

Xiufan Liu

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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229
papers

4,605
citations

136950

32
h-index

155660

55
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232
all docs

232
docs citations

232
times ranked

4821
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Epidemiology, Evolution, and Pathogenesis of H7N9 Influenza Viruses in Five Epidemic Waves since 2013 in China. <i>Trends in Microbiology</i> , 2017, 25, 713-728.	7.7	199
2	Characterization of three H5N5 and one H5N8 highly pathogenic avian influenza viruses in China. <i>Veterinary Microbiology</i> , 2013, 163, 351-357.	1.9	183
3	Current situation of H9N2 subtype avian influenza in China. <i>Veterinary Research</i> , 2017, 48, 49.	3.0	142
4	Plasmid-Mediated Quinolone Resistance Genes and Antibiotic Residues in Wastewater and Soil Adjacent to Swine Feedlots: Potential Transfer to Agricultural Lands. <i>Environmental Health Perspectives</i> , 2012, 120, 1144-1149.	6.0	119
5	Occurrence of Chloramphenicol-Resistance Genes as Environmental Pollutants from Swine Feedlots. <i>Environmental Science & Technology</i> , 2013, 47, 2892-2897.	10.0	108
6	A Novel Genotype H9N2 Influenza Virus Possessing Human H5N1 Internal Genomes Has Been Circulating in Poultry in Eastern China since 1998. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2009, 83, 8428-8438.	3.4	101
7	Comparison of virulence factors and expression of specific genes between uropathogenic <i>Escherichia coli</i> and avian pathogenic <i>E. coli</i> in a murine urinary tract infection model and a chicken challenge model. <i>Microbiology (United Kingdom)</i> , 2009, 155, 1634-1644.	1.8	96
8	Characterization of H9N2 influenza viruses isolated from vaccinated flocks in an integrated broiler chicken operation in eastern China during a 5 year period (1998-2002). <i>Journal of General Virology</i> , 2008, 89, 3102-3112.	2.9	94
9	Dominant subtype switch in avian influenza viruses during 2016-2019 in China. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2020, 11, 5909.	12.8	93
10	New Threats from H7N9 Influenza Virus: Spread and Evolution of High- and Low-Pathogenicity Variants with High Genomic Diversity in Wave Five. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2018, 92, .	3.4	92
11	Catalytic inactivation of influenza virus by iron oxide nanozyme. <i>Theranostics</i> , 2019, 9, 6920-6935.	10.0	90
12	PA-X Decreases the Pathogenicity of Highly Pathogenic H5N1 Influenza A Virus in Avian Species by Inhibiting Virus Replication and Host Response. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2015, 89, 4126-4142.	3.4	88
13	Enzootic genotype S of H9N2 avian influenza viruses donates internal genes to emerging zoonotic influenza viruses in China. <i>Veterinary Microbiology</i> , 2014, 174, 309-315.	1.9	83
14	Impaired Gas Bladder Inflation in Zebrafish Exposed to a Novel Heterocyclic Brominated Flame Retardant Tris(2,3-dibromopropyl) Isocyanurate. <i>Environmental Science & Technology</i> , 2011, 45, 9750-9757.	10.0	75
15	The contribution of PA-X to the virulence of pandemic 2009 H1N1 and highly pathogenic H5N1 avian influenza viruses. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2015, 5, 8262.	3.3	69
16	Characterization of clade 2.3.4.4 highly pathogenic H5 avian influenza viruses in ducks and chickens. <i>Veterinary Microbiology</i> , 2016, 182, 116-122.	1.9	69
17	Highly Pathogenic Avian Influenza H5N6 Viruses Exhibit Enhanced Affinity for Human Type Sialic Acid Receptor and In-Contact Transmission in Model Ferrets. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2016, 90, 6235-6243.	3.4	64
18	Characterization of duck H5N1 influenza viruses with differing pathogenicity in mallard (<i>Anas</i>) Tj ETQq0 0 0 rgBT /Overlock 10 Tf 50 62	2.0	59

