

Catherine J Andersen

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

28
papers

1,525
citations

430874

18
h-index

526287

27
g-index

29
all docs

29
docs citations

29
times ranked

2387
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Impact of Obesity and Metabolic Syndrome on Immunity. <i>Advances in Nutrition</i> , 2016, 7, 66-75.	6.4	483
2	Whole egg consumption improves lipoprotein profiles and insulin sensitivity to a greater extent than yolk-free egg substitute in individuals with metabolic syndrome. <i>Metabolism: Clinical and Experimental</i> , 2013, 62, 400-410.	3.4	127
3	Dietary strategies to reduce metabolic syndrome. <i>Reviews in Endocrine and Metabolic Disorders</i> , 2013, 14, 241-254.	5.7	119
4	Bioactive Egg Components and Inflammation. <i>Nutrients</i> , 2015, 7, 7889-7913.	4.1	111
5	Egg Consumption Modulates HDL Lipid Composition and Increases the Cholesterolâ€™Accepting Capacity of Serum in Metabolic Syndrome. <i>Lipids</i> , 2013, 48, 557-567.	1.7	89
6	Egg intake improves carotenoid status by increasing plasma HDL cholesterol in adults with metabolic syndrome. <i>Food and Function</i> , 2013, 4, 213-221.	4.6	71
7	Effects of carbohydrate restriction and dietary cholesterol provided by eggs on clinical risk factors in metabolic syndrome. <i>Journal of Clinical Lipidology</i> , 2013, 7, 463-471.	1.5	63
8	A Mediterranean-style, lowâ€™glycemic-load diet decreases atherogenic lipoproteins and reduces lipoprotein (a) and oxidized low-density lipoprotein in women with metabolic syndrome. <i>Metabolism: Clinical and Experimental</i> , 2012, 61, 366-372.	3.4	58
9	One Egg per Day Improves Inflammation when Compared to an Oatmeal-Based Breakfast without Increasing Other Cardiometabolic Risk Factors in Diabetic Patients. <i>Nutrients</i> , 2015, 7, 3449-3463.	4.1	58
10	Consuming Two Eggs per Day, as Compared to an Oatmeal Breakfast, Decreases Plasma Ghrelin while Maintaining the LDL/HDL Ratio. <i>Nutrients</i> , 2017, 9, 89.	4.1	44
11	Grape Consumption Increases Anti-Inflammatory Markers and Upregulates Peripheral Nitric Oxide Synthase in the Absence of Dyslipidemias in Men with Metabolic Syndrome. <i>Nutrients</i> , 2012, 4, 1945-1957.	4.1	39
12	A Mediterranean-style low-glycemic-load diet increases plasma carotenoids and decreases LDL oxidation in women with metabolic syndrome. <i>Journal of Nutritional Biochemistry</i> , 2012, 23, 609-615.	4.2	35
13	A Larger Body Mass Index is Associated with Increased Atherogenic Dyslipidemia, Insulin Resistance, and Low-Grade Inflammation in Individuals with Metabolic Syndrome. <i>Metabolic Syndrome and Related Disorders</i> , 2015, 13, 458-464.	1.3	34
14	Dietary approaches to improving atheroprotective HDL functions. <i>Food and Function</i> , 2013, 4, 1304.	4.6	33
15	Impact of Dietary Cholesterol on the Pathophysiology of Infectious and Autoimmune Disease. <i>Nutrients</i> , 2018, 10, 764.	4.1	33
16	Assessment of Dietary Patterns Represents a Potential, Yet Variable, Measure of Inflammatory Status: A Review and Update. <i>Disease Markers</i> , 2019, 2019, 1-13.	1.3	28
17	Egg Intake during Carbohydrate Restriction Alters Peripheral Blood Mononuclear Cell Inflammation and Cholesterol Homeostasis in Metabolic Syndrome. <i>Nutrients</i> , 2014, 6, 2650-2667.	4.1	24
18	Lipid Metabolism in Inflammation and Immune Function. <i>Nutrients</i> , 2022, 14, 1414.	4.1	23

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
19	Gender Dictates the Relationship between Serum Lipids and Leukocyte Counts in the National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey 1999–2004. <i>Journal of Clinical Medicine</i> , 2019, 8, 365.	2.4	20
20	Low HDL cholesterol is associated with increased atherogenic lipoproteins and insulin resistance in women classified with metabolic syndrome. <i>Nutrition Research and Practice</i> , 2010, 4, 492.	1.9	11
21	Effects of dietary cholesterol in diabetes and cardiovascular disease. <i>Clinical Lipidology</i> , 2014, 9, 607-616.	0.4	7
22	Low-Density Lipoproteins, High-Density Lipoproteins (HDL), and HDL-Associated Proteins Differentially Modulate Chronic Myelogenous Leukemia Cell Viability. <i>Lipids</i> , 2020, 55, 615-626.	1.7	6
23	Intake of 2 Eggs or Oatmeal for Breakfast does not Increase Biomarkers for Heart Disease while Eggs Improve Liver Enzymes and Raise HDL Cholesterol in Young Healthy Individuals. <i>FASEB Journal</i> , 2015, 29, .	0.5	3
24	Sex-Specific Associations Between Serum Lipids, Antinuclear Antibodies, and Statin Use in National Health and Nutrition Examination Surveys 1999–2004. <i>Frontiers in Medicine</i> , 2022, 9, .	2.6	2
25	High BMI: A New Determinant of Impaired Rubella Immunity During Pregnancy?. <i>Obesity</i> , 2018, 26, 1390-1390.	3.0	1
26	Egg intake increases peripheral blood mononuclear cell expression of ATP-binding cassette transporter A1 in parallel with toll-like receptor 4 as a potential mechanism to reduce cellular inflammation in metabolic syndrome. <i>FASEB Journal</i> , 2013, 27, 846.7.	0.5	1
27	Benefits and Success of an Interdisciplinary Wellness Interest Group (iWIG) at a Modern Jesuit University. <i>Building Healthy Academic Communities Journal</i> , 2018, 2, 12-20.	0.3	0
28	Nutritional implications for the pathophysiology and treatment of autoimmune disorders. , 2022, , 243-267.		0