Ana V Diez Roux

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/2231020/publications.pdf Version: 2024-02-01

216 papers	19,130 citations	19657 61 h-index	12597 132 g-index
221	221	221	20363
all docs	docs citations	times ranked	citing authors

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Mortality amenable to healthcare in Latin American cities: a cross-sectional study examining between-country variation in amenable mortality and the role of urban metrics. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2022, 51, 303-313.	1.9	6
2	Urban social determinants of non-communicable diseases risk factors in Argentina. Health and Place, 2022, 77, 102611.	3.3	9
3	The Impact of Keeping Indoor Dining Closed on COVID-19 Rates Among Large US Cities. Epidemiology, 2022, 33, 200-208.	2.7	9
4	Spatially varying racial inequities in cardiovascular health and the contribution of individual- and neighborhood-level characteristics across the United States: The REasons for geographic and racial differences in stroke (REGARDS) study. Spatial and Spatio-temporal Epidemiology, 2022, 40, 100473.	1.7	3
5	Social Epidemiology: Past, Present, and Future. Annual Review of Public Health, 2022, 43, 79-98.	17.4	27
6	Associations Between Residential Segregation and Incident Hypertension: The Multiâ€Ethnic Study of Atherosclerosis. Journal of the American Heart Association, 2022, 11, e023084.	3.7	16
7	Urban landscape and street-design factors associated with road-traffic mortality in Latin America between 2010 and 2016 (SALURBAL): an ecological study. Lancet Planetary Health, The, 2022, 6, e122-e131.	11.4	10
8	Associations of Urban Environment Features with Hypertension and Blood Pressure across 230 Latin American Cities. Environmental Health Perspectives, 2022, 130, 27010.	6.0	11
9	Urban scaling of opioid overdose deaths in the USA: a cross-sectional study in three periods between 2005 and 2017. BMJ Open, 2022, 12, e048831.	1.9	1
10	Potential impacts of policies to reduce purchasing of ultra-processed foods in Mexico at different stages of the social transition: an agent-based modelling approach. Public Health Nutrition, 2022, 25, 1711-1719.	2.2	5
11	Tracking COVID-19 Inequities Across Jurisdictions Represented in the Big Cities Health Coalition (BCHC): The COVID-19 Health Inequities in BCHC Cities Dashboard. American Journal of Public Health, 2022, 112, 904-912.	2.7	13
12	Does Living near Trees and Other Vegetation Affect the Contemporaneous Odds of Asthma Exacerbation among Pediatric Asthma Patients?. Journal of Urban Health, 2022, 99, 533-548.	3.6	5
13	Urban Scaling of Health Outcomes: a Scoping Review. Journal of Urban Health, 2022, 99, 409-426.	3.6	7
14	COVID-19 Outcomes Among the Hispanic Population of 27 Large US Cities, 2020–2021. American Journal of Public Health, 2022, 112, 1034-1044.	2.7	8
15	City-level impact of extreme temperatures and mortality in Latin America. Nature Medicine, 2022, 28, 1700-1705.	30.7	52
16	Neighborhood social environment and changes in leukocyte telomere length: The Multi-Ethnic Study of Atherosclerosis (MESA). Health and Place, 2021, 67, 102488.	3.3	7
17	Multi-ancestry genome-wide association study accounting for gene-psychosocial factor interactions identifies novel loci for blood pressure traits. Human Genetics and Genomics Advances, 2021, 2, 100013.	1.7	2
18	COVID-19, Ambient Air Pollution, and Environmental Health Inequities in Latin American Cities. Journal of Urban Health, 2021, 98, 428-432.	3.6	11

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19	Linking Data on Constituent Health with Elected Officials' Opinions: Associations Between Urban Health Disparities and Mayoral Officials' Beliefs About Health Disparities in Their Cities. Milbank Quarterly, 2021, 99, 794-827.	4.4	3
