

# Saeid Golbidi

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: <https://exaly.com/author-pdf/1995962/publications.pdf>

Version: 2024-02-01

24  
papers

1,712  
citations

331670

21  
h-index

642732

23  
g-index

24  
all docs

24  
docs citations

24  
times ranked

3201  
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Alpha Lipoic Acid Improves Endothelial Function and Oxidative Stress in Mice Exposed to Chronic Intermittent Hypoxia. <i>Oxidative Medicine and Cellular Longevity</i> , 2019, 2019, 1-13.	4.0	28
2	Smoking and Endothelial Dysfunction. <i>Current Vascular Pharmacology</i> , 2019, 18, 1-11.	1.7	51
3	Oxidative Stress: A Unifying Mechanism for Cell Damage Induced by Noise, (Water-Pipe) Smoking, and Emotional Stress—Therapeutic Strategies Targeting Redox Imbalance. <i>Antioxidants and Redox Signaling</i> , 2018, 28, 741-759.	5.4	41
4	Health Benefits of Fasting and Caloric Restriction. <i>Current Diabetes Reports</i> , 2017, 17, 123.	4.2	152
5	Uncoupling of Vascular Nitric Oxide Synthase Caused by Intermittent Hypoxia. <i>Oxidative Medicine and Cellular Longevity</i> , 2016, 2016, 1-9.	4.0	38
6	Nitric Oxide Bioavailability in Obstructive Sleep Apnea: Interplay of Asymmetric Dimethylarginine and Free Radicals. <i>Sleep Disorders</i> , 2015, 2015, 1-10.	1.4	16
7	Chronic stress impacts the cardiovascular system: animal models and clinical outcomes. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Heart and Circulatory Physiology</i> , 2015, 308, H1476-H1498.	3.2	158
8	Exercise Induced Adipokine Changes and the Metabolic Syndrome. <i>Journal of Diabetes Research</i> , 2014, 2014, 1-16.	2.3	137
9	Chronic intermittent hypoxia causes endothelial dysfunction in a mouse model of diet-induced obesity. <i>Sleep Medicine</i> , 2014, 15, 596-602.	1.6	49
10	Potential Mechanisms of Exercise in Gestational Diabetes. <i>Journal of Nutrition and Metabolism</i> , 2013, 2013, 1-16.	1.8	25
11	Exercise and the Aging Endothelium. <i>Journal of Diabetes Research</i> , 2013, 2013, 1-12.	2.3	29
12	Chronic intermittent hypoxia induces endothelial dysfunction in mice fed a high fat diet but not in mice fed a normal diet. <i>FASEB Journal</i> , 2013, 27, lb534.	0.5	0
13	Exercise and the Cardiovascular System. <i>Cardiology Research and Practice</i> , 2012, 2012, 1-15.	1.1	47
14	Antioxidant and Anti-Inflammatory Effects of Exercise in Diabetic Patients. <i>Experimental Diabetes Research</i> , 2012, 2012, 1-16.	3.8	100
15	Exercise in the Metabolic Syndrome. <i>Oxidative Medicine and Cellular Longevity</i> , 2012, 2012, 1-13.	4.0	93
16	Cardiovascular Consequences of Sleep Apnea. <i>Lung</i> , 2012, 190, 113-132.	3.3	54
17	Diabetes and Alpha Lipoic Acid. <i>Frontiers in Pharmacology</i> , 2011, 2, 69.	3.5	182
18	Weight and inflammation are the major determinants of vascular dysfunction in the aortae of db/db mice. <i>Naunyn-Schmiedeberg's Archives of Pharmacology</i> , 2011, 383, 483-492.	3.0	13

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
19	Antioxidants in the Treatment of Diabetes. <i>Current Diabetes Reviews</i> , 2011, 7, 106-125.	1.3	158
20	Statin Reverses Smoke-induced Pulmonary Hypertension and Prevents Emphysema but Not Airway Remodeling. <i>American Journal of Respiratory and Critical Care Medicine</i> , 2011, 183, 50-58.	5.6	86
21	Molecular Mechanisms in Exercise-Induced Cardioprotection. <i>Cardiology Research and Practice</i> , 2011, 2011, 1-15.	1.1	58
22	Bladder Dysfunction in Diabetes Mellitus. <i>Frontiers in Pharmacology</i> , 2010, 1, 136.	3.5	109
23	Recurrent autonomic dysreflexia exacerbates vascular dysfunction after spinal cord injury. <i>Spine Journal</i> , 2010, 10, 1108-1117.	1.3	50
24	Antioxidant therapy in human endocrine disorders. <i>Medical Science Monitor</i> , 2010, 16, RA9-24.	1.1	38