal Plane Deformity. <i>Spine</i> , 2022, 47, 1145-1150.	1.0	5
43	Evolution of Proximal Junctional Kyphosis and Proximal Junctional Failure Rates Over 10 Years of Enrollment in a Prospective Multicenter Adult Spinal Deformity Database. <i>Spine</i> , 2022, 47, 922-930.	1.0	2
44	Proximal and distal reciprocal changes following cervical deformity malalignment correction. <i>Journal of Neurosurgery: Spine</i> , 2022, 37, 599-606.	0.9	3
45	"Reverse rousouly" cervicothoracic curvature ratios define characteristic shapes in adult cervical deformity. <i>European Spine Journal</i> , 2022, , .	1.0	1
46	Bariatric Surgery Lowers Rates of Spinal Symptoms and Spinal Surgery in a Morbidly Obese Population. <i>Clinical Spine Surgery</i> , 2022, 35, 371-375.	0.7	2
47	Outcomes of operative treatment for adult spinal deformity: a prospective multicenter assessment with mean 4-year follow-up. <i>Journal of Neurosurgery: Spine</i> , 2022, 37, 607-616.	0.9	6
48	Defining age-adjusted spinopelvic alignment thresholds: should we integrate BMI?. <i>Spine Deformity</i> , 2022, 10, 1077-1084.	0.7	1
49	Classification system for cervical spine deformity morphology: a validation study. <i>Journal of Neurosurgery: Spine</i> , 2022, 37, 865-873.	0.9	1
50	In the Relationship Between Change in Kyphosis and Change in Lordosis: Which Drives Which?. <i>Global Spine Journal</i> , 2021, 11, 541-548.	1.2	1
51	Analysis of the influence of species, intervertebral disc height and Pfirrmann classification on failure load of an injured disc using a novel disc herniation model. <i>Spine Journal</i> , 2021, 21, 698-707.	0.6	10
52	A cost benefit analysis of increasing surgical technology in lumbar spine fusion. <i>Spine Journal</i> , 2021, 21, 193-201.	0.6	25
53	Patients with abnormal microarchitecture have an increased risk of early complications after spinal fusion surgery. <i>Bone</i> , 2021, 143, 115731.	1.4	13
54	Predictive Model for Selection of Upper Treated Vertebra Using a Machine Learning Approach. <i>World Neurosurgery</i> , 2021, 146, e225-e232.	0.7	10

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
55	Morphometric analysis of cervical interlaminar space for posterior surgical approach and decompression. <i>Surgical and Radiologic Anatomy</i> , 2021, 43, 873-879.	0.6	1
56	Redefining cervical spine deformity classification through novel cutoffs: An assessment of the relationship between radiographic parameters and functional neurological outcomes. <i>Journal of Craniovertebral Junction and Spine</i> , 2021, 12, 157.	0.4	8
57	State of the art: proximal junctional kyphosisâ€”diagnosis, management and prevention. <i>Spine Deformity</i> , 2021, 9, 635-644.	0.7	14
58	Predictive model for achieving good clinical and radiographic outcomes at one-year following surgical correction of adult cervical deformity. <i>Journal of Craniovertebral Junction and Spine</i> , 2021, 12, 228.	0.4	1
59	Prioritization of realignment associated with superior clinical outcomes for surgical cervical deformity patients. <i>Journal of Craniovertebral Junction and Spine</i> , 2021, 12, 311.	0.4	2
60	Effect of age-adjusted alignment goals and distal inclination angle on the fate of distal junctional kyphosis in cervical deformity surgery. <i>Journal of Craniovertebral Junction and Spine</i> , 2021, 12, 65.	0.4	4
61	A Risk-Benefit Analysis of Increasing Surgical Invasiveness Relative to Frailty Status in Adult Spinal Deformity Surgery. <i>Spine</i> , 2021, 46, 1087-1096.	1.0	11
62	The relationship of global sagittal malalignment to fatty infiltration in the aging spine. <i>European Spine Journal</i> , 2021, 30, 2480-2485.	1.0	5
63	Does Matching Roussouly Spinal Shape and Improvement in SRS-Schwab Modifier Contribute to Improved Patient-reported Outcomes?. <i>Spine</i> , 2021, 46, 1258-1263.	1.0	6
64	Practical answers to frequently asked questions for shared decision-making in adult spinal deformity surgery. <i>Journal of Neurosurgery: Spine</i> , 2021, 34, 218-227.	0.9	2
65	Toward understanding the underlying mechanisms of pelvic tilt reserve in adult spinal deformity: the role of the 3D hip orientation. <i>European Spine Journal</i> , 2021, 30, 2495-2503.	1.0	8
66	Predictors of Superior Recovery Kinetics in Adult Cervical Deformity Correction. <i>Spine</i> , 2021, 46, 559-566.	1.0	4
67	Vertebral Coplanar Alignment Technique Versus Bilateral Apical Vertebral Derotation Technique in Neuromuscular Scoliosis. <i>Global Spine Journal</i> , 2021, , 219256822199231.	1.2	0
68	Baseline Frailty Status Influences Recovery Patterns and Outcomes Following Alignment Correction of Cervical Deformity. <i>Neurosurgery</i> , 2021, 88, 1121-1127.	0.6	14
69	Early Opioid Consumption Patterns After Anterior Cervical Spine Surgery. <i>Clinical Spine Surgery</i> , 2021, Publish Ahead of Print, .	0.7	4
70	At What Point Should the Thoracolumbar Region Be Addressed in Patients Undergoing Corrective Cervical Deformity Surgery?. <i>Spine</i> , 2021, 46, E1113-E1118.	1.0	1
71	Appropriate Risk Stratification and Accounting for Age-Adjusted Reciprocal Changes in the Thoracolumbar Spine Reduces the Incidence and Magnitude of Distal Junctional Kyphosis in Cervical Deformity Surgery. <i>Spine</i> , 2021, 46, 1437-1447.	1.0	8
72	Multicenter assessment of surgical outcomes in adult spinal deformity patients with severe global coronal malalignment: determination of target coronal realignment threshold. <i>Journal of Neurosurgery: Spine</i> , 2021, 34, 399-412.	0.9	19

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
73	Factors influencing upper-most instrumented vertebrae selection in adult spinal deformity patients: qualitative case-based survey of deformity surgeons. <i>Journal of Spine Surgery</i> , 2021, 7, 37-47.	0.6	2
74	Fractional Curve in Adult Spinal Deformity. <i>Clinical Spine Surgery</i> , 2021, 34, E276-E281.	0.7	1
75	Volume of spinopelvic muscles: comparison between adult spinal deformity patients and asymptomatic subjects. <i>Spine Deformity</i> , 2021, 9, 1617-1624.	0.7	2
76	Lowest Instrumented Vertebra Selection to S1 or Ilium Versus L4 or L5 in Adult Spinal Deformity: Factors for Consideration in 349 Patients With a Mean 46-Month Follow-Up. <i>Global Spine Journal</i> , 2021, , 219256822110091.	1.2	0
77	Artificial intelligence clustering of adult spinal deformity sagittal plane morphology predicts surgical characteristics, alignment, and outcomes. <i>European Spine Journal</i> , 2021, 30, 2157-2166.	1.0	16
78	The Scoliosis Research Society adult spinal deformity standard outcome set. <i>Spine Deformity</i> , 2021, 9, 1211-1221.	0.7	8
79	Outcomes of Same-Day Orthopedic Surgery: Are Spine Patients More Likely to Have Optimal Immediate Recovery From Outpatient Procedures?. <i>International Journal of Spine Surgery</i> , 2021, 15, 334-340.	0.7	1
80	Enhanced recovery pathway in adult patients undergoing thoracolumbar deformity surgery. <i>Spine Journal</i> , 2021, 21, 753-764.	0.6	15
81	Surgical outcomes in rigid versus flexible cervical deformities. <i>Journal of Neurosurgery: Spine</i> , 2021, 34, 716-724.	0.9	6
82	Patient-related and radiographic predictors of inferior health-related quality-of-life measures in adult patients with nonoperative spinal deformity. <i>Journal of Neurosurgery: Spine</i> , 2021, 34, 907-913.	0.9	5
83	Use of rhBMP-2 for adult spinal deformity surgery: patterns of usage and changes over the past decade. <i>Neurosurgical Focus</i> , 2021, 50, E4.	1.0	5
84	Outcomes of Surgical Treatment for 138 Patients With Severe Sagittal Deformity at a Minimum 2-Year Follow-up: A Case Series. <i>Operative Neurosurgery</i> , 2021, 21, 94-103.	0.4	3
85	Timing of conversion to cervical malalignment and proximal junctional kyphosis following surgical correction of adult spinal deformity: a 3-year radiographic analysis. <i>Journal of Neurosurgery: Spine</i> , 2021, 34, 830-838.	0.9	0
86	Not Frail and Elderly: How Invasive Can We Go in This Different Type of Adult Spinal Deformity Patient?. <i>Spine</i> , 2021, 46, 1559-1563.	1.0	5
87	Prevalence of Cannabidiol Use in Patients With Spine Complaints: Results of an Anonymous Survey. <i>International Journal of Spine Surgery</i> , 2021, 15, 663-668.	0.7	10
88	Operative versus nonoperative treatment for adult symptomatic lumbar scoliosis at 5-year follow-up: durability of outcomes and impact of treatment-related serious adverse events. <i>Journal of Neurosurgery: Spine</i> , 2021, 35, 67-79.	0.9	16
89	Gait kinematic alterations in subjects with adult spinal deformity and their radiological determinants. <i>Gait and Posture</i> , 2021, 88, 203-209.	0.6	15
90	Improvement in some Ames-ISSG cervical deformity classification modifier grades may correlate with clinical improvement. <i>Journal of Clinical Neuroscience</i> , 2021, 89, 297-304.	0.8	6

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
91	Outcomes of Patients With Parkinson Disease Undergoing Cervical Spine Surgery for Radiculopathy and Myelopathy With Minimum 2-Year Follow-up. <i>Clinical Spine Surgery</i> , 2021, 34, E432-E438.	0.7	2
92	The utility of supine radiographs in the assessment of thoracic flexibility and risk of proximal junctional kyphosis. <i>Journal of Neurosurgery: Spine</i> , 2021, 35, 110-116.	0.9	8
93	Development and Initial Internal Validation of a Novel Classification System for Perioperative Expectations Following Minimally Invasive Degenerative Lumbar Spine Surgery. <i>Clinical Spine Surgery</i> , 2021, 34, E537-E544.	0.7	15
94	Global coronal decompensation and adult spinal deformity surgery: comparison of upper-thoracic versus lower-thoracic proximal fixation for long fusions. <i>Journal of Neurosurgery: Spine</i> , 2021, 35, 761-773.	0.9	5
95	Multicenter assessment of outcomes and complications associated with transforaminal versus anterior lumbar interbody fusion for fractional curve correction. <i>Journal of Neurosurgery: Spine</i> , 2021, 35, 729-742.	0.9	14
96	Predictors of serious, preventable, and costly medical complications in a population of adult spinal deformity patients. <i>Spine Journal</i> , 2021, 21, 1559-1566.	0.6	5
97	Global alignment taking into account the cervical spine with odontoid hip axis angle (OD-HA). <i>European Spine Journal</i> , 2021, 30, 3647-3655.	1.0	7
98	Prioritization of Realignment Associated With Superior Clinical Outcomes for Cervical Deformity Patients. <i>Neurospine</i> , 2021, 18, 506-514.	1.1	8
99	Lateral Thoracolumbar Listhesis as an Independent Predictor of Disability in Adult Scoliosis Patients: Multivariable Assessment Before and After Surgical Realignment. <i>Neurosurgery</i> , 2021, 89, 1080-1086.	0.6	3
100	Shoulder Balance in Adult Spinal Deformity Patients Undergoing Selective Lumbar Fusion. <i>Spine</i> , 2021, Publish Ahead of Print, E385-E389.	1.0	0
101	Reaching the medicare allowable threshold in adult spinal deformity surgery: multicenter cost analysis comparing actual direct hospital costs versus what the government will pay. <i>Spine Deformity</i> , 2021, , 1.	0.7	3
102	Quality metrics in adult spinal deformity surgery over the last decade: a combined analysis of the largest prospective multicenter data sets. <i>Journal of Neurosurgery: Spine</i> , 2021, , 1-9.	0.9	11
103	The impact of the lower instrumented level on outcomes in cervical deformity surgery. <i>Journal of Craniovertebral Junction and Spine</i> , 2021, 12, 306.	0.4	2
104	Cervical deformity patients with baseline hyperlordosis or hyperkyphosis differ in surgical treatment and radiographic outcomes. <i>Journal of Craniovertebral Junction and Spine</i> , 2021, 12, 279.	0.4	4
105	Risk-benefit assessment of major versus minor osteotomies for flexible and rigid cervical deformity correction. <i>Journal of Craniovertebral Junction and Spine</i> , 2021, 12, 263.	0.4	3
106	Operative Treatment of Severe Scoliosis in Symptomatic Adults: Multicenter Assessment of Outcomes and Complications With Minimum 2-Year Follow-up. <i>Neurosurgery</i> , 2021, 89, 1012-1026.	0.6	3
107	Preoperative Hounsfield Units at the Planned Upper Instrumented Vertebrae May Predict Proximal Junctional Kyphosis in Adult Spinal Deformity. <i>Spine</i> , 2021, 46, E174-E180.	1.0	27
108	Does Achieving Global Spinal Alignment Lead to Higher Patient Satisfaction and Lower Disability in Adult Spinal Deformity?. <i>Spine</i> , 2021, 46, 1105-1110.	1.0	8

