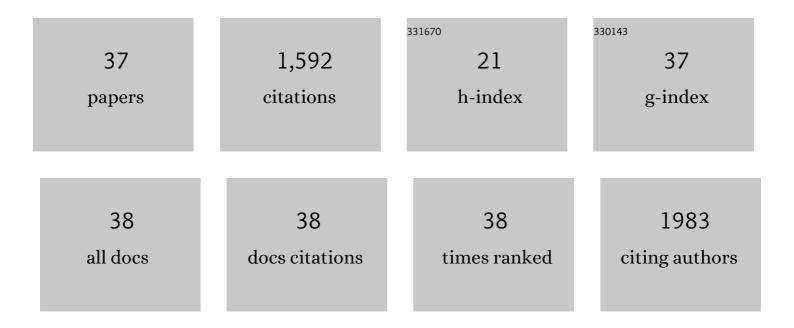
Colline Poirier

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/2295410/publications.pdf Version: 2024-02-01



COLLINE POIDLED

| # | Article | IF | CITATIONS |
|----|---|-----|-----------|
| 1 | Toward next-generation primate neuroscience: A collaboration-based strategic plan for integrative neuroimaging. Neuron, 2022, 110, 16-20. | 8.1 | 22 |
| 2 | The role of MRI in applying the 3Rs to non-human primate neuroscience. NeuroImage, 2021, 225, 117521. | 4.2 | 7 |
| 3 | Using non-invasive neuroimaging to enhance the care, well-being and experimental outcomes of laboratory non-human primates (monkeys). NeuroImage, 2021, 228, 117667. | 4.2 | 13 |
| 4 | Beyond MRI: on the scientific value of combining non-human primate neuroimaging with metadata. NeuroImage, 2021, 228, 117679. | 4.2 | 7 |
| 5 | International primate neuroscience research regulation, public engagement and transparency opportunities. Neurolmage, 2021, 229, 117700. | 4.2 | 17 |
| 6 | Strengths and challenges of longitudinal non-human primate neuroimaging. NeuroImage, 2021, 236, 118009. | 4.2 | 12 |
| 7 | Accelerating the Evolution of Nonhuman Primate Neuroimaging. Neuron, 2020, 105, 600-603. | 8.1 | 92 |
| 8 | Can biomarkers of biological age be used to assess cumulative lifetime experience?. Animal Welfare, 2019, 28, 41-56. | 0.7 | 25 |
| 9 | Pacing behaviour in laboratory macaques is an unreliable indicator of acute stress. Scientific Reports, 2019, 9, 7476. | 3.3 | 4 |
| 10 | Validation of hippocampal biomarkers of cumulative affective experience. Neuroscience and Biobehavioral Reviews, 2019, 101, 113-121. | 6.1 | 18 |
| 11 | An Open Resource for Non-human Primate Imaging. Neuron, 2018, 100, 61-74.e2. | 8.1 | 190 |
| 12 | Pacing stereotypies in laboratory rhesus macaques: Implications for animal welfare and the validity of neuroscientific findings. Neuroscience and Biobehavioral Reviews, 2017, 83, 508-515. | 6.1 | 28 |
| 13 | Auditory motion-specific mechanisms in the primate brain. PLoS Biology, 2017, 15, e2001379. | 5.6 | 31 |
| 14 | A perceptual pitch boundary in a non-human primate. Frontiers in Psychology, 2014, 5, 998. | 2.1 | 8 |
| 15 | Comparisons of different methods to train a young zebra finch (Taeniopygia guttata) to learn a song. Journal of Physiology (Paris), 2013, 107, 210-218. | 2.1 | 69 |
| 16 | Functional Magnetic Resonance Imaging (fMRI) with Auditory Stimulation in Songbirds. Journal of Visualized Experiments, 2013, , . | 0.3 | 3 |
| 17 | Representation of Early Sensory Experience in the Adult Auditory Midbrain: Implications for Vocal Learning. PLoS ONE, 2013, 8, e61764. | 2.5 | 17 |
| 18 | Functional changes between seasons in the male songbird auditory forebrain. Frontiers in Behavioral Neuroscience, 2013, 7, 196. | 2.0 | 29 |

