## Tommaso Tonetti

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/2239390/publications.pdf

Version: 2024-02-01

71 papers 4,534 citations

33 h-index 110387 64 g-index

75 all docs

75 docs citations

75 times ranked 5589 citing authors

#	Article	lF	CITATIONS
1	Ventilator-related causes of lung injury: the mechanical power. Intensive Care Medicine, 2016, 42, 1567-1575.	8.2	586
2	Pathophysiology of COVID-19-associated acute respiratory distress syndrome: a multicentre prospective observational study. Lancet Respiratory Medicine, the, 2020, 8, 1201-1208.	10.7	516
3	Epidemiology of Invasive Pulmonary Aspergillosis Among Intubated Patients With COVID-19: A Prospective Study. Clinical Infectious Diseases, 2021, 73, e3606-e3614.	5.8	335
4	Effect of Helmet Noninvasive Ventilation vs High-Flow Nasal Oxygen on Days Free of Respiratory Support in Patients With COVID-19 and Moderate to Severe Hypoxemic Respiratory Failure. JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association, 2021, 325, 1731.	7.4	295
5	Hospital-Acquired Infections in Critically Ill Patients With COVID-19. Chest, 2021, 160, 454-465.	0.8	225
6	The future of mechanical ventilation: lessons from the present and the past. Critical Care, 2017, 21, 183.	5.8	176
7	Driving pressure and mechanical power: new targets for VILI prevention. Annals of Translational Medicine, 2017, 5, 286-286.	1.7	170
8	Prone position in intubated, mechanically ventilated patients with COVID-19: a multi-centric study of more than 1000 patients. Critical Care, 2021, 25, 128.	5.8	157
9	Pulmonary embolism in patients with coronavirus disease-2019 (COVID-19) pneumonia: a narrative review. Annals of Intensive Care, 2020, 10, 124.	4.6	149
10	Erector spinae plane block: a systematic qualitative review. Minerva Anestesiologica, 2019, 85, 308-319.	1.0	141
11	How important is obesity as a risk factor for respiratory failure, intensive care admission and death in hospitalised COVID-19 patients? Results from a single Italian centre. European Journal of Endocrinology, 2020, 183, 389-397.	3.7	98
12	Opening pressures and atelectrauma in acute respiratory distress syndrome. Intensive Care Medicine, 2017, 43, 603-611.	8.2	96
13	Incidence and Prognosis of Ventilator-Associated Pneumonia in Critically III Patients with COVID-19: A Multicenter Study. Journal of Clinical Medicine, 2021, 10, 555.	2.4	93
14	Reclassifying Acute Respiratory Distress Syndrome. American Journal of Respiratory and Critical Care Medicine, 2018, 197, 1586-1595.	5.6	87
15	Positive End-expiratory Pressure and Mechanical Power. Anesthesiology, 2019, 130, 119-130.	2.5	80
16	Local anesthetic spread during erector spinae plane block. Journal of Clinical Anesthesia, 2018, 48, 60-61.	1.6	77
17	Regional physiology of ARDS. Critical Care, 2017, 21, 312.	5.8	73
18	Positive end-expiratory pressure: how to set it at the individual level. Annals of Translational Medicine, 2017, 5, 288-288.	1.7	73

