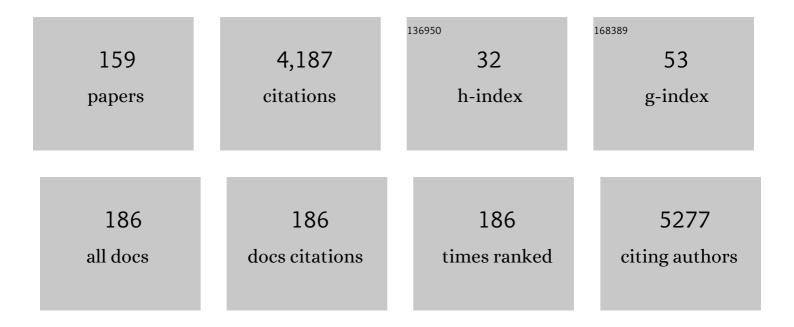
List of Publications by Year in descending order

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Novel serologic biomarkers provide accurate estimates of recent <i>Plasmodium falciparum</i> exposure for individuals and communities. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2015, 112, E4438-47.	7.1	188
2	Malaria Transmission, Infection, and Disease at Three Sites with Varied Transmission Intensity in Uganda: Implications for Malaria Control. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 2015, 92, 903-912.	1.4	157
3	A hybrid mobile approach for population-wide HIV testing in rural east Africa: an observational study. Lancet HIV,the, 2016, 3, e111-e119.	4.7	127
4	IFNγ/IL-10 Co-producing Cells Dominate the CD4 Response to Malaria in Highly Exposed Children. PLoS Pathogens, 2014, 10, e1003864.	4.7	119
5	Association of Implementation of a Universal Testing and Treatment Intervention With HIV Diagnosis, Receipt of Antiretroviral Therapy, and Viral Suppression in East Africa. JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association, 2017, 317, 2196.	7.4	116
6	Loss and dysfunction of Vδ2 ⁺ γδ T cells are associated with clinical tolerance to malaria. Science Translational Medicine, 2014, 6, 251ra117.	12.4	114
7	Polymorphisms in K13 and Falcipain-2 Associated with Artemisinin Resistance Are Not Prevalent in Plasmodium falciparum Isolated from Ugandan Children. PLoS ONE, 2014, 9, e105690.	2.5	101
8	Quantification of anti-parasite and anti-disease immunity to malaria as a function of age and exposure. ELife, 2018, 7, .	6.0	100
9	Point-of-care C-reactive protein-based tuberculosis screening for people living with HIV: a diagnostic accuracy study. Lancet Infectious Diseases, The, 2017, 17, 1285-1292.	9.1	96
10	Uptake, engagement, and adherence to pre-exposure prophylaxis offered after population HIV testing in rural Kenya and Uganda: 72-week interim analysis of observational data from the SEARCH study. Lancet HIV,the, 2020, 7, e249-e261.	4.7	94
11	Sources of persistent malaria transmission in a setting with effective malaria control in eastern Uganda: a longitudinal, observational cohort study. Lancet Infectious Diseases, The, 2021, 21, 1568-1578.	9.1	90
12	Comparative Impacts Over 5 Years of Artemisinin-Based Combination Therapies on Plasmodium falciparum Polymorphisms That Modulate Drug Sensitivity in Ugandan Children. Journal of Infectious Diseases, 2014, 210, 344-353.	4.0	84
13	"How can I tell?―Consequences of HIV status disclosure among couples in eastern African communities in the context of an ongoing HIV "test-and-treat―trial. AIDS Care - Psychological and Socio-Medical Aspects of AIDS/HIV, 2016, 28, 59-66.	1.2	81
14	Protective Efficacy and Safety of Three Antimalarial Regimens for the Prevention of Malaria in Young Ugandan Children: A Randomized Controlled Trial. PLoS Medicine, 2014, 11, e1001689.	8.4	79
15	Monthly sulfadoxine–pyrimethamine versus dihydroartemisinin–piperaquine for intermittent preventive treatment of malaria in pregnancy: a double-blind, randomised, controlled, superiority trial. Lancet, The, 2019, 393, 1428-1439.	13.7	76
16	Resurgence of Malaria Following Discontinuation of Indoor Residual Spraying of Insecticide in an Area of Uganda With Previously High-Transmission Intensity. Clinical Infectious Diseases, 2017, 65, 453-460.	5.8	65
17	Uptake of Community-Based HIV Testing during a Multi-Disease Health Campaign in Rural Uganda. PLoS ONE, 2014, 9, e84317.	2.5	61
18	Vδ2+ T cell response to malaria correlates with protection from infection but is attenuated with repeated exposure. Scientific Reports, 2017, 7, 11487.	3.3	61