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
109	Patient outcomes after circumferential minimally invasive surgery compared with those of open correction for adult spinal deformity: initial analysis of prospectively collected data. <i>Journal of Neurosurgery: Spine</i> , 2021, , 1-12.	0.9	6
110	Surgical Strategy for the Management of Cervical Deformity Is Based on Type of Cervical Deformity. <i>Journal of Clinical Medicine</i> , 2021, 10, 4826.	1.0	6
111	Pelvic Incidence Affects Age-adjusted Alignment Outcomes in a Population of Adult Spinal Deformity. <i>Clinical Spine Surgery</i> , 2021, 34, E51-E56.	0.7	8
112	Improvement in SRS-22R Self-Image Correlate Most with Patient Satisfaction after 3-Column Osteotomy. <i>Spine</i> , 2021, 46, 822-827.	1.0	6
113	Depression Symptoms Are Associated with Poor Functional Status Among Operative Spinal Deformity Patients. <i>Spine</i> , 2021, 46, 447-456.	1.0	10
114	Neuromuscular Scoliosis: Comorbidities and Complications. <i>Asian Spine Journal</i> , 2021, 15, 778-790.	0.8	6
115	A Comparison of Three Different Positioning Techniques on Surgical Corrections and Postoperative Alignment in Cervical Spinal Deformity (CD) Surgery. <i>Spine</i> , 2021, 46, 567-570.	1.0	1
116	Development and Validation of a Multidomain Surgical Complication Classification System for Adult Spinal Deformity. <i>Spine</i> , 2021, 46, E267-E273.	1.0	10
117	The impact of postoperative neurologic complications on recovery kinetics in cervical deformity surgery. <i>Journal of Craniovertebral Junction and Spine</i> , 2021, 12, 393.	0.4	0
118	Alteration of the Sitting and Standing Movement in Adult Spinal Deformity. <i>Frontiers in Bioengineering and Biotechnology</i> , 2021, 9, 751193.	2.0	2
119	Are the Arbeitsgemeinschaft FÄ¼r Osteosynthesefragen (AO) Principles for Long Bone Fractures Applicable to 3-Column Osteotomy to Reduce Rod Fracture Rates?. <i>Clinical Spine Surgery</i> , 2021, Publish Ahead of Print, .	0.7	0
120	Durability of Satisfactory Functional Outcomes Following Surgical Adult Spinal Deformity Correction: A 3-Year Survivorship Analysis. <i>Operative Neurosurgery</i> , 2020, 18, 118-125.	0.4	9
121	A New Piece of the Puzzle to Understand Cervical Sagittal Alignment: Utilizing a Novel Angle $\hat{\tau}$ to Describe the Relationship among T1 Vertebral Body Slope, Cervical Lordosis, and Cervical Sagittal Alignment. <i>Neurosurgery</i> , 2020, 86, 446-451.	0.6	18
122	The Influence of Surgical Intervention and Sagittal Alignment on Frailty in Adult Cervical Deformity. <i>Operative Neurosurgery</i> , 2020, 18, 583-589.	0.4	8
123	Incidence of Acute, Progressive, and Delayed Proximal Junctional Kyphosis Over an 8-Year Period in Adult Spinal Deformity Patients. <i>Operative Neurosurgery</i> , 2020, 18, 75-82.	0.4	19
124	Posterior Ligamentous Reinforcement of the Upper Instrumented Vertebrae +1 Does Not Decrease Proximal Junctional Kyphosis in Adult Spinal Deformity. <i>Global Spine Journal</i> , 2020, 10, 692-699.	1.2	18
125	Risk Factor Analysis for Proximal Junctional Kyphosis After Adult Spinal Deformity Surgery: A New Simple Scoring System to Identify High-Risk Patients. <i>Global Spine Journal</i> , 2020, 10, 863-870.	1.2	16
126	Obesity negatively affects cost efficiency and outcomes following adult spinal deformity surgery. <i>Spine Journal</i> , 2020, 20, 512-518.	0.6	11



#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
127	Should Sagittal Spinal Alignment Targets for Adult Spinal Deformity Correction Depend on Pelvic Incidence and Age?. Spine, 2020, 45, 250-257.	1.0	27
128	Recurrent Proximal Junctional Kyphosis. Spine, 2020, 45, E18-E24.	1.0	13
129	Understanding Thoracic Spine Morphology, Shape, and Proportionality. Spine, 2020, 45, 149-157.	1.0	22
130	Pelvic Compensation in Sagittal Malalignment. Spine, 2020, 45, E203-E209.	1.0	9
131	Predicting the Occurrence of Postoperative Distal Junctional Kyphosis in Cervical Deformity Patients. Neurosurgery, 2020, 86, E38-E46.	0.6	27
132	Utilization of Predictive Modeling to Determine Episode of Care Costs and to Accurately Identify Catastrophic Cost Nonwarranty Outlier Patients in Adult Spinal Deformity Surgery. Spine, 2020, 45, E252-E265.	1.0	28
133	Development of a Novel Cervical Deformity Surgical Invasiveness Index. Spine, 2020, 45, 116-123.	1.0	12
134	Does Patient Frailty Status Influence Recovery Following Spinal Fusion for Adult Spinal Deformity?. Spine, 2020, 45, E397-E405.	1.0	25
135	Relationships between radiographic parameters and spinopelvic muscles in adult spinal deformity patients. European Spine Journal, 2020, 29, 1328-1339.	1.0	24
136	The Importance of C2 Slope, a Singular Marker of Cervical Deformity, Correlates With Patient-reported Outcomes. Spine, 2020, 45, 184-192.	1.0	38
137	ODI Cannot Account for All Variation in PROMIS Scores in Patients With Thoracolumbar Disorders. Global Spine Journal, 2020, 10, 399-405.	1.2	7
138	Complication Risk in Primary and Revision Minimally Invasive Lumbar Interbody Fusion: A Comparable Alternative to Conventional Open Techniques?. Global Spine Journal, 2020, 10, 619-626.	1.2	5
139	Group-based Trajectory Modeling: A Novel Approach to Classifying Discriminative Functional Status Following Adult Spinal Deformity Surgery. Spine, 2020, 45, 903-910.	1.0	2
140	The 3 Sagittal Morphotypes That Define the Normal Cervical Spine. Journal of Bone and Joint Surgery - Series A, 2020, 102, e109.	1.4	17
141	Cost-Utility Analysis of rhBMP-2 Use in Adult Spinal Deformity Surgery. Spine, 2020, 45, 1009-1015.	1.0	28
142	Counseling Guidelines for Anticipated Postsurgical Improvements in Pain, Function, Mental Health, and Self-image for Different Types of Adult Spinal Deformity. Spine, 2020, 45, 1118-1127.	1.0	3
143	Classifying Complications: Assessing Adult Spinal Deformity 2-Year Surgical Outcomes. Global Spine Journal, 2020, 10, 896-907.	1.2	19
144	Readmission in elective spine surgery: Will short stays be beneficial to patients. Journal of Clinical Neuroscience, 2020, 78, 170-174.	0.8	1

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
145	Early Peri-operative Outcomes Were Unchanged in Patients Undergoing Spine Surgery During the COVID-19 Pandemic in New York City. <i>HSS Journal</i> , 2020, 16, 77-84.	0.7	8
146	Hospital-acquired conditions occur more frequently in elective spine surgery than for other common elective surgical procedures. <i>Journal of Clinical Neuroscience</i> , 2020, 76, 36-40.	0.8	9
147	Lower Satisfaction After Adult Spinal Deformity Surgery in Japan Than in the United States Despite Similar SRS-22 Pain and Function Scores. <i>Spine</i> , 2020, 45, E1097-E1104.	1.0	4
148	Efficacy of topical versus intravenous tranexamic acid in spinal deformity. <i>European Spine Journal</i> , 2020, 29, 3044-3050.	1.0	8
149	Factors Associated With Short Length of Stay After Long Fusions for Adult Spinal Deformity: Initial Steps Toward Developing an Enhanced Recovery Pathway. <i>Global Spine Journal</i> , 2020, 11, 219256822094144.	1.2	14
150	Dystrophic Lumbar Kyphoscoliosis Associated with Giant Dural Ectasia in a 19-Year-Old Patient with Neurofibromatosis Type 1. Case Report. <i>SN Comprehensive Clinical Medicine</i> , 2020, 2, 1926-1930.	0.3	0
151	Bariatric Surgery Population at Significantly Increased Risk of Spinal Disorders and Surgical Intervention Compared With Morbidly Obese Patients. <i>Clinical Spine Surgery</i> , 2020, 33, E158-E161.	0.7	2
152	A cost utility analysis of treating different adult spinal deformity frailty states. <i>Journal of Clinical Neuroscience</i> , 2020, 80, 223-228.	0.8	16
153	The spino-pelvic ratio: a novel global sagittal parameter associated with clinical outcomes in adult spinal deformity patients. <i>European Spine Journal</i> , 2020, 29, 2354-2361.	1.0	4
154	Spino-femoral muscles affect sagittal alignment and compensatory recruitment: a new look into soft tissues in adult spinal deformity. <i>European Spine Journal</i> , 2020, 29, 2998-3005.	1.0	10
155	The Effect of Spinopelvic Parameters on the Development of Proximal Junctional Kyphosis in Early Onset: Mean 4.5-Year Follow-up. <i>Journal of Pediatric Orthopaedics</i> , 2020, 40, 261-266.	0.6	11
156	Deformity correction in thoracic adolescent idiopathic scoliosis. <i>Bone and Joint Journal</i> , 2020, 102-B, 376-382.	1.9	16
157	Osteoporosis and Spine Surgery. <i>JBJS Reviews</i> , 2020, 8, e0160-e0160.	0.8	7
158	Mandibular slope: a reproducible and simple measure of horizontal gaze. <i>Spine Deformity</i> , 2020, 8, 893-899.	0.7	3
159	Intraoperative alignment goals for distinctive sagittal morphotypes of severe cervical deformity to achieve optimal improvements in health-related quality of life measures. <i>Spine Journal</i> , 2020, 20, 1267-1275.	0.6	22
160	Artificial Intelligence Models Predict Operative Versus Nonoperative Management of Patients with Adult Spinal Deformity with 86% Accuracy. <i>World Neurosurgery</i> , 2020, 141, e239-e253.	0.7	13
161	The clinical impact of global coronal malalignment is underestimated in adult patients with thoracolumbar scoliosis. <i>Spine Deformity</i> , 2020, 8, 105-113.	0.7	27
162	Towards a new 3D classification for adolescent idiopathic scoliosis. <i>Spine Deformity</i> , 2020, 8, 387-396.	0.7	21

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
163	Comparison of biomechanical studies of disc repair devices based on a systematic review. <i>Spine Journal</i> , 2020, 20, 1344-1355.	0.6	5
164	Fatty infiltration of the cervical extensor musculature, cervical sagittal balance, and clinical outcomes: An analysis of operative adult cervical deformity patients. <i>Journal of Clinical Neuroscience</i> , 2020, 72, 134-141.	0.8	11
165	Assessment of Patient Outcomes and Proximal Junctional Failure Rate of Patients with Adult Spinal Deformity Undergoing Caudal Extension of Previous Spinal Fusion. <i>World Neurosurgery</i> , 2020, 139, e449-e454.	0.7	4
166	Probability of severe frailty development among operative and nonoperative adult spinal deformity patients: an actuarial survivorship analysis over a 3-year period. <i>Spine Journal</i> , 2020, 20, 1276-1285.	0.6	8
167	Defining an Algorithm of Treatment for Severe Cervical Deformity Using Surgeon Survey and Treatment Patterns. <i>World Neurosurgery</i> , 2020, 139, e541-e547.	0.7	3
168	Sexual Dysfunction Secondary to Lumbar Stiffness in Adult Spinal Deformity Patients Before and After Long-Segment Spinal Fusion. <i>World Neurosurgery</i> , 2020, 139, e474-e479.	0.7	5
169	Is Sacral Extension a Risk Factor for Early Proximal Junctional Kyphosis in Adult Spinal Deformity Surgery?. <i>Asian Spine Journal</i> , 2020, 14, 212-219.	0.8	16
170	Predicting the combined occurrence of poor clinical and radiographic outcomes following cervical deformity corrective surgery. <i>Journal of Neurosurgery: Spine</i> , 2020, 32, 182-190.	0.9	16
171	Upper-thoracic versus lower-thoracic upper instrumented vertebra in adult spinal deformity patients undergoing fusion to the pelvis: surgical decision-making and patient outcomes. <i>Journal of Neurosurgery: Spine</i> , 2020, 32, 600-606.	0.9	13
172	The morphology of cervical deformities: a two-step cluster analysis to identify cervical deformity patterns. <i>Journal of Neurosurgery: Spine</i> , 2020, 32, 353-359.	0.9	14
173	Establishing the minimum clinically important difference in Neck Disability Index and modified Japanese Orthopaedic Association scores for adult cervical deformity. <i>Journal of Neurosurgery: Spine</i> , 2020, 33, 441-445.	0.9	11
174	Prospective multicenter assessment of complication rates associated with adult cervical deformity surgery in 133 patients with minimum 1-year follow-up. <i>Journal of Neurosurgery: Spine</i> , 2020, 33, 588-600.	0.9	14
175	Radiographic benefit of incorporating the inflection between the cervical and thoracic curves in fusion constructs for surgical cervical deformity patients. <i>Journal of Craniovertebral Junction and Spine</i> , 2020, 11, 131.	0.4	3
176	A Simpler, Modified Frailty Index Weighted by Complication Occurrence Correlates to Pain and Disability for Adult Spinal Deformity Patients. <i>International Journal of Spine Surgery</i> , 2020, 14, 1031-1036.	0.7	13
177	Validation of the recently developed Total Disability Index: a single measure of disability in neck and back pain patients. <i>Journal of Neurosurgery: Spine</i> , 2020, 32, 533-541.	0.9	5
178	Revision Strategies for Harrington Rod Instrumentation: Radiographic Outcomes and Complications. <i>Global Spine Journal</i> , 2020, , 219256822096075.	1.2	5
179	Limited morbidity and possible radiographic benefit of C2 vs. subaxial cervical upper-most instrumented vertebrae. <i>Journal of Spine Surgery</i> , 2019, 5, 236-244.	0.6	4
180	Development of predictive models for all individual questions of SRS-22R after adult spinal deformity surgery: a step toward individualized medicine. <i>European Spine Journal</i> , 2019, 28, 1998-2011.	1.0	37

