Graeme P Young

List of Publications by Year
in descending order

149 papers	7,083 citations	53794 45 h-index	62596 80 g-index
154 all docs	154 docs citations	154 times ranked	7947 citing authors

#	Article	IF	Citations
1	Colorectal cancer screening: a global overview of existing programmes. Gut, 2015, 64, 1637-1649.	12.1	899
2	Amylase-Resistant Starch plus Oral Rehydration Solution for Cholera. New England Journal of Medicine, 2000, 342, 308-313.	27.0	237
3	Colorectal Neoplasia Differentially Expressed (CRNDE), a Novel Gene with Elevated Expression in Colorectal Adenomas and Adenocarcinomas. Genes and Cancer, 2011, 2, 829-840.	1.9	219
4	A Synbiotic Combination of Resistant Starch and Bifidobacterium lactis Facilitates Apoptotic Deletion of Carcinogen-Damaged Cells in Rat Colon. Journal of Nutrition, 2005, 135, 996-1001.	2.9	177
5	Synbiotic intervention of Bifidobacterium lactis and resistant starch protects against colorectal cancer development in rats. Carcinogenesis, 2010, 31, 246-251.	2.8	175
6	Comparison of a brushâ€sampling fecal immunochemical test for hemoglobin with a sensitive guaiacâ€based fecal occult blood test in detection of colorectal neoplasia. Cancer, 2006, 107, 2152-2159.	4.1	161
7	Evaluation of new occult blood tests for detection of colorectal neoplasia. Gastroenterology, 1993, 104, 1661-1668.	1.3	155
8	Advances in Fecal Occult Blood Tests: The FIT Revolution. Digestive Diseases and Sciences, 2015, 60, 609-622.	2.3	155
9	Population Screening for Colorectal Cancer Means Getting FIT: The Past, Present, and Future of Colorectal Cancer Screening Using the Fecal Immunochemical Test for Hemoglobin (FIT). Gut and Liver, 2014, 8, 117-130.	2.9	148
10	A Proposal to Standardize Reporting Units for Fecal Immunochemical Tests for Hemoglobin. Journal of the National Cancer Institute, 2012, 104, 810-814.	6.3	141
11	A panel of genes methylated with high frequency in colorectal cancer. BMC Cancer, 2014, 14, 54.	2.6	138
12	Choice of fecal occult blood tests for colorectal cancer screening: recommendations based on performance characteristics in population studies. a WHO (World Health Organization) and OMED (World Organization for Digestive Endoscopy) report 1. American Journal of Gastroenterology, 2002, 97, 2499-2507.	0.4	137
13	Different fibers have different regional effects on luminal contents of rat colon. Gastroenterology, 1991, 101, 1274-1281.	1.3	132
14	A human, double-blind, placebo-controlled, crossover trial of prebiotic, probiotic, and synbiotic supplementation: effects on luminal, inflammatory, epigenetic, and epithelial biomarkers of colorectal cancer. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2009, 90, 578-586.	4.7	131
15	Dietary fibre and colorectal cancer: A model for environment â€“ gene interactions. Molecular Nutrition and Food Research, 2005, 49, 571-584.	3.3	130
16	Choice of fecal occult blood tests for colorectal cancer screening: recommendations based on performance characteristics in population studies a WHO (World Health Organization) and OMED (World Organization for Digestive Endoscopy) report. American Journal of Gastroenterology, 2002, 97, 2499-2507.	0.4	123
17	Manipulation of the gut microbiota using resistant starch is associated with protection against colitis-associated colorectal cancer in rats. Carcinogenesis, 2016, 37, 366-375.	2.8	121
18	Effect of dietary resistant starch and protein on colonic fermentation and intestinal tumourigenesis in rats. Carcinogenesis, 2006, 28, 240-245.	2.8	109