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19	Novel Variants of Clade 2.3.4 Highly Pathogenic Avian Influenza A(H5N1) Viruses, China. <i>Emerging Infectious Diseases</i> , 2013, 19, 2021-2024.	4.3	57
20	On the rejection of internal and external disturbances in a wind energy conversion system with direct-driven PMSG. <i>ISA Transactions</i> , 2016, 61, 95-103.	5.7	57
21	The PA-Gene-Mediated Lethal Dissemination and Excessive Innate Immune Response Contribute to the High Virulence of H5N1 Avian Influenza Virus in Mice. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2013, 87, 2660-2672.	3.4	54
22	Twenty amino acids at the C-terminus of PA-X are associated with increased influenza A virus replication and pathogenicity. <i>Journal of General Virology</i> , 2015, 96, 2036-2049.	2.9	54
23	Surveillance for avirulent Newcastle disease viruses in domestic ducks (<i>Anas platyrhynchos</i> and <i>Cairina moschata</i>) at live bird markets in Eastern China and characterization of the viruses isolated. <i>Avian Pathology</i> , 2009, 38, 377-391.	2.0	52
24	Newcastle disease virus degrades SIRT3 via PINK1-PRKN-dependent mitophagy to reprogram energy metabolism in infected cells. <i>Autophagy</i> , 2022, 18, 1503-1521.	9.1	52
25	The PA and HA Gene-Mediated High Viral Load and Intense Innate Immune Response in the Brain Contribute to the High Pathogenicity of H5N1 Avian Influenza Virus in Mallard Ducks. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2013, 87, 11063-11075.	3.4	51
26	Molecular Mechanism of the Airborne Transmissibility of H9N2 Avian Influenza A Viruses in Chickens. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2014, 88, 9568-9578.	3.4	50
27	The nucleolar phosphoprotein B23 targets Newcastle disease virus matrix protein to the nucleoli and facilitates viral replication. <i>Virology</i> , 2014, 452-453, 212-222.	2.4	39
28	Hemagglutinin glycosylation modulates the pathogenicity and antigenicity of the H5N1 avian influenza virus. <i>Veterinary Microbiology</i> , 2015, 175, 244-256.	1.9	39
29	Genetic diversity of Newcastle disease viruses isolated from domestic poultry species in Eastern China during 2005–2008. <i>Archives of Virology</i> , 2011, 156, 253-261.	2.1	37
30	Role of c-Jun terminal kinase (JNK) activation in influenza A virus-induced autophagy and replication. <i>Virology</i> , 2019, 526, 1-12.	2.4	37
31	Roles of the spiA gene from <i>Salmonella enteritidis</i> in biofilm formation and virulence. <i>Microbiology (United Kingdom)</i> , 2011, 157, 1798-1805.	1.8	36
32	Toxicity of the brominated flame retardant tris-(2,3-dibromopropyl) isocyanurate in zebrafish (<i>Danio rerio</i>). <i>Journal of Applied Toxicology</i> , 2017, 38, 1077-1087.	1.7	35
33	Newcastle disease virus (NDV) recombinant expressing the hemagglutinin of H7N9 avian influenza virus protects chickens against NDV and highly pathogenic avian influenza A (H7N9) virus challenges. <i>Vaccine</i> , 2017, 35, 6585-6590.	3.8	33
34	A 20-Amino-Acid Deletion in the Neuraminidase Stalk and a Five-Amino-Acid Deletion in the NS1 Protein Both Contribute to the Pathogenicity of H5N1 Avian Influenza Viruses in Mallard Ducks. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2014, 9, e95539.	2.5	32
35	PA-X: a key regulator of influenza A virus pathogenicity and host immune responses. <i>Medical Microbiology and Immunology</i> , 2018, 207, 255-269.	4.8	32
36	RstA is required for the virulence of an avian pathogenic <i>Escherichia coli</i> O2 strain E058. <i>Infection, Genetics and Evolution</i> , 2015, 29, 180-188.	2.3	31