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
181	Adult spinal deformity. <i>Lancet, The</i> , 2019, 394, 160-172.	6.3	247
182	Predicting extended operative time and length of inpatient stay in cervical deformity corrective surgery. <i>Journal of Clinical Neuroscience</i> , 2019, 69, 206-213.	0.8	6
183	Younger Patients Are Differentially Affected by Stiffness-Related Disability Following Adult Spinal Deformity Surgery. <i>World Neurosurgery</i> , 2019, 132, e297-e304.	0.7	4
184	Spinopelvic Compensatory Mechanisms for Reduced Hip Motion (ROM) in the Setting of Hip Osteoarthritis. <i>Spine Deformity</i> , 2019, 7, 923-928.	0.7	37
185	Cervical Deformity Patients Have Baseline Swallowing Dysfunction but Surgery Does Not Increase Dysphagia at 3 Months: Results From a Prospective Cohort Study. <i>Global Spine Journal</i> , 2019, 9, 532-539.	1.2	13
186	Predictors of Hospital-Acquired Conditions Are Predominately Similar for Spine Surgery and Other Common Elective Surgical Procedures, With Some Key Exceptions. <i>Global Spine Journal</i> , 2019, 9, 717-723.	1.2	10
187	Development of a Modified Cervical Deformity Frailty Index. <i>Spine</i> , 2019, 44, 169-176.	1.0	41
188	Comparison of Best Versus Worst Clinical Outcomes for Adult Cervical Deformity Surgery. <i>Global Spine Journal</i> , 2019, 9, 303-314.	1.2	15
189	Which NDI domains best predict change in physical function in patients undergoing cervical spine surgery?. <i>Spine Journal</i> , 2019, 19, 1698-1705.	0.6	15
190	Adolescent Idiopathic Scoliosis Care in an Underserved Inner-City Population: Screening, Bracing, and Patient- and Parent-Reported Outcomes. <i>Spine Deformity</i> , 2019, 7, 559-564.	0.7	8
191	Evolution in Surgical Approach, Complications, and Outcomes in an Adult Spinal Deformity Surgery Multicenter Study Group Patient Population. <i>Spine Deformity</i> , 2019, 7, 481-488.	0.7	32
192	Effect of Obesity on Radiographic Alignment and Short-Term Complications After Surgical Treatment of Adult Cervical Deformity. <i>World Neurosurgery</i> , 2019, 125, e1082-e1088.	0.7	4
193	Urinary N-Telopeptide Can Predict Pseudarthrosis After Anterior Cervical Decompression and Fusion. <i>Spine</i> , 2019, 44, 770-776.	1.0	6
194	Indicators for Nonroutine Discharge Following Cervical Deformity-Corrective Surgery: Radiographic, Surgical, and Patient-Related Factors. <i>Neurosurgery</i> , 2019, 85, E509-E519.	0.6	5
195	What Factors Predict the Risk of Proximal Junctional Failure in the Long Term, Demographic, Surgical, or Radiographic?. <i>Spine</i> , 2019, 44, 777-784.	1.0	23
196	Location of correction within the lumbar spine impacts acute adjacent-segment kyphosis. <i>Journal of Neurosurgery: Spine</i> , 2019, 30, 69-77.	0.9	27
197	Recovery kinetics following spinal deformity correction: a comparison of isolated cervical, thoracolumbar, and combined deformity morphometries. <i>Spine Journal</i> , 2019, 19, 1422-1433.	0.6	7
198	Optimal tether configurations and preload tensioning to prevent proximal junctional kyphosis: a finite element analysis. <i>Journal of Neurosurgery: Spine</i> , 2019, 30, 574-584.	0.9	29

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
199	Alcoholism as a predictor for pseudarthrosis in primary spine fusion: An analysis of risk factors and 30-day outcomes for 52,402 patients from 2005 to 2013. <i>Journal of Orthopaedics</i> , 2019, 16, 36-40.	0.6	11
200	Anterior cervical discectomy and fusion can restore cervical sagittal alignment in degenerative cervical disease. <i>European Journal of Orthopaedic Surgery and Traumatology</i> , 2019, 29, 767-774.	0.6	15
201	Improving Complex Pediatric and Adult Spine Care While Embracing the Value Equation. <i>Spine Deformity</i> , 2019, 7, 228-235.	0.7	10
202	Reciprocal Changes in Cervical Alignment After Thoracolumbar Arthrodesis for Adult Spinal Deformity. <i>Spine</i> , 2019, 44, E1311-E1316.	1.0	9
203	Minimal Clinically Important Difference and Substantial Clinical Benefit Using PROMIS CAT in Cervical Spine Surgery. <i>Clinical Spine Surgery</i> , 2019, 32, 392-397.	0.7	89
204	Computation of Intersegmental Moments during Standing Posture: Can We Neglect the Horizontal Ground Reaction Force? Results from an Experimental Study. <i>Advances in Orthopedics</i> , 2019, 2019, 1-4.	0.4	0
205	Opioid Consumption Patterns After Lumbar Microdiscectomy or Decompression. <i>Spine</i> , 2019, 44, 1599-1605.	1.0	13
206	Diminishing Clinical Returns of Multilevel Minimally Invasive Lumbar Interbody Fusion. <i>Spine</i> , 2019, 44, E1181-E1187.	1.0	4
207	The Dubouset Functional Test is a Novel Assessment of Physical Function and Balance. <i>Clinical Orthopaedics and Related Research</i> , 2019, 477, 2307-2315.	0.7	16
208	Radiographic Categorization of the Hip-spine Syndrome in the Setting of Hip Osteoarthritis and Sagittal Spinal Malalignment. <i>Journal of the American Academy of Orthopaedic Surgeons</i> , The, 2019, 27, 659-666.	1.1	12
209	A Prospective, Psychometric Validation of National Institutes of Health Patient-Reported Outcomes Measurement Information System Physical Function, Pain Interference, and Upper Extremity Computer Adaptive Testing in Cervical Spine Patients. <i>Spine</i> , 2019, 44, 1539-1549.	1.0	10
210	Artificial Intelligence Based Hierarchical Clustering of Patient Types and Intervention Categories in Adult Spinal Deformity Surgery. <i>Spine</i> , 2019, 44, 915-926.	1.0	75
211	Development of Deployable Predictive Models for Minimal Clinically Important Difference Achievement Across the Commonly Used Health-related Quality of Life Instruments in Adult Spinal Deformity Surgery. <i>Spine</i> , 2019, 44, 1144-1153.	1.0	31
212	Surgery for the Adolescent Idiopathic Scoliosis Patients After Skeletal Maturity: Early Versus Late Surgery. <i>Spine Deformity</i> , 2019, 7, 84-92.	0.7	24
213	Trends in Treatment of Scheuermann Kyphosis: A Study of 1,070 Cases From 2003 to 2012. <i>Spine Deformity</i> , 2019, 7, 100-106.	0.7	14
214	Decreased rates of 30-day perioperative complications following ASD-corrective surgery: A modified Clavien analysis of 3300 patients from 2010 to 2014. <i>Journal of Clinical Neuroscience</i> , 2019, 61, 147-152.	0.8	4
215	Predicting the occurrence of complications following corrective cervical deformity surgery: Analysis of a prospective multicenter database using predictive analytics. <i>Journal of Clinical Neuroscience</i> , 2019, 59, 155-161.	0.8	21
216	Impact of presenting patient characteristics on surgical complications and morbidity in early onset scoliosis. <i>Journal of Clinical Neuroscience</i> , 2019, 62, 105-111.	0.8	2

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
217	Alignment Risk Factors for Proximal Junctional Kyphosis and the Effect of Lower Thoracic Junctional Tethers for Adult Spinal Deformity. <i>World Neurosurgery</i> , 2019, 121, e96-e103.	0.7	44
218	Improvement in Back and Leg Pain and Disability Following Adult Spinal Deformity Surgery. <i>Spine</i> , 2019, 44, 263-269.	1.0	14
219	Determinants of Patient Satisfaction 2 Years After Spinal Deformity Surgery. <i>Spine</i> , 2019, 44, E45-E52.	1.0	11
220	Pre-operative planning and rod customization may optimize post-operative alignment and mitigate development of malalignment in multi-segment posterior cervical decompression and fusion patients. <i>Journal of Clinical Neuroscience</i> , 2019, 59, 248-253.	0.8	5
221	Recovery Kinetics: Comparison of Patients Undergoing Primary or Revision Procedures for Adult Cervical Deformity Using a Novel Area Under the Curve Methodology. <i>Neurosurgery</i> , 2019, 85, E40-E51.	0.6	12
222	Incidence of Congenital Spinal Abnormalities Among Pediatric Patients and Their Association With Scoliosis and Systemic Anomalies. <i>Journal of Pediatric Orthopaedics</i> , 2019, 39, e608-e613.	0.6	32
223	A Pilot Study on Posterior Polyethylene Tethers to Prevent Proximal Junctional Kyphosis After Multilevel Spinal Instrumentation for Adult Spinal Deformity. <i>Operative Neurosurgery</i> , 2019, 16, 256-266.	0.4	50
224	Congenital Etiology Is an Independent Risk Factor for Complications in Adolescents Undergoing Corrective Scoliosis Surgery: Comparison of In-hospital Comorbidities Using Nationwide KIDâ€™s Inpatient Database. <i>Journal of Pediatric Orthopaedics</i> , 2019, 39, 406-410.	0.6	4
225	Full-Body Radiographic Analysis of Postoperative Deviations From Age-Adjusted Alignment Goals in Adult Spinal Deformity Correction and Related Compensatory Recruitment. <i>International Journal of Spine Surgery</i> , 2019, 13, 205-214.	0.7	20
226	Cervical mismatch: the normative value of T1 slope minus cervical lordosis and its ability to predict ideal cervical lordosis. <i>Journal of Neurosurgery: Spine</i> , 2019, 30, 31-37.	0.9	62
227	Development and validation of risk stratification models for adult spinal deformity surgery. <i>Journal of Neurosurgery: Spine</i> , 2019, 31, 587-599.	0.9	41
228	Relationship between body mass index and sagittal vertical axis change as well as health-related quality of life in 564 patients after deformity surgery. <i>Journal of Neurosurgery: Spine</i> , 2019, 31, 697-702.	0.9	8
229	Less invasive spinal deformity surgery: the impact of the learning curve at tertiary spine care centers. <i>Journal of Neurosurgery: Spine</i> , 2019, 31, 865-872.	0.9	14
230	PROMIS physical health domain scores are related to cervical deformity severity. <i>Journal of Craniovertebral Junction and Spine</i> , 2019, 10, 179.	0.4	10
231	Global spinal deformity from the upper cervical perspective. What is "Abnormal" in the upper cervical spine?. <i>Journal of Craniovertebral Junction and Spine</i> , 2019, 10, 152.	0.4	6
232	Concepts of Risk Stratification in Measurement and Delivery of Quality. , 2019, , 111-129.		1
233	The impact of osteotomy grade and location on regional and global alignment following cervical deformity surgery. <i>Journal of Craniovertebral Junction and Spine</i> , 2019, 10, 160.	0.4	8
234	Examining the Patient-Reported Outcomes Measurement Information System versus the Scoliosis Research Societyâ€™22r in adult spinal deformity. <i>Journal of Neurosurgery: Spine</i> , 2019, 30, 801-806.	0.9	5

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
235	Suboptimal Age-Adjusted Lumbo-Pelvic Mismatch Predicts Negative Cervical-Thoracic Compensation in Obese Patients. <i>International Journal of Spine Surgery</i> , 2019, 13, 252-261.	0.7	5
236	The Impact of Adult Thoracolumbar Spinal Deformities on Standing to Sitting Regional and Segmental Reciprocal Alignment. <i>International Journal of Spine Surgery</i> , 2019, 13, 308-316.	0.7	5
237	The Relationship Between Improvements in Myelopathy and Sagittal Realignment in Cervical Deformity Surgery Outcomes. <i>Spine</i> , 2018, 43, 1117-1124.	1.0	29
238	Cost-utility analysis of cervical deformity surgeries using 1-year outcome. <i>Spine Journal</i> , 2018, 18, 1552-1557.	0.6	21
239	Full-Body Analysis of Adult Spinal Deformity Patients' Age-Adjusted Alignment at 1 Year. <i>World Neurosurgery</i> , 2018, 114, e775-e784.	0.7	10
240	Inter- and Intra-rater Reliability of the Hart-ISSG Proximal Junctional Failure Severity Scale. <i>Spine</i> , 2018, 43, E461-E467.	1.0	10
241	Dural Tears in Adult Deformity Surgery: Incidence, Risk Factors, and Outcomes. <i>Global Spine Journal</i> , 2018, 8, 25-31.	1.2	17
242	The use of patient-reported preoperative activity levels as a stratification tool for short-term and long-term outcomes in patients with adult spinal deformity. <i>Journal of Neurosurgery: Spine</i> , 2018, 29, 68-74.	0.9	7
243	Predictors of adverse discharge disposition in adult spinal deformity and associated costs. <i>Spine Journal</i> , 2018, 18, 1845-1852.	0.6	48
244	Radiological severity of hip osteoarthritis in patients with adult spinal deformity: the effect on spinopelvic and lower extremity compensatory mechanisms. <i>European Spine Journal</i> , 2018, 27, 2294-2302.	1.0	27
245	Cervical Alignment Changes in Patients Developing Proximal Junctional Kyphosis Following Surgical Correction of Adult Spinal Deformity. <i>Neurosurgery</i> , 2018, 83, 675-682.	0.6	12
246	Self-learning computers for surgical planning and prediction of postoperative alignment. <i>European Spine Journal</i> , 2018, 27, 123-128.	1.0	21
247	Predictors of Hospital Length of Stay and 30-Day Readmission in Cervical Spondylotic Myelopathy Patients: An Analysis of 3057 Patients Using the ACS-NSQIP Database. <i>World Neurosurgery</i> , 2018, 110, e450-e458.	0.7	34
248	Drivers of Cervical Deformity Have a Strong Influence on Achieving Optimal Radiographic and Clinical Outcomes at 1 Year After Cervical Deformity Surgery. <i>World Neurosurgery</i> , 2018, 112, e61-e68.	0.7	23
249	Minimum Detectable Measurement Difference for Health-Related Quality of Life Measures Varies With Age and Disability in Adult Spinal Deformity. <i>Spine</i> , 2018, 43, E790-E795.	1.0	14
250	Traumatic Fractures of the Cervical Spine: Analysis of Changes in Incidence, Cause, Concurrent Injuries, and Complications Among 488,262 Patients from 2005 to 2013. <i>World Neurosurgery</i> , 2018, 110, e427-e437.	0.7	60
251	Assessment of a Novel Adult Cervical Deformity Frailty Index as a Component of Preoperative Risk Stratification. <i>World Neurosurgery</i> , 2018, 109, e800-e806.	0.7	51
252	Xipho-pubic angle (XPA) correlates with patients' reported outcomes in a population of adult spinal deformity: results from a multi-center cohort study. <i>European Spine Journal</i> , 2018, 27, 670-677.	1.0	5

