

# Angela F Dulhunty

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

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186  
papers

7,183  
citations

53794

45  
h-index

74163

75  
g-index

202  
all docs

202  
docs citations

202  
times ranked

6706  
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Paralysis of skeletal muscle by butanedione monoxime, a chemical phosphatase. Pflugers Archiv European Journal of Physiology, 1988, 411, 76-79.	2.8	252
2	The Glutathione Transferase Structural Family Includes a Nuclear Chloride Channel and a Ryanodine Receptor Calcium Release Channel Modulator. Journal of Biological Chemistry, 2001, 276, 3319-3323.	3.4	248
3	Altered mRNA splicing of the skeletal muscle ryanodine receptor and sarcoplasmic/endoplasmic reticulum Ca <sup>2+</sup> -ATPase in myotonic dystrophy type 1. Human Molecular Genetics, 2005, 14, 2189-2200.	2.9	247
4	Calsequestrin and the calcium release channel of skeletal and cardiac muscle. Progress in Biophysics and Molecular Biology, 2004, 85, 33-69.	2.9	240
5	The relative contributions of the folds and caveolae to the surface membrane of frog skeletal muscle fibres at different sarcomere lengths.. Journal of Physiology, 1975, 250, 513-539.	2.9	214
6	Low resistance junctions in crayfish. Structural changes with functional uncoupling.. Journal of Cell Biology, 1976, 70, 419-439.	5.2	197
7	Magnesium Inhibition of Ryanodine-Receptor Calcium Channels: Evidence for Two Independent Mechanisms. Journal of Membrane Biology, 1997, 156, 213-229.	2.1	174
8	Cytoplasmic Ca <sup>2+</sup> inhibits the ryanodine receptor from cardiac muscle. Journal of Membrane Biology, 1995, 147, 7-22.	2.1	155
9	Calsequestrin Is an Inhibitor of Skeletal Muscle Ryanodine Receptor Calcium Release Channels. Biophysical Journal, 2002, 82, 310-320.	0.5	145
10	Subconductance states in single-channel activity of skeletal muscle ryanodine receptors after removal of FKBP12. Biophysical Journal, 1997, 72, 146-162.	0.5	138
11	Single channel activity of the ryanodine receptor calcium release channel is modulated by FK-506. FEBS Letters, 1994, 352, 369-374.	2.8	134
12	EXCITATIONâ€“CONTRACTION COUPLING FROM THE 1950s INTO THE NEW MILLENNIUM. Clinical and Experimental Pharmacology and Physiology, 2006, 33, 763-772.	1.9	122
13	The Cysteine-rich Secretory Protein Domain of Tpx-1 Is Related to Ion Channel Toxins and Regulates Ryanodine Receptor Ca <sup>2+</sup> Signaling. Journal of Biological Chemistry, 2006, 281, 4156-4163.	3.4	118
14	Adverse Effects of Doxorubicin and Its Metabolic Product on Cardiac RyR2 and SERCA2A. Molecular Pharmacology, 2014, 86, 438-449.	2.3	106
15	Regulation of Ryanodine Receptors by Calsequestrin: Effect of High Luminal Ca <sup>2+</sup> and Phosphorylation. Biophysical Journal, 2005, 88, 3444-3454.	0.5	100
16	The dependence of membrane potential on extracellular chloride concentration in mammalian skeletal muscle fibres.. Journal of Physiology, 1978, 276, 67-82.	2.9	96
17	Excitationâ€“contraction coupling and charge movement in denervated rat extensor digitorum longus and soleus muscles.. Journal of Physiology, 1985, 358, 75-89.	2.9	92
18	Reduced inhibitory effect of Mg <sup>2+</sup> on ryanodine receptor-Ca <sup>2+</sup> release channels in malignant hyperthermia. Biophysical Journal, 1997, 73, 1913-1924.	0.5	92