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37	Identification and characterization of a novel antigenic epitope in the hemagglutinin of the escape mutants of H9N2 avian influenza viruses. <i>Veterinary Microbiology</i> , 2015, 178, 144-149.	1.9	31
38	Characterization of virulent Newcastle disease viruses from vaccinated chicken flocks in Eastern China. <i>BMC Veterinary Research</i> , 2016, 12, 113.	1.9	29
39	Characteristics of the emerging chicken-origin highly pathogenic H7N9 viruses: A new threat to public health and poultry industry. <i>Journal of Infection</i> , 2018, 76, 217-220.	3.3	29
40	Newcastle Disease Virus as a Vaccine Vector for 20 Years: A Focus on Maternally Derived Antibody Interference. <i>Vaccines</i> , 2020, 8, 222.	4.4	29
41	Novel H5 clade 2.3.4.6 viruses with both $\hat{I}\pm$ -2,3 and $\hat{I}\pm$ -2,6 receptor binding properties may pose a pandemic threat. <i>Veterinary Research</i> , 2014, 45, 127.	3.0	28
42	Down-Regulation of <i>SSII-2</i> Gene Expression Results in Novel Low-Amylose Rice with Soft, Transparent Grains. <i>Journal of Agricultural and Food Chemistry</i> , 2018, 66, 9750-9760.	5.2	28
43	Sensorless-Based Active Disturbance Rejection Control for a Wind Energy Conversion System With Permanent Magnet Synchronous Generator. <i>IEEE Access</i> , 2019, 7, 122663-122674.	4.2	28
44	H1N1 Influenza Virus Cross-Activates Gli1 to Disrupt the Intercellular Junctions of Alveolar Epithelial Cells. <i>Cell Reports</i> , 2020, 31, 107801.	6.4	28
45	Contribution of the <i>csgA</i> and <i>bcsA</i> genes to <i>Salmonella enterica</i> serovar Pullorum biofilm formation and virulence. <i>Avian Pathology</i> , 2017, 46, 541-547.	2.0	27
46	Packaging signal of influenza A virus. <i>Virology Journal</i> , 2021, 18, 36.	3.4	27
47	PA-X-associated early alleviation of the acute lung injury contributes to the attenuation of a highly pathogenic H5N1 avian influenza virus in mice. <i>Medical Microbiology and Immunology</i> , 2016, 205, 381-395.	4.8	26
48	Role of Post-translational Modifications in Influenza A Virus Life Cycle and Host Innate Immune Response. <i>Frontiers in Microbiology</i> , 2020, 11, 517461.	3.5	26
49	Autologous Tumor Vaccine Modified with Recombinant New Castle Disease Virus Expressing IL-7 Promotes Antitumor Immune Response. <i>Journal of Immunology</i> , 2014, 193, 735-745.	0.8	25
50	Surveillance of avirulent Newcastle disease viruses at live bird markets in Eastern China during 2008–2012 reveals a new sub-genotype of class I virus. <i>Virology Journal</i> , 2014, 11, 211.	3.4	25
51	Newcastle disease virus-like particles induce DC maturation through TLR4/NF- \hat{I} B pathway and facilitate DC migration by CCR7-CCL19/CCL21 axis. <i>Veterinary Microbiology</i> , 2017, 203, 158-166.	1.9	25
52	T160A mutation-induced deglycosylation at site 158 in hemagglutinin is a critical determinant of the dual receptor binding properties of clade 2.3.4.4 H5NX subtype avian influenza viruses. <i>Veterinary Microbiology</i> , 2018, 217, 158-166.	1.9	25
53	Deep Sequencing-Based Transcriptome Profiling Reveals Avian Interferon-Stimulated Genes and Provides Comprehensive Insight into Newcastle Disease Virus-Induced Host Responses. <i>Viruses</i> , 2018, 10, 162.	3.3	25
54	RBFNDOB-based neural network inverse control for non-minimum phase MIMO system with disturbances. <i>ISA Transactions</i> , 2014, 53, 983-993.	5.7	24