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
253	Cervical Facet Orientation Varies with Age in Children. <i>Journal of Bone and Joint Surgery - Series A</i> , 2018, 100, e57.	1.4	8
254	Radiographic Fusion Grade Does Not Impact Health-Related Quality of Life in the Absence of Instrumentation Failure for Patients Undergoing Posterior Instrumented Fusion for Adult Spinal Deformity. <i>World Neurosurgery</i> , 2018, 117, e1-e7.	0.7	9
255	Complication Rates and Maintenance of Correction After 3-Column Osteotomy in the Elderly: Report of 55 Patients With 2-Year Follow-up. <i>Neurosurgery</i> , 2018, 83, 973-980.	0.6	2
256	Predictive model for distal junctional kyphosis after cervical deformity surgery. <i>Spine Journal</i> , 2018, 18, 2187-2194.	0.6	59
257	External validation of the adult spinal deformity (ASD) frailty index (ASD-FI). <i>European Spine Journal</i> , 2018, 27, 2331-2338.	1.0	47
258	The Effect of Aging on Cervical Parameters in a Normative North American Population. <i>Global Spine Journal</i> , 2018, 8, 709-715.	1.2	36
259	Comparing psychological burden of orthopaedic diseases against medical conditions: Investigation on hospital course of hip, knee, and spine surgery patients. <i>Journal of Orthopaedics</i> , 2018, 15, 297-301.	0.6	15
260	Association of Patient-Reported Narcotic Use With Short- and Long-Term Outcomes After Adult Spinal Deformity Surgery. <i>Spine</i> , 2018, 43, 1340-1346.	1.0	13
261	Operative Management of Adult Spinal Deformity Results in Significant Increases in QALYs Gained Compared to Nonoperative Management. <i>Spine</i> , 2018, 43, 339-347.	1.0	43
262	Design and Testing of 2 Novel Scores That Predict Global Sagittal Alignment Utilizing Cervical or Lumbar Plain Radiographs. <i>Neurosurgery</i> , 2018, 82, 163-171.	0.6	5
263	Characterizing Adult Cervical Deformity and Disability Based on Existing Cervical and Adult Deformity Classification Schemes at Presentation and Following Correction. <i>Neurosurgery</i> , 2018, 82, 192-201.	0.6	17
264	Three types of sagittal alignment regarding compensation in asymptomatic adults: the contribution of the spine and lower limbs. <i>European Spine Journal</i> , 2018, 27, 397-405.	1.0	24
265	The Adult Deformity Surgery Complexity Index (ADSCI): a valid tool to quantify the complexity of posterior adult spinal deformity surgery and predict postoperative complications. <i>Spine Journal</i> , 2018, 18, 216-225.	0.6	30
266	Patient profiling can identify patients with adult spinal deformity (ASD) at risk for conversion from nonoperative to surgical treatment: initial steps to reduce ineffective ASD management. <i>Spine Journal</i> , 2018, 18, 234-244.	0.6	20
267	After 9 Years of 3-Column Osteotomies, Are We Doing Better? Performance Curve Analysis of 573 Surgeries With 2-Year Follow-up. <i>Neurosurgery</i> , 2018, 83, 69-75.	0.6	16
268	The Lumbar Pelvic Angle, the Lumbar Component of the T1 Pelvic Angle, Correlates With HRQOL, PI-LL Mismatch, and it Predicts Global Alignment. <i>Spine</i> , 2018, 43, 681-687.	1.0	38
269	Lumbosacral stress and age may contribute to increased pelvic incidence: an analysis of 1625 adults. <i>European Spine Journal</i> , 2018, 27, 482-488.	1.0	26
270	Under Correction of Sagittal Deformities Based on Age-adjusted Alignment Thresholds Leads to Worse Health-related Quality of Life Whereas Over Correction Provides No Additional Benefit. <i>Spine</i> , 2018, 43, 388-393.	1.0	50



#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
271	A cost-effectiveness comparisons of adult spinal deformity surgery in the United States and Japan. <i>European Spine Journal</i> , 2018, 27, 678-684.	1.0	24
272	Body mass index predicts risk of complications in lumbar spine surgery based on surgical invasiveness. <i>Spine Journal</i> , 2018, 18, 1204-1210.	0.6	52
273	Prospective multi-centric evaluation of upper cervical and infra-cervical sagittal compensatory alignment in patients with adult cervical deformity. <i>European Spine Journal</i> , 2018, 27, 416-425.	1.0	19
274	Analysis of Successful Versus Failed Radiographic Outcomes After Cervical Deformity Surgery. <i>Spine</i> , 2018, 43, E773-E781.	1.0	31
275	Declining usage of rhBMP-2 in lumbar fusions for adult spinal deformity since 2008. <i>Journal of Clinical Neuroscience</i> , 2018, 47, 62-65.	0.8	1
276	Primary Drivers of Adult Cervical Deformity: Prevalence, Variations in Presentation, and Effect of Surgical Treatment Strategies on Early Postoperative Alignment. <i>Neurosurgery</i> , 2018, 83, 651-659.	0.6	21
277	Saturday, September 29, 2018 9:00 am–10:00 am Impact of Adult Deformity Correction. <i>Spine Journal</i> , 2018, 18, S129-S130.	0.6	3
278	Patient Profiling Can Identify Spondylolisthesis Patients at Risk for Conversion from Nonoperative to Operative Treatment. <i>JBJS Open Access</i> , 2018, 3, e0051.	0.8	1
279	Baseline mental status predicts happy patients after operative or non-operative treatment of adult spinal deformity. <i>Journal of Spine Surgery</i> , 2018, 4, 687-695.	0.6	9
280	The Amount of Proximal Lumbar Lordosis Is Related to Pelvic Incidence. <i>Clinical Orthopaedics and Related Research</i> , 2018, 476, 1603-1611.	0.7	77
281	Ethnic Variations in Radiographic Parameters and SRS-22 Scores in Adult Spinal Deformity. <i>Clinical Spine Surgery</i> , 2018, 31, 216-221.	0.7	6
282	Fatty Infiltration of Cervical Spine Extensor Musculature. <i>Clinical Spine Surgery</i> , 2018, 31, 428-434.	0.7	21
283	Cervical Versus Thoracolumbar Spinal Deformities. <i>Clinical Spine Surgery</i> , 2018, 31, 413-419.	0.7	5
284	Friday, September 28, 2018 4:05 PM–5:05 PM abstracts: cervical myelopathy and deformity. <i>Spine Journal</i> , 2018, 18, S126-S127.	0.6	1
285	Prior bariatric surgery lowers complication rates following spine surgery in obese patients. <i>Acta Neurochirurgica</i> , 2018, 160, 2459-2465.	0.9	21
286	Adjacent Segment Disease and Proximal Junctional Kyphosis—Part 1: Etiology and Classification. <i>Contemporary Neurosurgery</i> , 2018, 40, 1-7.	0.2	0
287	Adjacent Segment Disease after Lumbar Spine Surgery—Part 2: Prevention and Treatment. <i>Contemporary Neurosurgery</i> , 2018, 40, 1-7.	0.2	0
288	Normal values for sagittal spinal alignment: a study of Brazilian subjects. <i>Clinics</i> , 2018, 73, e647.	0.6	17

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
289	Clinical Impact and Economic Burden of Hospital-Acquired Conditions Following Common Surgical Procedures. <i>Spine</i> , 2018, 43, E1358-E1363.	1.0	27
290	The Influence of Body Mass Index on Achieving Age-Adjusted Alignment Goals in Adult Spinal Deformity Corrective Surgery with Full-Body Analysis at 1 Year. <i>World Neurosurgery</i> , 2018, 120, e533-e545.	0.7	16
291	Outcomes of Operative Treatment for Adult Cervical Deformity: A Prospective Multicenter Assessment With 1-Year Follow-up. <i>Neurosurgery</i> , 2018, 83, 1031-1039.	0.6	34
292	Cervical and postural strategies for maintaining horizontal gaze in asymptomatic adults. <i>European Spine Journal</i> , 2018, 27, 2700-2709.	1.0	22
293	The Posterior Use of BMP-2 in Cervical Deformity Surgery Does Not Result in Increased Early Complications: A Prospective Multicenter Study. <i>Global Spine Journal</i> , 2018, 8, 622-628.	1.2	6
294	Motion analysis in the axial plane after realignment surgery for adolescent idiopathic scoliosis. <i>Gait and Posture</i> , 2018, 66, 181-188.	0.6	8
295	Identifying Thoracic Compensation and Predicting Reciprocal Thoracic Kyphosis and Proximal Junctional Kyphosis in Adult Spinal Deformity Surgery. <i>Spine</i> , 2018, 43, 1479-1486.	1.0	31
296	Peak Timing for Complications After Adult Spinal Deformity Surgery. <i>World Neurosurgery</i> , 2018, 115, e509-e515.	0.7	22
297	Clinically Significant Thromboembolic Disease in Adult Spinal Deformity Surgery: Incidence and Risk Factors in 737 Patients. <i>Global Spine Journal</i> , 2018, 8, 224-230.	1.2	15
298	Recovery Kinetics of Radiographic and Implant-Related Revision Patients Following Adult Spinal Deformity Surgery. <i>Neurosurgery</i> , 2018, 83, 700-708.	0.6	9
299	Are the sagittal cervical radiographic modifiers of the Ames-ISSG classification specific to adult cervical deformity?. <i>Journal of Neurosurgery: Spine</i> , 2018, 29, 483-490.	0.9	18
300	Adverse Outcomes and Prediction of Cardiopulmonary Complications in Elective Spine Surgery. <i>Global Spine Journal</i> , 2018, 8, 218-223.	1.2	15
301	Clinical and radiographic presentation and treatment of patients with cervical deformity secondary to thoracolumbar proximal junctional kyphosis are distinct despite achieving similar outcomes: Analysis of 123 prospective CD cases. <i>Journal of Clinical Neuroscience</i> , 2018, 56, 121-126.	0.8	5
302	Rod Fracture After Apparently Solid Radiographic Fusion in Adult Spinal Deformity Patients. <i>World Neurosurgery</i> , 2018, 117, e530-e537.	0.7	37
303	Development of a Preoperative Predictive Model for Reaching the Oswestry Disability Index Minimal Clinically Important Difference for Adult Spinal Deformity Patients. <i>Spine Deformity</i> , 2018, 6, 593-599.	0.7	34
304	From Static Spinal Alignment to Dynamic Body Balance: Utilizing Motion Analysis in Spinal Deformity Surgery. <i>JBJS Reviews</i> , 2018, 6, e3-e3.	0.8	22
305	Incidence, trends, and associated risks of developmental hip dysplasia in patients with Early Onset and Adolescent Idiopathic Scoliosis. <i>Journal of Orthopaedics</i> , 2018, 15, 874-877.	0.6	6
306	Prospective Multicenter Assessment of All-Cause Mortality Following Surgery for Adult Cervical Deformity. <i>Neurosurgery</i> , 2018, 83, 1277-1285.	0.6	18

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
307	Sagittal alignment of the cervical spine in the setting of adolescent idiopathic scoliosis. <i>Journal of Neurosurgery: Spine</i> , 2018, 29, 506-514.	0.9	17
308	What are the risk factors for surgical site infection after spinal fusion? A meta-analysis. <i>European Spine Journal</i> , 2018, 27, 2469-2480.	1.0	47
309	Patients with Adult Spinal Deformity with Previous Fusions Have an Equal Chance of Reaching Substantial Clinical Benefit Thresholds in Health-Related Quality of Life Measures but Do Not Reach the Same Absolute Level of Improvement. <i>World Neurosurgery</i> , 2018, 116, e354-e361.	0.7	4
310	Predictive Modeling of Length of Hospital Stay Following Adult Spinal Deformity Correction: Analysis of 653 Patients with an Accuracy of 75% within 2 Days. <i>World Neurosurgery</i> , 2018, 115, e422-e427.	0.7	29
311	Adult cervical deformity: radiographic and osteotomy classifications. <i>Der Orthopade</i> , 2018, 47, 496-504.	0.7	9
312	The impact of mental health on patient-reported outcomes in cervical radiculopathy or myelopathy surgery. <i>Journal of Clinical Neuroscience</i> , 2018, 54, 102-108.	0.8	12
313	Single Level Proximal Thoracic Pedicle Subtraction Osteotomy for Fixed Hyperkyphotic Deformity: Surgical Technique and Patient Series. <i>Operative Neurosurgery</i> , 2018, 14, 515-523.	0.4	11
314	Diversity in Surgical Decision Strategies for Adult Spine Deformity Treatment: The Effects of Neurosurgery or Orthopedic Training Background and Surgical Experience. <i>Neurospine</i> , 2018, 15, 353-361.	1.1	7
315	T1 Slope Minus Cervical Lordosis (TS-CL), the Cervical Answer to PI-LL, Defines Cervical Sagittal Deformity in Patients Undergoing Thoracolumbar Osteotomy. <i>International Journal of Spine Surgery</i> , 2018, 12, 362-370.	0.7	25
316	Development of New-Onset Cervical Deformity in Nonoperative Adult Spinal Deformity Patients With 2-Year Follow-Up. <i>International Journal of Spine Surgery</i> , 2018, 12, 725-734.	0.7	4
317	Evaluating cervical deformity corrective surgery outcomes at 1-year using current patient-derived and functional measures: are they adequate?. <i>Journal of Spine Surgery</i> , 2018, 4, 295-303.	0.6	21
318	Cost-utility of revisions for cervical deformity correction warrants minimization of reoperations. <i>Journal of Spine Surgery</i> , 2018, 4, 702-711.	0.6	9
319	Development of a validated computer-based preoperative predictive model for pseudarthrosis with 91% accuracy in 336 adult spinal deformity patients. <i>Neurosurgical Focus</i> , 2018, 45, E11.	1.0	26
320	Comparing Quality of Life in Cervical Spondylotic Myelopathy with Other Chronic Debilitating Diseases Using the Short Form Survey 36-Health Survey. <i>World Neurosurgery</i> , 2017, 106, 699-706.	0.7	98
321	Complication rates associated with 3-column osteotomy in 82 adult spinal deformity patients: retrospective review of a prospectively collected multicenter consecutive series with 2-year follow-up. <i>Journal of Neurosurgery: Spine</i> , 2017, 27, 444-457.	0.9	115
322	Roussouly's sagittal spino-pelvic morphotypes as determinants of gait in asymptomatic adult subjects. <i>Gait and Posture</i> , 2017, 54, 27-33.	0.6	13
323	Preoperative functional status as a predictor of short-term outcome in adult spinal deformity surgery. <i>Journal of Clinical Neuroscience</i> , 2017, 39, 118-123.	0.8	17
324	Timing of Complications Occurring Within 30 Days After Adult Spinal Deformity Surgery. <i>Spine Deformity</i> , 2017, 5, 145-150.	0.7	20