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19	Distribution of potassium and chloride permeability over the surface and T-tubule membranes of mammalian skeletal muscle. <i>Journal of Membrane Biology</i> , 1979, 45, 293-310.	2.1	87
20	Nitric Oxide Activates or Inhibits Skeletal Muscle Ryanodine Receptors Depending on Its Concentration, Membrane Potential and Ligand Binding. <i>Journal of Membrane Biology</i> , 2000, 173, 227.	2.1	85
21	Asymmetrical charge movement in slow- and fast-twitch mammalian muscle fibres in normal and paraplegic rats. <i>Journal of Physiology</i> , 1983, 341, 213-231.	2.9	84
22	An X-linked channelopathy with cardiomegaly due to a CLIC2 mutation enhancing ryanodine receptor channel activity. <i>Human Molecular Genetics</i> , 2012, 21, 4497-4507.	2.9	84
23	Activation and Inhibition of Skeletal RyR Channels by a Part of the Skeletal DHPR II-III Loop: Effects of DHPR Ser 687 and FKBP12. <i>Biophysical Journal</i> , 1999, 77, 189-203.	0.5	82
24	Skeletal muscle excitation-contraction coupling: Who are the dancing partners?. <i>International Journal of Biochemistry and Cell Biology</i> , 2014, 48, 28-38.	2.8	78
25	Effects of extracellular calcium concentration and dihydropyridines on contraction in mammalian skeletal muscle. <i>Journal of Physiology</i> , 1988, 399, 63-80.	2.9	77
26	CLIC-2 modulates cardiac ryanodine receptor Ca <sup>2+</sup> release channels. <i>International Journal of Biochemistry and Cell Biology</i> , 2004, 36, 1599-1612.	2.8	74
27	Interactions between dihydropyridine receptors and ryanodine receptors in striated muscle. <i>Progress in Biophysics and Molecular Biology</i> , 2002, 79, 45-75.	2.9	73
28	The effects of $\beta_2$ -adrenoceptor activation on contraction in isolated fast- and slow-twitch skeletal muscle fibres of the rat. <i>British Journal of Pharmacology</i> , 1993, 110, 1133-1141.	5.4	72
29	Triadin Binding to the C-Terminal Luminal Loop of the Ryanodine Receptor is Important for Skeletal Muscle Excitation-contraction Coupling. <i>Journal of General Physiology</i> , 2007, 130, 365-378.	1.9	70
30	Characteristics of two types of chloride channel in sarcoplasmic reticulum vesicles from rabbit skeletal muscle. <i>Biophysical Journal</i> , 1996, 70, 202-221.	0.5	64
31	Structure of the Janus Protein Human CLIC2. <i>Journal of Molecular Biology</i> , 2007, 374, 719-731.	4.2	64
32	High-frequency fatigue in rat skeletal muscle: Role of extracellular ion concentrations. <i>Muscle and Nerve</i> , 1995, 18, 890-898.	2.2	62
33	The voltage-activation of contraction in skeletal muscle. <i>Progress in Biophysics and Molecular Biology</i> , 1992, 57, 181-223.	2.9	61
34	Inactivation of excitation-contraction coupling in rat extensor digitorum longus and soleus muscles. <i>Journal of General Physiology</i> , 1988, 91, 737-757.	1.9	58
35	$\beta$ -Adrenergic potentiation of E-C coupling increases force in rat skeletal muscle. <i>Muscle and Nerve</i> , 1993, 16, 1317-1325.	2.2	58
36	A recently identified member of the glutathione transferase structural family modifies cardiac RyR2 substate activity, coupled gating and activation by Ca <sup>2+</sup> and ATP. <i>Biochemical Journal</i> , 2005, 390, 333-343.	3.7	56