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55	Generation and evaluation of a recombinant genotype VII Newcastle disease virus expressing VP3 protein of Goose parvovirus as a bivalent vaccine in goslings. <i>Virus Research</i> , 2015, 203, 77-83.	2.2	24
56	Phylogenetic and biological characterization of three K1203 (H5N8)-like avian influenza A virus reassortants in China in 2014. <i>Archives of Virology</i> , 2016, 161, 289-302.	2.1	24
57	Efficacy of the Bartha-K61 vaccine and a gE ^Δ /gI ^Δ /TK ^Δ prototype vaccine against variant porcine pseudorabies virus (vPRV) in piglets with sublethal challenge of vPRV. <i>Research in Veterinary Science</i> , 2020, 128, 16-23.	1.9	24
58	Importin β 5 negatively regulates importin β 1-mediated nuclear import of Newcastle disease virus matrix protein and viral replication and pathogenicity in chicken fibroblasts. <i>Virulence</i> , 2018, 9, 783-803.	4.4	23
59	Retrospective survey and phylogenetic analysis of porcine circovirus type 3 in Jiangsu province, China, 2008 to 2017. <i>Archives of Virology</i> , 2018, 163, 2531-2538.	2.1	23
60	Genetic and biological characterization of H9N2 avian influenza viruses isolated in China from 2011 to 2014. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2018, 13, e0199260.	2.5	23
61	Isolation and characterization of Getah virus from pigs in Guangdong province of China. <i>Transboundary and Emerging Diseases</i> , 2020, 67, 2249.	3.0	23
62	Effects of the HN Antigenic Difference between the Vaccine Strain and the Challenge Strain of Newcastle Disease Virus on Virus Shedding and Transmission. <i>Viruses</i> , 2017, 9, 225.	3.3	21
63	Phylogenetic, antigenic and biological characterization of pigeon paramyxovirus type 1 circulating in China. <i>Virology Journal</i> , 2017, 14, 186.	3.4	21
64	Development of a Colloidal Gold-Based Immunochromatographic Strip for Rapid Detection of H7N9 Influenza Viruses. <i>Frontiers in Microbiology</i> , 2018, 9, 2069.	3.5	21
65	Genetic diversity of the genotype VII Newcastle disease virus: identification of a novel VIIj sub-genotype. <i>Virus Genes</i> , 2017, 53, 63-70.	1.6	20
66	Characterization and evolution of the coronavirus porcine epidemic diarrhoea virus HJBY isolated in China. <i>Transboundary and Emerging Diseases</i> , 2020, 67, 65-79.	3.0	20
67	Fabrication of chondroitin sulfate calcium complex and its chondrocyte proliferation in vitro. <i>Carbohydrate Polymers</i> , 2021, 254, 117282.	10.2	20
68	Emergence of a novel reassortant avian influenza virus (H10N3) in Eastern China with high pathogenicity and respiratory droplet transmissibility to mammals. <i>Science China Life Sciences</i> , 2022, 65, 1024-1035.	4.9	20
69	Adaptation of a natural reassortant H5N2 avian influenza virus in mice. <i>Veterinary Microbiology</i> , 2014, 172, 568-574.	1.9	19
70	Virulence Determinants in the PB2 Gene of a Mouse-Adapted H9N2 Virus. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2015, 89, 877-882.	3.4	19
71	Cross-clade protective immune responses of NS1-truncated live attenuated H5N1 avian influenza vaccines. <i>Vaccine</i> , 2016, 34, 350-357.	3.8	19
72	Multiplex one-step Real-time PCR by Taqman-MGB method for rapid detection of pan and H5 subtype avian influenza viruses. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2017, 12, e0178634.	2.5	19