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
325	Outcomes of open staged corrective surgery in the setting of adult spinal deformity. Spine Journal, 2017, 17, 1091-1099.	0.6	28
326	Importance of patient-reported individualized goals when assessing outcomes for adult spinal deformity (ASD): initial experience with a Patient Generated Index (PGI). Spine Journal, 2017, 17, 1397-1405.	0.6	15
327	Impact of Smoking on 30-day Morbidity and Mortality in Adult Spinal Deformity Surgery. Spine, 2017, 42, 465-470.	1.0	26
328	Cervical spondylotic myelopathy: National trends in the treatment and peri-operative outcomes over 10 years. Journal of Clinical Neuroscience, 2017, 42, 75-80.	0.8	28
329	Orientation of the Upper-most Instrumented Segment Influences Proximal Junctional Disease Following Adult Spinal Deformity Surgery. Spine, 2017, 42, 1570-1577.	1.0	64
330	Virtual Modeling of Postoperative Alignment After Adult Spinal Deformity Surgery Helps Predict Associations Between Compensatory Spinopelvic Alignment Changes, Overcorrection, and Proximal Junctional Kyphosis. Spine, 2017, 42, E1119-E1125.	1.0	36
331	Patient Satisfaction After Adult Spinal Deformity Surgery Does Not Strongly Correlate With Health-Related Quality of Life Scores, Radiographic Parameters, or Occurrence of Complications. Spine, 2017, 42, 764-769.	1.0	32
332	Full-Body Analysis of Age-Adjusted Alignment in Adult Spinal Deformity Patients and Lower-Limb Compensation. Spine, 2017, 42, 653-661.	1.0	45
333	Effect of liberal blood transfusion on clinical outcomes and cost in spine surgery patients. Spine Journal, 2017, 17, 1255-1263.	0.6	45
334	The impact of obesity on compensatory mechanisms in response to progressive sagittal malalignment. Spine Journal, 2017, 17, 681-688.	0.6	33
335	Defining the Role of the Lower Limbs in Compensating for Sagittal Malalignment. Spine, 2017, 42, E1282-E1288.	1.0	21
336	Role of Ethnicity in Alignment Compensation. Spine, 2017, 42, E234-E240.	1.0	26
337	Results of the 2015 Scoliosis Research Society Survey on Single Versus Dual Attending Surgeon Approach for Adult Spinal Deformity Surgery. Spine, 2017, 42, 932-942.	1.0	25
338	Tridimensional Analysis of Rotatory Subluxation and Sagittal Spinopelvic Alignment in the Setting of Adult Spinal Deformity. Spine Deformity, 2017, 5, 255-264.	0.7	16
339	Cell Saver for Adult Spinal Deformity Surgery Reduces Cost. Spine Deformity, 2017, 5, 272-276.	0.7	27
340	Radiological lumbar stenosis severity predicts worsening sagittal malalignment on full-body standing stereoradiographs. Spine Journal, 2017, 17, 1601-1610.	0.6	17
341	Does MIS Surgery Allow for Shorter Constructs in the Surgical Treatment of Adult Spinal Deformity?. Neurosurgery, 2017, 80, 489-497.	0.6	38
342	Age-Adjusted Alignment Goals Have the Potential to Reduce PJK. Spine, 2017, 42, 1275-1282.	1.0	183

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
343	Anterior Column Realignment has Similar Results to Pedicle Subtraction Osteotomy in Treating Adults with Sagittal Plane Deformity. <i>World Neurosurgery</i> , 2017, 105, 249-256.	0.7	60
344	Comparative analysis of perioperative complications between a multicenter prospective cervical deformity database and the Nationwide Inpatient Sample database. <i>Spine Journal</i> , 2017, 17, 1633-1640.	0.6	30
345	Morbidity of Adult Spinal Deformity Surgery in Elderly Has Declined Over Time. <i>Spine</i> , 2017, 42, E978-E982.	1.0	31
346	A Novel Tool for Deformity Surgery Planning: Determining the Magnitude of Lordotic Correction Required to Achieve a Desired Sagittal Vertical Axis. <i>World Neurosurgery</i> , 2017, 104, 904-908.e1.	0.7	3
347	Thoracolumbar Realignment Surgery Results in Simultaneous Reciprocal Changes in Lower Extremities and Cervical Spine. <i>Spine</i> , 2017, 42, 799-807.	1.0	30
348	Adult Scoliosis Deformity Surgery. <i>Spine</i> , 2017, 42, 992-998.	1.0	23
349	Three-column osteotomy for correction of cervical and cervicothoracic deformities: alignment changes and early complications in a multicenter prospective series of 23 patients. <i>European Spine Journal</i> , 2017, 26, 2128-2137.	1.0	48
350	Early Patient-Reported Outcomes Predict 3-Year Outcomes in Operatively Treated Patients with Adult Spinal Deformity. <i>World Neurosurgery</i> , 2017, 102, 258-262.	0.7	9
351	Development of a preoperative predictive model for major complications following adult spinal deformity surgery. <i>Journal of Neurosurgery: Spine</i> , 2017, 26, 736-743.	0.9	102
352	Adult Spinal Deformity: National Trends in the Presentation, Treatment, and Perioperative Outcomes From 2003 to 2010. <i>Spine Deformity</i> , 2017, 5, 342-350.	0.7	35
353	The Importance of C2-Slope, a Singular Marker of Cervical Deformity, Correlates with Patient-Reported Outcomes. <i>Spine Journal</i> , 2017, 17, S48.	0.6	3
354	A novel index for quantifying the risk of early complications for patients undergoing cervical spine surgeries. <i>Journal of Neurosurgery: Spine</i> , 2017, 27, 501-507.	0.9	11
355	Incidence of perioperative medical complications and mortality among elderly patients undergoing surgery for spinal deformity: analysis of 3519 patients. <i>Journal of Neurosurgery: Spine</i> , 2017, 27, 534-539.	0.9	31
356	Sagittal alignment and complications following lumbar 3-column osteotomy: does the level of resection matter?. <i>Journal of Neurosurgery: Spine</i> , 2017, 27, 560-569.	0.9	16
357	O101: How spino-pelvic postural alignment influences gait kinematics?. <i>Gait and Posture</i> , 2017, 57, 177-178.	0.6	2
358	The Health Impact of Adult Cervical Deformity in Patients Presenting for Surgical Treatment: Comparison to United States Population Norms and Chronic Disease States Based on the EuroQuol-5 Dimensions Questionnaire. <i>Neurosurgery</i> , 2017, 80, 716-725.	0.6	74
359	Stiffness After Pan-Lumbar Arthrodesis for Adult Spinal Deformity Does Not Significantly Impact Patient Functional Status or Satisfaction Irrespective of Proximal Endpoint. <i>Spine</i> , 2017, 42, 1151-1157.	1.0	25
360	The Fate of Patients with Adult Spinal Deformity Incurring Rod Fracture After Thoracolumbar Fusion. <i>World Neurosurgery</i> , 2017, 106, 905-911.	0.7	30

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
361	Comparative Analysis of Perioperative Outcomes Using Nationally Derived Hospital Discharge Data Relative to a Prospective Multicenter Surgical Database of Adult Spinal Deformity Surgery. <i>Spine</i> , 2017, 42, 1165-1171.	1.0	18
362	Incidence, Risk Factors, and Mortality of Reintubation in Adult Spinal Deformity Surgery. <i>Clinical Spine Surgery</i> , 2017, 30, E896-E900.	0.7	16
363	Is There a Patient Profile That Characterizes a Patient With Adult Spinal Deformity as a Candidate for Minimally Invasive Surgery?. <i>Global Spine Journal</i> , 2017, 7, 703-708.	1.2	10
364	Despite worse baseline status depressed patients achieved outcomes similar to those in nondepressed patients after surgery for cervical deformity. <i>Neurosurgical Focus</i> , 2017, 43, E10.	1.0	13
365	Potential of predictive computer models for preoperative patient selection to enhance overall quality-adjusted life years gained at 2-year follow-up: a simulation in 234 patients with adult spinal deformity. <i>Neurosurgical Focus</i> , 2017, 43, E2.	1.0	27
366	An assessment of frailty as a tool for risk stratification in adult spinal deformity surgery. <i>Neurosurgical Focus</i> , 2017, 43, E3.	1.0	130
367	Male sex may not be associated with worse outcomes in primary all-posterior adult spinal deformity surgery: a multicenter analysis. <i>Neurosurgical Focus</i> , 2017, 43, E9.	1.0	10
368	Novel Angular Measures of Cervical Deformity Account for Upper Cervical Compensation and Sagittal Alignment. <i>Clinical Spine Surgery</i> , 2017, 30, E959-E967.	0.7	32
369	Predicting the Occurrence of Complications Following Corrective Cervical Deformity Surgery: Analysis of a Prospective Multicenter Database Using Predictive Analytics. <i>Spine Journal</i> , 2017, 17, S242-S243.	0.6	2
370	Impact of Obesity on Radiographic Alignment and Short-Term Complications after Surgical Treatment of Adult Cervical Deformity. <i>Spine Journal</i> , 2017, 17, S243.	0.6	3
371	Predictive Model for Distal Junctional Kyphosis after Cervical Deformity Surgery. <i>Spine Journal</i> , 2017, 17, S244.	0.6	2
372	Principal Radiographic Characteristics for Cervical Spinal Deformity. <i>Spine</i> , 2017, 42, 1375-1382.	1.0	32
373	Three-dimensional reconstruction using stereoradiography for evaluating adult spinal deformity: a reproducibility study. <i>European Spine Journal</i> , 2017, 26, 2112-2120.	1.0	13
374	Impact of poor mental health in adult spinal deformity patients with poor physical function: a retrospective analysis with a 2-year follow-up. <i>Journal of Neurosurgery: Spine</i> , 2017, 26, 116-124.	0.9	46
375	Impact of cost valuation on cost-effectiveness in adult spine deformity surgery. <i>Spine Journal</i> , 2017, 17, 96-101.	0.6	22
376	Selecting caudal fusion levels: 2-year functional and stiffness outcomes with matched pairs analysis in multilevel fusion to L5 versus S1. <i>European Spine Journal</i> , 2017, 26, 1645-1651.	1.0	18
377	Estimation of spinopelvic muscles' volumes in young asymptomatic subjects: a quantitative analysis. <i>Surgical and Radiologic Anatomy</i> , 2017, 39, 393-403.	0.6	14
378	The effect of posterior polyester tethers on the biomechanics of proximal junctional kyphosis: a finite element analysis. <i>Journal of Neurosurgery: Spine</i> , 2017, 26, 125-133.	0.9	104

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
379	Recent and Emerging Advances in Spinal Deformity. <i>Neurosurgery</i> , 2017, 80, S70-S85.	0.6	85
380	Initial Experience With Real-Time Continuous Physical Activity Monitoring in Patients Undergoing Spine Surgery. <i>Clinical Spine Surgery</i> , 2017, 30, E1434-E1443.	0.7	18
381	Novel Index to Quantify the Risk of Surgery in the Setting of Adult Spinal Deformity. <i>Clinical Spine Surgery</i> , 2017, 30, E993-E999.	0.7	9
382	Magnitude, Location, and Factors Related to Regional and Global Sagittal Alignment Change in Long Adult Deformity Constructs. <i>Clinical Spine Surgery</i> , 2017, 30, E948-E953.	0.7	5
383	Comparison of Structural Disease Burden to Health-related Quality of Life Scores in 264 Adult Spinal Deformity Patients With 2-Year Follow-up. <i>Clinical Spine Surgery</i> , 2017, 30, E124-E131.	0.7	9
384	Risk Factors for Reoperation in Patients Treated Surgically for Degenerative Spondylolisthesis. <i>Spine</i> , 2017, 42, 1559-1569.	1.0	36
385	Diabetes as an Independent Predictor for Extended Length of Hospital Stay and Increased Adverse Post-Operative Events in Patients Treated Surgically for Cervical Spondylotic Myelopathy. <i>International Journal of Spine Surgery</i> , 2017, 11, 10.	0.7	26
386	Radiographic Parameters of Adult Lumbar Scoliosis. , 2017, , 23-30.		0
387	Defining Spino-Pelvic Alignment Thresholds. <i>Spine</i> , 2016, 41, 62-68.	1.0	308
388	Patient Factors That Influence Decision Making. <i>Spine</i> , 2016, 41, E349-E358.	1.0	18
389	A Multicenter Comparison of Inpatient Resource Use for Adult Spinal Deformity Surgery. <i>Spine</i> , 2016, 41, 603-609.	1.0	11
390	Risk Factors for Reoperation in Patients Treated Surgically for Lumbar Stenosis. <i>Spine</i> , 2016, 41, 901-909.	1.0	50
391	Does Minimally Invasive Percutaneous Posterior Instrumentation Reduce Risk of Proximal Junctional Kyphosis in Adult Spinal Deformity Surgery? A Propensity-Matched Cohort Analysis. <i>Neurosurgery</i> , 2016, 78, 101-108.	0.6	53
392	Outcomes of Operative and Nonoperative Treatment for Adult Spinal Deformity. <i>Neurosurgery</i> , 2016, 78, 851-861.	0.6	190
393	Assessment of Impact of Long-Cassette Standing X-Rays on Surgical Planning for Cervical Pathology. <i>Neurosurgery</i> , 2016, 78, 717-724.	0.6	14
394	Natural Head Posture in the Setting of Sagittal Spinal Deformity. <i>Neurosurgery</i> , 2016, 79, 108-115.	0.6	86
395	The Clinical Correlation of the Hart-ISSG Proximal Junctional Kyphosis Severity Scale With Health-Related Quality-of-life Outcomes and Need for Revision Surgery. <i>Spine</i> , 2016, 41, 213-223.	1.0	51
396	Prospective Multicenter Assessment of Early Complication Rates Associated With Adult Cervical Deformity Surgery in 78 Patients. <i>Neurosurgery</i> , 2016, 79, 378-388.	0.6	84

