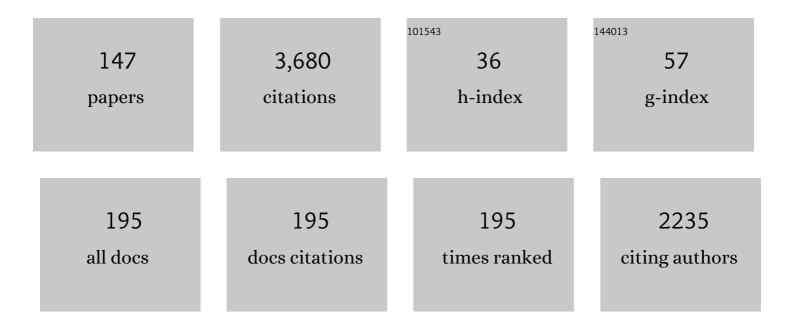
## **Povilas Sladkevicius**

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Serum vascular endothelial growth factor concentrations and ovarian stromal blood flow are increased in women with polycystic ovaries. Human Reproduction, 1998, 13, 651-655.	0.9	164
2	Serum vascular endothelial growth factor concentrations in in vitro fertilization cycles predict the risk of ovarian hyperstimulation syndrome. Fertility and Sterility, 1999, 71, 287-293.	1.0	159
3	Value of ovarian stromal blood flow velocity measurement after pituitary suppression in the prediction of ovarian responsiveness and outcome of in vitro fertilization treatment. Fertility and Sterility, 1999, 71, 22-29.	1.0	147
4	Blood flow velocity in the uterine and ovarian arteries during the normal menstrual cycle. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 1993, 3, 199-208.	1.7	142
5	Serum vascular endothelial growth factor and Doppler blood flow velocities in in vitro fertilization: relevance to ovarian hyperstimulation syndrome and polycystic ovaries. Fertility and Sterility, 1998, 70, 651-658.	1.0	116
6	Risk of complications in patients with conservatively managed ovarian tumours (IOTA5): a 2-year interim analysis of a multicentre, prospective, cohort study. Lancet Oncology, The, 2019, 20, 448-458.	10.7	110
7	Intraobserver and interobserver variability of ovarian volume, gray-scale and color flow indices obtained using transvaginal three-dimensional power Doppler ultrasonography. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2003, 21, 277-282.	1.7	103
8	Evaluation of endometrial receptivity during in-vitro fertilization using three-dimensional power Doppler ultrasound. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2005, 26, 765-769.	1.7	101
9	Limited contribution of Doppler velocimetry to the differential diagnosis of extrauterine pelvic tumors. Obstetrics and Gynecology, 1994, 83, 425-33.	2.4	101
10	Ultrasound dating at 12-14 weeks of gestation. A prospective cross-validation of established dating formulae in in-vitro fertilized pregnancies. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2005, 26, 504-511.	1.7	99
11	Uteroplacental and luteal circulation in normal first-trimester pregnancies: Doppler ultrasonographic and morphologic study. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 1996, 174, 768-775.	1.3	95
12	Does three-dimensional power Doppler ultrasound help in discrimination between benign and malignant ovarian masses?. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2007, 29, 215-225.	1.7	91
13	Endometrial thickness and Doppler velocimetry of the uterine arteries as discriminators of endometrial status in women with postmenopausal bleeding. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 1994, 171, 722-728.	1.3	87
14	Ultrasound assessment of endometrial morphology and vascularity to predict endometrial malignancy in women with postmenopausal bleeding and sonographic endometrial thickness ≥ 4.5 mm. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2007, 30, 332-340.	1.7	74
15	The outcome of in-vitro fertilization treatment in women with sonographic evidence of polycystic ovarian morphology. Human Reproduction, 1999, 14, 167-171.	0.9	71
16	Three-dimensional power Doppler imaging in the assessment of Fallopian tube patency. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2000, 16, 644-647.	1.7	70
17	Imaging in gynecological disease (15): clinical and ultrasound characteristics of uterine sarcoma. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2019, 54, 676-687.	1.7	69
18	Assessment of changes in volume and vascularity of the ovaries during the normal menstrual cycle using three-dimensional power Doppler ultrasound. Human Reproduction, 2006, 21, 2661-2668.	0.9	63

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19	Ultrasound characteristics of endometrial cancer as defined by International Endometrial Tumor Analysis (IETA) consensus nomenclature: prospective multicenter study. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2018, 51, 818-828.	1.7	61
20	The pattern of changes in ovarian stromal and uterine artery blood flow velocities during in vitro fertilization treatment and its relationship with outcome of the cycle. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 1999, 13, 26-33.	1.7	60