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37	Unique isoform-specific properties of calsequestrin in the heart and skeletal muscle. <i>Cell Calcium</i> , 2009, 45, 474-484.	2.4	56
38	Heterogeneity of T-tubule geometry in vertebrate skeletal muscle fibres. <i>Journal of Muscle Research and Cell Motility</i> , 1984, 5, 333-347.	2.0	54
39	Differential effects of glycerol treatment on membrane capacity and excitation-contraction coupling in toad sartorius fibres. With an Appendix. <i>Journal of Physiology</i> , 1973, 234, 373-408.	2.9	53
40	Activation of the Cardiac Ryanodine Receptor by Sulfhydryl Oxidation is Modified by Mg <sup>2+</sup> and ATP. <i>Journal of Membrane Biology</i> , 1998, 163, 9-18.	2.1	53
41	Alternative splicing of RyR1 alters the efficacy of skeletal EC coupling. <i>Cell Calcium</i> , 2009, 45, 264-274.	2.4	52
42	The Conformation of Calsequestrin Determines Its Ability to Regulate Skeletal Ryanodine Receptors. <i>Biophysical Journal</i> , 2006, 91, 1288-1301.	0.5	51
43	How Many Cysteine Residues Regulate Ryanodine Receptor Channel Activity?. <i>Antioxidants and Redox Signaling</i> , 2000, 2, 27-34.	5.4	50
44	Junctin and triadin each activate skeletal ryanodine receptors but junctin alone mediates functional interactions with calsequestrin. <i>International Journal of Biochemistry and Cell Biology</i> , 2009, 41, 2214-2224.	2.8	48
45	Multiple targets for flecainide action: implications for cardiac arrhythmogenesis. <i>British Journal of Pharmacology</i> , 2018, 175, 1260-1278.	5.4	48
46	Neutralizing the pathological effects of extracellular histones with small polyanions. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2020, 11, 6408.	12.8	48
47	Characteristics of Irreversible ATP Activation Suggest that Native Skeletal Ryanodine Receptors Can Be Phosphorylated via an Endogenous CaMKII. <i>Biophysical Journal</i> , 2001, 81, 3240-3252.	0.5	47
48	A dihydropyridine receptor I±1s loop region critical for skeletal muscle contraction is intrinsically unstructured and binds to a SPRY domain of the type 1 ryanodine receptor. <i>International Journal of Biochemistry and Cell Biology</i> , 2009, 41, 677-686.	2.8	47
49	A Structural Requirement for Activation of Skeletal Ryanodine Receptors by Peptides of the Dihydropyridine Receptor II-III Loop. <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , 2000, 275, 11631-11637.	3.4	46
50	Ca <sup>2+</sup> signaling in striated muscle: the elusive roles of triadin, junctin, and calsequestrin. <i>European Biophysics Journal</i> , 2009, 39, 27-36.	2.2	45
51	Potassium contractures and mechanical activation in mammalian skeletal muscles. <i>Journal of Membrane Biology</i> , 1980, 57, 223-233.	2.1	42
52	Distribution of calcium ATPase in the sarcoplasmic reticulum of fast- and slow-twitch muscles determined with monoclonal antibodies. <i>Journal of Membrane Biology</i> , 1987, 99, 79-92.	2.1	42
53	The random-coil $\alpha$ -C $\alpha$ ™ fragment of the dihydropyridine receptor II-III loop can activate or inhibit native skeletal ryanodine receptors. <i>Biochemical Journal</i> , 2003, 372, 305-316.	3.7	42
54	What we don't know about the structure of ryanodine receptor calcium release channels. <i>Clinical and Experimental Pharmacology and Physiology</i> , 2003, 30, 713-723.	1.9	41

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55	Homer and the ryanodine receptor. <i>European Biophysics Journal</i> , 2009, 39, 91-102.	2.2	38
56	The membrane capacity of mammalian skeletal muscle fibres. <i>Journal of Muscle Research and Cell Motility</i> , 1984, 5, 315-332.	2.0	37
57	Porin-type1 proteins in sarcoplasmic reticulum and plasmalemma of striated muscle fibres. <i>Journal of Muscle Research and Cell Motility</i> , 1995, 16, 595-610.	2.0	37
58	ÅŸ-Adrenergic Stimulation Increases RyR2 Activity via Intracellular Ca <sup>2+</sup> and Mg <sup>2+</sup> Regulation. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2013, 8, e58334.	2.5	37
59	Cardiac Ryanodine Receptor Activity is Altered by Oxidizing Reagents in Either the Luminal or Cytoplasmic Solution. <i>Journal of Membrane Biology</i> , 1999, 167, 205-214.	2.1	36
60	The Î²1a Subunit of the Skeletal DHPR Binds to Skeletal RyR1 and Activates the Channel via Its 35-Residue C-Terminal Tail. <i>Biophysical Journal</i> , 2011, 100, 922-930.	0.5	36
61	Multiple actions of Î±-LITX-Lw1a on ryanodine receptors reveal a functional link between scorpion DDH and ICK toxins. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2013, 110, 8906-8911.	7.1	35
62	Electrical properties of toad sartorius muscle fibres in summer and winter. <i>Journal of Physiology</i> , 1973, 230, 619-641.	2.9	34
63	The contractile properties, histochemistry, ultrastructure and electrophysiology of the cricothyroid and posterior cricoarytenoid muscles in the rat. <i>Journal of Muscle Research and Cell Motility</i> , 1982, 3, 169-190.	2.0	34
64	Differential effects of thyroid hormone on T-tubules and terminal cisternae in rat muscles: An electrophysiological and morphometric analysis. <i>Journal of Muscle Research and Cell Motility</i> , 1986, 7, 225-236.	2.0	34
65	Multiple Actions of Imperatoxin A on Ryanodine Receptors. <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , 2004, 279, 11853-11862.	3.4	34
66	Phosphorylation of skeletal muscle calsequestrin enhances its Ca <sup>2+</sup> binding capacity and promotes its association with junctin. <i>Cell Calcium</i> , 2008, 44, 363-373.	2.4	34
67	Ryanodine receptors from rabbit skeletal muscle are reversibly activated by rapamycin. <i>Neuroscience Letters</i> , 1997, 225, 81-84.	2.1	33
68	Redox Potential and the Response of Cardiac Ryanodine Receptors to CLIC-2, a Member of the Glutathione S-Transferase Structural Family. <i>Antioxidants and Redox Signaling</i> , 2008, 10, 1675-1686.	5.4	32
69	The Ryanodine Receptor: A Pivotal Ca <sup>2+</sup> Regulatory Protein and Potential Therapeutic Drug Target. <i>Current Drug Targets</i> , 2011, 12, 709-723.	2.1	32
70	Fiber types in red and white segments of rat sternomastoid muscle. <i>American Journal of Anatomy</i> , 1979, 156, 51-61.	1.0	31
71	Oxidation and Reduction of Pig Skeletal Muscle Ryanodine Receptors. <i>Biophysical Journal</i> , 1999, 77, 3010-3022.	0.5	31
72	Ion channels in the sarcoplasmic reticulum of striated muscle. <i>Acta Physiologica Scandinavica</i> , 1996, 156, 375-385.	2.2	30