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19	Systematic review of the status of pfhrp2 and pfhrp3 gene deletion, approaches and methods used for its estimation and reporting in Plasmodium falciparum populations in Africa: review of published studies 2010–2019. Malaria Journal, 2019, 18, 355.	2.3	52
20	Why is malaria associated with poverty? Findings from a cohort study in rural Uganda. Infectious Diseases of Poverty, 2016, 5, 78.	3.7	49
21	Impact of Antimalarial Treatment and Chemoprevention on the Drug Sensitivity of Malaria Parasites Isolated from Ugandan Children. Antimicrobial Agents and Chemotherapy, 2015, 59, 3018-3030.	3.2	48
22	Altered angiogenesis as a common mechanism underlying preterm birth, small for gestational age, and stillbirth in women living with HIV. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2017, 217, 684.e1-684.e17.	1.3	48
23	Pareto rules for malaria super-spreaders and super-spreading. Nature Communications, 2019, 10, 3939.	12.8	47
24	Lopinavir/Ritonavir-Based Antiretroviral Treatment (ART) Versus Efavirenz-Based ART for the Prevention of Malaria Among HIV-Infected Pregnant Women. Journal of Infectious Diseases, 2014, 210, 1938-1945.	4.0	46
25	Factors Associated with Malaria Parasitemia, Anemia and Serological Responses in a Spectrum of Epidemiological Settings in Uganda. PLoS ONE, 2015, 10, e0118901.	2.5	45
26	Relationships between infection with Plasmodium falciparum during pregnancy, measures of placental malaria, and adverse birth outcomes. Malaria Journal, 2017, 16, 400.	2.3	45
27	The Development of Plasmodium falciparum-Specific IL10 CD4 T Cells and Protection from Malaria in Children in an Area of High Malaria Transmission. Frontiers in Immunology, 2017, 8, 1329.	4.8	44
28	Malaria Transmission, Infection, and Disease following Sustained Indoor Residual Spraying of Insecticide in Tororo, Uganda. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 2020, 103, 1525-1533.	1.4	43
29	Determinants of hypertension in a young adult Ugandan population in epidemiological transition—the MEPI-CVD survey. BMC Public Health, 2015, 15, 830.	2.9	42
30	Characteristics and outcomes of admitted patients infected with SARS-CoV-2 in Uganda. BMJ Open Respiratory Research, 2020, 7, e000646.	3.0	42
31	Kidney disease in Uganda: a community based study. BMC Nephrology, 2017, 18, 116.	1.8	41
32	Decline of FoxP3+ Regulatory CD4 T Cells in Peripheral Blood of Children Heavily Exposed to Malaria. PLoS Pathogens, 2015, 11, e1005041.	4.7	40
33	Cendered dimensions of population mobility associated with HIV across three epidemics in rural Eastern Africa. Health and Place, 2019, 57, 339-351.	3.3	38
34	Overall, anti-malarial, and non-malarial effect of intermittent preventive treatment during pregnancy with sulfadoxine-pyrimethamine on birthweight: a mediation analysis. The Lancet Global Health, 2020, 8, e942-e953.	6.3	37
35	Increased Morbidity in Early Childhood Among HIV-exposed Uninfected Children in Uganda is Associated with Breastfeeding Duration. Journal of Tropical Pediatrics, 2014, 60, 434-441.	1.5	36
36	Assessment of community-level effects of intermittent preventive treatment for malaria in schoolchildren in Jinja, Uganda (START-IPT trial): a cluster-randomised trial. The Lancet Global Health, 2018, 6, e668-e679.	6.3	36

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37	Yield and Efficiency of Novel Intensified Tuberculosis Case-Finding Algorithms for People Living with HIV. American Journal of Respiratory and Critical Care Medicine, 2019, 199, 643-650.	5.6	36