21	Transvaginal ultrasound assessment of myometrial and cervical stromal invasion in women with endometrial cancer: interobserver reproducibility among ultrasound experts and gynecologists. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2015, 45, 476-482.	1.7	59
22	Serum vascular endothelial growth factor (VEGF) in the normal menstrual cycle: association with changes in ovarian and uterine Doppler blood flow. Clinical Endocrinology, 1999, 50, 101-106.	2.4	58
23	The conservative management of first trimester miscarriages and the use of colour Doppler sonography for patient selection. Human Reproduction, 1999, 14, 1341-1345.	0.9	55
24	Characterization of normal and polycystic ovaries using three-dimensional power Doppler ultrasonography. Journal of Assisted Reproduction and Genetics, 2002, 19, 582-590.	2.5	54
25	Validation of models to diagnose ovarian cancer in patients managed surgically or conservatively: multicentre cohort study. BMJ, The, 2020, 370, m2614.	6.0	54
26	Assessment of changes in endometrial and subendometrial volume and vascularity during the normal menstrual cycle using three-dimensional power Doppler ultrasound. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2006, 27, 672-679.	1.7	53
27	Effects of a Vasopressin Antagonist in Women with Dysmenorrhea. Gynecologic and Obstetric Investigation, 2000, 50, 170-177.	1.6	45
28	Bishop score and ultrasound assessment of the cervix for prediction of time to onset of labor and time to delivery in prolonged pregnancy. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2006, 28, 298-305.	1.7	45
29	Three-dimensional sonographic and power Doppler characterization of ovaries in late follicular phase. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2002, 20, 281-285.	1.7	44
30	Prediction of endometrial malignancy in women with postmenopausal bleeding and sonographic endometrial thickness ≥ 4.5 mm. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2011, 37, 232-240.	1.7	43
31	Transvaginal gray-scale and Doppler ultrasound examinations of the uterus and ovaries in healthy postmenopausal women. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 1995, 6, 81-90.	1.7	42
32	Contribution of morphological assessment of the vessel tree by threeâ€dimensional ultrasound to a correct diagnosis of malignancy in ovarian masses. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2007, 30, 874-882.	1.7	41
33	Investigation of the infertile couple: a one-stop ultrasound-based approach. Human Reproduction, 2001, 16, 2481-2484.	0.9	40
34	Intraobserver and interobserver reproducibility of three-dimensional gray-scale and power Doppler ultrasound examinations of the cervix in pregnant women. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2005, 26, 132-137.	1.7	40
35	3D imaging of the fetal face – RecommendationsÂfrom the International 3D Focus Group. Ultraschall in Der Medizin, 2012, 33, 175-182.	1.5	37
36	Blood flow velocity in the uterine and ovarian arteries during menstruation. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 1994, 4, 421-427.	1.7	36

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
37	Transvaginal Doppler examination of uteri with myomas. , 1996, 24, 135-140.		35
38	Threeâ€dimensional ultrasound imaging for discrimination between benign and malignant endometrium in women with postmenopausal bleeding and sonographic endometrial thickness of at least 4.5 mm. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2010, 35, 94-102.	1.7	35
39	Typical ultrasound features of various endometrial pathologies described using International Endometrial Tumor Analysis ( <scp>IETA</scp> ) terminology in women with abnormal uterine bleeding. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2021, 57, 164-172.	1.7	35
40	Two―and threeâ€dimensional saline contrast sonohysterography: interobserver agreement, agreement with hysteroscopy and diagnosis of endometrial malignancy. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2009, 33, 574-582.	1.7	34
41	Validation of the Performance of International Ovarian Tumor Analysis (IOTA) Methods in the Diagnosis of Early Stage Ovarian Cancer in a Non-Screening Population. Diagnostics, 2017, 7, 32.	2.6	34
