

Maria Dolores Molina Jimenez

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

16
papers

571
citations

1040056

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h-index

940533

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g-index

18
all docs

18
docs citations

18
times ranked

493
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	The BMP pathway is essential for re-specification and maintenance of the dorsoventral axis in regenerating and intact planarians. <i>Developmental Biology</i> , 2007, 311, 79-94.	2.0	147
2	Planarian regeneration: achievements and future directions after 20 years of research. <i>International Journal of Developmental Biology</i> , 2009, 53, 1317-1327.	0.6	99
3	Noggin and Noggin-Like Genes Control Dorsoventral Axis Regeneration in Planarians. <i>Current Biology</i> , 2011, 21, 300-305.	3.9	93
4	Nodal: master and commander of the dorsal-ventral and left-right axes in the sea urchin embryo. <i>Current Opinion in Genetics and Development</i> , 2013, 23, 445-453.	3.3	62
5	Expression pattern of the expanded noggin gene family in the planarian <i>Schmidtea mediterranea</i> . <i>Gene Expression Patterns</i> , 2009, 9, 246-253.	0.8	38
6	The Maternal Maverick/GDF15-like TGF- β Ligand Panda Directs Dorsal-Ventral Axis Formation by Restricting Nodal Expression in the Sea Urchin Embryo. <i>PLoS Biology</i> , 2015, 13, e1002247.	5.6	31
7	Inhibitory Smads and bone morphogenetic protein (BMP) modulate anterior photoreceptor cell number during planarian eye regeneration. <i>International Journal of Developmental Biology</i> , 2012, 56, 155-163.	0.6	23
8	Decoding Stem Cells: An Overview on Planarian Stem Cell Heterogeneity and Lineage Progression. <i>Biomolecules</i> , 2021, 11, 1532.	4.0	15
9	CREB-binding protein (CBP) gene family regulates planarian survival and stem cell differentiation. <i>Developmental Biology</i> , 2021, 476, 53-67.	2.0	14
10	MAPK and GSK3/ β -TRCP-mediated degradation of the maternal Ets domain transcriptional repressor Yan/Tel controls the spatial expression of nodal in the sea urchin embryo. <i>PLoS Genetics</i> , 2018, 14, e1007621.	3.5	10
11	Organizing the DV axis during planarian regeneration. <i>Communicative and Integrative Biology</i> , 2011, 4, 498-500.	1.4	10
12	Maternal factors regulating symmetry breaking and dorsal-ventral axis formation in the sea urchin embryo. <i>Current Topics in Developmental Biology</i> , 2020, 140, 283-316.	2.2	8
13	p38 MAPK as an essential regulator of dorsal-ventral axis specification and skeletogenesis during sea urchin development: a re-evaluation. <i>Development (Cambridge)</i> , 2017, 144, 2270-2281.	2.5	6
14	FoxK1 is Required for Ectodermal Cell Differentiation During Planarian Regeneration. <i>Frontiers in Cell and Developmental Biology</i> , 2022, 10, 808045.	3.7	6
15	Expression of exogenous mRNAs to study gene function in echinoderm embryos. <i>Methods in Cell Biology</i> , 2019, 151, 239-282.	1.1	4
16	Deciphering and modelling the TGF- β signalling interplays specifying the dorsal-ventral axis of the sea urchin embryo. <i>Development (Cambridge)</i> , 2020, 148, .	2.5	4