#	Article	IF	Citations
19	Effects of high-amylose maize starch and butyrylated high-amylose maize starch on azoxymethane-induced intestinal cancer in rats. Carcinogenesis, 2008, 29, 2190-2194.	2.8	96
20	Evaluation of an assay for methylated BCAT1 and IKZF1 in plasma for detection of colorectal neoplasia. BMC Cancer, 2015, 15, 654.	2.6	96
21	Dietary Manipulation of Oncogenic MicroRNA Expression in Human Rectal Mucosa: A Randomized Trial. Cancer Prevention Research, 2014, 7, 786-795.	1.5	94
22	Effect of high amylose maize starches on colonic fermentation and apoptotic response to DNA-damage in the colon of rats. Nutrition and Metabolism, 2009, 6, 11.	3.0	88
23	Interval Fecal Immunochemical Testing in a Colonoscopic Surveillance Program Speeds Detection of Colorectal Neoplasia. Gastroenterology, 2010, 139, 1918-1926.	1.3	84
24	A crossâ€sectional study comparing a blood test for methylated <scp>BCAT</scp>1 and <scp>IKZF</scp>1 tumorâ€derived <scp>DNA</scp> with <scp>CEA</scp> for detection of recurrent colorectal cancer. Cancer Medicine, 2016, 5, 2763-2772.	2.8	84
25	Butyrate delivered by butyrylated starch increases distal colonic epithelial apoptosis in carcinogen-treated rats. Carcinogenesis, 2012, 33, 197-202.	2.8	79
26	Oral Rehydration Therapy in the Second Decade of the Twenty-first Century. Current Gastroenterology Reports, 2014, 16, 376.	2.5	78
27	Map of differential transcript expression in the normal human large intestine. Physiological Genomics, 2008, 33, 50-64.	2.3	75
28	A Blood Test for Methylated BCAT1 and IKZF1 vs. a Fecal Immunochemical Test for Detection of Colorectal Neoplasia. Clinical and Translational Gastroenterology, 2016, 7, e137.	2.5	75
29	Shift to earlier stage at diagnosis as a consequence of the National Bowel Cancer Screening Program. Medical Journal of Australia, 2013, 198, 327-330.	1.7	74
30	Folate deficiency reduces the development of colorectal cancer in rats. Carcinogenesis, 2000, 21, 2261-2265.	2.8	73
31	Amylase-Resistant Starch as Adjunct to Oral Rehydration Therapy in Children with Diarrhea. Journal of Pediatric Gastroenterology and Nutrition, 2006, 42, 362-368.	1.8	70
32	Contrasting effects of butyrate on the expression of phenotypic markers of differentiation in neoplastic and non-neoplastic colonic epithelial cells in vitro. Journal of Gastroenterology and Hepatology (Australia), 1992, 7, 165-172.	2.8	69
33	Effect of dietary restriction on participation in faecal occult blood test screening for colorectal cancer. Medical Journal of Australia, 2001, 175, 195-198.	1.7	66
34	Dietary Red Meat Aggravates Dextran Sulfate Sodium-Induced Colitis in Mice Whereas Resistant Starch Attenuates Inflammation. Digestive Diseases and Sciences, 2013, 58, 3475-3482.	2.3	66
35	Suppression of azoxymethane-induced colon cancer development in rats by dietary resistant starch. Cancer Biology and Therapy, 2007, 6, 1621-1626.	3.4	65
36	Inhibition by Resistant Starch of Red Meatâ€“Induced Promutagenic Adducts in Mouse Colon. Cancer Prevention Research, 2011, 4, 1920-1928.	1.5	65

#	Article	IF	Citations
37	The Use of Circulating Tumor DNA to Monitor and Predict Response to Treatment in Colorectal Cancer. Frontiers in Genetics, 2019, 10, 1118.	2.3	63
38	The Global Paradigm Shift in Screening for Colorectal Cancer. Gastroenterology, 2019, 156, 843-851.e2.	1.3	60
39	A Two-Gene Blood Test for Methylated DNA Sensitive for Colorectal Cancer. PLoS ONE, 2015, 10, e0125041.	2.5	59
40	A controlled trial of cisapride in anorexia nervosa. International Journal of Eating Disorders, 1995, 17, 347-357.	4.0	58