42	Flow index evaluation of 3-d volume flow images: An in vivo and in vitro study. Ultrasound in Medicine and Biology, 2006, 32, 665-671.	1.5	31
43	Number of Antral Follicles, Ovarian Volume, and Vascular Indices in Asymptomatic Women 20 to 39 Years Old as Assessed by 3-Dimensional Sonography. Journal of Ultrasound in Medicine, 2012, 31, 1635-1649.	1.7	31
44	Quantification of ovarian power doppler signal with Three-Dimensional ultrasonography to predict response during in vitro fertilization*1. Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2003, 102, 816-822.	2.4	28
45	Fetal cerebral blood flow velocity during labor and the early neonatal period. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 1994, 4, 372-376.	1.7	27
46	Effect of pituitary down-regulation on the ovary before in vitro fertilization as measured using three-dimensional power Doppler ultrasound*1. Fertility and Sterility, 2003, 79, 1129-1135.	1.0	26
47	Imaging in gynecological disease (16): clinical and ultrasound characteristics of serous cystadenofibromas in adnexa. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2019, 54, 823-830.	1.7	26
48	Validation of ultrasound strategies to assess tumor extension and to predict highâ€risk endometrial cancer in women from the prospective IETA (International Endometrial Tumor Analysis)â€4 cohort. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2020, 55, 115-124.	1.7	26
49	Transvaginal Doppler examination for the differential diagnosis of solid pelvic tumors Journal of Ultrasound in Medicine, 1995, 14, 377-380.	1.7	25
50	Placental Morphologic and Functional Imaging in High-Risk Pregnancies. Seminars in Perinatology, 2009, 33, 270-280.	2.5	25
51	Comparison of follicular vascularization in normal versus polycystic ovaries during in vitro fertilization as measured using 3-dimensional power Doppler ultrasonography. Fertility and Sterility, 2004, 82, 1358-1363.	1.0	24
52	Three-Dimensional Power Doppler Ultrasound Assessment of the Cervix for the Prediction of Successful Induction of Labor With Prostaglandin in Prolonged Pregnancy. Journal of Ultrasound in Medicine, 2005, 24, 933-939.	1.7	24
53	Differences in ultrasound features of papillations in unilocularâ€solid adnexal cysts: a retrospective international multicenter study. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2018, 52, 269-278.	1.7	22
54	Reference data representative of normal findings at two-dimensional and three-dimensional gray-scale ultrasound examination of the cervix from 17 to 41 weeks' gestation. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2006, 27, 392-402.	1.7	21

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55	Reference data representative of normal findings at three-dimensional power Doppler ultrasound examination of the cervix from 17 to 41 gestational weeks. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2006, 28, 761-767.	1.7	21
56	Intra―and interobserver agreement when describing adnexal masses using the International Ovarian Tumor Analysis terms and definitions: a study on threeâ€dimensional ultrasound volumes. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2013, 41, 318-327.	1.7	21
57	Transvaginal ultrasound examination of the endometrium in postmenopausal women without vaginal bleeding. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2016, 48, 390-396.	1.7	20
58	International Endometrial Tumor Analysis (IETA) terminology in women with postmenopausal bleeding and sonographic endometrial thickness ≥ 4.5 mm: agreement and reliability study. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2018, 51, 259-268.	1.7	20
59	Reproducibility of Doppler measurements of blood flow velocity in the uterine and ovarian arteries in premenopausal women. Ultrasound in Medicine and Biology, 1995, 21, 313-319.	1.5	19
60	Cesarean delivery scar. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2002, 19, 632-633.	1.7	18
61	Interobserver agreement in the results of Doppler examinations of extrauterine pelvic tumors. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 1995, 6, 91-96.	1.7	17
62	Three-dimensional ultrasound assessment of the cervix for predicting time to spontaneous onset of labor and time to delivery in prolonged pregnancy. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2006, 28, 306-311.	1.7	17