COLLINE POIRIER

| # | Article | IF | CITATIONS |
|----|--|-----|-----------|
| 19 | Own Song Selectivity in the Songbird Auditory Pathway: Suppression by Norepinephrine. PLoS ONE, 2011, 6, e20131. | 2.5 | 22 |
| 20 | Spin Echo BOLD fMRI on Songbirds. Methods in Molecular Biology, 2011, 771, 569-576. | 0.9 | 9 |
| 21 | Implementation of spinâ€echo blood oxygen levelâ€dependent (BOLD) functional MRI in birds. NMR in Biomedicine, 2010, 23, 1027-1032. | 2.8 | 21 |
| 22 | Structural Changes between Seasons in the Songbird Auditory Forebrain. Journal of Neuroscience, 2009, 29, 13557-13565. | 3.6 | 48 |
| 23 | Own-Song Recognition in the Songbird Auditory Pathway: Selectivity and Lateralization. Journal of Neuroscience, 2009, 29, 2252-2258. | 3.6 | 77 |
| 24 | MRI in small brains displaying extensive plasticity. Trends in Neurosciences, 2009, 32, 257-266. | 8.6 | 41 |
| 25 | A three-dimensional MRI atlas of the zebra finch brain in stereotaxic coordinates. NeuroImage, 2008, 41, 1-6. | 4.2 | 59 |
| 26 | Time-course of Posterior Parietal and Occipital Cortex Contribution to Sound Localization. Journal of Cognitive Neuroscience, 2008, 20, 1454-1463. | 2.3 | 25 |
| 27 | Functional MRI of Auditory Responses in the Zebra Finch Forebrain Reveals a Hierarchical Organisation Based on Signal Strength but Not Selectivity. PLoS ONE, 2008, 3, e3184. | 2.5 | 26 |
| 28 | What neuroimaging tells us about sensory substitution. Neuroscience and Biobehavioral Reviews, 2007, 31, 1064-1070. | 6.1 | 56 |
| 29 | Neural representation of spectral and temporal features of song in the auditory forebrain of zebra finches as revealed by functional MRI. European Journal of Neuroscience, 2007, 26, 2613-2626. | 2.6 | 46 |
| 30 | Pattern recognition using a device substituting audition for vision in blindfolded sighted subjects. Neuropsychologia, 2007, 45, 1108-1121. | 1.6 | 38 |
| 31 | Auditory motion perception activates visual motion areas in early blind subjects. NeuroImage, 2006, 31, 279-285. | 4.2 | 213 |
| 32 | Neural changes in the ventral and dorsal visual streams during pattern recognition learning. Neurobiology of Learning and Memory, 2006, 85, 36-43. | 1.9 | 22 |
| 33 | Assessment of sensory substitution prosthesis potentialities in minimalist conditions of learning. Applied Cognitive Psychology, 2006, 20, 447-460. | 1.6 | 11 |
| 34 | Cross-modal activation of visual cortex during depth perception using auditory substitution of vision. Neurolmage, 2005, 26, 573-580. | 4.2 | 82 |
| 35 | Specific activation of the V5 brain area by auditory motion processing: An fMRI study. Cognitive Brain Research, 2005, 25, 650-658. | 3.0 | 140 |
| 36 | Auditory motion processing in early blind subjects. Cognitive Processing, 2004, 5, 254-256. | 1.4 | 8 |

| # | Article | IF | CITATIONS |
|----|---|-----|-----------|
| 37 | Direct Social Contacts Override Auditory Information in the Song-Learning Process in Starlings (Sturnus vulgaris) Journal of Comparative Psychology (Washington, D C: 1983), 2004, 118, 179-193. | 0.5 | 56 |