20	Perceived Discrimination and Hypertension Risk Among Participants in the Multiâ€Ethnic Study of Atherosclerosis. Journal of the American Heart Association, 2021, 10, e019541.	3.7	25
21	The Regeneración Urbana, Calidad de Vida y Salud - RUCAS project: a Chilean multi-methods study to evaluate the impact of urban regeneration on resident health and wellbeing. BMC Public Health, 2021, 21, 728.	2.9	9
22	Cross-Sectional Associations of Built and Social Neighborhood Environment Variables with Body Mass Index in a Large Sample of Urban Predominantly African American Children. Childhood Obesity, 2021, 17, 209-219.	1.5	6
23	Effects of ambient air pollution on childhood asthma exacerbation in the Philadelphia metropolitan Region, 2011–2014. Environmental Research, 2021, 197, 110955.	7.5	21
24	Spatial Inequities in COVID-19 Testing, Positivity, Confirmed Cases, and Mortality in 3 U.S. Cities. Annals of Internal Medicine, 2021, 174, 936-944.	3.9	115
25	Associations between everyday discrimination and sleep quality and duration among African-Americans over time in the Jackson Heart Study. Sleep, 2021, 44, .	1.1	13
26	From causal loop diagrams to future scenarios: Using the cross-impact balance method to augment understanding of urban health in Latin America. Social Science and Medicine, 2021, 282, 114157.	3.8	12
27	The effect of population mobility on COVID-19 incidence in 314 Latin American cities: a longitudinal ecological study with mobile phone location data. The Lancet Digital Health, 2021, 3, e716-e722.	12.3	29
28	Using cause-effect graphs to elicit expert knowledge for cross-impact balance analysis. MethodsX, 2021, 8, 101492.	1.6	0
29	Built environment profiles for Latin American urban settings: The SALURBAL study. PLoS ONE, 2021, 16, e0257528.	2.5	11
30	Scaling of mortality in 742 metropolitan areas of the Americas. Science Advances, 2021, 7, eabl6325.	10.3	7
31	Bayesian shrinkage estimation of high dimensional causal mediation effects in omics studies. Biometrics, 2020, 76, 700-710.	1.4	39
32	Determinants of Residential Preferences Related to Built and Social Environments and Concordance between Neighborhood Characteristics and Preferences. Journal of Urban Health, 2020, 97, 62-77.	3.6	17
33	Trends in Tract-Level Prevalence of Obesity in Philadelphia by Race-Ethnicity, Space, and Time. Epidemiology, 2020, 31, 15-21.	2.7	12
34	Evaluating the health effects of place-based slum upgrading physical environment interventions: A systematic review (2012–2018). Social Science and Medicine, 2020, 261, 113102.	3.8	18
35	Ambient daily pollen levels in association with asthma exacerbation among children in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. Environment International, 2020, 145, 106138.	10.0	35
36	Urban health and health equity in Latin American cities: what COVID-19 is teaching us. Cities and Health, 2020, , 1-5.	2.6	11

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37	Population Health in the Time of COVIDâ€19: Confirmations and Revelations. Milbank Quarterly, 2020, 98, 629-640.	4.4	24
38	Public transit and depression among older adults: using agent-based models to examine plausible impacts of a free bus policy. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2020, 74, jech-2019-213317.	3.7	3
39	Health as a driver for urban policy in Latin America: a scoping review of literature from international organizations. Cities and Health, 2020, , 1-16.	2.6	5
40	Urban Transformations and Health: Methods for TrUST—a Natural Experiment Evaluating the Impacts of a Mass Transit Cable Car in Bogotá, Colombia. Frontiers in Public Health, 2020, 8, 64.	2.7	21
41	Discrimination and Hypertension Risk Among African Americans in the Jackson Heart Study. Hypertension, 2020, 76, 715-723.	2.7	91