38	Longitudinal Outcomes in a Cohort of Ugandan Children Randomized to Artemether-Lumefantrine Versus Dihydroartemisinin-Piperaquine for the Treatment of Malaria. Clinical Infectious Diseases, 2014, 59, 509-516.	5.8	34
39	Delayed Sputum Culture Conversion in Tuberculosis–Human Immunodeficiency Virus–Coinfected Patients With Low Isoniazid and Rifampicin Concentrations. Clinical Infectious Diseases, 2018, 67, 708-716.	5.8	34
40	Factors predictive of successful retention in care among HIV-infected men in a universal test-and-treat setting in Uganda and Kenya: A mixed methods analysis. PLoS ONE, 2019, 14, e0210126.	2.5	34
41	Accuracy of Two Malaria Rapid Diagnostic Tests (RDTS) for Initial Diagnosis and Treatment Monitoring in a High Transmission Setting in Uganda. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 2015, 92, 530-536.	1.4	31
42	Population genomics of virulence genes of Plasmodium falciparum in clinical isolates from Uganda. Scientific Reports, 2017, 7, 11810.	3.3	31
43	Determining health-care facility catchment areas in Uganda using data on malaria-related visits. Bulletin of the World Health Organization, 2014, 92, 178-186.	3.3	30
44	Effector Phenotype of <i>Plasmodium falciparum</i> –Specific CD4 ⁺ T Cells Is Influenced by Both Age and Transmission Intensity in Naturally Exposed Populations. Journal of Infectious Diseases, 2015, 212, 416-425.	4.0	30
45	Frequent Malaria Drives Progressive Vδ2 T-Cell Loss, Dysfunction, and CD16 Up-regulation During Early Childhood. Journal of Infectious Diseases, 2016, 213, 1483-1490.	4.0	30
46	In utero priming of highly functional effector T cell responses to human malaria. Science Translational Medicine, 2018, 10, .	12.4	30
47	Efficacy and Safety of Fixed-Dose Artesunate-Amodiaquine vs. Artemether-Lumefantrine for Repeated Treatment of Uncomplicated Malaria in Ugandan Children. PLoS ONE, 2014, 9, e113311.	2.5	30
48	Comparative effectiveness of novel nonmonetary incentives to promote HIV testing. Aids, 2018, 32, 1443-1451.	2.2	29
49	Glucose-6-Phosphate Dehydrogenase Status and Risk of Hemolysis in Plasmodium falciparum-Infected African Children Receiving Single-Dose Primaquine. Antimicrobial Agents and Chemotherapy, 2014, 58, 4971-4973.	3.2	28
50	Quantifying Heterogeneous Malaria Exposure and Clinical Protection in a Cohort of Ugandan Children. Journal of Infectious Diseases, 2016, 214, 1072-1080.	4.0	28
51	Geographic differences in the prevalence of hypertension in Uganda: Results of a national epidemiological study. PLoS ONE, 2018, 13, e0201001.	2.5	28
52	Trends of admissions and case fatality rates among medical in-patients at a tertiary hospital in Uganda; A four-year retrospective study. PLoS ONE, 2019, 14, e0216060.	2.5	28
53	Efficacy and safety of three regimens for the prevention of malaria in young HIV-exposed Ugandan children. Aids, 2014, 28, 2701-2709.	2.2	26
54	Intermittent Preventive Treatment With Dihydroartemisinin-Piperaquine for the Prevention of Malaria Among HIV-Infected Pregnant Women. Journal of Infectious Diseases, 2017, 216, 29-35.	4.0	26

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55	Intermittent Preventive Treatment with Dihydroartemisinin-Piperaquine in Ugandan Schoolchildren Selects for Plasmodium falciparum Transporter Polymorphisms That Modify Drug Sensitivity. Antimicrobial Agents and Chemotherapy, 2016, 60, 5649-5654.	3.2	25
56	Costs of streamlined HIV care delivery in rural Ugandan and Kenyan clinics in the SEARCH Study. Aids, 2018, 32, 2179-2188.	2.2	24
57	Timing of in utero malaria exposure influences fetal CD4 T cell regulatory versus effector differentiation. Malaria Journal, 2016, 15, 497.	2.3	23
