

Julia Allen Jones

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

42
papers

2,987
citations

279798

23
h-index

265206

42
g-index

44
all docs

44
docs citations

44
times ranked

3595
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Increasing Daytime Stability Enhances Downslope Moisture Transport in the Subcanopy of an Even-aged Conifer Forest in Western Oregon, USA. <i>Journal of Geophysical Research D: Atmospheres</i> , 2022, 127, .	3.3	5
2	Canopy wetting patterns and the determinants of dry season dewfall in an old growth Douglas-fir canopy. <i>Agricultural and Forest Meteorology</i> , 2022, 323, 109069.	4.8	1
3	Forest restoration and hydrology. <i>Forest Ecology and Management</i> , 2022, 520, 120342.	3.2	18
4	Synergies Among Environmental Science Research and Monitoring Networks: A Research Agenda. <i>Earth's Future</i> , 2021, 9, e2020EF001631.	6.3	5
5	Fifty years of runoff response to conversion of old-growth forest to planted forest in the H. J. Andrews Forest, Oregon, USA. <i>Hydrological Processes</i> , 2021, 35, e14168.	2.6	11
6	Long-term hydrology and aquatic biogeochemistry data from H. J. Andrews Experimental Forest, Cascade Mountains, Oregon. <i>Hydrological Processes</i> , 2021, 35, e14187.	2.6	10
7	Forest operations, tree species composition and decline in rainfall explain runoff changes in the Nacimiento experimental catchments, south central Chile. <i>Hydrological Processes</i> , 2021, 35, e14257.	2.6	9
8	Influence of anthropogenic greenhouse gases on the propensity for nocturnal cold-air drainage. <i>Theoretical and Applied Climatology</i> , 2021, 146, 231-241.	2.8	1
9	Streamflow response to native forest restoration in former <i>Eucalyptus</i> plantations in south central Chile. <i>Hydrological Processes</i> , 2021, 35, e14270.	2.6	9
10	Long-Term Dynamics of the LTER Program: Evolving Definitions and Composition. <i>Archimedes</i> , 2021, , 55-79.	0.3	2
11	Temperature Gradients and Inversions in a Forested Cascade Range Basin: Synoptic-to Local Scale Controls. <i>Journal of Geophysical Research D: Atmospheres</i> , 2020, 125, e2020JD032686.	3.3	13
12	River management response to multi-decade changes in timing of reservoir inflows, Columbia River Basin, USA. <i>Hydrological Processes</i> , 2020, 34, 4814-4830.	2.6	11
13	Long-term hydrological response to forest harvest during seasonal low flow: Potential implications for current forest practices. <i>Science of the Total Environment</i> , 2020, 730, 138926.	8.0	32
14	Long-term effects of forest harvesting on summer low flow deficits in the Coast Range of Oregon. <i>Journal of Hydrology</i> , 2020, 585, 124749.	5.4	32
15	Effects of an engineered log jam on spatial variability of the flow field across submergence depths. <i>River Research and Applications</i> , 2020, 36, 383-397.	1.7	5
16	Climate, Landforms, and Geology Affect Baseflow Sources in a Mountain Catchment. <i>Water Resources Research</i> , 2019, 55, 5238-5254.	4.2	42
17	Landscape patterns and diversity of meadow plants and flower-visitors in a mountain landscape. <i>Landscape Ecology</i> , 2019, 34, 997-1014.	4.2	13
18	Forest harvest legacies control dissolved organic carbon export in small watersheds, western Oregon. <i>Biogeochemistry</i> , 2018, 140, 299-315.	3.5	24