63	Ovarian size and vascularization as assessed by three-dimensional grayscale and power Doppler ultrasound in asymptomatic women 20–39 years old using combined oral contraceptives. Contraception, 2012, 86, 257-267.	1.5	17
64	Misoprostol treatment <i>vs</i> expectant management in women with early nonâ€viable pregnancy and vaginal bleeding: a pragmatic randomized controlled trial. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2018, 51, 24-32.	1.7	16
65	Prenatal ultrasound detection of cleft lip, or cleft palate, or both, in southern Sweden, 2006–2010. Journal of Plastic Surgery and Hand Surgery, 2012, 46, 69-74.	0.8	15
66	Intra- and interobserver reproducibility of assessment of Doppler ultrasound findings in adnexal masses. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2013, 42, 93-101.	1.7	14
67	Advanced ultrasound examination in the management of subfertility. Current Opinion in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2000, 12, 221-225.	2.0	13
68	Intra- and interobserver agreement with regard to describing adnexal masses using International Ovarian Tumor Analysis terminology: reproducibility study involving seven observers. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2014, 44, 100-108.	1.7	13
69	Appearance of the endometrium at saline contrast sonohysterography in the luteal phase of the menstrual cycle: a prospective observational study. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2015, 45, 339-345.	1.7	13
70	Prospective temporal validation of mathematical models to calculate risk of endometrial malignancy in patients with postmenopausal bleeding. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2017, 49, 649-656.	1.7	13
71	Ultrasoundâ€based risk model for preoperative prediction of lymphâ€node metastases in women with endometrial cancer: modelâ€development study. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2020, 56, 443-452.	1.7	13
72	Mode of delivery and perinatal cerebral blood flow. Early Human Development, 1996, 44, 179-185.	1.8	12

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73	Interobserver Agreement in Describing the Ultrasound Appearance of Adnexal Masses and in Calculating the Risk of Malignancy Using Logistic Regression Models. Clinical Cancer Research, 2015, 21, 594-601.	7.0	12
74	Three-dimensional power Doppler imaging of the Fallopian tube. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 1999, 13, 287-287.	1.7	11
75	Agreement Between Prenatal Ultrasonography and Fetal Autopsy Findings: A Retrospective Study of Second Trimester Terminations of Pregnancy. Ultraschall in Der Medizin, 2012, 33, E31-E37.	1.5	11
76	Imaging in gynecological disease (24): clinical and ultrasound characteristics of ovarian mature cystic teratomas. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2022, 60, 549-558.	1.7	9
77	Advances in ultrasound assessment in the establishment and development of pregnancy. British Medical Bulletin, 2000, 56, 691-703.	6.9	8
78	Side of ovulation and its effects on uterine and ovarian stromal blood flow and reproductive hormones. Fertility and Sterility, 2003, 79, 367-373.	1.0	8
79	Bâ€flow ultrasound facilitates visualization of contrast medium during hysterosalpingoâ€contrast sonography. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2014, 44, 221-227.	1.7	8
80	Quantification of Ovarian Power Doppler Signal With Three-Dimensional Ultrasonography to Predict Response During In Vitro Fertilization. Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2003, 102, 816-822.	2.4	7
81	Prospective validation of two mathematical models to calculate the risk of endometrial malignancy in patients with postmenopausal bleeding and sonographic endometrial thickness ≥4.5Âmm. European Journal of Cancer, 2016, 59, 179-188.	2.8	7
82	Effect of a prostaglandin E1 analogue (gemeprost) on uterine and luteal circulation in normal first trimester pregnancies. A Doppler velocimetry study. European Journal of Obstetrics, Gynecology and Reproductive Biology, 1995, 59, 25-34.	1.1	6
83	Vessel morphology depicted by threeâ€dimensional power Doppler ultrasound as secondâ€stage test in adnexal tumors that are difficult to classify: prospective diagnostic accuracy study. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2021, 57, 324-334.	1.7	6