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73	Genetic analysis and biological characteristics of different internal gene origin H5N6 reassortment avian influenza virus in China in 2016. <i>Veterinary Microbiology</i> , 2018, 219, 200-211.	1.9	19
74	N-linked glycosylation at site 158 of the HA protein of H5N6 highly pathogenic avian influenza virus is important for viral biological properties and host immune responses. <i>Veterinary Research</i> , 2021, 52, 8.	3.0	19
75	The M, F and HN genes of genotype VIIId Newcastle disease virus are associated with the severe pathological changes in the spleen of chickens. <i>Virology Journal</i> , 2015, 12, 133.	3.4	18
76	Toxicity of new emerging pollutant tris(2,3-dibromopropyl) isocyanurate on BALB/c mice. <i>Journal of Applied Toxicology</i> , 2015, 35, 375-382.	2.8	18
77	Gga-miR-19b-3p Inhibits Newcastle Disease Virus Replication by Suppressing Inflammatory Response via Targeting RNF11 and ZMYND11. <i>Frontiers in Microbiology</i> , 2019, 10, 2006.	3.5	17
78	Establishing a Multicolor Flow Cytometry to Characterize Cellular Immune Response in Chickens Following H7N9 Avian Influenza Virus Infection. <i>Viruses</i> , 2020, 12, 1396.	3.3	17
79	Re-emergence of H5N8 highly pathogenic avian influenza virus in wild birds, China. <i>Emerging Microbes and Infections</i> , 2021, 10, 1819-1823.	6.5	17
80	A single amino acid mutation, R42A, in the Newcastle disease virus matrix protein abrogates its nuclear localization and attenuates viral replication and pathogenicity. <i>Journal of General Virology</i> , 2014, 95, 1067-1073.	2.9	16
81	Adaptive mutations in PB2 gene contribute to the high virulence of a natural reassortant H5N2 avian influenza virus in mice. <i>Virus Research</i> , 2015, 210, 255-263.	2.2	16
82	Virulence traits and pathogenicity of uropathogenic <i>Escherichia coli</i> isolates with common and uncommon O serotypes. <i>Microbial Pathogenesis</i> , 2017, 104, 217-224.	2.9	16
83	Efficacy of Live-Attenuated H9N2 Influenza Vaccine Candidates Containing NS1 Truncations against H9N2 Avian Influenza Viruses. <i>Frontiers in Microbiology</i> , 2017, 8, 1086.	3.5	16
84	Evaluation of the Efficacy and Cross-Protective Immunity of Live-Attenuated Chimeric PCV1-2b Vaccine Against PCV2b and PCV2d Subtype Challenge in Pigs. <i>Frontiers in Microbiology</i> , 2018, 9, 455.	3.5	16
85	Occurrence and genotypes of <i>Cryptosporidium</i> spp., <i>Giardia duodenalis</i> , and <i>Blastocystis</i> sp. in household, shelter, breeding, and pet market dogs in Guangzhou, southern China. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2020, 10, 17736.	3.3	16
86	Effect of the selection pressure of vaccine antibodies on evolution of H9N2 avian influenza virus in chickens. <i>AMB Express</i> , 2020, 10, 98.	3.0	16
87	Identification and pathotypical analysis of a novel Vlk sub-genotype Newcastle disease virus obtained from pigeon in China. <i>Virus Research</i> , 2017, 238, 1-7.	2.2	15
88	Synergistic effect of PB2 283M and 526R contributes to enhanced virulence of H5N8 influenza viruses in mice. <i>Veterinary Research</i> , 2017, 48, 67.	3.0	15
89	Chimeric Newcastle disease virus-vectored vaccine protects chickens against H9N2 avian influenza virus in the presence of pre-existing NDV immunity. <i>Archives of Virology</i> , 2018, 163, 3365-3371.	2.1	15
90	Compatibility between haemagglutinin and neuraminidase drives the recent emergence of novel clade 2.3.4.4 H5Nx avian influenza viruses in China. <i>Transboundary and Emerging Diseases</i> , 2018, 65, 1757-1769.	3.0	15

