

David Cuenca

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

16
papers

349
citations

759233

12
h-index

888059

17
g-index

18
all docs

18
docs citations

18
times ranked

402
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	On stone-boiling technology in the Upper Paleolithic: behavioral implications from an Early Magdalenian hearth in El Mirón Cave, Cantabria, Spain. <i>Journal of Archaeological Science</i> , 2009, 36, 684-693.	2.4	58
2	Marine Radiocarbon Reservoir Effect in Late Pleistocene and Early Holocene Coastal Waters off Northern Iberia. <i>Radiocarbon</i> , 2016, 58, 869-883.	1.8	33
3	THE USE OF MOLLUSC SHELLS AS TOOLS BY COASTAL HUMAN GROUPS: The Contribution of Ethnographical Studies to Research on Mesolithic and Early Neolithic Technologies in Northern Spain. <i>Journal of Anthropological Research</i> , 2011, 67, 77-102.	0.1	29
4	The role of shellfish in hunter-gatherer societies during the Early Upper Palaeolithic: A view from El Cuco rockshelter, northern Spain. <i>Journal of Anthropological Archaeology</i> , 2013, 32, 242-256.	1.6	28
5	Painting Altamira Cave? Shell tools for ochre-processing in the Upper Palaeolithic in northern Iberia. <i>Journal of Archaeological Science</i> , 2016, 74, 135-151.	2.4	28
6	The Magdalenian human burial of El Mirón Cave (Ramales de la Victoria, Cantabria, Spain): introduction, background, discovery and context. <i>Journal of Archaeological Science</i> , 2015, 60, 1-9.	2.4	26
7	Shell Technology, Rock Art, and the Role of Marine Resources during the Upper Paleolithic. <i>Current Anthropology</i> , 2013, 54, 370-380.	1.6	24
8	Utilización de instrumentos de concha durante el Mesolítico y Neolítico inicial en contextos litorales de la región cantábrica: programa experimental para el análisis de huellas de uso en materiales malacológicos. <i>Trabajos De Prehistoria</i> , 2010, 67, 211-225.	0.7	22
9	The Use of Shells by Hunter-Fisher-Gatherers and Farmers From the Early Upper Palaeolithic to the Neolithic in the European Atlantic Façade: A Technological Perspective. <i>Journal of Island and Coastal Archaeology</i> , 2015, 10, 52-75.	1.4	20
10	Collection and consumption of echinoderms and crustaceans at the Mesolithic shell midden site of El Mazo (northern Iberia): Opportunistic behaviour or social strategy?. <i>Quaternary International</i> , 2016, 407, 118-130.	1.5	18
11	Use-wear analysis: An optimal methodology for the study of shell tools. <i>Quaternary International</i> , 2017, 427, 192-200.	1.5	14
12	Ornaments from the Magdalenian burial area in El Mirón Cave (Cantabria, northern Spain). Were they grave goods?. <i>Journal of Archaeological Science</i> , 2015, 60, 112-124.	2.4	13
13	Stable oxygen isotope analysis of <i>Phorcus lineatus</i> (da Costa, 1778) as a proxy for foraging seasonality during the Mesolithic in northern Iberia. <i>Archaeological and Anthropological Sciences</i> , 2019, 11, 5631-5644.	1.8	12
14	Utilización de instrumentos de concha para la realización de actividades productivas en sociedades tribales comunitarias del sur de la Península Ibérica. El ejemplo de Campo de Hockey (San Fernando). <i>Tijdschrift voor Archeologie</i> , 2017, 11, 1-10.	0.0	8
15	The Occupation of Benzú Cave (Ceuta) by Neolithic and Bronze Age Societies. <i>African Archaeological Review</i> , 2019, 36, 317-338.	1.4	4
16	Bayesian estimates of marine radiocarbon reservoir effect in northern Iberia during the Early and Middle Holocene. <i>Quaternary Geochronology</i> , 2022, 67, 101232.	1.4	3