58	Reductions in malaria in pregnancy and adverse birth outcomes following indoor residual spraying of insecticide in Uganda. Malaria Journal, 2016, 15, 437.	2.3	23
59	Rates of asthma exacerbations and mortality and associated factors in Uganda: a 2-year prospective cohort study. Thorax, 2018, 73, 983-985.	5.6	23
60	Variable piperaquine exposure significantly impacts protective efficacy of monthly dihydroartemisinin-piperaquine for the prevention of malaria in Ugandan children. Malaria Journal, 2015, 14, 368.	2.3	22
61	LLIN Evaluation in Uganda Project (LLINEUP) – Impact of long-lasting insecticidal nets with, and without, piperonyl butoxide on malaria indicators in Uganda: study protocol for a cluster-randomised trial. Trials, 2019, 20, 321.	1.6	22
62	A decade of antiretroviral therapy in Uganda: what are the emerging causes of death?. BMC Infectious Diseases, 2019, 19, 77.	2.9	22
63	Persistent Parasitemia Despite Dramatic Reduction in Malaria Incidence After 3 Rounds of Indoor Residual Spraying in Tororo, Uganda. Journal of Infectious Diseases, 2019, 219, 1104-1111.	4.0	22
64	Population levels and geographical distribution of HIV RNA in rural Ugandan and Kenyan communities, including serodiscordant couples: a cross-sectional analysis. Lancet HIV,the, 2017, 4, e122-e133.	4.7	21
65	LLIN Evaluation in Uganda Project (LLINEUP): factors associated with childhood parasitaemia and anaemia 3Âyears after a national long-lasting insecticidal net distribution campaign: a cross-sectional survey. Malaria Journal, 2019, 18, 207.	2.3	21
66	Household and maternal risk factors for malaria in pregnancy in a highly endemic area of Uganda: a prospective cohort study. Malaria Journal, 2019, 18, 144.	2.3	21
67	Prevalence and factors associated with asthma among adolescents and adults in Uganda: a general population based survey. BMC Public Health, 2019, 19, 227.	2.9	21
68	Measuring Socioeconomic Inequalities in Relation to Malaria Risk: A Comparison of Metrics in Rural Uganda. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 2016, 94, 650-658.	1.4	20
69	Associations between alcohol use and HIV care cascade outcomes among adults undergoing population-based HIV testing in East Africa. Aids, 2020, 34, 405-413.	2.2	20
70	Intermittent Preventive Treatment for Malaria in Pregnancy: Optimization of Target Concentrations of Dihydroartemisinin-Piperaquine. Clinical Infectious Diseases, 2018, 67, 1079-1088.	5.8	19
71	Socioeconomic position and ten-year survival and virologic outcomes in a Ugandan HIV cohort receiving antiretroviral therapy. PLoS ONE, 2017, 12, e0189055.	2.5	19
72	Effective Antimalarial Chemoprevention in Childhood Enhances the Quality of CD4 ⁺ T Cells and Limits Their Production of Immunoregulatory Interleukin 10. Journal of Infectious Diseases, 2016, 214, 329-338.	4.0	18

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73	Malaria illness mediated by anaemia lessens cognitive development in younger Ugandan children. Malaria Journal, 2016, 15, 210.	2.3	18
74	Leveraging incentives to increase HIV testing uptake among men: qualitative insights from rural Uganda. BMC Public Health, 2019, 19, 1763.	2.9	18
75	Asymptomatic School-Aged Children Are Important Drivers of Malaria Transmission in a High Endemicity Setting in Uganda. Journal of Infectious Diseases, 2022, 226, 708-713.	4.0	18
76	Artemisinin-Based Combination Therapies Are Efficacious and Safe for Treatment of Uncomplicated Malaria in HIV-Infected Ugandan Children. Clinical Infectious Diseases, 2014, 59, 446-453.	5.8	17