41	Interference of Plant Peroxidases with Guaiac-based Fecal Occult Blood Tests Is Avoidable. Clinical Chemistry, 1999, 45, 123-126.	3.2	56
42	Applying evidenceâ€based guidelines improves use of colonoscopy resources in patients with a moderate risk of colorectal neoplasia. Medical Journal of Australia, 2002, 176, 155-157.	1.7	56
43	Factors affecting faecal immunochemical test positive rates: demographic, pathological, behavioural and environmental variables. Journal of Medical Screening, 2015, 22, 187-193.	2.3	56
44	Comparing Fecal Immunochemical Tests: Improved Standardization Is Needed. Gastroenterology, 2012, 142, 422-424.	1.3	52
45	A Randomized Controlled Trial of Glucose versus Amylase Resistant Starch Hypo-Osmolar Oral Rehydration Solution for Adult Acute Dehydrating Diarrhea. PLoS ONE, 2008, 3, e1587.	2.5	50
46	Behavioural and demographic predictors of adherence to three consecutive faecal occult blood test screening opportunities: a population study. BMC Public Health, 2014, 14, 238.	2.9	48
47	Evaluation of Methylation Biomarkers for Detection of Circulating Tumor DNA and Application to Colorectal Cancer. Genes, 2016, 7, 125.	2.4	47
48	Combination of Selenium and Green Tea Improves the Efficacy of Chemoprevention in a Rat Colorectal Cancer Model by Modulating Genetic and Epigenetic Biomarkers. PLoS ONE, 2013, 8, e64362.	2.5	46
49	Circulating tumour DNA for monitoring colorectal cancerâ€"a prospective cohort study to assess relationship to tissue methylation, cancer characteristics and surgical resection. Clinical Epigenetics, 2018, 10, 63.	4.1	46
50	A comparative study of the influence of differing barley brans on DMH-induced intestinal tumours in male Sprague-Dawley rats. Journal of Gastroenterology and Hepatology (Australia), 1996, 11, 113-119.	2.8	42
51	Folate deficiency diminishes the occurrence of aberrant crypt foci in the rat colon but does not alter global DNA methylation status. Journal of Gastroenterology and Hepatology (Australia), 2000, 15, 1158-1164.	2.8	41
52	Resistant Starch and Colorectal Neoplasia. Journal of AOAC INTERNATIONAL, 2004, 87, 775-786.	1.5	40
53	Screening for colorectal cancer and advanced colorectal neoplasia in kidney transplant recipients: cross sectional prevalence and diagnostic accuracy study of faecal immunochemical testing for haemoglobin and colonoscopy. BMJ, The, 2012, 345, e4657-e4657.	6.0	40
54	The Relevance of the Colon to Zinc Nutrition. Nutrients, 2015, 7, 572-583.	4.1	40

#	Article	IF	Citations
55	Haem in the gut. I. Fate of haemoproteins and the absorption of haem. Journal of Gastroenterology and Hepatology (Australia), 1989, 4, 537-545.	2.8	38
56	Relationship between post-surgery detection of methylated circulating tumor DNA with risk of residual disease and recurrence-free survival. Journal of Cancer Research and Clinical Oncology, 2018, 144, 1741-1750.	2.5	38
57	Psychosocial Variables Associated with Colorectal Cancer Screening in South Australia. International Journal of Behavioral Medicine, 2011, 18, 302-309.	1.7	37
58	Catheter Sepsis during Parenteral Nutrition: The Safety of Longâ€Term OpSite Dressings. Journal of Parenteral and Enteral Nutrition, 1988, 12, 365-370.	2.6	35
59	Populationâ€based screening for colorectal cancer: Australian research and implementation. Journal of Gastroenterology and Hepatology (Australia), 2009, 24, S33-42.	2.8	35
60	Haem in the gut. Part II. Faecal excretion of haem and haemâ€derived porphyrins and their detection. Journal of Gastroenterology and Hepatology (Australia), 1990, 5, 194-203.	2.8	34