42	Discrimination, social support, and telomere length: the Multi-Ethnic Study of Atherosclerosis (MESA). Annals of Epidemiology, 2020, 42, 58-63.e2.	1.9	15
43	Assessing the spatial heterogeneity in black-white differences in optimal cardiovascular health and the impact of individual- and neighborhood-level risk factors: The Multi-Ethnic Study of Atherosclerosis (MESA). Spatial and Spatio-temporal Epidemiology, 2020, 33, 100332.	1.7	2
44	A systematic review of empirical and simulation studies evaluating the health impact of transportation interventions. Environmental Research, 2020, 186, 109519.	7.5	27
45	A Novel International Partnership for Actionable Evidence on Urban Health in Latin America: LACâ€Urban Health and SALURBAL. Global Challenges, 2019, 3, 1800013.	3.6	70
46	Complex Systems Approaches to Understand Drivers of Mental Health and Inform Mental Health Policy: A Systematic Review. Administration and Policy in Mental Health and Mental Health Services Research, 2019, 46, 128-144.	2.1	19
47	The cross-sectional and longitudinal association between air pollution and salivary cortisol: Evidence from the Multi-Ethnic Study of Atherosclerosis. Environment International, 2019, 131, 105062.	10.0	29
48	Using community-based system dynamics modeling to understand the complex systems that influence health in cities: The SALURBAL study. Health and Place, 2019, 60, 102215.	3.3	43
49	Neighborhood racial/ethnic segregation and BMI: A longitudinal analysis of the Multi-ethnic Study of Atherosclerosis. International Journal of Obesity, 2019, 43, 1601-1610.	3.4	8
50	Long-term neighborhood ethnic composition and weight-related outcomes among immigrants: The Multi-Ethnic Study of Atherosclerosis. Health and Place, 2019, 58, 102147.	3.3	3
51	The Association between Long-Term Air Pollution and Urinary Catecholamines: Evidence from the Multi-Ethnic Study of Atherosclerosis. Environmental Health Perspectives, 2019, 127, 57007.	6.0	31
52	The Unique Space of Epidemiology: Drawing on the Past to Project Into the Future. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2019, 188, 886-889.	3.4	9
53	Epidemiology: Back to the Future. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2019, 188, 814-817.	3.4	4
54	Influence of individual life course and neighbourhood socioeconomic position on dietary intake in African Americans: the Jackson Heart Study. BMJ Open, 2019, 9, e025237.	1.9	9

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55	Methodological Approaches to Understanding Causes of Health Disparities. American Journal of Public Health, 2019, 109, S28-S33.	2.7	62
56	Depression and alcohol misuse among older adults: exploring mechanisms and policy impacts using agent-based modelling. Social Psychiatry and Psychiatric Epidemiology, 2019, 54, 1243-1253.	3.1	7
57	Urban–Rural Differences in Older Adult Depression: A Systematic Review and Meta-analysis of Comparative Studies. American Journal of Preventive Medicine, 2019, 56, 603-613.	3.0	80
58	Urban scaling of health outcomes: a protocol for a scoping review. BMJ Open, 2019, 9, e031176.	1.9	3
59	Building a Data Platform for Cross-Country Urban Health Studies: the SALURBAL Study. Journal of Urban Health, 2019, 96, 311-337.	3.6	89
60	Neighbourhood racial/ethnic residential segregation and cardiometabolic risk: the multiethnic study of atherosclerosis. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2019, 73, 26-33.	3.7	24
61	Uses of Population Health Rankings in Local Policy Contexts: A Multisite Case Study. Medical Care Research and Review, 2019, 76, 478-496.	2.1	4
62	Examining the possible impact of daily transport on depression among older adults using an agent-based model. Aging and Mental Health, 2019, 23, 743-751.	2.8	13
63	Age-friendly cities: challenges for future research. Bulletin of the World Health Organization, 2019, 97, 436-437.	3.3	18