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73	Structural Determinants for Activation or Inhibition of Ryanodine Receptors by Basic Residues in the Dihydropyridine Receptor II-III Loop. <i>Biophysical Journal</i> , 2001, 80, 2715-2726.	0.5	30
74	Phosphate ion channels in sarcoplasmic reticulum of rabbit skeletal muscle. <i>Journal of Physiology</i> , 2001, 535, 715-728.	2.9	30
75	Ryanodine receptor modification and regulation by intracellular Ca <sup>2+</sup> and Mg <sup>2+</sup> in healthy and failing human hearts. <i>Journal of Molecular and Cellular Cardiology</i> , 2017, 104, 53-62.	1.9	30
76	Dynamic regulation of ryanodine receptor type 1 (RyR1) channel activity by Homer 1. <i>Cell Calcium</i> , 2008, 43, 307-314.	2.4	29
77	Regulation of the cardiac muscle ryanodine receptor by glutathione transferases. <i>Drug Metabolism Reviews</i> , 2011, 43, 236-252.	3.6	29
78	Excitation-contraction coupling and contractile properties in denervated rat EDL and soleus muscles. <i>Journal of Muscle Research and Cell Motility</i> , 1985, 6, 207-225.	2.0	28
79	The three-dimensional structural surface of two beta-sheet scorpion toxins mimics that of an alpha-helical dihydropyridine receptor segment. <i>Biochemical Journal</i> , 2003, 370, 517-527.	3.7	28
80	CONTROL OF MUSCLE RYANODINE RECEPTOR CALCIUM RELEASE CHANNELS BY PROTEINS IN THE SARCOPLASMIC RETICULUM LUMEN. <i>Clinical and Experimental Pharmacology and Physiology</i> , 2009, 36, 340-345.	1.9	28
81	Glycerol treatment in mammalian skeletal muscle. <i>Journal of Membrane Biology</i> , 1980, 53, 223-233.	2.1	27
82	The passive electrical properties of frog skeletal muscle fibres at different sarcomere lengths.. <i>Journal of Physiology</i> , 1977, 266, 687-711.	2.9	26
83	Effect of chloride withdrawal on the geometry of the T-tubules in amphibian and mammalian muscle. <i>Journal of Membrane Biology</i> , 1982, 67, 81-90.	2.1	26
84	Effects of ivermectin and midecamycin on ryanodine receptors and the Ca <sup>2+</sup> -ATPase in sarcoplasmic reticulum of rabbit and rat skeletal muscle. <i>Journal of Physiology</i> , 1999, 514, 313-326.	2.9	26
85	The voltage-gated calcium-channel $\hat{I}^2$ subunit: more than just an accessory. <i>European Biophysics Journal</i> , 2009, 39, 75-81.	2.2	26
86	Ryanodine receptor Ca <sup>2+</sup> release channel post-translational modification: Central player in cardiac and skeletal muscle disease. <i>International Journal of Biochemistry and Cell Biology</i> , 2018, 101, 49-53.	2.8	26
87	A variably spliced region in the type 1 ryanodine receptor may participate in an inter-domain interaction. <i>Biochemical Journal</i> , 2007, 401, 317-324.	3.7	25
88	The Mu class glutathione transferase is abundant in striated muscle and is an isoform-specific regulator of ryanodine receptor calcium channels. <i>Cell Calcium</i> , 2007, 41, 429-440.	2.4	25
89	Activation and inactivation of excitation-contraction coupling in rat soleus muscle.. <i>Journal of Physiology</i> , 1991, 439, 605-626.	2.9	24
90	Immunogold labeling of calcium ATPase in sarcoplasmic reticulum of skeletal muscle: use of 1-nm, 5-nm, and 10-nm gold.. <i>Journal of Histochemistry and Cytochemistry</i> , 1993, 41, 1459-1466.	2.5	24