61	New Stool Screening Tests for Colorectal Cancer. Digestion, 2007, 76, 26-33.	2.3	33
62	Circulating epigenetic biomarkers for detection of recurrent colorectal cancer. Cancer, 2020, 126, 1460-1469.	4.1	33
63	Discovery and Validation of Molecular Biomarkers for Colorectal Adenomas and Cancer with Application to Blood Testing. PLoS ONE, 2012, 7, e29059.	2.5	33
64	Sample preference for colorectal cancer screening tests: Blood or stool?. Open Journal of Preventive Medicine, 2012, 02, 326-331.	0.3	33
65	Selecting an Occult Blood Test for Use as a Screening Tool for Large Bowel Cancer. Frontiers of Gastrointestinal Research, 1991, 18, 135-156.	0.1	32
66	Improving the reporting of evaluations of faecal immunochemical tests for haemoglobin. European Journal of Cancer Prevention, 2015, 24, 24-26.	1.3	32
67	Zinc deficiency in children with environmental enteropathyâ€”development of new strategies: report from an expert workshop. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2014, 100, 1198-1207.	4.7	31
68	Antibioticâ€associated colitis caused by Clostridium difficile : relapse and risk factors. Medical Journal of Australia, 1986, 144, 303-306.	1.7	28
69	The impact of sample type and procedural attributes on relative acceptability of different colorectal cancer screening regimens. Patient Preference and Adherence, 2018, Volume 12, 1825-1836.	1.8	27
70	The Use of Circulating Tumor DNA for Prognosis of Gastrointestinal Cancers. Frontiers in Oncology, 2018, 8, 275.	2.8	27
71	A standard for Faecal Immunochemical TesTs for Haemoglobin Evaluation Reporting (FITTER). Annals of Clinical Biochemistry, 2014, 51, 301-302.	1.6	26
72	Sessile Serrated Polyps with Synchronous Conventional Adenomas Increase Risk of Future Advanced Neoplasia. Digestive Diseases and Sciences, 2019, 64, 1680-1685.	2.3	26

#	Article	IF	Citations
73	Guaiac based faecal occult blood testing for colorectal cancer screening: an obsolete strategy?. Gut, 2012, 61, 959-960.	12.1	25
74	Low Sensitivity of Fecal Immunochemical Tests and Blood-Based Markers of DNA Hypermethylation for Detection of Sessile Serrated Adenomas/Polyps. Digestive Diseases and Sciences, 2019, 64, 2555-2562.	2.3	25
75	Recommendations for a stepâ€wise comparative approach to the evaluation of new screening tests for colorectal cancer. Cancer, 2016, 122, 826-839.	4.1	24
76	DNA Methylation in the Rectal Mucosa Is Associated with Crypt Proliferation and Fecal Short-Chain Fatty Acids. Digestive Diseases and Sciences, 2011, 56, 387-396.	2.3	23
77	Evaluation of Circulating Tumor DNA for Methylated BCAT1 and IKZF1 to Detect Recurrence of Stage II/Stage III Colorectal Cancer (CRC). Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2020, 29, 2702-2709.	2.5	23
78	Screening for colorectal cancer. European Journal of Gastroenterology and Hepatology, 1998, 10, 205-212.	1.6	21
79	Which fecal occult blood test is best to screen for colorectal cancer?. Nature Reviews Gastroenterology and Hepatology, 2009, 6, 140-141.	17.8	21
80	Resistant Starch Is Actively Fermented by Infant Faecal Microbiota and Increases Microbial Diversity. Nutrients, 2019, 11, 1345.	4.1	21
81	Preventing cancer: dietary lifestyle or clinical intervention?. Asia Pacific Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2002, 11, S618-S631.	0.4	20
82	Fecal Tests: From Blood to Molecular Markers. Current Colorectal Cancer Reports, 2011, 7, 62-70.	0.5	20