77	Firstâ€line antiretroviral therapy durability in a 10â€year cohort of naÃ⁻ve adults started on treatment in Uganda. Journal of the International AIDS Society, 2016, 19, 20773.	3.0	17
78	Evaluating the feasibility and uptake of a communityâ€led HIV testing and multiâ€disease health campaign in rural Uganda. Journal of the International AIDS Society, 2017, 20, 21514.	3.0	17
79	Delayed Antiretroviral Therapy (ART) Initiation among Hospitalized Adults in a Resource-Limited Settings: A Challenge to the Global Target of ART for 90% of HIV-Infected Individuals. AIDS Research and Treatment, 2019, 2019, 1-8.	0.7	16
80	Impact of intermittent preventive treatment of malaria in pregnancy with dihydroartemisinin-piperaquine versus sulfadoxine-pyrimethamine on the incidence of malaria in infancy: a randomized controlled trial. BMC Medicine, 2020, 18, 207.	5.5	16
81	Performance of Loop-Mediated Isothermal Amplification for the Identification of Submicroscopic Plasmodium falciparum Infection in Uganda. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 2017, 97, 1777-1781.	1.4	16
82	The impact of gravidity, symptomatology and timing of infection on placental malaria. Malaria Journal, 2020, 19, 227.	2.3	15
83	Implementation of a Newborn Clinical Decision Support Software (NoviGuide) in a Rural District Hospital in Eastern Uganda: Feasibility and Acceptability Study. JMIR MHealth and UHealth, 2021, 9, e23737.	3.7	15
84	Group Mentorship Model to Enhance the Efficiency and Productivity of PhD Research Training in Sub-Saharan Africa. Annals of Global Health, 2018, 84, 170.	2.0	15
85	The effect of HIV on malaria in the context of the current standard of care for HIV-infected populations in Africa. Future Virology, 2012, 7, 699-708.	1.8	14
86	Comparison of Routine Health Management Information System Versus Enhanced Inpatient Malaria Surveillance for Estimating the Burden of Malaria Among Children Admitted to Four Hospitals in Uganda. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 2015, 92, 18-21.	1.4	14
87	Understanding uptake of an intervention to accelerate antiretroviral therapy initiation in Uganda via qualitative inquiry. Journal of the International AIDS Society, 2017, 20, e25033.	3.0	14
88	A need to accelerate health research productivity in an African University: the case of Makerere University College of Health Sciences. Health Research Policy and Systems, 2017, 15, 33.	2.8	14
89	The utility of pharmacokinetic studies for the evaluation of exposure-response relationships for standard dose anti-tuberculosis drugs. Tuberculosis, 2018, 108, 77-82.	1.9	14
90	Reaching 90–90–90 in rural communities in East Africa. Current Opinion in HIV and AIDS, 2019, 14, 449-454.	3.8	14

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91	A Novel Model of Asymptomatic Plasmodium Parasitemia That Recapitulates Elements of the Human Immune Response to Chronic Infection. PLoS ONE, 2016, 11, e0162132.	2.5	14
92	Quality of Inpatient Pediatric Case Management for Four Leading Causes of Child Mortality at Six Government-Run Ugandan Hospitals. PLoS ONE, 2015, 10, e0127192.	2.5	13
93	IFNÎ ³ Responses to Pre-erythrocytic and Blood-stage Malaria Antigens Exhibit Differential Associations With Past Exposure and Subsequent Protection. Journal of Infectious Diseases, 2015, 211, 1987-1996.	4.0	13
94	Community-wide Prevalence of Malaria Parasitemia in HIV-Infected and Uninfected Populations in a High-Transmission Setting in Uganda. Journal of Infectious Diseases, 2016, 213, 1971-1978.	4.0	13
95	The impact of HIV on the prevalence of asthma in Uganda: a general population survey. Respiratory Research, 2018, 19, 184.	3.6	13