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
397	Validity, Reliability, and Responsiveness of SRS-7 as an Outcomes Assessment Instrument for Operatively Treated Patients With Adult Spinal Deformity. Spine, 2016, 41, 1463-1468.	1.0	11
398	Developing the Total Disability Index Based on an Analysis of the Interrelationships and Limitations of Oswestry and Neck Disability Index. Spine, 2016, 41, 74-81.	1.0	21
399	The Impact of Advanced Age on Peri-Operative Outcomes in the Surgical Treatment of Cervical Spondylotic Myelopathy. Spine, 2016, 41, E139-E147.	1.0	31
400	The Health Impact of Symptomatic Adult Spinal Deformity. Spine, 2016, 41, 224-233.	1.0	208
401	Hospital Readmission Within 2 Years Following Adult Thoracolumbar Spinal Deformity Surgery. Spine, 2016, 41, 1355-1364.	1.0	19
402	Predicting Cervical Alignment Required to Maintain Horizontal Gaze Based on Global Spinal Alignment. Spine, 2016, 41, 1795-1800.	1.0	82
403	Impact of preoperative depression on 2-year clinical outcomes following adult spinal deformity surgery: the importance of risk stratification based on type of psychological distress. Journal of Neurosurgery: Spine, 2016, 25, 477-485.	0.9	43
404	Baseline Patient-Reported Outcomes Correlate Weakly With Radiographic Parameters. Spine, 2016, 41, 1701-1708.	1.0	28
405	Predicting Extended Length of Hospital Stay in an Adult Spinal Deformity Surgical Population. Spine, 2016, 41, E798-E805.	1.0	43
406	Geographic and Ethnic Variations in Radiographic Disability Thresholds. Neurosurgery, 2016, 78, 793-801.	0.6	15
407	Effect of Antifibrinolytic Therapy on Complications, Thromboembolic Events, Blood Product Utilization, and Fusion in Adult Spinal Deformity Surgery. Spine, 2016, 41, E879-E886.	1.0	25
408	Preoperative Planning and Patient-Specific Rods for Surgical Treatment of Thoracolumbar Sagittal Imbalance. , 2016, , 645-662.		3
409	Dedicated Spine Measurement Software Quantifies Key Spino-Pelvic Parameters More Reliably Than Traditional Picture Archiving and Communication Systems Tools. Spine, 2016, 41, E22-E27.	1.0	26
410	Development of Validated Computer-based Preoperative Predictive Model for Proximal Junction Failure (PJF) or Clinically Significant PJK With 86% Accuracy Based on 510 ASD Patients With 2-year Follow-up. Spine, 2016, 41, E1328-E1335.	1.0	87
411	Clinical and Radiographic Evaluation of Adult Spinal Deformity. Clinical Spine Surgery, 2016, 29, 6-16.	0.7	49
412	How the type of sagittal alignment defined by Roussouly determines the gait of the asymptomatic adult subject. Revue De Chirurgie Orthopedique Et Traumatologique, 2016, 102, S179-S180.	0.0	2
413	Prevalence and type of cervical deformities among adults with Parkinson's disease: a cross-sectional study. Journal of Neurosurgery: Spine, 2016, 24, 527-534.	0.9	18
414	Predictors of Revision Surgical Procedure Excluding Wound Complications in Adult Spinal Deformity and Impact on Patient-Reported Outcomes and Satisfaction. Journal of Bone and Joint Surgery - Series A, 2016, 98, 536-543.	1.4	67



#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
415	A new quasi-invariant parameter characterizing the postural alignment of young asymptomatic adults. <i>European Spine Journal</i> , 2016, 25, 3666-3674.	1.0	60
416	When is compensation for lumbar spinal stenosis a clinical sagittal plane deformity?. <i>Spine Journal</i> , 2016, 16, 971-981.	0.6	39
417	Assessment of Surgical Treatment Strategies for Moderate to Severe Cervical Spinal Deformity Reveals Marked Variation in Approaches, Osteotomies, and Fusion Levels. <i>World Neurosurgery</i> , 2016, 91, 228-237.	0.7	65
418	Pelvic Incidence. <i>Spine</i> , 2016, 41, S21-S22.	1.0	9
419	An Updated Analysis of Gravity Line with Pelvic and Lower Limb Compensation: Now Where Do We Stand?. <i>Spine Journal</i> , 2016, 16, S160-S161.	0.6	2
420	The Uppermost Instrumented Vertebra Mechanical Loading Correlates with the Magnitude of Proximal Junctional Kyphosis in Adult Spinal Deformity Surgery. <i>Spine Journal</i> , 2016, 16, S161-S162.	0.6	5
421	The Location of Correction within the Lumbar Spine Impacts Acute Adjacent Segment Kyphosis. <i>Spine Journal</i> , 2016, 16, S177-S178.	0.6	2
422	Comparative Analysis of Intra-Operative Complications between a Multicenter Prospective Cervical Deformity Database versus a Nationwide Sample. <i>Spine Journal</i> , 2016, 16, S352-S353.	0.6	1
423	Supine Radiographs Outperform Standing Radiographs in Predicting Postoperative Alignment of Unfused Thoracic Segments. <i>Spine Journal</i> , 2016, 16, S370-S371.	0.6	3
424	Proximal Junctional Kyphosis (PJK) Can Be Predicted following Adult Spinal Deformity (ASD) Surgery: Models Based on Regional Alignment Changes within the Fusion Area. <i>Spine Journal</i> , 2016, 16, S132.	0.6	2
425	Unfused Thoracic Spine Reciprocal Alignment Changes following Adult Spinal Deformity (ASD) Surgery Can Be Predicted. <i>Spine Journal</i> , 2016, 16, S312.	0.6	1
426	The Health Impact of Symptomatic Adult Cervical Deformity: Comparison to United States Population Norms and Chronic Disease States Based on the EQ5D. <i>Spine Journal</i> , 2016, 16, S351.	0.6	1
427	Analysis of Early Distal Junctional Kyphosis (DJK) after Cervical Deformity Correction. <i>Spine Journal</i> , 2016, 16, S355-S356.	0.6	9
428	The Relationship between Coronal Malalignment and Gait Patterns: Preliminary Analysis on a Prospectively Collected AIS Database. <i>Spine Journal</i> , 2016, 16, S348.	0.6	1
429	Assessment of a Novel Adult Spinal Deformity (ASD) Frailty Index (ASD-FI) to Assist with Risk Stratification for ASD Surgery. <i>Spine Journal</i> , 2016, 16, S365.	0.6	9
430	Adult Spinal Deformity: Epidemiology, Health Impact, Evaluation, and Management. <i>Spine Deformity</i> , 2016, 4, 310-322.	0.7	164
431	Adult Spinal Deformity Surgeons Are Unable to Accurately Predict Postoperative Spinal Alignment Using Clinical Judgment Alone. <i>Spine Deformity</i> , 2016, 4, 323-329.	0.7	29
432	Investigating the Universality of Preoperative Health-Related Quality of Life (HRQoL) for Surgically Treated Spinal Deformity in Young Adults: A Propensity Score-Matched Comparison Between African and US Populations. <i>Spine Deformity</i> , 2016, 4, 351-357.	0.7	4

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
433	Moving Beyond Radiographs: Changes in Gait Patterns after AIS Realignment. Spine Journal, 2016, 16, S243.	0.6	2
434	A comparative analysis of the prevalence and characteristics of cervical malalignment in adults presenting with thoracolumbar spine deformity based on variations in treatment approach over 24 years. European Spine Journal, 2016, 25, 2423-2432.	1.0	25
435	Variability Over Time of Preoperative Sagittal Alignment Parameters. Spine, 2016, 41, 1896-1902.	1.0	1
436	Medical Complications After Adult Spinal Deformity Surgery. Spine, 2016, 41, 1718-1723.	1.0	192
437	Predictive Model for Cervical Alignment and Malalignment Following Surgical Correction of Adult Spinal Deformity. Spine, 2016, 41, E1096-E1103.	1.0	25
438	Global sagittal axis: a step toward full-body assessment of sagittal plane deformity in the human body. Journal of Neurosurgery: Spine, 2016, 25, 494-499.	0.9	54
439	Ratio of lumbar 3-column osteotomy closure: patient-specific deformity characteristics and level of resection impact correction of truncal versus pelvic compensation. European Spine Journal, 2016, 25, 2480-2487.	1.0	13
440	Patients with spinal deformity over the age of 75: a retrospective analysis of operative versus non-operative management. European Spine Journal, 2016, 25, 2433-2441.	1.0	63
441	Recovery following adult spinal deformity surgery: the effect of complications and reoperation in 149 patients with 2-year follow-up. European Spine Journal, 2016, 25, 2612-2621.	1.0	25
442	Predictors of inpatient morbidity and mortality in adult spinal deformity surgery. European Spine Journal, 2016, 25, 819-827.	1.0	71
443	The benefit of nonoperative treatment for adult spinal deformity: identifying predictors for reaching a minimal clinically important difference. Spine Journal, 2016, 16, 210-218.	0.6	44
444	Role of pelvic translation and lower-extremity compensation to maintain gravity line position in spinal deformity. Journal of Neurosurgery: Spine, 2016, 24, 436-446.	0.9	106
445	Is There a Gender-Specific Full Body Sagittal Profile for Different Spinopelvic Relationships? A Study on Propensity-Matched Cohorts. Spine Deformity, 2016, 4, 104-111.	0.7	6
446	Prospective multicenter assessment of perioperative and minimum 2-year postoperative complication rates associated with adult spinal deformity surgery. Journal of Neurosurgery: Spine, 2016, 25, 1-14.	0.9	280
447	Effectiveness of preoperative autologous blood donation for protection against allogeneic blood exposure in adult spinal deformity surgeries: a propensity-matched cohort analysis. Journal of Neurosurgery: Spine, 2016, 24, 124-130.	0.9	25
448	Analysis of an unexplored group of sagittal deformity patients: low pelvic tilt despite positive sagittal malalignment. European Spine Journal, 2016, 25, 3568-3576.	1.0	25
449	Association between preoperative cervical sagittal deformity and inferior outcomes at 2-year follow-up in patients with adult thoracolumbar deformity: analysis of 182 patients. Journal of Neurosurgery: Spine, 2016, 24, 108-115.	0.9	42
450	166 Predictive Modeling of Length of Hospital Stay Following Adult Spinal Deformity Correction. Neurosurgery, 2016, 63, 166-167.	0.6	2

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
451	The effect of July admission on inpatient morbidity and mortality after adult spinal deformity surgery. <i>International Journal of Spine Surgery</i> , 2016, 10, 3.	0.7	13
452	Promoting multidisciplinary collaboration: letter to the editor in response to Schoenfeld AJ, Bhalla A, George J, Harris MB, Bono CM, "Academic productivity and contributions to the literature among spine surgery fellowship faculty". <i>Spine Journal</i> , 2015, 15, 2297-2298.	0.6	0
453	A Comprehensive Review of Complication Rates After Surgery for Adult Deformity: A Reference for Informed Consent. <i>Spine Deformity</i> , 2015, 3, 575-594.	0.7	115
454	Age-Adjusted Alignment Goals Have the Potential to Reduce Proximal Junctional Kyphosis. <i>Spine Journal</i> , 2015, 15, S137.	0.6	1
455	Association between compensation status and outcomes in spine surgery: a meta-analysis of 31 studies. <i>Spine Journal</i> , 2015, 15, 2564-2573.	0.6	34
456	Can Measurements on Cervical Radiographs Predict Concurrent Thoracolumbar Deformity and Provide a Threshold for Acquiring Full-Length Spine Radiographs?. <i>Spine Journal</i> , 2015, 15, S146.	0.6	3
457	Radiographical and Implant-Related Complications in Adult Spinal Deformity Surgery. <i>Spine</i> , 2015, 40, 1414-1421.	1.0	131
458	Novel Method Using Baseline Normalization and Area Under the Curve to Evaluate Differences in Outcome Between Treatment Groups and Application to Patients With Cervical Spondylotic Myelopathy Undergoing Anterior Versus Posterior Surgery. <i>Spine</i> , 2015, 40, E1299-E1304.	1.0	14
459	Which Daily Functions Are Most Affected by Stiffness Following Total Lumbar Fusion. <i>Spine</i> , 2015, 40, 1338-1344.	1.0	38
460	Primary Versus Revision Surgery in the Setting of Adult Spinal Deformity. <i>Spine</i> , 2015, 40, 1674-1680.	1.0	62
461	Functional Limitations Due to Lumbar Stiffness in Adults With and Without Spinal Deformity. <i>Spine</i> , 2015, 40, 1599-1604.	1.0	31
462	Postoperative Recovery After Adult Spinal Deformity Surgery. <i>Spine</i> , 2015, 40, 1505-1515.	1.0	33
463	Pedicle Subtraction Osteotomy in the Revision Versus Primary Adult Spinal Deformity Patient. <i>Spine</i> , 2015, 40, E1169-E1175.	1.0	35
464	Postural spinal balance defined by net intersegmental moments: Results of a biomechanical approach and experimental errors measurement. <i>World Journal of Orthopedics</i> , 2015, 6, 983.	0.8	9
465	Postoperative Cervical Deformity in 215 Thoracolumbar Patients With Adult Spinal Deformity. <i>Spine</i> , 2015, 40, 283-291.	1.0	49
466	Unplanned Hospital Readmission After Surgical Treatment of Common Lumbar Pathologies. <i>Spine</i> , 2015, 40, 423-428.	1.0	48
467	Predictors of morbidity and mortality among patients with cervical spondylotic myelopathy treated surgically. <i>European Spine Journal</i> , 2015, 24, 2910-2917.	1.0	32
468	Reliable femoral frame construction based on MRI dedicated to muscles position follow-up. <i>Medical and Biological Engineering and Computing</i> , 2015, 53, 921-928.	1.6	1

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
469	Acetabular Anteversion Changes Due to Spinal Deformity Correction: Bridging the Gap Between Hip and Spine Surgeons. <i>Journal of Bone and Joint Surgery - Series A</i> , 2015, 97, 1913-1920.	1.4	165
470	Risk Factors for Reoperation in Patients Treated Surgically for Intervertebral Disc Herniation. <i>Journal of Bone and Joint Surgery - Series A</i> , 2015, 97, 1316-1325.	1.4	85
471	Promoting multidisciplinary collaboration: letter to the editor in response to Schoenfeld AJ, Bhalla A, George J, Harris MB, Bono CM, "Academic productivity and contributions to the literature among spine surgery fellowship faculty". <i>Spine Journal</i> , 2015, 15, 2112-2113.	0.6	1
472	Feasibility of a Cost-Effective, Video Analysis Software-Based Mobility Protocol for Objective Spine Kinematics and Gait Metrics: A Proof of Concept Study. <i>PM and R</i> , 2015, 7, 336-339.	0.9	7
473	Cervical spine alignment following lumbar pedicle subtraction osteotomy for sagittal imbalance. <i>European Spine Journal</i> , 2015, 24, 1191-1198.	1.0	29
474	Efficacy of tranexamic acid on surgical bleeding in spine surgery: a meta-analysis. <i>Spine Journal</i> , 2015, 15, 752-761.	0.6	208
475	Comprehensive study of back and leg pain improvements after adult spinal deformity surgery: analysis of 421 patients with 2-year follow-up and of the impact of the surgery on treatment satisfaction. <i>Journal of Neurosurgery: Spine</i> , 2015, 22, 540-553.	0.9	95
476	Pedicle subtraction osteotomy in the thoracic spine and thoracolumbar junction: a retrospective series of 28 cases. <i>European Spine Journal</i> , 2015, 24, 42-48.	1.0	19
477	Antifibrinolytics Reduce Blood Loss in Adult Spinal Deformity Surgery. <i>Spine</i> , 2015, 40, E443-E449.	1.0	78
478	Magnitude of preoperative cervical lordotic compensation and C2-T3 angle are correlated to increased risk of postoperative sagittal spinal pelvic malalignment in adult thoracolumbar deformity patients at 2-year follow-up. <i>Spine Journal</i> , 2015, 15, 1756-1763.	0.6	29
479	Recruitment of Compensatory Mechanisms in Sagittal Spinal Malalignment Is Age and Regional Deformity Dependent. <i>Spine</i> , 2015, 40, 642-649.	1.0	169
480	Comparison of best versus worst clinical outcomes for adult spinal deformity surgery: a retrospective review of a prospectively collected, multicenter database with 2-year follow-up. <i>Journal of Neurosurgery: Spine</i> , 2015, 23, 349-359.	0.9	99
481	Unintended Change of Physiological Lumbar Lordosis and Pelvic Tilt After Posterior Spinal Instrumentation and Fusion for Adolescent Idiopathic Scoliosis: How Much Is Too Much?. <i>Spine Deformity</i> , 2015, 3, 180-187.	0.7	8
482	Sagittal deformities of the spine: factors influencing the outcomes and complications. <i>European Spine Journal</i> , 2015, 24, 3-15.	1.0	82
483	The Comprehensive Anatomical Spinal Osteotomy Classification. <i>Neurosurgery</i> , 2015, 76, S33-S41.	0.6	106
484	Comparison of two minimally invasive surgery strategies to treat adult spinal deformity. <i>Journal of Neurosurgery: Spine</i> , 2015, 22, 374-380.	0.9	98
485	Cervical compensatory alignment changes following correction of adult thoracic deformity: a multicenter experience in 57 patients with a 2-year follow-up. <i>Journal of Neurosurgery: Spine</i> , 2015, 22, 658-665.	0.9	41
486	The Impact of Standing Regional Cervical Sagittal Alignment on Outcomes in Posterior Cervical Fusion Surgery. <i>Neurosurgery</i> , 2015, 76, S14-S21.	0.6	306