84	Intraobserver reproducibility of Doppler measurements of uterine artery blood flow velocity in premenopausal women. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2001, 17, 431-433.	1.7	5
85	Imaging in gynecological disease: clinical and ultrasound characteristics of ovarian carcinosarcomas. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2021, , .	1.7	5
86	The Risk of Endometrial Malignancy and Other Endometrial Pathology in Women with Abnormal Uterine Bleeding: An Ultrasound-Based Model Development Study by the IETA Group. Gynecologic and Obstetric Investigation, 2022, 87, 54-61.	1.6	5
87	Reproducibility of Doppler blood flow velocity measurements in the uterine and ovarian arteries of postmenopausal women. European Journal of Ultrasound: Official Journal of the European Federation of Societies for Ultrasound in Medicine and Biology, 1995, 2, 3-9.	1.3	4
88	Falseâ€positive prenatal diagnosis of trisomy 18 by interphase FISH: hybridization of chromosome 18 alphaâ€satellite probe (D18Z1) to chromosome 2. Prenatal Diagnosis, 2009, 29, 1279-1281.	2.3	4
89	Risk assessment for endometrial cancer in women with abnormal vaginal bleeding: Results from the prospective IETAâ€1 cohort study. International Journal of Gynecology and Obstetrics, 2022, 159, 103-110.	2.3	3
90	Is aspirin all it is cracked up to be—reproducibility of transvaginal color Doppler ultrasonography for ovarian and uterine vessels?. Fertility and Sterility, 2000, 73, 1069-1070.	1.0	2

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91	Trisomy 7 following assisted conception treatment. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2001, 17, 543-545.	1.7	2
92	Does Three-Dimensional Power Doppler Ultrasound Help in Discrimination Between Benign and Malignant Ovarian Masses?. Obstetrical and Gynecological Survey, 2007, 62, 308-309.	0.4	2
93	Prevalence of extrauterine pelvic lesions on transvaginal ultrasound in asymptomatic 20–39â€yearâ€old women. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2014, 44, 228-237.	1.7	2
94	Imaging in gynecological disease (18): clinical and ultrasound characteristics of urinary bladder malignancies. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2020, 56, 453-459.	1.7	2
95	Predictors of complete miscarriage after expectant management or misoprostol treatment of non-viable early pregnancy in women with vaginal bleeding. Archives of Gynecology and Obstetrics, 2020, 302, 1279-1296.	1.7	2
96	Psychological impact of early miscarriage and client satisfaction with treatment: a comparison between expectant management and misoprostol treatment in a randomized controlled trial. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2021, 58, 757-765.	1.7	2
97	F68Changes in ovarian vascularization during the menstrual cycle as assessed by three-dimensional Power Doppler imaging (3D-PDI). Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2000, 16, 51-51.	1.7	1
98	Intraindividual hormonal variability in ultrasonographically timed successive ovulatory menstrual cycles is detected only in the luteal phase in infertility patients. Journal of Assisted Reproduction and Genetics, 2002, 19, 363-367.	2.5	1
99	P11.06: 3D ultrasound assessment of the cervix for predicting time to spontaneous onset of labor and time to delivery in prolonged pregnancy. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2005, 26, 451-451.	1.7	1
100	No cervical changes during the last week before spontaneous start of labor as assessed by three-dimensional (3D) ultrasound in women with prolonged pregnancy. Acta Obstetricia Et Gynecologica Scandinavica, 2007, 86, 496-497.	2.8	1
101	OC25.01: Mathematical models for predicting endometrial malignancy in women with postmenopausal bleeding and sonographic endometrial thickness > 4.5 mm. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2010, 36, 44-44.	1.7	1
102	OP08.04: Showing pictograms in electronic data capture software improves interrater agreement. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2011, 38, 78-79.	1.7	1
103	P-217 Inter-cycle variations of blood flow changes in uterine and ovarian vasculature during stimulated IVF cycles. Fertility and Sterility, 1997, 68, S195-S196.	1.0	Ο