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91	Novel regulators of RyR Ca <sup>2+</sup> release channels: insight into molecular changes in genetically-linked myopathies. <i>Journal of Muscle Research and Cell Motility</i> , 2006, 27, 351-365.	2.0	24
92	C-terminal residues of skeletal muscle calsequestrin are essential for calcium binding and for skeletal ryanodine receptor inhibition. <i>Skeletal Muscle</i> , 2015, 5, 6.	4.2	24
93	Selective effects of an octopus toxin on action potentials. <i>Journal of Physiology</i> , 1971, 218, 433-445.	2.9	23
94	Ubiquitous SPRY domains and their role in the skeletal type ryanodine receptor. <i>European Biophysics Journal</i> , 2009, 39, 51-59.	2.2	23
95	Core skeletal muscle ryanodine receptor calcium release complex. <i>Clinical and Experimental Pharmacology and Physiology</i> , 2017, 44, 3-12.	1.9	23
96	The rate of tetanic relaxation is correlated with the density of calcium ATPase in the terminal cisternae of thyrotoxic skeletal muscle. <i>Pflugers Archiv European Journal of Physiology</i> , 1990, 415, 433-439.	2.8	22
97	Indentations in the terminal cisternae of amphibian and mammalian skeletal muscle fibers. <i>Journal of Ultrastructure Research</i> , 1983, 84, 34-49.	1.1	21
98	Feet, bridges, and pillars in triad junctions of mammalian skeletal muscle: Their possible relationship to calcium buffers in terminal cisternae and T-tubules and to excitation-contraction coupling. <i>Journal of Membrane Biology</i> , 1989, 109, 73-83.	2.1	21
99	Malignant hyperthermia mutation sites in the Leu2442â€“Pro2477 (DP4) region of RyR1 (ryanodine) Tj ETQq1 1 0.784314 rgBT /Over 401, 333-339.	3.7	21
100	Multiple Actions of the Anthracycline Daunorubicin on Cardiac Ryanodine Receptors. <i>Molecular Pharmacology</i> , 2011, 80, 538-549.	2.3	21
101	Proteins within the intracellular calcium store determine cardiac <sc>R</sc>y<sc>R</sc> channel activity and cardiac output. <i>Clinical and Experimental Pharmacology and Physiology</i> , 2012, 39, 477-484.	1.9	21
102	Ion channel gating in cardiac ryanodine receptors from the arrhythmic RyR2-P2328S mouse. <i>Journal of Cell Science</i> , 2019, 132, .	2.0	21
103	Agonists and antagonists of the cardiac ryanodine receptor: Potential therapeutic agents?. , 2007, 113, 247-263.		20
104	Differences in the regulation of RyR2 from human, sheep, and rat by Ca <sup>2+</sup> and Mg <sup>2+</sup> in the cytoplasm and in the lumen of the sarcoplasmic reticulum. <i>Journal of General Physiology</i> , 2014, 144, 263-271.	1.9	20
105	Inositol Polyphosphates Modify the Kinetics of a Small Chloride Channel in Skeletal Muscle Sarcoplasmic Reticulum. <i>Journal of Membrane Biology</i> , 1997, 157, 147-158.	2.1	19
106	Dissection of the inhibition of cardiac ryanodine receptors by human glutathione transferase GSTM2-2. <i>Biochemical Pharmacology</i> , 2009, 77, 1181-1193.	4.4	18
107	An Î±â€“helical Câ€“terminal tail segment of the skeletal Lâ€“type Ca <sup>2+</sup> channel Î² <sup>1a</sup> subunit activates ryanodine receptor type 1 via a hydrophobic surface. <i>FASEB Journal</i> , 2012, 26, 5049-5059.	0.5	18
108	Effects of cobalt, magnesium, and cadmium on contraction of rat soleus muscle. <i>Biophysical Journal</i> , 1989, 56, 1-14.	0.5	17