64	Using electronic health record data for environmental and place based population health research: a systematic review. Annals of Epidemiology, 2018, 28, 493-502.	1.9	50
65	Unequal Exposure or Unequal Vulnerability? Contributions of Neighborhood Conditions and Cardiovascular Risk Factors to Socioeconomic Inequality in Incident Cardiovascular Disease in the Multi-Ethnic Study of Atherosclerosis. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2018, 187, 1424-1437.	3.4	25
66	Neighborhood price of healthier food relative to unhealthy food and its association with type 2 diabetes and insulin resistance: The multi-ethnic study of atherosclerosis. Preventive Medicine, 2018, 106, 122-129.	3.4	14
67	Assessing the spatial heterogeneity in overall health across the United States using spatial regression methods: The contribution of health factors and county-level demographics. Health and Place, 2018, 51, 68-77.	3.3	13
68	Associations Between the Built Environment and Objective Measures of Sleep. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2018, 187, 941-950.	3.4	41
69	Selected occupational characteristics and change in leukocyte telomere length over 10 years: The Multi-Ethnic Study of Atherosclerosis (MESA). PLoS ONE, 2018, 13, e0204704.	2.5	7
70	Examining the Role of Neighborhood-Level Foreclosure in Smoking and Alcohol Use Among Older Adults in the Multi-Ethnic Study of Atherosclerosis. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2018, 187, 1863-1870.	3.4	3
71	Longitudinal Analysis of Long-Term Air Pollution Levels and Blood Pressure: A Cautionary Tale from the Multi-Ethnic Study of Atherosclerosis. Environmental Health Perspectives, 2018, 126, 107003.	6.0	31
72	Climate change, urban health, and the promotion of health equity. PLoS Medicine, 2018, 15, e1002621.	8.4	16

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73	Cardiovascular Risk Factors, Depression, and Alcohol Consumption During Joblessness and During Recessions Among Young Adults in CARDIA. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2018, 187, 2339-2345.	3.4	16
74	Antecedent longitudinal changes in body mass index are associated with diurnal cortisol curve features: The multi-ethnic study of atherosclerosis. Metabolism: Clinical and Experimental, 2017, 68, 95-107.	3.4	20
75	Neighborhoods and racial/ethnic differences in ideal cardiovascular health (the Multi-Ethnic Study) Tj ETQq1 1	0.784314 r 3.3	gBT_/Overlock
76	Set-Based Tests for the Gene–Environment Interaction in Longitudinal Studies. Journal of the American Statistical Association, 2017, 112, 966-978.	3.1	14
77	Relationship between Recreational Resources in the School Neighborhood and Changes in Fitness in New York City Public School Students. Journal of Urban Health, 2017, 94, 20-29.	3.6	24
78	Cross-sectional and longitudinal associations of neighbourhood social environment and smoking behaviour: the multiethnic study of atherosclerosis. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2017, 71, 396-403.	3.7	13
79	Neighborhood social environment as risk factors to health behavior among African Americans: The Jackson Heart Study. Health and Place, 2017, 45, 199-207.	3.3	31
80	Association of Changes in Neighborhood-Level Racial Residential Segregation With Changes in Blood Pressure Among Black Adults. JAMA Internal Medicine, 2017, 177, 996.	5.1	105
81	Associations of Neighborhood Crime and Safety and With Changes in Body Mass Index and Waist Circumference. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2017, 186, 280-288.	3.4	44
82	Cardiovascular Disease in IncarceratedÂPopulations. Journal of the American College of Cardiology, 2017, 69, 2967-2976.	2.8	63
83	Invited Commentary: Beyond Individuals—Area Poverty and Health, or the Search for an Impactful Epidemiology. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2017, 185, 1171-1173.	3.4	4