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91	MicroRNA Expression Profiling in Newcastle Disease Virus-Infected DF-1 Cells by Deep Sequencing. <i>Frontiers in Microbiology</i> , 2019, 10, 1659.	3.5	15
92	A77 1726, the active metabolite of the anti-rheumatoid arthritis drug leflunomide, inhibits influenza A virus replication in vitro and in vivo by inhibiting the activity of Janus kinases. <i>FASEB Journal</i> , 2020, 34, 10132-10145.	0.5	15
93	The antigenic drift molecular basis of the H5N1 influenza viruses in a novel branch of clade 2.3.4. <i>Veterinary Microbiology</i> , 2014, 171, 23-30.	1.9	14
94	Reassortant H5N1 avian influenza viruses containing PA or NP gene from an H9N2 virus significantly increase the pathogenicity in mice. <i>Veterinary Microbiology</i> , 2016, 192, 95-101.	1.9	14
95	Inactivated chimeric porcine circovirus (PCV) 1-2 vaccines based on genotypes 2b and 2d exhibit similar immunological effectiveness in protecting pigs against challenge with PCV2b strain 0233. <i>Archives of Virology</i> , 2017, 162, 235-246.	2.1	14
96	Single Immunization with Newcastle Disease Virus-Vectored H7N9 Vaccine Confers a Complete Protection Against Challenge with Highly Pathogenic Avian Influenza H7N9 Virus. <i>Avian Diseases</i> , 2018, 63, 61.	1.0	14
97	The T160A hemagglutinin substitution affects not only receptor binding property but also transmissibility of H5N1 clade 2.3.4 avian influenza virus in guinea pigs. <i>Veterinary Research</i> , 2017, 48, 7.	3.0	13
98	Internal Gene Cassette from a Genotype S H9N2 Avian Influenza Virus Attenuates the Pathogenicity of H5 Viruses in Chickens and Mice. <i>Frontiers in Microbiology</i> , 2017, 8, 1978.	3.5	13
99	Glycosylation at 11Asn on hemagglutinin of H5N1 influenza virus contributes to its biological characteristics. <i>Veterinary Research</i> , 2017, 48, 81.	3.0	13
100	Quantitative proteomics identify an association between extracellular matrix degradation and immunopathology of genotype VII Newcastle disease virus in the spleen in chickens. <i>Journal of Proteomics</i> , 2018, 181, 201-212.	2.4	13
101	Design of an Intelligent Active Obstacle Avoidance Car Based on Rotating Ultrasonic Sensors. , 2018, , .		13
102	The PB2 and M genes of genotype S H9N2 virus contribute to the enhanced fitness of H5Nx and H7N9 avian influenza viruses in chickens. <i>Virology</i> , 2019, 535, 218-226.	2.4	13
103	Comparative efficacy of experimental inactivated and live-attenuated chimeric porcine circovirus (PCV) 1-2b vaccines derived from PCV1 and PCV2b isolates originated in China. <i>Virology Journal</i> , 2015, 12, 113.	3.4	12
104	Characteristics of two highly pathogenic avian influenza H5N8 viruses with different pathogenicity in mice. <i>Archives of Virology</i> , 2016, 161, 3365-3374.	2.1	12
105	Genetic and biological characterization of three poultry-origin H5N6 avian influenza viruses with all internal genes from genotype S H9N2 viruses. <i>Archives of Virology</i> , 2018, 163, 947-960.	2.1	12
106	NDV entry into dendritic cells through macropinocytosis and suppression of T lymphocyte proliferation. <i>Virology</i> , 2018, 518, 126-135.	2.4	12
107	Evolution of H9N2 avian influenza virus in embryonated chicken eggs with or without homologous vaccine antibodies. <i>BMC Veterinary Research</i> , 2018, 14, 71.	1.9	12
108	Genetic and biological characterization of two reassortant H5N2 avian influenza A viruses isolated from waterfowl in China in 2016. <i>Veterinary Microbiology</i> , 2018, 224, 8-16.	1.9	12