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
19	Development and validation of a prediction model for severe respiratory failure in hospitalized patients with SARS-CoV-2 infection: a multicentre cohort study (PREDI-CO study). Clinical Microbiology and Infection, 2020, 26, 1545-1553.	6.0	71
20	Factors influencing liberation from mechanical ventilation in coronavirus disease 2019: multicenter observational study in fifteen Italian ICUs. Journal of Intensive Care, 2020, 8, 80.	2.9	67
21	Platelet Drop and Fibrinolytic Shutdown in Patients With Sepsis. Critical Care Medicine, 2018, 46, e221-e228.	0.9	65
22	Assignment of ASA-physical status relates to anesthesiologists' experience: a survey-based national-study. Korean Journal of Anesthesiology, 2019, 72, 53-59.	2.5	56
23	Efficacy of corticosteroid treatment for hospitalized patients with severe COVID-19: a multicentre study. Clinical Microbiology and Infection, 2021, 27, 105-111.	6.0	55
24	WSES consensus conference guidelines: monitoring and management of severe adult traumatic brain injury patients with polytrauma in the first 24 hours. World Journal of Emergency Surgery, 2019, 14, 53.	5.0	52
25	The lower respiratory tract microbiome of critically ill patients with COVID-19. Scientific Reports, 2021, 11, 10103.	3.3	52
26	Assessment of a PK/PD Target of Continuous Infusion Beta-Lactams Useful for Preventing Microbiological Failure and/or Resistance Development in Critically III Patients Affected by Documented Gram-Negative Infections. Antibiotics, 2021, 10, 1311.	3.7	47
27	Health-related quality of life profiles, trajectories, persistent symptoms and pulmonary function one year after ICU discharge in invasively ventilated COVID-19 patients, a prospective follow-up study. Respiratory Medicine, 2021, 189, 106665.	2.9	46
28	Sustained oxygenation improvement after first prone positioning is associated with liberation from mechanical ventilation and mortality in critically ill COVID-19 patients: a cohort study. Annals of Intensive Care, 2021, 11, 63.	4.6	44
29	Quality of life of COVID-19 critically ill survivors after ICU discharge: 90Âdays follow-up. Quality of Life Research, 2021, 30, 2805-2817.	3.1	42
30	Expert clinical pharmacological advice may make an antimicrobial TDM program for emerging candidates more clinically useful in tailoring therapy of critically ill patients. Critical Care, 2022, 26, .	5.8	41
31	High-Flow Nasal Oxygen for Severe Hypoxemia: Oxygenation Response and Outcome in Patients with COVID-19. American Journal of Respiratory and Critical Care Medicine, 2022, 205, 431-439.	5.6	38
32	Extracorporeal CO2 Removal: The Minimally Invasive Approach, Theory, and Practice*. Critical Care Medicine, 2019, 47, 33-40.	0.9	36
33	One ventilator for two patients: feasibility and considerations of a last resort solution in case of equipment shortage. Thorax, 2020, 75, 517-519.	5.6	36
34	Efficacy and safety of lower versus higher CO2 extraction devices to allow ultraprotective ventilation: secondary analysis of the SUPERNOVA study. Thorax, 2019, 74, 1179-1181.	5.6	35
35	Use of critical care resources during the first 2 weeks (February 24–March 8, 2020) of the Covid-19 outbreak in Italy. Annals of Intensive Care, 2020, 10, 133.	4.6	31
36	The perils of dental vacation: possible anaesthetic and medicolegal consequences. Medicine, Science and the Law, 2013, 53, 19-23.	1.0	27

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
37	How best to set the ventilator on extracorporeal membrane lung oxygenation. Current Opinion in Critical Care, 2017, 23, 66-72.	3.2	27
38	Pathophysiology of COVID-19-associated acute respiratory distress syndrome – Authors' reply. Lancet Respiratory Medicine,the, 2021, 9, e5-e6.	10.7	25
39	Phenotypes of Patients with COVID-19 Who Have a Positive Clinical Response to Helmet Noninvasive Ventilation. American Journal of Respiratory and Critical Care Medicine, 2022, 205, 360-364.	5.6	24
40	Volutrauma, Atelectrauma, and Mechanical Power. Critical Care Medicine, 2017, 45, e327-e328.	0.9	22
41	Intensive care medicine in 2050: ventilator-induced lung injury. Intensive Care Medicine, 2018, 44, 76-78.	8.2	22
42	Alveolar recruitment in acute respiratory distress syndrome: should we open the lung (no matter) Tj ETQq0 0 0 r	gBŢ <u>/</u> Overl	ock_10 Tf 50 !
43	Rescue therapies for acute respiratory distress syndrome. Current Opinion in Critical Care, 2017, 23, 52-59.	3.2	12
44	Impact of Maximizing Css/MIC Ratio on Efficacy of Continuous Infusion Meropenem Against Documented Gram-Negative Infections in Critically III Patients and Population Pharmacokinetic/Pharmacodynamic Analysis to Support Treatment Optimization. Frontiers in Pharmacology, 2021, 12, 781892.	3.5	12
45	Cisatracurium- and rocuronium-associated residual neuromuscular dysfunction under intraoperative neuromuscular monitoring and postoperative neostigmine reversal: a single-blind randomized trial. Journal of Clinical Anesthesia, 2016, 35, 198-204.	1.6	9
46	The clinical spectrum of pulmonary thromboembolism in patients with coronavirus disease-2019 (COVID-19) pneumonia: A European case series. Journal of Critical Care, 2021, 61, 39-44.	2.2	9
47	Clinical implications of microvascular CT scan signs in COVID-19 patients requiring invasive mechanical ventilation. Radiologia Medica, 2022, 127, 162-173.	7.7	9
48	Synergistic Effect of Static Compliance and D-dimers to Predict Outcome of Patients with COVID-19-ARDS: A Prospective Multicenter Study. Biomedicines, 2021, 9, 1228.	3.2	6
49	Protective ventilation in patients with acute respiratory distress syndrome related to COVID-19: always, sometimes or never?. Current Opinion in Critical Care, 2022, 28, 51-56.	3.2	6
50	Improved survival in critically ill patients: are large RCTs more useful than personalized medicine? We are not sure. Intensive Care Medicine, 2016, 42, 1781-1783.	8.2	5
51	Effects of regional perfusion block in healthy and injured lungs. Intensive Care Medicine Experimental, 2017, 5, 46.	1.9	5
52	Extracorporeal CO2 removal (ECCO2R) in patients with stable COPD with chronic hypercapnia: a proof-of-concept study. Thorax, 2020, 75, 897-900.	5.6	5
53	Extracorporeal carbon dioxide removal for treatment of exacerbated chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (ORION): study protocol for a randomised controlled trial. Trials, 2021, 22, 718.	1.6	5
54	Will all ARDS patients be receiving mechanical ventilation in 2035? We are not sure. Intensive Care Medicine, 2017, 43, 573-574.	8.2	4