84	Exposure to Neighborhood Foreclosures and Changes in Cardiometabolic Health: Results From MESA. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2017, 185, 106-114.	3.4	19
85	Diurnal salivary cortisol and nativity/duration of residence in Latinos: The Multi-Ethnic Study of Atherosclerosis. Psychoneuroendocrinology, 2017, 85, 179-189.	2.7	6
86	Despair as a Cause of Death: More Complex Than It First Appears. American Journal of Public Health, 2017, 107, 1566-1567.	2.7	47
87	Differentially conserved transcriptomic response to adversity related to self-rated health in the multi-ethnic study of atherosclerosis. Experimental Biology and Medicine, 2017, 242, 1812-1819.	2.4	Ο
88	Individual- and Area-Level SES in Diabetes Risk Prediction: The Multi-Ethnic Study of Atherosclerosis. American Journal of Preventive Medicine, 2017, 53, 201-209.	3.0	9
89	Experiences of Discrimination and Incident Type 2 Diabetes Mellitus: The Multi-Ethnic Study of Atherosclerosis (MESA). American Journal of Epidemiology, 2017, 186, 445-455.	3.4	61
90	Neighborhood Physical Environment and Changes in Body Mass Index: Results From the Multi-Ethnic Study of Atherosclerosis. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2017, 186, 1237-1245.	3.4	40

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91	Neighborhood Prices of Healthier and Unhealthier Foods and Associations with Diet Quality: Evidence from the Multi-Ethnic Study of Atherosclerosis. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2017, 14, 1394.	2.6	31
92	Gene-by-Psychosocial Factor Interactions Influence Diastolic Blood Pressure in European and African Ancestry Populations: Meta-Analysis of Four Cohort Studies. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2017, 14, 1596.	2.6	5
93	Income inequality and high blood pressure in Colombia: a multilevel analysis. Cadernos De Saude Publica, 2017, 33, e00172316.	1.0	16
94	Loneliness, Depression, and Inflammation: Evidence from the Multi-Ethnic Study of Atherosclerosis. PLoS ONE, 2016, 11, e0158056.	2.5	33
95	Neighborhoods and Health: What Do We Know? What Should We Do?. American Journal of Public Health, 2016, 106, 430-431.	2.7	121
96	On the Distinction—or Lack of Distinction—Between Population Health and Public Health. American Journal of Public Health, 2016, 106, 619-620.	2.7	29
97	The Social Patterning of Sleep in African Americans: Associations of Socioeconomic Position and Neighborhood Characteristics with Sleep in the Jackson Heart Study. Sleep, 2016, 39, 1749-1759.	1.1	81
98	Immigrant status and cardiovascular risk over time: results fromÂtheÂMulti-Ethnic Study of Atherosclerosis. Annals of Epidemiology, 2016, 26, 429-435.e1.	1.9	28
99	Association between air pollution and coronary artery calcification within six metropolitan areas in the USA (the Multi-Ethnic Study of Atherosclerosis and Air Pollution): a longitudinal cohort study. Lancet, The, 2016, 388, 696-704.	13.7	404
100	Neighborhood Environments and Incident Hypertension in the Multi-Ethnic Study of Atherosclerosis. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2016, 183, 988-997.	3.4	85
101	Associations of neighborhood socioeconomic and racial/ethnic characteristics with changes in survey-based neighborhood quality, 2000–2011. Health and Place, 2016, 42, 30-36.	3.3	11
102	How much are built environments changing, and where?: Patterns of change by neighborhood sociodemographic characteristics across seven U.S. metropolitan areas. Social Science and Medicine, 2016, 169, 97-105.	3.8	29
103	Neighborhood Walking Environment and Activity Level Are Associated With OSA. Chest, 2016, 150, 1042-1049.	0.8	47
104	Change in Neighborhood Characteristics and Change in Coronary Artery Calcium. Circulation, 2016, 134, 504-513.	1.6	32