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109	The recombinant dihydropyridine receptor IIâ€™III loop and partly structured â€™Câ€™™ region peptides modify cardiac ryanodine receptor activity. <i>Biochemical Journal</i> , 2005, 385, 803-813.	3.7	17
110	A novel cytoplasmic interaction between junctin and ryanodine receptor calcium release channels. <i>Journal of Cell Science</i> , 2015, 128, 951-63.	2.0	17
111	Effects of membrane potential on mechanical activation in skeletal muscle.. <i>Journal of General Physiology</i> , 1982, 79, 233-251.	1.9	16
112	Peptide fragments of the dihydropyridine receptor can modulate cardiac ryanodine receptor channel activity and sarcoplasmic reticulum Ca <sup>2+</sup> release. <i>Biochemical Journal</i> , 2004, 379, 161-172.	3.7	16
113	Regulation of skeletal ryanodine receptors by dihydropyridine receptor IIâ€™III loop C-region peptides: relief of Mg <sup>2+</sup> inhibition. <i>Biochemical Journal</i> , 2005, 387, 429-436.	3.7	16
114	Junctin â€™ the quiet achiever. <i>Journal of Physiology</i> , 2009, 587, 3135-3137.	2.9	16
115	A Skeletal Muscle Ryanodine Receptor Interaction Domain in Triadin. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2012, 7, e43817.	2.5	16
116	Indentations in the terminal cisternae of denervated rat EDL and soleus muscle fibers. <i>Journal of Ultrastructure Research</i> , 1984, 88, 30-43.	1.1	15
117	Internal citrate ions reduce the membrane potential for contraction threshold in mammalian skeletal muscle fibers. <i>Biophysical Journal</i> , 1988, 53, 609-616.	0.5	15
118	STRUCTURAL AND FUNCTIONAL CHARACTERIZATION OF INTERACTIONS BETWEEN THE DIHYDROPYRIDINE RECEPTOR II?III LOOP AND THE RYANODINE RECEPTOR. <i>Clinical and Experimental Pharmacology and Physiology</i> , 2006, 33, 1114-1117.	1.9	15
119	MOLECULAR RECOGNITION OF THE DISORDERED DIHYDROPYRIDINE RECEPTOR IIâ€™III LOOP BY A CONSERVED SPRY DOMAIN OF THE TYPE 1 RYANODINE RECEPTOR. <i>Clinical and Experimental Pharmacology and Physiology</i> , 2009, 36, 346-349.	1.9	15
120	K-contractions and membrane potential in mammalian skeletal muscle. <i>Nature</i> , 1977, 266, 75-78.	27.8	14
121	Arg615Cys Substitution in Pig Skeletal Ryanodine Receptors Increases Activation of Single Channels by a Segment of the Skeletal DHPR II-III Loop. <i>Biophysical Journal</i> , 2001, 80, 1769-1782.	0.5	14
122	In vitro modulation of the cardiac ryanodine receptor activity by Homer1. <i>Pflugers Archiv European Journal of Physiology</i> , 2009, 458, 723-732.	2.8	14
123	3D Mapping of the SPRY2 Domain of Ryanodine Receptor 1 by Single-Particle Cryo-EM. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2011, 6, e25813.	2.5	14
124	Recent advances in understanding the ryanodine receptor calcium release channels and their role in calcium signalling. <i>F1000Research</i> , 2018, 7, 1851.	1.6	14
125	Actions of perchlorate ions on rat soleus muscle fibres.. <i>Journal of Physiology</i> , 1992, 448, 99-119.	2.9	13
126	Functional implications of modifying RyR-activating peptides for membrane permeability. <i>British Journal of Pharmacology</i> , 2005, 144, 743-754.	5.4	13