96	Global medical education partnerships to expand specialty expertise: a case report on building neurology clinical and research capacity. Human Resources for Health, 2014, 12, 75.	3.1	12
97	Sex Disparity in Cord Blood FoxP3+ CD4 T Regulatory Cells in Infants Exposed to Malaria In Utero. Open Forum Infectious Diseases, 2017, 4, ofx022.	0.9	12
98	Association Between Recent Overnight Travel and Risk of Malaria: A Prospective Cohort Study at 3 Sites in Uganda. Clinical Infectious Diseases, 2019, 68, 313-320.	5.8	12
99	A pilot randomized trial of incentive strategies to promote HIV retesting in rural Uganda. PLoS ONE, 2020, 15, e0233600.	2.5	12
100	Low antigen-specific CD4 T-cell immune responses despite normal absolute CD4 counts after long-term antiretroviral therapy an African cohort. Immunology Letters, 2014, 162, 264-272.	2.5	11
101	Intermittent preventive treatment with dihydroartemisinin–piperaquine and risk of malaria following cessation in young Ugandan children: a double-blind, randomised, controlled trial. Lancet Infectious Diseases, The, 2019, 19, 962-972.	9.1	11
102	Relationships Between Measures of Malaria at Delivery and Adverse Birth Outcomes in a High-Transmission Area of Uganda. Journal of Infectious Diseases, 2020, 222, 863-870.	4.0	11
103	Risky sexual behavior among patients onÂlong-term antiretroviral therapy: a prospective cohort study in urban and rural Uganda. AIDS Research and Therapy, 2018, 15, 15.	1.7	10
104	Spatial overlap links seemingly unconnected genotype-matched TB cases in rural Uganda. PLoS ONE, 2018, 13, e0192666.	2.5	10
105	Far from MCAR. Epidemiology, 2020, 31, 620-627.	2.7	10
106	Assessing the Quality of Tuberculosis Evaluation for Children with Prolonged Cough Presenting to Routine Community Health Care Settings in Rural Uganda. PLoS ONE, 2014, 9, e105935.	2.5	9
107	Intermittent preventive treatment of malaria delivered to primary schoolchildren provided effective individual protection in Jinja, Uganda: secondary outcomes of a cluster-randomized trial (START-IPT). Malaria Journal, 2019, 18, 318.	2.3	9
108	The prevalence of histologic acute chorioamnionitis among HIV infected pregnant women in Uganda and its association with adverse birth outcomes. PLoS ONE, 2019, 14, e0215058.	2.5	9

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109	Point-of-care C-reactive protein and risk of early mortality among adults initiating antiretroviral therapy. Aids, 2019, 33, 895-902.	2.2	9
110	Relationships between test positivity rate, total laboratory confirmed cases of malaria, and malaria incidence in high burden settings of Uganda: an ecological analysis. Malaria Journal, 2021, 20, 42.	2.3	9
111	Comparative Prevalence of Plasmodium falciparum Resistance-Associated Genetic Polymorphisms in Parasites Infecting Humans and Mosquitoes in Uganda. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 2017, 97, 1576-1580.	1.4	9
112	Expectations about future health and longevity in Kenyan and Ugandan communities receiving a universal test-and-treat intervention in the SEARCH trial. AIDS Care - Psychological and Socio-Medical Aspects of AIDS/HIV, 2016, 28, 90-98.	1.2	8
113	Protective Effect of Indoor Residual Spraying of Insecticide on Preterm Birth Among Pregnant Women With HIV Infection in Uganda: A Secondary Data Analysis. Journal of Infectious Diseases, 2017, 216, 1541-1549.	4.0	8
114	Cost-effectiveness of intermittent preventive treatment with dihydroartemisinin–piperaquine for malaria during pregnancy: an analysis using efficacy results from Uganda and Kenya, and pooled data. The Lancet Global Health, 2020, 8, e1512-e1523.	6.3	8