83	Predictors of Re-participation in Faecal Occult Blood Test-Based Screening for Colorectal Cancer. Asian Pacific Journal of Cancer Prevention, 2012, 13, 5989-5994.	1.2	20
84	Methylation and Gene Expression of BCAT1 and IKZF1 in Colorectal Cancer Tissues. Clinical Medicine Insights: Oncology, 2018, 12, 117955491877506.	1.3	19
85	Ideal colonoscopic surveillance intervals to reduce incidence of advanced adenoma and colorectal cancer. Journal of Gastroenterology and Hepatology (Australia), 2015, 30, 1147-1154.	2.8	18
86	A new approach to fecal occult blood testing based on the detection of haptoglobin. , 1996, 78, 48-56.		17
87	Demographic associations with stage of readiness to screen for colorectal cancer. Health Promotion Journal of Australia, 2009, 20, 7-12.	1.2	17
88	Improving Participation in Colorectal Cancer Screening: a Randomised Controlled Trial of Sequential Offers of Faecal then Blood Based Non-Invasive Tests. Asian Pacific Journal of Cancer Prevention, 2016, 16, 8455-8460.	1.2	17
89	Readability and sensitivity of a new faecal occult blood test in a hospital ward environment: Comparison with an established test. Medical Journal of Australia, 1992, 156, 420-423.	1.7	16
90	Effect of sample storage temperature and buffer formulation on faecal immunochemical test haemoglobin measurements. Journal of Medical Screening, 2017, 24, 176-181.	2.3	16

#	Article	IF	Citations
91	Bioavailability of selenium from selenium-enriched milk assessed in the artificially reared neonatal pig. Nutrition and Dietetics, 2008, 65, S37-S40.	1.8	15
92	Ambivalence and Its Influence on Participation in Screening for Colorectal Cancer. Qualitative Health Research, 2013, 23, 1188-1201.	2.1	15
93	The Potential for Zinc Stable Isotope Techniques and Modelling to Determine Optimal Zinc Supplementation. Nutrients, 2015, 7, 4271-4295.	4.1	15
94	Fermentation of starch and protein in the colon: Implications for genomic instability. Cancer Biology and Therapy, 2007, 6, 259-260.	3.4	14
95	Making colorectal cancer screening FITTER for purpose with quantitative faecal immunochemical tests for haemoglobin (FIT). Clinical Chemistry and Laboratory Medicine, 2013, 51, 2065-7.	2.3	14
96	Evaluation of a panel of tumor-specific differentially-methylated DNA regions in IRF4, IKZF1 and BCAT1 for blood-based detection of colorectal cancer. Clinical Epigenetics, 2021, 13, 14.	4.1	14
97	Newer Fecal Tests: Opportunities for Professionals in Laboratory Medicine. Clinical Chemistry, 2012, 58, 963-965.	3.2	12
98	Analysis of the Anti-Cancer Effects of Cincau Extract (Premna oblongifolia Merr) and Other Types of Non-Digestible Fibre Using Faecal Fermentation Supernatants and Caco-2 Cells as a Model of the Human Colon. Nutrients, 2017, 9, 355.	4.1	12
99	Demand for Colonoscopy in Colorectal Cancer Screening Using a Quantitative Fecal Immunochemical Test and Age/Sex-Specific Thresholds for Test Positivity. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2018, 27, 704-709.	2.5	12
100	Assessment of tumor burden and response to therapy in patients with colorectal cancer using a quantitative ctDNA test for methylated BCAT1/IKZF1. Molecular Oncology, 2022, 16, 2031-2041.	4.6	12
101	A study of laboratory based faecal occult blood testing in Melbourne, Australia. Journal of Gastroenterology and Hepatology (Australia), 1998, 13, 396-400.	2.8	11
102	Evaluation of Oral Rehydration Solution by Whole-Gut Perfusion in Rats: Effect of Osmolarity, Sodium Concentration and Resistant Starch. Journal of Pediatric Gastroenterology and Nutrition, 2006, 43, 568-575.	1.8	11