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127	Effects of an $\alpha$ -helical ryanodine receptor C-terminal tail peptide on ryanodine receptor activity: Modulation by Homer. <i>International Journal of Biochemistry and Cell Biology</i> , 2006, 38, 1700-1715.	2.8	13
128	The structure of the C-terminal helical bundle in glutathione transferase M2-2 determines its ability to inhibit the cardiac ryanodine receptor. <i>Biochemical Pharmacology</i> , 2010, 80, 381-388.	4.4	13
129	The elusive role of the SPRY2 domain in RyR1. <i>Channels</i> , 2011, 5, 148-160.	2.8	13
130	Regulation and dysregulation of cardiac ryanodine receptor (RyR2) open probability during diastole in health and disease. <i>Journal of General Physiology</i> , 2012, 140, 87-92.	1.9	13
131	Cardiac ryanodine receptor activation by high $Ca^{2+}$ store load is reversed in a reducing cytoplasmic redox environment. <i>Journal of Cell Science</i> , 2014, 127, 4531-41.	2.0	13
132	$\alpha$ 1a490-508, a 19-Residue Peptide from C-Terminal Tail of Cav1.1 $\alpha$ 1a Subunit, Potentiates Voltage-Dependent Calcium Release in Adult Skeletal Muscle Fibers. <i>Biophysical Journal</i> , 2014, 106, 535-547.	0.5	13
133	Slow potassium contractures in mouse limb muscles. <i>Journal of Physiology</i> , 1981, 314, 91-105.	2.9	12
134	Indentations in the terminal cisternae of slow- and fast-twitch muscle fibers from normal and paraplegic rats. <i>Journal of Ultrastructure Research</i> , 1983, 84, 50-59.	1.1	12
135	Cyclization of the Intrinsically Disordered $\alpha$ 1S Dihydropyridine Receptor II-III Loop Enhances Secondary Structure and in Vitro Function. <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , 2011, 286, 22589-22599.	3.4	12
136	FKBP association with RyR channels: effect of CLIC2 binding on sub-conductance opening and FKBP binding. <i>Journal of Cell Science</i> , 2017, 130, 3588-3600.	2.0	12
137	Activation of RyR2 by class I kinase inhibitors. <i>British Journal of Pharmacology</i> , 2019, 176, 773-786.	5.4	12
138	Upper motor neurone modulation of charge movement and mechanical activation in rat skeletal muscle fibres. <i>Neuroscience Letters</i> , 1981, 27, 271-276.	2.1	11
139	Muscle-specific GSTM2-2 on the luminal side of the sarcoplasmic reticulum modifies RyR ion channel activity. <i>International Journal of Biochemistry and Cell Biology</i> , 2008, 40, 1616-1628.	2.8	11
140	How does flecainide impact RyR2 channel function?. <i>Journal of General Physiology</i> , 2022, 154, .	1.9	11
141	Noninactivating tension in rat skeletal muscle. Effects of thyroid hormone. <i>Journal of General Physiology</i> , 1989, 94, 183-203.	1.9	10
142	Ultrastructure of sarcoballs on the surface of skinned amphibian skeletal muscle fibres. <i>Journal of Muscle Research and Cell Motility</i> , 1992, 13, 640-653.	2.0	10
143	Caffeine sensitivity of native RyR channels from normal and malignant hyperthermic pigs: effects of a DHPR $\alpha$ III loop peptide. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Cell Physiology</i> , 2004, 286, C821-C830.	4.6	10
144	The inhibitory glutathione transferase M2-2 binding site is located in divergent region 3 of the cardiac ryanodine receptor. <i>Biochemical Pharmacology</i> , 2012, 83, 1523-1529.	4.4	10