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
487	Assessment of impact of standing long-cassette radiographs on surgical planning for lumbar pathology: an international survey of spine surgeons. <i>Journal of Neurosurgery: Spine</i> , 2015, 23, 581-588.	0.9	12
488	Alignment of centers of mass of body segments with the gravity line. <i>Computer Methods in Biomechanics and Biomedical Engineering</i> , 2015, 18, 1870-1871.	0.9	2
489	How the neck affects the back: changes in regional cervical sagittal alignment correlate to HRQOL improvement in adult thoracolumbar deformity patients at 2-year follow-up. <i>Journal of Neurosurgery: Spine</i> , 2015, 23, 153-158.	0.9	126
490	Reliability assessment of a novel cervical spine deformity classification system. <i>Journal of Neurosurgery: Spine</i> , 2015, 23, 673-683.	0.9	223
491	Clinical and stereoradiographic analysis of adult spinal deformity with and without rotatory subluxation. <i>Orthopaedics and Traumatology: Surgery and Research</i> , 2015, 101, 613-618.	0.9	22
492	Impact of obesity on complications, infection, and patient-reported outcomes in adult spinal deformity surgery. <i>Journal of Neurosurgery: Spine</i> , 2015, 23, 656-664.	0.9	84
493	The likelihood of reaching minimum clinically important difference and substantial clinical benefit at 2 years following a 3-column osteotomy: analysis of 140 patients. <i>Journal of Neurosurgery: Spine</i> , 2015, 23, 340-348.	0.9	25
494	Impact of dynamic alignment, motion, and center of rotation on myelopathy grade and regional disability in cervical spondylotic myelopathy. <i>Journal of Neurosurgery: Spine</i> , 2015, 23, 690-700.	0.9	38
495	Clinical Improvement Through Surgery for Adult Spinal Deformity: What Can Be Expected and Who Is Likely to Benefit Most?. <i>Spine Deformity</i> , 2015, 3, 566-574.	0.7	23
496	Unlocking TPA's Clinical and Sagittal Significance by Analyzing its Relation to Pelvic Tilt. <i>Spine Journal</i> , 2015, 15, S162.	0.6	1
497	Redefining Radiographic Thresholds for Junctional Kyphosis Pathologies. <i>Spine Journal</i> , 2015, 15, S216.	0.6	11
498	Flatback Revisited: Reciprocal Loss of Lumbar Lordosis Following Selective Thoracic Fusion in the Setting of Adolescent Idiopathic Scoliosis. <i>Spine Deformity</i> , 2015, 3, 345-351.	0.7	24
499	Identifying Preoperative Thoracic Compensation and Predicting Postoperative Reciprocal Thoracic Kyphosis and PJK. <i>Spine Journal</i> , 2015, 15, S144-S145.	0.6	1
500	Impact of Cost Valuation on Cost-Effectiveness in Adult Spine Deformity Surgery. <i>Spine Journal</i> , 2015, 15, S218.	0.6	1
501	Validation of a new computer-assisted tool to measure spino-pelvic parameters. <i>Spine Journal</i> , 2015, 15, 2493-2502.	0.6	167
502	Sagittal alignment of the spine: What do you need to know?. <i>Clinical Neurology and Neurosurgery</i> , 2015, 139, 295-301.	0.6	149
503	Coronal plane spinal malalignment and Parkinson's disease: prevalence and associations with disease severity. <i>Spine Journal</i> , 2015, 15, 115-121.	0.6	32
504	Vertebroplasty and kyphoplasty: national outcomes and trends in utilization from 2005 through 2010. <i>Spine Journal</i> , 2015, 15, 959-965.	0.6	51

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
505	Maintenance of radiographic correction at 2Âyears following lumbar pedicle subtraction osteotomy is superior with upper thoracic compared with thoracolumbar junction upper instrumented vertebra. <i>European Spine Journal</i> , 2015, 24, 121-130.	1.0	38
506	Surgical Treatment Strategies for High-Grade Spondylolisthesis: A Systematic Review. <i>International Journal of Spine Surgery</i> , 2015, 9, 50.	0.7	29
507	Volume and fat infiltration of spino-pelvic musculature in adults with spinal deformity. <i>World Journal of Orthopedics</i> , 2015, 6, 727.	0.8	33
508	Magnitude, Location, and Factors Related to Regional and Global Correction Loss in Long Adult Deformity Constructs: Report of 183 Patients with 2-Year Follow-Up. <i>Global Spine Journal</i> , 2015, 5, s-0035-1554510-s-0035-1554510.	1.2	0
509	Cervical Lordosis Increases with Age in Adult Spinal Deformity: A Cross-Sectional Study of Nonoperative Patients. <i>Global Spine Journal</i> , 2015, 5, s-0035-1554515-s-0035-1554515.	1.2	0
510	Impact of Ethnicity on Adult Spinal Deformity Surgical Outcomes: An Analysis of Japanese and North American Databases. <i>Global Spine Journal</i> , 2015, 5, s-0035-1554520-s-0035-1554520.	1.2	0
511	Assessment of Impact of Long-Cassette Standing X-rays on Surgical Planning for Lumbar Pathology: An International Survey of Spine Surgeons. <i>Global Spine Journal</i> , 2015, 5, s-0035-1554393-s-0035-1554393.	1.2	0
512	Surgical treatment of pathological loss of lumbar lordosis (flatback) in patients with normal sagittal vertical axis achieves similar clinical improvement as surgical treatment of elevated sagittal vertical axis. <i>Journal of Neurosurgery: Spine</i> , 2014, 21, 160-170.	0.9	77
513	Does Recombinant Human Bone Morphogenetic Protein-2 Use in Adult Spinal Deformity Increase Complications and Are Complications Associated With Location of rhBMP-2 Use? A Prospective, Multicenter Study of 279 Consecutive Patients. <i>Spine</i> , 2014, 39, 233-242.	1.0	40
514	Revision Surgery After 3-Column Osteotomy in 335 Patients With Adult Spinal Deformity. <i>Spine</i> , 2014, 39, 881-885.	1.0	52
515	Impact of age on the likelihood of reaching a minimum clinically important difference in 374 three-column spinal osteotomies. <i>Journal of Neurosurgery: Spine</i> , 2014, 20, 306-312.	0.9	41
516	Comparison of radiographic results after minimally invasive, hybrid, and open surgery for adult spinal deformity: a multicenter study of 184 patients. <i>Neurosurgical Focus</i> , 2014, 36, E13.	1.0	79
517	Evaluation of complications and neurological deficits with three-column spine reconstructions for complex spinal deformity: a retrospective Scolio-RISK-1 study. <i>Neurosurgical Focus</i> , 2014, 36, E17.	1.0	81
518	Less invasive surgery for treating adult spinal deformities: ceiling effects for deformity correction with 3 different techniques. <i>Neurosurgical Focus</i> , 2014, 36, E12.	1.0	48
519	Complications and intercenter variability of three-column osteotomies for spinal deformity surgery: a retrospective review of 423 patients. <i>Neurosurgical Focus</i> , 2014, 36, E18.	1.0	104
520	Prospective multicenter assessment of risk factors for rod fracture following surgery for adult spinal deformity. <i>Journal of Neurosurgery: Spine</i> , 2014, 21, 994-1003.	0.9	208
521	Patients With Adult Spinal Deformity Treated Operatively Report Greater Baseline Pain and Disability Than Patients Treated Nonoperatively; However, Deformities Differ Between Age Groups. <i>Spine</i> , 2014, 39, 1401-1407.	1.0	43
522	Prevalence and Type of Cervical Deformity Among 470 Adults With Thoracolumbar Deformity. <i>Spine</i> , 2014, 39, E1001-E1009.	1.0	80

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
523	T1 Pelvic Angle (TPA) Effectively Evaluates Sagittal Deformity and Assesses Radiographical Surgical Outcomes Longitudinally. <i>Spine</i> , 2014, 39, 1203-1210.	1.0	116
524	Complications in adult spinal deformity surgery: an analysis of minimally invasive, hybrid, and open surgical techniques. <i>Neurosurgical Focus</i> , 2014, 36, E15.	1.0	124
525	The T1 Pelvic Angle, a Novel Radiographic Measure of Global Sagittal Deformity, Accounts for Both Spinal Inclination and Pelvic Tilt and Correlates with Health-Related Quality of Life. <i>Journal of Bone and Joint Surgery - Series A</i> , 2014, 96, 1631-1640.	1.4	321
526	Comparison of complications, costs, and length of stay of three different lumbar interbody fusion techniques: an analysis of the Nationwide Inpatient Sample database. <i>Spine Journal</i> , 2014, 14, 2019-2027.	0.6	97
527	Comparison of two MRI sequences for subject-specific 3D thigh muscle reconstruction. <i>Computer Methods in Biomechanics and Biomedical Engineering</i> , 2014, 17, 136-137.	0.9	3
528	The Effect of Patient Age on Recovery Kinetics in 149 Adult Spinal Deformity Patients with Two-Year Follow-Up: A Novel Area under the Curve Analysis. <i>Spine Journal</i> , 2014, 14, S57-S58.	0.6	2
529	Predictors of Revision Surgery in Adult Spinal Deformity and Impact on Patient-Reported Outcomes and Satisfaction: Two-Year Follow-Up. <i>Spine Journal</i> , 2014, 14, S21.	0.6	3
530	Global Sagittal Alignment Analysis Including Lower Extremities: Role of Pelvic Translation and the Lower Extremities in Compensation for Spinal Deformity. <i>Spine Journal</i> , 2014, 14, S138.	0.6	1
531	Fine-Tuned Surgical Planning in Adult Spinal Deformity: Determining the Lumbar Lordosis Necessary by Accounting for Both Thoracic Kyphosis and Pelvic Incidence. <i>Spine Journal</i> , 2014, 14, S73.	0.6	24
532	Validation of Correlation between CBVA, SLS and McGregor's Slope. <i>Spine Journal</i> , 2014, 14, S138-S139.	0.6	2
533	Does One Size Fit All? Defining Spinopelvic Alignment Thresholds Based on Age. <i>Spine Journal</i> , 2014, 14, S120-S121.	0.6	22
534	Long-Term Cost-Effectiveness of Adult Spinal Deformity Surgery (ASD). <i>Spine Journal</i> , 2014, 14, S128-S129.	0.6	1
535	Clinical improvement through nonoperative treatment of adult spinal deformity: who is likely to benefit?. <i>Neurosurgical Focus</i> , 2014, 36, E2.	1.0	26
536	Gait stability improvement after fusion surgery for adolescent idiopathic scoliosis is influenced by corrective measures in coronal and sagittal planes. <i>Gait and Posture</i> , 2014, 40, 510-515.	0.6	27
537	Factors Predicting Cost-effectiveness of Adult Spinal Deformity Surgery at 2 Years. <i>Spine Deformity</i> , 2014, 2, 415-422.	0.7	23
538	Venous Thromboembolic Events After Spinal Fusion: Which Patients Are at High Risk?. <i>Journal of Bone and Joint Surgery - Series A</i> , 2014, 96, 936-942.	1.4	23
539	Preoperative Planning for Pedicle Subtraction Osteotomy: Does Pelvic Tilt Matter?. <i>Spine Deformity</i> , 2014, 2, 358-366.	0.7	13
540	Reciprocal changes in cervical spine alignment after corrective thoracolumbar deformity surgery. <i>European Spine Journal</i> , 2014, 23, 552-559.	1.0	77