105	Research Needs to Improve Hypertension Treatment and Control in African Americans. Hypertension, 2016, 68, 1066-1072.	2.7	78
106	Reducing Health Inequities in the U.S Journal of the American College of Cardiology, 2016, 68, 517-524.	2.8	36
107	The Authors Reply. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2016, 183, 1172-1173.	3.4	0
108	Neighborhood socioeconomic index and stroke incidence in a national cohort of blacks and whites. Neurology, 2016, 87, 2340-2347.	1.1	55

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109	Neighborhood Socioeconomic Status and Primary Health Care: Usual Points of Access and Temporal Trends in a Major US Urban Area. Journal of Urban Health, 2016, 93, 1027-1045.	3.6	65
110	Self-reported experiences of discrimination and inflammation among men and women: The multi-ethnic study of atherosclerosis Health Psychology, 2016, 35, 343-350.	1.6	81
111	The Contribution of Psychosocial Stressors to Sleep among African Americans in the Jackson Heart Study. Sleep, 2016, 39, 1411-1419.	1.1	80
112	Sleep Duration and Quality in Relation to Autonomic Nervous System Measures: The Multi-Ethnic Study of Atherosclerosis (MESA). Sleep, 2016, 39, 1927-1940.	1.1	121
113	Moving to opportunity and mental health: Exploring the spatial context of neighborhood effects. Social Science and Medicine, 2016, 162, 50-58.	3.8	46
114	Job Strain and the Cortisol Diurnal Cycle in MESA: Accounting for Between- and Within-Day Variability. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2016, 183, 497-506.	3.4	9
115	Walkability and cardiometabolic risk factors: Cross-sectional and longitudinal associations from the Multi-Ethnic Study of Atherosclerosis. Health and Place, 2016, 39, 9-17.	3.3	41
116	Effect of Physical Activity on the Relation Between Psychosocial Factors and Cardiovascular Events (from the Multi-Ethnic Study of Atherosclerosis). American Journal of Cardiology, 2016, 117, 1545-1551.	1.6	8
117	Lack of significant association between type 2 diabetes mellitus with longitudinal change in diurnal salivary cortisol: the multiethnic study of atherosclerosis. Endocrine, 2016, 53, 227-239.	2.3	14
118	The Impact of Neighborhoods on CV Risk. Global Heart, 2016, 11, 353.	2.3	151
119	Social and Behavioral Information in Electronic Health Records. American Journal of Preventive Medicine, 2015, 49, 980-983.	3.0	16
120	Longitudinal associations of neighborhood socioeconomic characteristics and alcohol availability on drinking: Results from the Multi-Ethnic Study of Atherosclerosis (MESA). Social Science and Medicine, 2015, 145, 17-25.	3.8	32
121	Neighborhoods and Risk of Diabetes Mellitus—Reply. JAMA Internal Medicine, 2015, 175, 2002.	5.1	0
122	Associations of Alcohol Availability and Neighborhood Socioeconomic Characteristics With Drinking: Cross-Sectional Results From the Multi-Ethnic Study of Atherosclerosis (MESA). Substance Use and Misuse, 2015, 50, 1606-1617.	1.4	27
123	Setâ€based tests for genetic association in longitudinal studies. Biometrics, 2015, 71, 606-615.	1.4	13
124	Social context of neighborhood and socioeconomic status on leisure-time physical activity in a Brazilian urban center: The BH Health Study. Cadernos De Saude Publica, 2015, 31, 136-147.	1.0	23
125	Health in cities: is a systems approach needed?. Cadernos De Saude Publica, 2015, 31, 9-13.	1.0	34
126	Association between Stress Response Genes and Features of Diurnal Cortisol Curves in the Multi-Ethnic Study of Atherosclerosis: A New Multi-Phenotype Approach for Gene-Based Association Tests, PLoS ONE, 2015, 10, e0126637.	2.5	6

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127	Time of HIV Diagnosis and Engagement in Prenatal Care Impact Virologic Outcomes of Pregnant Women with HIV. PLoS ONE, 2015, 10, e0132262.	2.5	40