#	Article	IF	Citations
55	Antiviral activity of interferon-based combination therapy in critically ill patients with COVID-19: Preliminary observations. Journal of Global Antimicrobial Resistance, 2021, 24, 124-126.	2.2	3
56	Obesity Is One of the Strongest Risk Factor for Respiratory Failure and Death in COVID-19 Patients: A Retrospective Multicentric Cohort Study. SSRN Electronic Journal, 0, , .	0.4	3
57	Respiratory consequences of intra-abdominal hypertension. Minerva Anestesiologica, 2020, 86, 877-883.	1.0	3
58	Sharing Mechanical Ventilator: In Vitro Evaluation of Circuit Cross-Flows and Patient Interactions. Membranes, 2021, 11, 547.	3.0	2
59	Acute ischemia of the thumb caused by radial artery cannulation. Intensive Care Medicine, 2018, 44, 656-657.	8.2	1
60	Erector spinae plane block as a multiple catheter technique for open esophagectomy: a case report. Brazilian Journal of Anesthesiology (Elsevier), 2019, 69, 95-98.	0.4	1
61	Individualized positive end-expiratory pressure guided by end-expiratory lung volume in early acute respiratory distress syndrome: study protocol for the multicenter, randomized IPERPEEP trial. Trials, 2022, 23, 63.	1.6	1
62	Management of the Potential Lung Donor. Thoracic Surgery Clinics, 2022, 32, 143-151.	1.0	1
63	Tailoring the cure: still science fiction?. Journal of Thoracic Disease, 2019, 11, E32-E33.	1.4	0
64	Cardiopulmonary Monitoring in the Patient with an Inflamed Lung. , 2021, , 729-739.		0
65	Transpulmonary Pressure to Guide Mechanical Ventilation: Art or Science?. American Journal of Respiratory and Critical Care Medicine, 2021, 204, 1120-1121.	5.6	0
66	Central venous line placement and ultrasound probe damage: A word of caution. Journal of Medical Ultrasound, 2019, 27, 110.	0.4	0
67	Effects of invasive ventilation on the lungs. , 2019, , 16-25.		0
68	Safety of Early Tracheostomy Performed by Intensivists in Acute Brain-injured Patients: A 1-Year Observational Study. Journal of Neurosurgical Anesthesiology, 2021, 33, 365-366.	1.2	0
69	Sustained Oxygenation Improvement After First Prone Positioning Is Associated with Liberation from Mechanical Ventilation and Survival in Critically Ill COVID-19 Patients: A Cohort Study. SSRN Electronic Journal, 0, , .	0.4	0
70	Association between respiratory distress time and invasive mechanical ventilation in COVID-19 patients: a multicentre regional cohort study Pulmonology, 2022, , .	2.1	0
71	Reply: High-Flow Oxygen Therapy for Severe Hypoxemia: Moving Towards a More Inclusive Definition of ARDS. American Journal of Respiratory and Critical Care Medicine, 2022, , .	5.6	0