104	WS03-06Tubal patency as assessed by three-dimensional power Doppler imaging (3D-PDI) and hystero-salpingo-contrast sonography (HyCoSy). Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2000, 16, 9-9.	1.7	0
105	F25Changes in the endometrium between the day of oocyte retrieval and embryo transfer. $\hat{a} \in f$ Does it matter?. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2000, 16, 41-41.	1.7	Ο
106	OC258a: Colour Doppler and morphological assessment of ovarian masses. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2003, 22, 69-69.	1.7	0
107	OC093: Comparison of follicular vascularization between normal and polycystic ovaries during IVF as measured using 3D power Doppler ultrasonography. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2004, 24, 241-242.	1.7	Ο
108	OC125: Ultrasound dating at 12-14 weeks of gestation. Which dating formula is best?. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2004, 24, 250-250.	1.7	0

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109	OC140: Reproducibility of three-dimensional (3D) power Doppler ultrasound measurements in the cervix of pregnant women. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2004, 24, 254-254.	1.7	0
110	P04.20: Changes in endometrium and ovaries during the normal menstrual cycle as assessed by three-dimensional (3D) power Doppler ultrasound. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2004, 24, 292-292.	1.7	0
111	PO4.22: Evaluation of endometrial receptivity during IVF using 3-D power Doppler ultrasonography. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2004, 24, 293-293.	1.7	0
112	OC12.06: Reference data representative of normal findings at 3D power Doppler ultrasound examination of the cervix from 17 to 41 gestational weeks. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2005, 26, 328-329.	1.7	0
113	OC16.04: Three-dimensional power Doppler ultrasound for discrimination between benign and malignant ovarian tumors. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2005, 26, 335-335.	1.7	0
114	OC16.07: Assessment of the vascular tree in ovarian tumors using 3D power Doppler ultrasound. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2005, 26, 336-336.	1.7	0
115	OC23.01: Reference data representative of normal findings at 2D and 3D gray scale ultrasound examination of the cervix from 17 to 41 gestational weeks. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2005, 26, 346-346.	1.7	0
116	P11.05: Two-dimensional ultrasound assessment of the cervix in prolonged pregnancy for prediction of time to start of labor and time to delivery. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2005, 26, 451-451.	1.7	0
117	P11.15: 3D power Doppler ultrasound assessment of the cervix for prediction of successful induction of labor with prostaglandins in prolonged pregnancy. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2005, 26, 453-453.	1.7	Ο
118	P13.08: Assessment of changes in volume and vascularity of the ovaries during the normal menstrual cycle using three-dimensional power Doppler ultrasound. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2005, 26, 460-460.	1.7	0
119	OC127: Endometrial morphology and vascularity to predict endometrial malignancy in women with postmenopausal bleeding and endometrial thickness ≥ 4.5 mm. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2006, 28, 395-396.	1.7	0
120	OC130: The value of three-dimensional (3D) gray-scale and power Doppler ultrasound for discrimination between benign and malignant endometria. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2006, 28, 396-396.	1.7	0
121	OP09.03: The 3D volume flow index is not an expression of volume blood flow. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2006, 28, 472-472.	1.7	0
122	OP09.24: Cervical changes during the week before spontaneous start of labor as assessed by three-dimensional (3D) ultrasound in women with prolonged pregnancy. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2006, 28, 478-478.	1.7	0
123	OP19.02: Interobserver agreement for subjective evaluation of endometrial morphology and vascularity in women with postmenopausal bleeding. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2006, 28, 501-501.	1.7	0
124	OP20.07: Assessment of changes in number of follicles during the normal menstrual cycle using three-dimensional (3D) ultrasound. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2006, 28, 505-505.	1.7	0