115	Piperaquine-Induced QTc Prolongation Decreases With Repeated Monthly Dihydroartemisinin-Piperaquine Dosing in Pregnant Ugandan Women. Clinical Infectious Diseases, 2022, 75, 406-415.	5.8	8
116	The Influence of Social Networks on Antiretroviral Therapy Initiation Among HIV-Infected Antiretroviral Therapy–Naive Youth in Rural Kenya and Uganda. Journal of Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndromes (1999), 2020, 83, 9-15.	2.1	7
117	High viral suppression and low attrition in healthy HIV-infected patients initiated on ART with CD4 above 500 cells/1¼L in a program setting in Uganda. African Health Sciences, 2020, 20, 132-141.	0.7	7
118	Infant sex modifies associations between placental malaria and risk of malaria in infancy. Malaria Journal, 2020, 19, 449.	2.3	6
119	Sustainability of the streamlined ART (START-ART) implementation intervention strategy among ART-eligible adult patients in HIV clinics in public health centers in Uganda: a mixed methods study. Implementation Science Communications, 2020, 1, 37.	2.2	6
120	Acceptance and completion of rifapentine-based TB preventive therapy (3HP) among people living with HIV (PLHIV) in Kampala, Uganda—patient and health worker perspectives. Implementation Science Communications, 2021, 2, 71.	2.2	6
121	Case Report: Birth Outcome and Neurodevelopment in Placental Malaria Discordant Twins. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 2019, 100, 552-555.	1.4	6
122	House design and risk of malaria, acute respiratory infection and gastrointestinal illness in Uganda: A cohort study. PLOS Global Public Health, 2022, 2, e0000063.	1.6	6
123	Efficacy and safety of artemether-lumefantrine for the treatment of uncomplicated malaria in the setting of three different chemopreventive regimens. Malaria Journal, 2015, 14, 53.	2.3	5
124	Ugandan Medical Student Career Choices Relate to Foreign Funding Priorities. World Journal of Surgery, 2020, 44, 3975-3985.	1.6	5
125	Diversity of KIR genes and their HLA-C ligands in Ugandan populations with historically varied malaria transmission intensity. Malaria Journal, 2021, 20, 111.	2.3	5
126	Predicting HIV Incidence in the SEARCH Trial: A Mathematical Modeling Study. Journal of Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndromes (1999), 2021, 87, 1024-1031.	2.1	5

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127	Outcomes of a clinical diagnostic algorithm for management of ambulatory smear and Xpert MTB/Rif negative HIV infected patients with presumptive pulmonary TB in Uganda: a prospective study. Pan African Medical Journal, 2016, 23, 154.	0.8	5
128	Reduced Exposure to Piperaquine, Compared to Adults, in Young Children Receiving Dihydroartemisininâ€Piperaquine as Malaria Chemoprevention. Clinical Pharmacology and Therapeutics, 2019, 106, 1310-1318.	4.7	4
129	Population-level viral suppression among pregnant and postpartum women in a universal test and treat trial. Aids, 2020, 34, 1407-1415.	2.2	4
130	HIV retesting and risk behaviors among high-risk, HIV-uninfected adults in Uganda. AIDS Care - Psychological and Socio-Medical Aspects of AIDS/HIV, 2021, 33, 675-681.	1.2	4
131	Characteristics of HIV seroconverters in the setting of universal test and treat: Results from the SEARCH trial in rural Uganda and Kenya. PLoS ONE, 2021, 16, e0243167.	2.5	4
132	Costs of integrating hypertension care into HIV care in rural East African clinics. Aids, 2021, 35, 911-919.	2.2	4
133	Do clinicians in areas of declining malaria transmission adhere to malaria diagnosis guidelines? A cross-sectional study from Kampala, Uganda. Malaria Journal, 2021, 20, 187.	2.3	4