128	Association of perceived neighborhood problems and census tract income with poor self-rated health in adults: a multilevel approach. Cadernos De Saude Publica, 2015, 31, 79-91.	1.0	12
129	Association of socioeconomic factors with body mass index, obesity, physical activity, and dietary factors in Belo Horizonte, Minas Gerais State, Brazil: The BH Health Study. Cadernos De Saude Publica, 2015, 31, 182-194.	1.0	17
130	Occupational characteristics and the progression of carotid artery intima-media thickness and plaque over 9â€years: the Multi-Ethnic Study of Atherosclerosis (MESA). Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2015, 72, 690-698.	2.8	14
131	The Impact of Lifecourse Socioeconomic Position on Cardiovascular Disease Events in African Americans: The Jackson Heart Study. Journal of the American Heart Association, 2015, 4, e001553.	3.7	39
132	Changes in walking associated with perceived neighborhood safety and police-recorded crime: The multi-ethnic study of atherosclerosis. Preventive Medicine, 2015, 73, 88-93.	3.4	54
133	Invited Commentary: The Virtual EpidemiologistPromise and Peril. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2015, 181, 100-102.	3.4	26
134	Perceived Discrimination and Incident Cardiovascular Events. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2015, 182, 225-234.	3.4	101
135	Disparities in physical activity resource availability in six US regions. Preventive Medicine, 2015, 78, 17-22.	3.4	57
136	Trait anger but not anxiety predicts incident type 2 diabetes: The Multi-Ethnic Study of Atherosclerosis (MESA). Psychoneuroendocrinology, 2015, 60, 105-113.	2.7	20
137	Longitudinal Associations Between Neighborhood Physical and Social Environments and Incident Type 2 Diabetes Mellitus. JAMA Internal Medicine, 2015, 175, 1311.	5.1	234
138	Change in waist circumference with longer time in the United States among Hispanic and Chinese immigrants: the modifying role of the neighborhood built environment. Annals of Epidemiology, 2015, 25, 767-772.e2.	1.9	19
139	Associations of chronic individual-level and neighbourhood-level stressors with incident coronary heart disease: the Multi-Ethnic Study of Atherosclerosis. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2015, 69, 136-141.	3.7	26
140	Association of Sleep Duration and Quality With Alterations in the Hypothalamic-Pituitary Adrenocortical Axis: The Multi-Ethnic Study of Atherosclerosis (MESA). Journal of Clinical Endocrinology and Metabolism, 2015, 100, 3149-3158.	3.6	71
141	Neighborhood-Level Racial/Ethnic Residential Segregation and Incident Cardiovascular Disease. Circulation, 2015, 131, 141-148.	1.6	216
142	The Foreclosure Crisis and Cardiovascular Disease. Circulation, 2014, 129, 2248-2249.	1.6	6
143	A Test of Biological and Behavioral Explanations for Gender Differences in Telomere Length: The Multi-Ethnic Study of Atherosclerosis. Biodemography and Social Biology, 2014, 60, 156-173.	1.0	27
144	Longitudinal Associations Between Neighborhood Recreational Facilities and Change in Recreational Physical Activity in the Multi-Ethnic Study of Atherosclerosis, 2000-2007. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2014, 179, 335-343.	3.4	58

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145	Individual-Level Concentrations of Fine Particulate Matter Chemical Components and Subclinical Atherosclerosis: A Cross-Sectional Analysis Based on 2 Advanced Exposure Prediction Models in the Multi-Ethnic Study of Atherosclerosis. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2014, 180, 718-728.	3.4	36
146	Does academic achievement during childhood and adolescence benefit later health?. Annals of Epidemiology, 2014, 24, 344-355.	1.9	32
147	Gender and telomere length: Systematic review and meta-analysis. Experimental Gerontology, 2014, 51, 15-27.	2.8	394