125	OC127: Two-dimensional (2D) or three-dimensional (3D) hydrosonography for discrimination between benign and malignant endometrium in women with postmenopausal bleeding?. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2007, 30, 406-406.	1.7	0
126	OC128: Agreement of two-dimensional (2D) and three-dimensional (3D) hydrosonography with hysteroscopy regarding number, regularity and localization of intracavitary focal lesions. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2007, 30, 406-406.	1.7	0

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127	OC154: Accuracy of transvaginal ultrasound examination for assigning a specific diagnosis to adnexal masses. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2007, 30, 414-414.	1.7	0
128	Ultrasound imaging in reproductive medicine. , 0, , 91-106.		0
129	Normal gynaecological anatomy (uterus, tubes, ovaries). , 2009, , 285-297.		0
130	0221: Does 3D Hydrosonography Give us Something New?. Ultrasound in Medicine and Biology, 2009, 35, S21.	1.5	0
131	0274: 3D Ultrasound of the Endometrium in Women with Post Menopausal Bleeding. Ultrasound in Medicine and Biology, 2009, 35, S32.	1.5	0
132	0478: The Value of 3D Ultrasound in Women with Postmenopausal Bleeding. Ultrasound in Medicine and Biology, 2009, 35, S66.	1.5	0
133	0524: Do We Need 3D Ultrasound to Scan Adnexal Masses?. Ultrasound in Medicine and Biology, 2009, 35, S74-S75.	1.5	0
134	OC19.02: Intra- and inter-observer agreement in the assessment of three-dimensional ultrasound volumes of adnexal masses using IOTA criteria. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2010, 36, 35-36.	1.7	0
135	OP28.09: Agreement between prenatal ultrasound and autopsy findings: a study of second trimester terminations of pregnancy due to fetal malformations. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2010, 36, 135-136.	1.7	Ο
136	P11.02: The appearance of the endometrium at saline contrast sonohysterography in the luteal phase. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2010, 36, 208-208.	1.7	0
137	OC17.06: Clinical Data Miner (CDM)—a webâ€based electronic data capture framework for multiâ€centric studies with imaging modalities. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2011, 38, 33-33.	1.7	0
138	OC27.03: Incidental ultrasound findings in the ovaries of asymptomatic premenopausal women. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2011, 38, 49-49.	1.7	0
139	OP19.07: Reference values for size and vascularization of ovaries in premenopausal women obtained by three-dimensional gray scale and power Doppler ultrasound. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2011, 38, 112-112.	1.7	Ο
140	OP24.05: Intra- and inter-observer reproducibility of Doppler ultrasound features in adnexal masses. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2011, 38, 126-126.	1.7	0
141	OP24.08: Intra―and interâ€observer reproducibility of two morphological ultrasound features of adnexal masses and of ultrasound diagnosis regarding malignancy. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2011, 38, 127-127.	1.7	0
142	Re: Association between ultrasonographic parameters of Cesarean scar defect and outcome of early termination of pregnancy. H.â€K. Au, C.â€F. Liu, C.â€R. Tzeng, and L.â€W. Chien. Ultrasound Obstet Gynecol 2010 47: 506–510 Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2016, 47, 416-416.	61.7	0
143	Ovarian borderline tumor presenting as ovarian torsion in a 17-year-old patient: a case report. Journal of Medical Case Reports, 2021, 15, 7.	0.8	0
144	Reply. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2021, 57, 1016-1016.	1.7	0

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
145	Reproductive outcome after early miscarriage: comparing vaginal misoprostol treatment with expectant management in planned secondary analysis of randomized controlled trial. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2021, , .	1.7	0
146	Serum Vascular Endothelial Growth Factor and Doppler Blood Flow Velocities in In Vitro Fertilization. Obstetrical and Gynecological Survey, 1999, 54, 181-183.	0.4	0
147	Methods for autofluorescence analysis of uterine cavity washings. Lithuanian Journal of Physics, 2015, 55, .	0.4	0