103	Uptake of a colorectal cancer screening blood test in people with elevated risk for cancer who cannot or will not complete a faecal occult blood test. European Journal of Cancer Prevention, 2018, 27, 425-432.	1.3	11
104	The Capacity of the Fecal Microbiota From Malawian Infants to Ferment Resistant Starch. Frontiers in Microbiology, 2019, 10, 1459.	3.5	11
105	â€œRescueâ€•of Nonparticipants in Colorectal Cancer Screening: A Randomized Controlled Trial of Three Noninvasive Test Options. Cancer Prevention Research, 2021, 14, 803-810.	1.5	11
106	A Randomized Controlled Trial Testing Provision of Fecal and Blood Test Options on Participation for Colorectal Cancer Screening. Cancer Prevention Research, 2019, 12, 631-640.	1.5	9
107	Reducing the number of surveillance colonoscopies with faecal immunochemical tests. Gut, 2020, 69, 784-785.	12.1	9
108	A random walk model for evaluating clinical trials involving serial observations. Statistics in Medicine, 1988, 7, 581-590.	1.6	8

#	Article	IF	Citations
109	The impact of coronavirus disease 2019 on surveillance colonoscopies in South Australia. JGH Open, 2021, 5, 486-492.	1.6	8
110	Resistant starch and colorectal neoplasia. Journal of AOAC INTERNATIONAL, 2004, 87, 775-86.	1.5	8
111	Detection of recurrent colorectal cancer with high specificity using a reporting threshold for circulating tumor DNA methylated in BCAT1 and IKZF1. Cancer, 2022, , .	4.1	8
112	Diet and Genomic Stability. Forum of Nutrition, 2007, 60, 91-96.	3.7	7
113	Blood Tests for Colorectal Cancer Screening in the Standard Risk Population. Current Colorectal Cancer Reports, 2015, 11, 397-407.	0.5	7
114	FIT for purpose: enhanced applications for faecal immunochemical tests. Journal of Laboratory and Precision Medicine, 0, 3, 28-28.	1.1	7
115	Effects of Dietary Fibre from the Traditional Indonesian Food, Green Cincau (Premna oblongifolia) Tj ETQq1 1 0.784314 rgBT /Overloc of Colon Cancer. International Journal of Molecular Sciences, 2018, 19, 2593.	4.1	7
116	Detection of advanced colorectal neoplasia and relative colonoscopy workloads using quantitative faecal immunochemical tests: an observational study exploring the effects of simultaneous adjustment of both sample number and test positivity threshold. BMJ Open Gastroenterology, 2020, 7, e000517.	2.7	7
117	Parenteral nutrition. Medical Journal of Australia, 1985, 143, 597-601.	1.7	7
118	Exploring the Validity of the Continuum of Resistance Model for Discriminating Early from Late and Non-uptake of Colorectal Cancer Screening: Implications for the Design of Invitation and Reminder Letters. International Journal of Behavioral Medicine, 2013, 20, 572-581.	1.7	6
119	Effect of Native and Acetylated Dietary Resistant Starches on Intestinal Fermentative Capacity of Normal and Stunted Children in Southern India. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2019, 16, 3922.	2.6	6
120	The significance of the small adenoma: a longitudinal study of surveillance colonoscopy in an Australian population. European Journal of Gastroenterology and Hepatology, 2019, 31, 563-569.	1.6	6
121	The Effect of the Variability in Fecal Immunochemical Test Sample Collection Technique on Clinical Performance. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2021, 30, 175-181.	2.5	5
122	Detection of methylated <scp>BCAT1</scp> and <scp>IKZF1</scp> after curativeâ€intent treatment as a prognostic indicator for colorectal cancer recurrence. Cancer Medicine, 2023, 12, 1319-1329.	2.8	5