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
145	Flecainide Paradoxically Activates Cardiac Ryanodine Receptor Channels under Low Activity Conditions: A Potential Pro-Arrhythmic Action. <i>Cells</i> , 2021, 10, 2101.	4.1	10
146	A freeze-fracture study of normal and dystrophic C57BL mouse muscle. <i>Muscle and Nerve</i> , 1982, 5, 425-433.	2.2	9
147	Diazepam reveals different rate-limiting processes in rat skeletal muscle contraction. <i>Canadian Journal of Physiology and Pharmacology</i> , 1987, 65, 272-273.	1.4	9
148	Upper motor neurone modulation of the structure of the terminal cisternae in rat skeletal muscle fibres. <i>Neuroscience Letters</i> , 1981, 27, 277-283.	2.1	8
149	Potassium contractures and asymmetric charge movement in extensor digitorum longus and soleus muscles from thyrotoxic rats. <i>Journal of Muscle Research and Cell Motility</i> , 1987, 8, 289-296.	2.0	8
150	Effects of external cadmium ions on excitation-contraction coupling in rat soleus fibres. <i>Pflugers Archiv European Journal of Physiology</i> , 1999, 437, 197-203.	2.8	8
151	Role of some unconserved residues in the "C" region of the skeletal DHPR II-III loop. <i>Frontiers in Bioscience - Landmark</i> , 2005, 10, 1368.	3.0	8
152	Glutathione transferase M2 variants inhibit ryanodine receptor function in adult mouse cardiomyocytes. <i>Biochemical Pharmacology</i> , 2015, 97, 269-280.	4.4	8
153	Effects of Toxin from the Blue-Ringed Octopus ( <i>Hapalochlaena maculosa</i> ). , 1973, , 85-106.		8
154	Slow potential changes in mammalian muscle fibers during prolonged hyperpolarization: Transport number effects and chloride depletion. <i>Journal of Membrane Biology</i> , 1984, 78, 235-248.	2.1	7
155	Activating the ryanodine receptor with dihydropyridine receptor II-III loop segments: size and charge do matter. <i>Frontiers in Bioscience - Landmark</i> , 2004, 9, 2860.	3.0	7
156	Three residues in the luminal domain of triadin impact on Trisk 95 activation of skeletal muscle ryanodine receptors. <i>Pflugers Archiv European Journal of Physiology</i> , 2016, 468, 1985-1994.	2.8	7
157	Structural and biophysical analyses of the skeletal dihydropyridine receptor $\hat{I}^2$ subunit $\hat{I}^21a$ reveal critical roles of domain interactions for stability. <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , 2017, 292, 8401-8411.	3.4	7
158	The Anthracycline Metabolite Doxorubicinol Abolishes RyR2 Sensitivity to Physiological Changes in Luminal $Ca^{2+}$ through an Interaction with Calsequestrin. <i>Molecular Pharmacology</i> , 2017, 92, 576-587.	2.3	7
159	Physiology and Pharmacology of Ryanodine Receptor Calcium Release Channels. <i>Advances in Pharmacology</i> , 2017, 79, 287-324.	2.0	7
160	Functional and structural characterization of a novel malignant hyperthermia-susceptible variant of DHPR- $\hat{I}^21a$ subunit (CACNB1). <i>American Journal of Physiology - Cell Physiology</i> , 2018, 314, C323-C333.	4.6	7
161	Exploiting Peptidomimetics to Synthesize Compounds That Activate Ryanodine Receptor Calcium Release Channels. <i>ChemMedChem</i> , 2018, 13, 1957-1971.	3.2	7
162	The GSTM2 C-Terminal Domain Depresses Contractility and $Ca^{2+}$ Transients in Neonatal Rat Ventricular Cardiomyocytes. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2016, 11, e0162415.	2.5	7

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163	Subcellular distribution of ryanodine receptor-like and calcium ATPase-like immunoreactivity in brainstem and cerebellar neurones of rat and guinea pig. <i>Neuroscience Letters</i> , 1994, 166, 143-148.	2.1	6
164	Regions of ryanodine receptors that influence activation by the dihydropyridine receptor $\hat{2}1a$ subunit. <i>Skeletal Muscle</i> , 2015, 5, 23.	4.2	6
165	Molecular Changes in the Cardiac RyR2 With Catecholaminergic Polymorphic Ventricular Tachycardia (CPVT). <i>Frontiers in Physiology</i> , 2022, 13, 830367.	2.8	6
166	A refractory period after brief activation of mammalian skeletal muscle fibres. <i>Neuroscience Letters</i> , 1979, 14, 223-228.	2.1	5
167	A freeze-fracture study of extensor digitorum longus and soleus muscle fibers from thyrotoxic rats. <i>Journal of Structural Biology</i> , 1986, 94, 121-130.	0.8	5
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170	Do independent processes control the activation and inactivation of potassium contracture tension in rat skeletal muscle?. <i>Journal of Membrane Biology</i> , 1993, 135, 245-52.	2.1	3
171	Unexpected dependence of RyR1 splice variant expression in human lower limb muscles on fiber-type composition. <i>Pflugers Archiv European Journal of Physiology</i> , 2016, 468, 269-278.	2.8	3
172	Gating of RYR2 channels from the arrhythmic RYR2-P2328S mouse heart and some unexpected actions of flecainide. <i>Journal of General Physiology</i> , 2022, 154, .	1.9	3
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179	Cadmium withdrawal contractures in rat soleus muscle fibres. <i>Pflugers Archiv European Journal of Physiology</i> , 2000, 440, 68-74.	2.8	1
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182	Triadin Binding to the C-Terminal Luminal Loop of the Ryanodine Receptor is Important for Skeletal Muscle Excitation-Contracture Coupling. Journal of Cell Biology, 2007, 179, i2-i2.	5.2	1
183	Depolarization accelerates the decay of K <sup>+</sup> contractures in rat skeletal muscle fibers. , 1996, 19, 1025-1036.		0
184	A Ca <sup>2+</sup> -activated anion channel in the sarcoplasmic reticulum of skeletal muscle. Current Topics in Membranes, 2002, , 59-80.	0.9	0
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