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
541	Osteotomies in the treatment of spinal deformities: indications, classification, and surgical planning. <i>European Journal of Orthopaedic Surgery and Traumatology</i> , 2014, 24, 11-20.	0.6	33
542	Etiology of lumbar lordosis and its pathophysiology: a review of the evolution of lumbar lordosis, and the mechanics and biology of lumbar degeneration. <i>Neurosurgical Focus</i> , 2014, 36, E1.	1.0	73
543	Validation of 3D spino-pelvic muscle reconstructions based on dedicated MRI sequences for fat-water quantification. <i>Irbm</i> , 2014, 35, 119-127.	3.7	9
544	Radiographic Outcomes of Adult Spinal Deformity Correction: A Critical Analysis of Variability and Failures Across Deformity Patterns. <i>Spine Deformity</i> , 2014, 2, 219-225.	0.7	57
545	Spinal cord injury models: a review. <i>Spinal Cord</i> , 2014, 52, 588-595.	0.9	219
546	Revision Extension to the Pelvis versus Primary Spinopelvic Instrumentation in Adult Deformity: Comparison of Clinical Outcomes and Complications. <i>World Neurosurgery</i> , 2014, 82, e547-e552.	0.7	10
547	The Comprehensive Anatomical Spinal Osteotomy Classification. <i>Neurosurgery</i> , 2014, 74, 112-120.	0.6	323
548	Upper Thoracic Versus Lower Thoracic Upper Instrumented Vertebrae Endpoints Have Similar Outcomes and Complications in Adult Scoliosis. <i>Spine</i> , 2014, 39, E795-E799.	1.0	60
549	Sagittal Spinopelvic Malalignment in Parkinson Disease. <i>Spine</i> , 2014, 39, E833-E841.	1.0	37
550	Indications for Adult Spinal Deformity Surgery. , 2014, , 21-31.		2
551	Surgical treatment for adult spinal deformity: projected cost effectiveness at 5-year follow-up. <i>Ochsner Journal</i> , 2014, 14, 14-22.	0.5	39
552	Likelihood of reaching minimal clinically important difference in adult spinal deformity: a comparison of operative and nonoperative treatment. <i>Ochsner Journal</i> , 2014, 14, 67-77.	0.5	66
553	Outcomes and Complications of Extension of Previous Long Fusion to the Sacro-Pelvis: Is an Anterior Approach Necessary?. <i>World Neurosurgery</i> , 2013, 79, 177-181.	0.7	5
554	Selection of fusion levels in adults with spinal deformity: an update. <i>Spine Journal</i> , 2013, 13, 464-474.	0.6	25
555	Revision Surgery After Three-Column Osteotomy (3CO) in 335 Adult Spinal Deformity (ASD) Patients: Intercenter Variability and Risk Factors. <i>Spine Journal</i> , 2013, 13, S9-S10.	0.6	4
556	The impact of a corrective tether on a scoliosis porcine model: a detailed 3D analysis with a 20-week follow-up. <i>European Spine Journal</i> , 2013, 22, 1800-1809.	1.0	21
557	A standardized nomenclature for cervical spine soft-tissue release and osteotomy for deformity correction. <i>Journal of Neurosurgery: Spine</i> , 2013, 19, 269-278.	0.9	93
558	Reliable femoral frame construction on MRI images. <i>Computer Methods in Biomechanics and Biomedical Engineering</i> , 2013, 16, 228-230.	0.9	0



#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
559	Clinical and radiographic parameters that distinguish between the best and worst outcomes of scoliosis surgery for adults. <i>European Spine Journal</i> , 2013, 22, 402-410.	1.0	110
560	The T1 Pelvic Angle (TPA), a Novel Radiographic Parameter of Sagittal Deformity, Correlates Strongly with Clinical Measures of Disability. <i>Spine Journal</i> , 2013, 13, S61.	0.6	6
561	Coronal Imbalance May Be Neglected in Patients Undergoing Major Sagittal Deformity Correction. <i>Spine Journal</i> , 2013, 13, S9.	0.6	6
562	Clinical and Radiographic Evaluation of the Adult Spinal Deformity Patient. <i>Neurosurgery Clinics of North America</i> , 2013, 24, 143-156.	0.8	115
563	Reduction of Mean Arterial Pressure at Incision Reduces Operative Blood Loss in Adolescent Idiopathic Scoliosis. <i>Spine Deformity</i> , 2013, 1, 115-122.	0.7	28
564	Sagittal Spinal Pelvic Alignment. <i>Neurosurgery Clinics of North America</i> , 2013, 24, 157-162.	0.8	77
565	Classifications for Adult Spinal Deformity and Use of the Scoliosis Research Society's "Schwab Adult Spinal Deformity Classification. <i>Neurosurgery Clinics of North America</i> , 2013, 24, 185-193.	0.8	65
566	Use of Surgimap Spine in Sagittal Plane Analysis, Osteotomy Planning, and Correction Calculation. <i>Neurosurgery Clinics of North America</i> , 2013, 24, 163-172.	0.8	109
567	Reoperation rates and impact on outcome in a large, prospective, multicenter, adult spinal deformity database. <i>Journal of Neurosurgery: Spine</i> , 2013, 19, 464-470.	0.9	91
568	Letter to the Editor: Sagittal plane analysis. <i>Journal of Neurosurgery: Spine</i> , 2013, 19, 795-797.	0.9	3
569	Complications and Intercenter Variability of Three-Column Resection Osteotomies for Spinal Deformity Surgery: A Retrospective Review of 423 Patients. <i>Evidence-based Spine-care Journal</i> , 2013, 04, 157-159.	0.9	36
570	Association of Myelopathy Scores With Cervical Sagittal Balance and Normalized Spinal Cord Volume. <i>Spine</i> , 2013, 38, S161-S170.	1.0	151
571	Change in Classification Grade by the SRS-Schwab Adult Spinal Deformity Classification Predicts Impact on Health-Related Quality of Life Measures. <i>Spine</i> , 2013, 38, 1663-1671.	1.0	256
572	Perioperative Complications and Mortality After Spinal Fusions. <i>Spine</i> , 2013, 38, 1970-1976.	1.0	89
573	Cervical Radiographical Alignment. <i>Spine</i> , 2013, 38, S149-S160.	1.0	414
574	Cervical spine alignment, sagittal deformity, and clinical implications. <i>Journal of Neurosurgery: Spine</i> , 2013, 19, 141-159.	0.9	547
575	Radiographical Spinopelvic Parameters and Disability in the Setting of Adult Spinal Deformity. <i>Spine</i> , 2013, 38, E803-E812.	1.0	802
576	Posterior Global Malalignment After Osteotomy for Sagittal Plane Deformity. <i>Spine</i> , 2013, 38, E394-E401.	1.0	82

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
577	The SRS-Schwab Adult Spinal Deformity Classification. <i>Neurosurgery</i> , 2013, 73, 559-568.	0.6	338
578	The Comprehensive Anatomical Spinal Osteotomy Classification. <i>Neurosurgery</i> , 2013, , 1.	0.6	7
579	Impact of spinopelvic alignment on decision making in deformity surgery in adults. <i>Journal of Neurosurgery: Spine</i> , 2012, 16, 547-564.	0.9	285
580	Multicenter validation of a formula predicting postoperative spinopelvic alignment. <i>Journal of Neurosurgery: Spine</i> , 2012, 16, 15-21.	0.9	80
581	Does prior short-segment surgery for adult scoliosis impact perioperative complication rates and clinical outcome among patients undergoing scoliosis correction?. <i>Journal of Neurosurgery: Spine</i> , 2012, 17, 128-133.	0.9	30
582	Sagittal realignment failures following pedicle subtraction osteotomy surgery: are we doing enough?. <i>Journal of Neurosurgery: Spine</i> , 2012, 16, 539-546.	0.9	117
583	Spontaneous improvement of cervical alignment after correction of global sagittal balance following pedicle subtraction osteotomy. <i>Journal of Neurosurgery: Spine</i> , 2012, 17, 300-307.	0.9	149
584	Changes in Thoracic Kyphosis Negatively Impact Sagittal Alignment After Lumbar Pedicle Subtraction Osteotomy. <i>Spine</i> , 2012, 37, E180-E187.	1.0	126
585	The Impact of Standing Regional Cervical Sagittal Alignment on Outcomes in Posterior Cervical Fusion Surgery. <i>Neurosurgery</i> , 2012, 71, 662-669.	0.6	409
586	Impact of Magnitude and Percentage of Global Sagittal Plane Correction on Health-Related Quality of Life at 2-Years Follow-Up. <i>Neurosurgery</i> , 2012, 71, 341-348.	0.6	139
587	Assessment of Symptomatic Rod Fracture After Posterior Instrumented Fusion for Adult Spinal Deformity. <i>Neurosurgery</i> , 2012, 71, 862-868.	0.6	225
588	Impact of Unilateral Corrective Tethering on the Histology of the Growth Plate in an Established Porcine Model for Thoracic Scoliosis. <i>Spine</i> , 2012, 37, E883-E889.	1.0	23
589	Scoliosis Research Society's Schwab Adult Spinal Deformity Classification. <i>Spine</i> , 2012, 37, 1077-1082.	1.0	976
590	Influence of screw type on initial coronal and sagittal radiological correction with hybrid constructs in adolescent idiopathic scoliosis. Correction priorities. <i>Orthopaedics and Traumatology: Surgery and Research</i> , 2012, 98, 873-878.	0.9	13
591	Health Impact Comparison of Different Disease States and Population Norms to Adult Spinal Deformity (ASD): A Call for Medical Attention. <i>Spine Journal</i> , 2012, 12, S2.	0.6	15
592	Change in Classification Grade by the Schwab-SRS Adult Spinal Deformity Classification and Impact on Health-Related Quality of Life Measures: Prospective Analysis of Operative and Nonoperative Treatment. <i>Spine Journal</i> , 2012, 12, S41-S42.	0.6	2
593	Clinical Improvement Through Surgery for Adult Spinal Deformity (ASD): What Can Be Expected and Who is Likely to Benefit Most?. <i>Spine Journal</i> , 2012, 12, S153.	0.6	4
594	Sagittal spine posture assessment: Feasibility of a protocol based on intersegmental moments. <i>Orthopaedics and Traumatology: Surgery and Research</i> , 2012, 98, 109-113.	0.9	16

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
595	Analyse de posture sagittale du rachis: Étude de faisabilité d'un protocole fondé sur les moments intersegmentaires. <i>Revue De Chirurgie Orthopedique Et Traumatologique</i> , 2012, 98, 104-109.	0.0	0
596	Risk factors for major peri-operative complications in adult spinal deformity surgery: a multi-center review of 953 consecutive patients. <i>European Spine Journal</i> , 2012, 21, 2603-2610.	1.0	215
597	Reciprocal sagittal alignment changes after posterior fusion in the setting of adolescent idiopathic scoliosis. <i>European Spine Journal</i> , 2012, 21, 1964-1971.	1.0	42
598	<i>Pediatric and Adult Scoliosis.</i> , 2012, , 497-507.		1
599	Sagittal spino-pelvic alignment failures following three column thoracic osteotomy for adult spinal deformity. <i>European Spine Journal</i> , 2012, 21, 698-704.	1.0	62
600	Sacro-femoral-pubic angle: a coronal parameter to estimate pelvic tilt. <i>European Spine Journal</i> , 2012, 21, 719-724.	1.0	43
601	Combined Assessment of Pelvic Tilt, Lumbar Lordosis/Pelvic Incidence Mismatch and Sagittal Vertical Axis Predicts Disability in Adult Spinal Deformity: A Prospective Analysis. <i>Spine Journal</i> , 2011, 11, S158-S159.	0.6	17
602	Adult Spinal Deformity: A Two-Year Cost-Utility Analysis and 10-Year Thought Experiment. <i>Spine Journal</i> , 2011, 11, S172.	0.6	1
603	Acute Reciprocal Changes Distant from the Site of Spinal Osteotomies Affect Global Postoperative Alignment. <i>Advances in Orthopedics</i> , 2011, 2011, 1-7.	0.4	49
604	Spino-Pelvic Parameters After Surgery Can be Predicted. <i>Spine</i> , 2011, 36, 1037-1045.	1.0	161
605	Following spinal deformity surgery patients into older age. <i>Aging Health</i> , 2011, 7, 619-632.	0.3	0
606	Does Removing the Spinal Tether in a Porcine Scoliosis Model Result in Persistent Deformity?: A Pilot Study. <i>Clinical Orthopaedics and Related Research</i> , 2011, 469, 1368-1374.	0.7	13
607	Does vertebral level of pedicle subtraction osteotomy correlate with degree of spinopelvic parameter correction?. <i>Journal of Neurosurgery: Spine</i> , 2011, 14, 184-191.	0.9	125
608	In Vivo Distribution of Spinal Intervertebral Stiffness Based on Clinical Flexibility Tests. <i>Spine</i> , 2010, 35, 186-193.	1.0	17
609	Computed Tomographic Validation of the Porcine Model for Thoracic Scoliosis. <i>Spine</i> , 2010, 35, 18-25.	1.0	14
610	Demographic Factors Affect Scoliosis Research Society-22 Performance in Healthy Adolescents. <i>Spine</i> , 2010, 35, 2134-2139.	1.0	54
611	Adult Spinal Deformity's Postoperative Standing Imbalance. <i>Spine</i> , 2010, 35, 2224-2231.	1.0	895
612	Analysis of sagittal plane deformity and correction. <i>Current Orthopaedic Practice</i> , 2010, 21, 356-363.	0.1	3

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
613	Validated Finite Element Analysis of the Maverick Total Disc Prosthesis. Journal of Spinal Disorders and Techniques, 2010, 23, 249-257.	1.8	21
614	P26. Pre-Operative Pelvic Parameters Must be Considered to Achieve Adequate Sagittal Balance after Lumbar Osteotomy. Spine Journal, 2009, 9, 129S.	0.6	5
615	Intraoperative Three-Dimensional Correction During Rod Rotation Technique. Spine, 2009, 34, 512-519.	1.0	35
616	A Porcine Model for Progressive Thoracic Scoliosis. Spine, 2009, 34, E397-E404.	1.0	41
617	Pelvic Tilt and Truncal Inclination. Spine, 2009, 34, E599-E606.	1.0	938
618	Sagittal Plane Considerations and the Pelvis in the Adult Patient. Spine, 2009, 34, 1828-1833.	1.0	601
619	Standing Balance and Sagittal Plane Spinal Deformity. Spine, 2008, 33, 1572-1578.	1.0	318
620	Predicting Outcome and Complications in the Surgical Treatment of Adult Scoliosis. Spine, 2008, 33, 2243-2247.	1.0	130
621	A VALIDATED FORMULA FOR PREDICTING POST-OPERATIVE SAGITTAL BALANCE IN THE SETTING OF ADULT SPINAL DEFORMITY. Spine, 2008, &NA;, 114.	1.0	2
622	New Interspinous Implant Evaluation Using an In Vitro Biomechanical Study Combined With a Finite-Element Analysis. Spine, 2007, 32, 1706-1713.	1.0	58
623	Surgical Rates and Operative Outcome Analysis in Thoracolumbar and Lumbar Major Adult Scoliosis. Spine, 2007, 32, 2723-2730.	1.0	111
624	Total disc arthroplasty: consequences for sagittal balance and lumbar spine movement. European Spine Journal, 2007, 16, 411-421.	1.0	80
625	Gravity Line Analysis in Adult Volunteers. Spine, 2006, 31, E959-E967.	1.0	387
626	Finite element simulation of spinal deformities correction by in situ contouring technique. Computer Methods in Biomechanics and Biomedical Engineering, 2005, 8, 331-337.	0.9	20
627	3D finite element simulation of Cotrel-Dubousset correction. Computer Aided Surgery, 2004, 9, 17-25.	1.8	58
628	Cervical Paraspinal Muscle Fatty Infiltration is Directly Related to Extension Reserve in Patients With Cervical Spine Pathology. Clinical Spine Surgery, 0, Publish Ahead of Print, .	0.7	0