123	Confusion about secondary prevention for bowel cancer: resolving issues at the front line. Medical Journal of Australia, 1999, 170, 102-103.	1.7	4
124	Drug-development concepts as guides for optimizing clinical trials of supplemental zinc for populations at risk of deficiency or diarrhea. Nutrition Reviews, 2017, 75, 147-162.	5.8	4
125	Both Sample Number and Test Positivity Threshold Determine Colonoscopy Efficiency in Detection of Colorectal Cancer With Quantitative Fecal Immunochemical Tests. Gastroenterology, 2020, 159, 1561-1563.e3.	1.3	4
126	Detection of hypermethylated BCAT1 and IKZF1 DNA in blood and tissues of colorectal, breast and prostate cancer patients. Cancer Biomarkers, 2022, 34, 493-503.	1.7	4

#	Article	IF	Citations
127	Measurement of faecal Î±₁â€antitrypsin: Methodologies and clinical application. Journal of Gastroenterology and Hepatology (Australia), 1996, 11, 311-318.	2.8	3
128	The urgency of saving lives through bowel cancer screening. Medical Journal of Australia, 2012, 196, 490-491.	1.7	3
129	Gender differences in faecal haemoglobin concentration. Journal of Medical Screening, 2016, 23, 54-54.	2.3	3
130	Variables Associated with Detection of Methylated BCAT1 or IKZF1 in Blood from Patients Without Colonoscopically Evident Colorectal Cancer. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2021, 30, 774-781.	2.5	3
131	Neoplastic and Nonneoplastic Polyps of the Colon and Rectum. , 0, , 423-448.		3
132	Faecal immunochemical test mitigates risk of delayed colonoscopy in people with elevated risk of colorectal neoplasia. Journal of Gastroenterology and Hepatology (Australia), 2022, 37, 1067-1075.	2.8	3
133	Approach to the Patient with Occult Gastrointestinal Bleeding. , 0, , 152-169.		2
134	Features associated with highâ€risk sessile serrated polyps at index and followâ€up colonoscopy. Journal of Gastroenterology and Hepatology (Australia), 2021, 36, 1620-1626.	2.8	2
135	Web-Based Communication Strategies Designed to Improve Intention to Minimize Risk for Colorectal Cancer: Randomized Controlled Trial. JMIR Cancer, 2018, 4, e2.	2.4	2
136	DNA repair and inherited cancer. Journal of Gastroenterology and Hepatology (Australia), 1995, 10, 108-109.	2.8	1
137	Molecular approaches to stool screening for colorectal cancer. Current Colorectal Cancer Reports, 2006, 2, 30-35.	0.5	1
138	Neoplastic and Nonneoplastic Polyps of the Colon and Rectum. , 0, , 1611-1639.		1
139	The influence of the surveillance time interval on the risk of advanced neoplasia after nonâ€advanced adenoma removal. Medical Journal of Australia, 2021, 215, 465-470.	1.7	1
140	Quality Indicators and Benchmarks for Guideline-Recommended Fecal Occult Blood Tests. , 2015, , 65-79.		1
141	Accuracy of blood-based biomarkers for screening precancerous colorectal lesions: a protocol for systematic review and meta-analysis. BMJ Open, 2022, 12, e060712.	1.9	1
142	Reply to Drs Leong and Sage. Australian and New Zealand Journal of Medicine, 1977, 7, 539-540.	0.5	0
143	Approach to Screening for Colorectal Cancer. , 0, , 170-182.		0
144	Lower Gastrointestinal Disorders. , 0, , 301-320.		0

#	Article	IF	Citations
145	Fecal Immunochemical Test. , 2011, , 1387-1389.		0
146	Testing for Clostridium difficile. Medical Journal of Australia, 1986, 144, 55-55.	1.7	0
147	Pathophysiology of Bleeding from Large Bowel Neoplasms. Nihon Daicho Komonbyo Gakkai Zasshi, 1991, 44, 582-582.	0.0	0
148	Fecal Immunochemical Test. , 2015, , 1-4.		0
149	Fecal Immunochemical Test. , 2015, , 1702-1705.		0