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19	Water sustainability and watershed storage. <i>Nature Sustainability</i> , 2018, 1, 378-379.	23.7	56
20	Summer streamflow deficits from regenerating Douglas-fir forest in the Pacific Northwest, USA. <i>Ecohydrology</i> , 2017, 10, e1790.	2.4	62
21	Forests and water in South America. <i>Hydrological Processes</i> , 2017, 31, 972-980.	2.6	37
22	Spatial models reveal the microclimatic buffering capacity of old-growth forests. <i>Science Advances</i> , 2016, 2, e1501392.	10.3	225
23	Precipitation-snowmelt timing and snowmelt augmentation of large peak flow events, western Cascades, Oregon. <i>Water Resources Research</i> , 2015, 51, 7649-7661.	4.2	31
24	Changing forest water yields in response to climate warming: results from long-term experimental watershed sites across North America. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2014, 20, 3191-3208.	9.5	147
25	Extinction debt in naturally contracting mountain meadows in the Pacific Northwest, USA: varying responses of plants and feeding guilds of nocturnal moths. <i>Biodiversity and Conservation</i> , 2014, 23, 2529-2544.	2.6	13
26	Trends in cation, nitrogen, sulfate and hydrogen ion concentrations in precipitation in the United States and Europe from 1978 to 2010: a new look at an old problem. <i>Biogeochemistry</i> , 2013, 116, 303-334.	3.5	65
27	Climate and Streamflow Trends in the Columbia River Basin: Evidence for Ecological and Engineering Resilience to Climate Change. <i>Atmosphere - Ocean</i> , 2013, 51, 436-455.	1.6	24
28	Ecosystem Processes and Human Influences Regulate Streamflow Response to Climate Change at Long-Term Ecological Research Sites. <i>BioScience</i> , 2012, 62, 390-404.	4.9	149
29	Spatio-temporal patterns of tree establishment are indicative of biotic interactions during early invasion of a montane meadow. <i>Plant Ecology</i> , 2012, 213, 555-568.	1.6	22
30	A comparison of annual transpiration and productivity in monoculture and mixed-species Douglas-fir and red alder stands. <i>Forest Ecology and Management</i> , 2011, 262, 2263-2270.	3.2	38
31	Hydrologic responses to climate change: considering geographic context and alternative hypotheses. <i>Hydrological Processes</i> , 2011, 25, 1996-2000.	2.6	45
32	Extreme flood sensitivity to snow and forest harvest, western Cascades, Oregon, United States. <i>Water Resources Research</i> , 2010, 46, .	4.2	38
33	Hydrologic effects of a changing forested landscape—challenges for the hydrological sciences. <i>Hydrological Processes</i> , 2009, 23, 2699-2704.	2.6	33
34	Climate variability, snow, and physiographic controls on storm hydrographs in small forested basins, western Cascades, Oregon. <i>Hydrological Processes</i> , 2008, 22, 4949-4964.	2.6	19
35	Structural and compositional controls on transpiration in 40- and 450-year-old riparian forests in western Oregon, USA. <i>Tree Physiology</i> , 2004, 24, 481-491.	3.1	113
36	Seasonal and successional streamflow response to forest cutting and regrowth in the northwest and eastern United States. <i>Water Resources Research</i> , 2004, 40, .	4.2	148

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37	Runoff production on forest roads in a steep, mountain catchment. <i>Water Resources Research</i> , 2003, 39, .	4.2	112
38	Forest roads and geomorphic process interactions, Cascade Range, Oregon. <i>Earth Surface Processes and Landforms</i> , 2001, 26, 191-204.	2.5	204
39	Hydrologic processes and peak discharge response to forest removal, regrowth, and roads in 10 small experimental basins, Western Cascades, Oregon. <i>Water Resources Research</i> , 2000, 36, 2621-2642.	4.2	148
40	Role of Light Availability and Dispersal in Exotic Plant Invasion along Roads and Streams in the H. J. Andrews Experimental Forest, Oregon. <i>Conservation Biology</i> , 2000, 14, 64-75.	4.7	409
41	Peak Flow Responses to Clear-Cutting and Roads in Small and Large Basins, Western Cascades, Oregon. <i>Water Resources Research</i> , 1996, 32, 959-974.	4.2	384
42	CHANNEL NETWORK EXTENSION BY LOGGING ROADS IN TWO BASINS, WESTERN CASCADES, OREGON. <i>Journal of the American Water Resources Association</i> , 1996, 32, 1195-1207.	2.4	222