148	The National Children's Study 2014: Commentary on a Recent National Research Council/Institute of Medicine Report. Academic Pediatrics, 2014, 14, 545-546.	2.0	0
149	Associations of Grandparental Schooling With Adult Grandchildren's Health Status, Smoking, and Obesity. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2014, 180, 469-481.	3.4	18
150	Stability and predictors of change in salivary cortisol measures over six years: MESA. Psychoneuroendocrinology, 2014, 49, 310-320.	2.7	49
151	Changes in the Built Environment and Changes in the Amount of Walking Over Time: Longitudinal Results From the Multi-Ethnic Study of Atherosclerosis. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2014, 180, 799-809.	3.4	113
152	Chronic Stress, Depressive Symptoms, Anger, Hostility, and Risk of Stroke and Transient Ischemic Attack in the Multi-Ethnic Study of Atherosclerosis. Stroke, 2014, 45, 2318-2323.	2.0	109
153	Using the Principles of Complex Systems Thinking and Implementation Science to Enhance Maternal and Child Health Program Planning and Delivery. Maternal and Child Health Journal, 2014, 18, 1560-1564.	1.5	24
154	Salivary cortisol protocol adherence and reliability by socio-demographic features: The Multi-Ethnic Study of Atherosclerosis. Psychoneuroendocrinology, 2014, 43, 30-40.	2.7	25
155	Neighborhood characteristics and leukocyte telomere length: The Multi-Ethnic Study of Atherosclerosis. Health and Place, 2014, 28, 167-172.	3.3	64
156	Fine Particulate Air Pollution and the Progression of Carotid Intima-Medial Thickness: A Prospective Cohort Study from the Multi-Ethnic Study of Atherosclerosis and Air Pollution. PLoS Medicine, 2013, 10, e1001430.	8.4	162
157	Do Psychosocial Stress and Social Disadvantage Modify the Association Between Air Pollution and Blood Pressure?: The Multi-Ethnic Study of Atherosclerosis. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2013, 178, 1550-1562.	3.4	39
158	Associations of Neighborhood Characteristics with Sleep Timing and Quality: The Multi-Ethnic Study of Atherosclerosis. Sleep, 2013, 36, 1543-1551.	1.1	91
159	Lifecourse socioeconomic position and dietary intakes and patterns in the Jackson Heart Study. FASEB Journal, 2013, 27, 120.4.	0.5	0
160	Measuring Availability of Healthy Foods: Agreement Between Directly Measured and Self-reported Data. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2012, 175, 1037-1044.	3.4	38
161	Inequalities in Body Mass Index and Smoking Behavior in 70 Countries: Evidence for a Social Transition in Chronic Disease Risk. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2012, 175, 167-176.	3.4	41
162	Socioeconomic Status and Tobacco Consumption Among Adolescents: A Multilevel Analysis of Argentina's Global Youth Tobacco Survey. Nicotine and Tobacco Research, 2012, 14, 1092-1099.	2.6	32

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163	Occupational Gradients in Smoking Behavior and Exposure to Workplace Environmental Tobacco Smoke. Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2012, 54, 136-145.	1.7	19
164	Associations of Socioeconomic Status and Processed Food Intake With Serum Phosphorus Concentration in Community-Living Adults: The Multi-Ethnic Study of Atherosclerosis (MESA). , 2012, 22, 480-489.		21
165	Conceptual Approaches to the Study of Health Disparities. Annual Review of Public Health, 2012, 33, 41-58.	17.4	171
166	A Review of Spatial Methods in Epidemiology, 2000–2010. Annual Review of Public Health, 2012, 33, 107-122.	17.4	223
167	Diurnal salivary cortisol and urinary catecholamines are associated with diabetes mellitus: the Multi-Ethnic Study of Atherosclerosis. Metabolism: Clinical and Experimental, 2012, 61, 986-995.	3.4	70
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