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109	Hemagglutinin-Specific Non-neutralizing Antibody Is Essential for Protection Provided by Inactivated and Viral-Vectored H7N9 Avian Influenza Vaccines in Chickens. <i>Frontiers in Veterinary Science</i> , 2019, 6, 482.	2.2	12
110	Genetic and antigenic diversity of H7N9 highly pathogenic avian influenza virus in China. <i>Infection, Genetics and Evolution</i> , 2021, 93, 104993.	2.3	12
111	The avian pathogenic <i>Escherichia coli</i> O2 strain E058 carrying the defined aerobactin-defective <i>iucD</i> or <i>iucDiutA</i> mutation is less virulent in the chicken. <i>Infection, Genetics and Evolution</i> , 2015, 30, 267-277.	2.3	11
112	Simultaneous mutation of G275A and P276A in the matrix protein of Newcastle disease virus decreases virus replication and budding. <i>Archives of Virology</i> , 2016, 161, 3527-3533.	2.1	11
113	iTRAQ-based quantitative proteomics reveals important host factors involved in the high pathogenicity of the H5N1 avian influenza virus in mice. <i>Medical Microbiology and Immunology</i> , 2017, 206, 125-147.	4.8	11
114	Antibody Immunity Induced by H7N9 Avian Influenza Vaccines: Evaluation Criteria, Affecting Factors, and Implications for Rational Vaccine Design. <i>Frontiers in Microbiology</i> , 2017, 8, 1898.	3.5	11
115	Effect of annexin II-mediated conversion of plasmin from plasminogen on airborne transmission of H9N2 avian influenza virus. <i>Veterinary Microbiology</i> , 2018, 223, 100-106.	1.9	11
116	Impact of the variations in potential glycosylation sites of the hemagglutinin of H9N2 influenza virus. <i>Virus Genes</i> , 2019, 55, 182-190.	1.6	11
117	<i>Cryptosporidium parvum</i> gp40/15 Is Associated with the Parasitophorous Vacuole Membrane and Is a Potential Vaccine Target. <i>Microorganisms</i> , 2020, 8, 363.	3.6	11
118	Inhibition of porcine epidemic diarrhea virus (PEDV) replication by A77 1726 through targeting JAK and Src tyrosine kinases. <i>Virology</i> , 2020, 551, 75-83.	2.4	11
119	Novel reassortant H5N5 viruses bind to a human-type receptor as a factor in pandemic risk. <i>Veterinary Microbiology</i> , 2015, 175, 356-361.	1.9	10
120	The PA-interacting host protein nucleolin acts as an antiviral factor during highly pathogenic H5N1 avian influenza virus infection. <i>Archives of Virology</i> , 2018, 163, 2775-2786.	2.1	10
121	A comprehensive comparison of the fifth wave highly pathogenic and low pathogenic H7N9 avian influenza viruses reveals potential threat posed by both types of viruses in mammals. <i>Transboundary and Emerging Diseases</i> , 2018, 65, 1459-1473.	3.0	10
122	Comparative pathogenicity of two closely related Newcastle disease virus isolates from chicken and pigeon respectively. <i>Virus Research</i> , 2020, 286, 198091.	2.2	10
123	Pathogenicity and transmissibility of an H9N2 avian influenza virus that naturally harbors the mammalian-adaptive molecular factors in the hemagglutinin and PB2 proteins. <i>Journal of Infection</i> , 2021, 82, e22-e23.	3.3	10
124	Characterisation and haemagglutinin gene epitope mapping of a variant strain of H5N1 subtype avian influenza virus. <i>Veterinary Microbiology</i> , 2013, 162, 614-622.	1.9	9
125	Developmental changes in digestive enzyme activity in American shad, <i>Alosa sapidissima</i> , during early ontogeny. <i>Fish Physiology and Biochemistry</i> , 2017, 43, 397-409.	2.3	9
126	Characterization of cattle-origin ticks from Southern China. <i>Acta Tropica</i> , 2018, 187, 92-98.	2.0	9

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127	Non-linear extended state observer-based sliding mode control for a direct-driven wind energy conversion system with permanent magnet synchronous generator. <i>Journal of Engineering</i> , 2019, 2019, 613-617.	1.1	9
128	Enhanced cross-lineage protection induced by recombinant H9N2 avian influenza virus inactivated vaccine. <i>Vaccine</i> , 2019, 37, 1736-1742.	3.8	9
129	The PB2 and M genes are critical for the superiority of genotype S H9N2 virus to genotype H in optimizing viral fitness of H5Nx and H7N9 avian influenza viruses in mice. <i>Transboundary and Emerging Diseases</i> , 2020, 67, 758-768.	3.0	9
130	Amino acid substitutions in antigenic region B of hemagglutinin play a critical role in the antigenic drift of subclade 2.3.4.4 highly pathogenic H5NX influenza viruses. <i>Transboundary and Emerging Diseases</i> , 2020, 67, 263-275.	3.0	9
131	H5N1 avian influenza virus without 80-84 amino acid deletion at the NS1 protein hijacks the innate immune system of dendritic cells for an enhanced mammalian pathogenicity. <i>Transboundary and Emerging Diseases</i> , 2021, 68, 2401-2413.	3.0	9
132	Characterization and functional analysis of chicken APOBEC4. <i>Developmental and Comparative Immunology</i> , 2020, 106, 103631.	2.3	9
133	EntE, EntS and TolC synergistically contributed to the pathogenesis of APEC strain E058. <i>Microbial Pathogenesis</i> , 2020, 141, 103990.	2.9	9
134	H5N1 infection impairs the alveolar epithelial barrier through intercellular junction proteins via Itch-mediated proteasomal degradation. <i>Communications Biology</i> , 2022, 5, 186.	4.4	9
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