134	Reducing turnaround time for laboratory test results does not improve retention of stable HIV-infected adults on POV program: experience from Uganda. Journal of the International AIDS Society, 2014, 17, 19607.	3.0	3
135	Assessment of the accuracy of malaria microscopy in private health facilities in Entebbe Municipality, Uganda: a cross-sectional study. Malaria Journal, 2021, 20, 250.	2.3	3
136	Safety and efficacy of hydroxychloroquine for treatment of non-severe COVID-19 among adults in Uganda: a randomized open label phase II clinical trial. BMC Infectious Diseases, 2021, 21, 1218.	2.9	3
137	Genetic variation that determines <i>TAPBP</i> expression levels associates with the course of malaria in an HLA allotype-dependent manner. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2022, 119, .	7.1	3
138	Utilization and uptake of the UpToDate clinical decision support tool at the Makerere University College of Health Sciences (MakCHS), Uganda. African Health Sciences, 2021, 21, 904-911.	0.7	2
139	Tuberculosis screening improves preventive therapy uptake (TB SCRIPT) trial among people living with HIV in Uganda: a study protocol of an individual randomized controlled trial. Trials, 2022, 23, 399.	1.6	2
140	Two or more significant life-events in 6-months are associated with lower rates of HIV treatment and virologic suppression among youth with HIV in Uganda and Kenya. AIDS Care - Psychological and Socio-Medical Aspects of AIDS/HIV, 2023, 35, 95-105.	1.2	2
141	Malaria burden in a birth cohort of HIV-exposed uninfected Ugandan infants living in a high malaria transmission setting. Malaria Journal, 2016, 15, 500.	2.3	1
142	Soluble Markers of B-Cell Stimulation During Asymptomatic and Symptomatic Malaria Parasitemia in Children in Uganda. Journal of Global Oncology, 2016, 2, 61s-61s.	0.5	1
143	lvermectin for mass drug administration against malaria. Lancet Infectious Diseases, The, 2022, 22, 433-435.	9.1	1
144	Evaluation of a predictive staging model for Kaposi sarcoma in Uganda Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2015, 33, e21528-e21528.	1.6	0

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145	A pilot randomized trial of incentive strategies to promote HIV retesting in rural Uganda. , 2020, 15, e0233600.		Ο
146	A pilot randomized trial of incentive strategies to promote HIV retesting in rural Uganda. , 2020, 15, e0233600.		0
147	A pilot randomized trial of incentive strategies to promote HIV retesting in rural Uganda. , 2020, 15, e0233600.		Ο
148	A pilot randomized trial of incentive strategies to promote HIV retesting in rural Uganda. , 2020, 15, e0233600.		0
149	A pilot randomized trial of incentive strategies to promote HIV retesting in rural Uganda. , 2020, 15, e0233600.		Ο
150	A pilot randomized trial of incentive strategies to promote HIV retesting in rural Uganda. , 2020, 15, e0233600.		0
151	A pilot randomized trial of incentive strategies to promote HIV retesting in rural Uganda. , 2020, 15, e0233600.		0
152	A pilot randomized trial of incentive strategies to promote HIV retesting in rural Uganda. , 2020, 15, e0233600.		0
153	Title is missing!. , 2020, 15, e0243303.		Ο
154	Title is missing!. , 2020, 15, e0243303.		0
155	Title is missing!. , 2020, 15, e0243303.		0
156	Title is missing!. , 2020, 15, e0243303.		0
157	Title is missing!. , 2020, 15, e0243303.		Ο
158	Title is missing!. , 2020, 15, e0243303.		0
159	The prevalence of concurrent pulmonary and extrapulmonary tuberculosis in Uganda: a retrospective study. Therapeutic Advances in Infectious Disease, 2022, 9, 204993612211073.	1.8	0